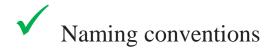
CLEAN CODE



WRITING CODE



Writing Code **Agenda**





Comments

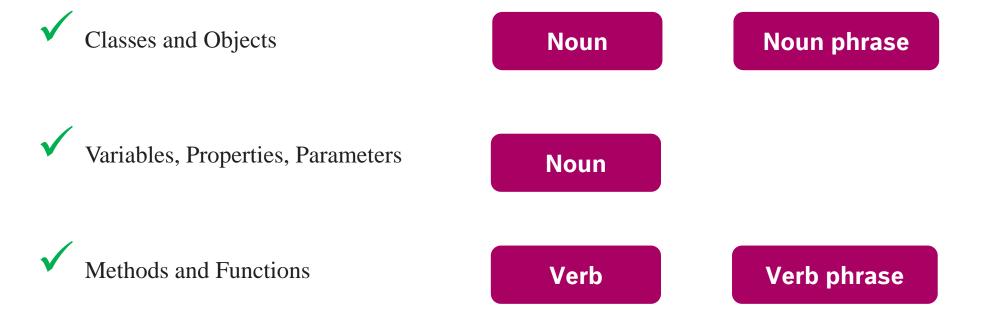
✓ Formatting



NAMING CONVENTIONS



Naming conventions **Basic rule**





Naming Conventions **Use Intention-Revealing Names**

- ✓ Names should reveal intent
- ✓ Don't name a variable, class, or method which needs some explanation in comments

```
1
2 int d; // elapsed time in days
```



```
1
2 int elapsedTimeInDays;
```

✓ Should tell: WHY it exists, WHAT it does, and HOW it is used

```
1
2  for (int j=0; j<34; j++) {
3     s += (t[j]*4)/5;
4  }
```

```
int realDaysPerIdealDay = 4;
const int WORK_DAYS_PER_WEEK = 5;
int sum = 0;
for (int j=0; j < NUMBER_OF_TASKS; j++) {
   int realTaskDays = taskEstimate[j] * realDaysPerIdealDay;
   int realTaskWeeks = (realdays / WORK_DAYS_PER_WEEK);
   sum += realTaskWeeks;
}
</pre>
```



Naming Conventions **Avoid Disinformation**



Avoid leaving false clues that obscure the meaning of code

public List
public Collection
public SparkPlug
sparkPlug
sparkPlug
sparkPlug
public SparkPlug
sparkPl



Naming Conventions Make Meaningful Distinctions



If something mean different, then the names must be different



Avoid using noise word such as "ProductInfo" or "ProductData"





Naming Conventions Use Pronounceable And Searchable Names



✓ Make your names Searchable

✓ Avoid encoding

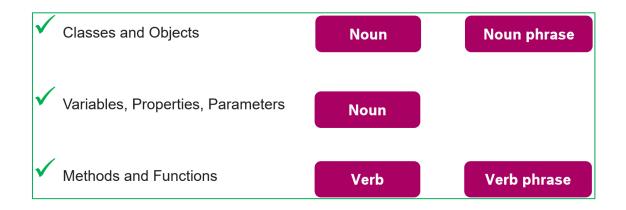
```
class DtaRcrd102 {
    private Date genymdhms;
    private Date modymdhms;
    private Date modymdhms;
    private final String pszqint = "102";
};

class Customer {
    private Date generationTimestamp;
    private Date modificationTimestamp;
    private final String recordId = "102";
};
```



Naming Conventions **Take away**

Choosing good names takes time but saves more than it takes.









✓ Pronounceable

Searchable



FUNCTIONS



Functions **Small**



Small and should be smaller



Indent level of a function should not be greater than one or two

```
public static String renderPageWithSetupsAndTeardowns(
    PageData pageData, boolean isSuite) throws Exception {
    if (isTestPage(pageData))
        includeSetupAndTeardownPages(pageData, isSuite);
    return pageData.getHtml();
}
```



Functions Do One Thing

Should do one thing, do it well, do it only

```
public static boolean isCurrentUserInRole(String authority) {
    Authentication authentication = SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication();
    Stream<String> authorities = authentication.getAuthorities().stream().map(GrantedAuthority::getAuthority);
    return authentication != null &&
        authorities.anyMatch(authority::equals);
}
```





Functions

One Level of Abstraction per Function

Statements within our function are all at the same level of abstraction

Read code from top to bottom

Abstraction Level 1

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                              Abstraction Level 2
   Application app = new Application(EtravelApp.class);
   DefaultProfileUtil.addDefaultProfile(app);
    Environment env = app.run(args).getEnvironment();
    logApplicationStartup(env);
public static void addDefaultProfile(Application app) {
   Map<String, Object> defProperties = new HashMap<>();
    defProperties.put(APP PROFILE DEFAULT, AppConstants.APP PROFILE DEVELOPMENT);
    app.setDefaultProperties(defProperties);
                                                          Abstraction Level 3
```



Functions

"One Switch" rule

√

Should use polymorphism to keep

the independency between logic and

its implementation

```
public interface EmployeeFactory {
   public Employee makeEmployee(EmployeeRecord r)
           throws InvalidEmployeeType;
public class EmployeeFactoryImpl implements EmployeeFactory
   public Employee makeEmployee(EmployeeRecord r)
           throws InvalidEmployeeType {
       switch (r.type) {
           case COMMISSIONED:
                return new CommissionedEmployee(r);
           case HOURLY:
                return new HourlyEmployee(r);
            case SALARIED:
               return new SalariedEmploye(r);
           default:
                throw new InvalidEmployeeType(r.type);
```

public abstract class Employee {

public abstract boolean isPayday();
public abstract Money calculatePay();

public abstract void deliverPay(Money pay);



Functions **Function Arguments**



The ideal number of arguments for a function is zero



Next comes one, followed closely by two



Three arguments should be avoided where possible



More than three requires very special justification.

Likely that those arguments should be wrapped into a class of their own

Keep the number as less as possible



Functions

Have No Side Effects



Not does other *hidden* things

```
public class UserValidator {
   private Cryptographer cryptographer;
   public boolean checkPassword String userName, String password) {
       User user = UserGateway.findByName(userName);
       if (user != User.NULL) {
           String codedPhrase = user.getPhraseEncodedByPassword();
           String phrase = cryptographer.decrypt(codedPhrase, password);
           if ("Valid Password".equals(phrase)) {
               Session.initialize();
               return true;
       return false;
```



Functions **Don't repeat yourself (DRY)**

Don't copy and paste the same code over and over again. Consider the

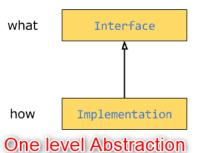
abstraction!

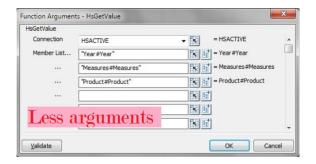
Same algorithm but different codes is still a **duplication**.

```
public class CustomerNameChanger {
    public void ChangeName(CustomerDbContext context, int customerID, string name)
        var customer = context.Customer.SingleOrDefault(x => x.customerID == customerID);
        if(customer == null)
            throws new Exception(string.Format("Customer {0} was not found.", customerID))
            customer.Name = name;
public class CustomerAddressChanger {
    public void ChangeAddress(CustomerDbContext context, int customerID, string address,
                              string postalCode, string city) {
        var customer = context.Customer.SingleOrDefault(x => x.customerID == customerID);
        if(customer == null)
            throws new Exception(string.Format("Customer {0} was not found.", customerID));
            customer.Address = address;
            customer.PostalCode = postalCode;
            customer.City = city;
```



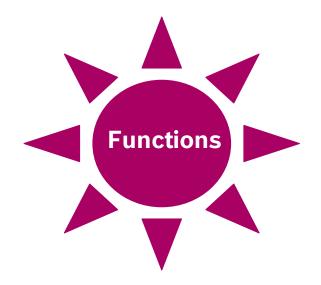
Functions **Take away**



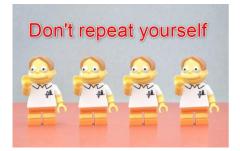










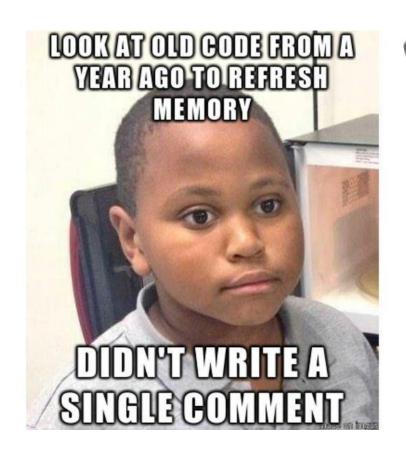




Small and Smaller

COMMENTS





Good developers write

good code

Great one also write

GOOD comments

"Don't comment bad code

—rewrite it."

CODE COMMENTS BE LIKE





Pros...

```
private final String HTTP_DATE_REGEXP =
  "[SMTWF][a-z]{2}\\,\\s[0-9]{2}\\s[JFMASOND][a-z]{2}\\s"+
  "[0-9]{4}\\s[0-9]{2}\\:[0-9]{2}\\:[0-9]{2}\\sGMT";
```



```
private final String HTTP_DATE_REGEXP =

"[SMTWF][a-z]{2}\\,\\s[0-9]{2}\\s[JFMASOND][a-z]{2}\\s"+

"[0-9]{4}\\s[0-9]{2}\\:[0-9]{2}\\:[0-9]{2}\\sGMT";

// Example: "Tue, 02 Apr 2003 22:18:49 GMT"
```





... and Cons

```
//Returns x + y or, if x or y is less than zero, throws an exception
public int Add(int x, int y)
{
   return x + y;
}
```





Explain yourself in Code

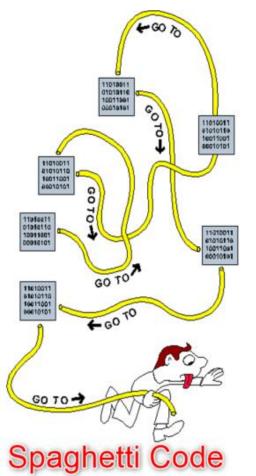
```
Explain Yourself in Code
```

```
if (employee.isEligibleForFullBenefits())

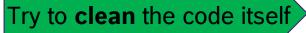
{
    ...
}
```



Comments for Bad code











Good comments

```
✓ Legal comments
```

Informative comments

Explanation of **Intent**

Clarification

Warning of **Consequences**

TODO comments

✓ Amplification

```
// format matched kk:mm:ss EEE, MMM dd, yyyy
Pattern timeMatcher = Pattern.compile(
"\\d*:\\d*:\\d* \\w*, \\w* \\d*");
```

```
//This is our best attempt to get a race condition
//by creating large number of threads.
for (int i = 0; i < 25000; i++) {
    ...
    thread.start();
}</pre>
```

```
public static SimpleDateFormat makeStandardHttpDateFormat()
{
    //SimpleDateFormat is not thread safe,
    //so we need to create each instance independently.
    SimpleDateFormat df = new SimpleDateFormat("EEE, dd MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss z");
    df.setTimeZone(TimeZone.getTimeZone("GMT"));
    return df;
}
```

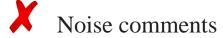


Bad comments









Nonlocal Information



```
// Changes (from 11-Oct-2001)
// ------
// 11-Oct-2001 : Re-organised the class and moved it to new package
// 03-Oct-2002 : Fixed errors reported by Checkstyle;
// 13-Mar-2003 : Implemented Serializable;
// 29-May-2003 : Fixed bug in addMonths method;
```

```
// Port on which fitnesse would run. Defaults to <b>8082</b>.
// @param fitnessePort
public void setFitnessePort(int fitnessePort) {
    this.fitnessePort = fitnessePort;
}
```



Comments **Take away**



Rather than spend your time writing the **comments** that explain the mess you've made, spend it **cleaning** that mess.

Guru programmers tell you **why** other implementations were **not** chosen.

Great programmers tell you why a particular implementation was chosen.

Good programmers **comment** their code.



FORMATTING







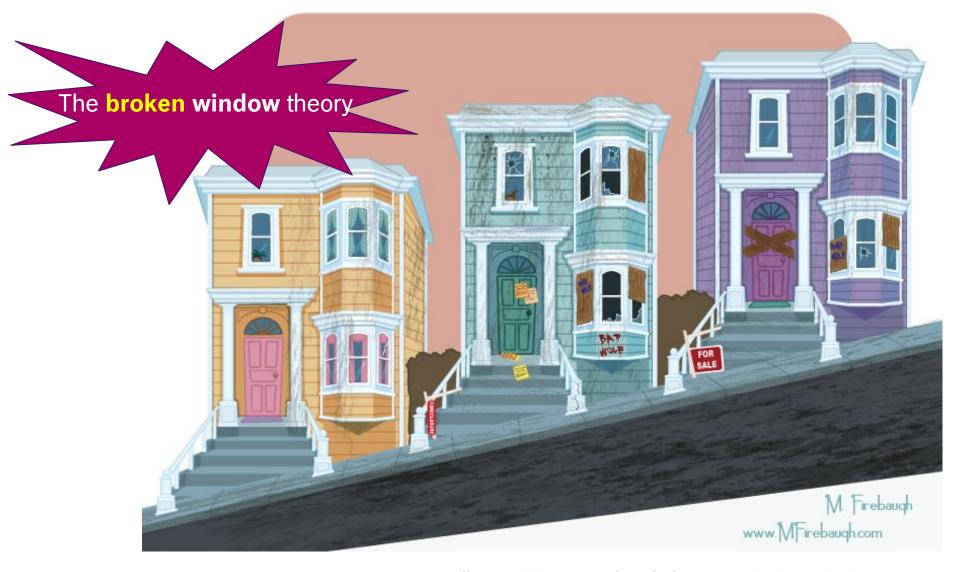
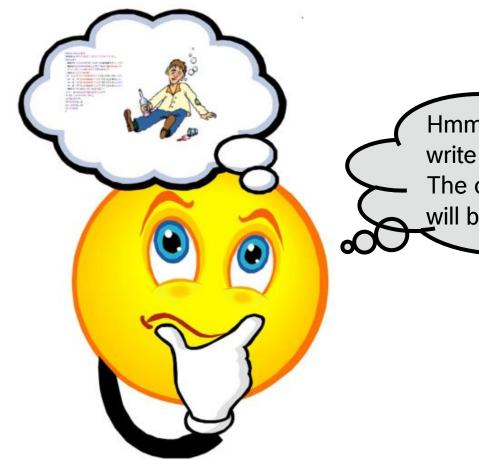


Image source: http://artnerdy.blogspot.com/2014/12/broken-window-theory.html



Power of formatting



```
function addlist(i){
                                              ner("click",
Hmm... No one cares about how to
                                                     lor = "green
                                                     -checked","t
write an easy-to-read code here.
The other modules of this project
                                                  te.left.substri
will be like this only!!!
                                              ].style.left.substr
                                    true']")[0].style.top.substri
                            -checked='true']")[1].style.top.substr
          console.log(`${x1} ${y1} ${x2} ${y2}`)
        var c = document.getElementById("canvas");
          var ctx = c.getContext("2d");
        ctx.beginPath();
        ctx.moveTo(x1,y1);
        ctx.lineTo(x2, y2);
        ctx.stroke();}
```

Power of formatting

Code formatting is about communication

... and communication is *first need* of

a professional developer



The code itself might be changed in the future

... but the **coding style** and **readability**

will *live* together with the project.





Formatting

Size

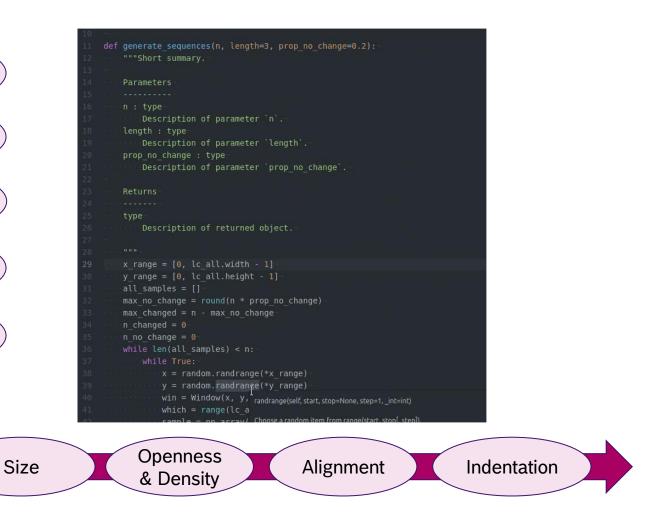
Openness

Density

Distance

Ordering

Vertical Formatting



Horizontal Formatting



Vertical Formatting

Vertical **Size**: How big should a source file be?

→ Typically 200 lines long, upper limit of 500

√

Vertical **Openness** between concepts

Add blank line

```
package fitnesse.wikitext.widgets;
import java.util.regex.*;
public class BoldWidget extends ParentWidget {
    public static final String REGEXP = "'''.+?'''";
    private static final Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("'''(.+?)'''",
        Pattern.MULTILINE + Pattern.DOTALL
    public BoldWidget(ParentWidget parent, String text) throws Exception {
        super(parent);
       Matcher match = pattern.matcher(text);
        match.find();
        addChildWidgets(match.group(1));
    public String render() throws Exception {
        StringBuffer html = new StringBuffer("<b>");
        html.append(childHtml()).append("</b>");
        return html.toString();
```



Vertical Formatting

✓ Vertical **Size**: How big should a source file be?

→ Typically 200 lines long, upper limit of 500

✓ Vertical Openness between concepts

Vertical **Density** within concept

Keep dense

```
package fitnesse.wikitext.widgets;
import java.util.regex.*;
public class BoldWidget extends ParentWidget {
    public static final String REGEXP = "'''.+?'''";
    private static final Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile("''(.+?)''",
        Pattern.MULTILINE + Pattern.DOTALL
    public BoldWidget(ParentWidget parent, String text) throws Exception {
        super(parent);
       Matcher match = pattern.matcher(text);
        match.find();
        addChildWidgets(match.group(1));
    public String render() throws Exception {
        StringBuffer html = new StringBuffer("<b>");
        html.append(childHtml()).append("</b>");
        return html.toString();
```



Vertical Formatting

- \checkmark
- Vertical **Size**: How big should a source file be?
- → Typically 200 lines long, upper limit of 500
- **√**
- Vertical **Openness** between concepts
- **√**
- Vertical **Density** within concept
- **V**
- Vertical **Distance**: Related concepts should be closed to each other
- **V**

Vertical **Ordering**: The called function should be kept before/after the calling function



Horizontal Size: How wide should a line be?

→ Typically 80 ~ 120 chars/line, **NEVER** have to scroll to the right

✓ Horizontal Openness

Add space

```
public class Quadratic {
   public static double root1(double a, double b, double c) {
        double determinant = determinant(a, b, c);
        return (-b + Math.sqrt(determinant)) / (2*a);
   }
   public static double root2(int a, int b, int c) {
        double determinant = determinant(a, b, c);
        return (-b - Math.sqrt(determinant)) / (2*a);
   }
   private static double determinant(double a, double b, double c) {
        return b*b - 4*a*c;
   }
}
```



Horizontal Size: How wide should a line be?

→ Typically 80 ~ 120 chars/line, **NEVER** have to scroll to the right

✓ Horizontal Openness

```
Horizontal Density

Keep dense
```

```
public class Quadratic {
   public static double root1(double a, double b, double c) {
        double determinant = determinant(a, b, c);
        return (-b + Math.sqrt(determinant)) / (2*a);
   }

public static double root2(int a, int b, int c) {
        double determinant = determinant(a, b, c);
        return (-b + Math.sqrt(determinant)) / (2*a);

private static double determinant(double a, double b, double c) {
        return b*b + 4*a*c;
}
}
```



√

Horizontal **Alignment**

```
public class FitNesseExpediter implements ResponseSender
                                socket;
    private
                Socket
   private
               InputStream
                                input;
   private
               OutputStream
                                output;
   private
               Request
                                request;
   private
               Response
                                response;
               FitNesseContext context;
    private
                                requestParsingTimeLimit;
    protected
               long
    private
                                requestProgress;
                long
                                requestParsingDeadline;
    private
                long
   private
                                hasError;
                boolean
    public FitNesseExpediter(Socket
                             FitNesseContext context) throws Exception
        this.context
                                = context;
        socket
                                = s;
                               = s.getInputStream();
       input
                                = s.getOutputStream();
        output
       requestParsingTimeLimit = 10000;
```

```
public class FitNesseExpediter implements ResponseSender
   private Socket socket;
   private InputStream input;
   private OutputStream output;
   private Request request;
   private Response response;
   private FitNesseContext context;
   protected long requestParsingTimeLimit;
   private long requestProgress;
   private long requestParsingDeadline;
   private boolean hasError;
   public FitNesseExpediter(Socket s, FitNesseContext context) throws Exception
       this.context = context;
       socket = s;
       input = s.getInputStream();
       output = s.getOutputStream();
       requestParsingTimeLimit = 10000;
```



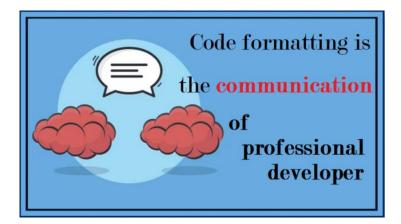
Indentation

```
public class FitNesseServer implements SocketServer { private FitNesseContext
context; public FitNesseServer(FitNesseContext context) { this.context =
context; } public void serve(Socket s) { serve(s, 10000); } public void
serve(Socket s, long requestTimeout) { try { FitNesseExpediter sender = new
FitNesseExpediter(s, context);
sender.setRequestParsingTimeLimit(requestTimeout); sender.start(); }
catch(Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); } } }
```

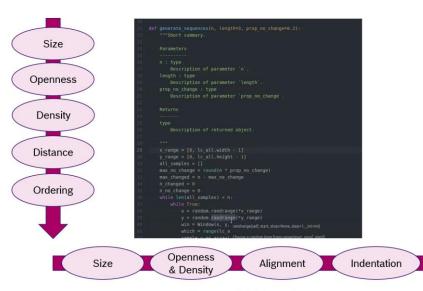
```
public class FitNesseServer implements SocketServer {
         private FitNesseContext context;
         public FitNesseServer(FitNesseContext context) {
             this.context = context;
         public void serve(Socket s) {
             serve(s, 10000);
13
         public void serve(Socket s, long requestTimeout) {
14
             try {
                 FitNesseExpediter sender = new FitNesseExpediter(s, context);
                 sender.setRequestParsingTimeLimit(requestTimeout);
                 sender.start();
             catch (Exception e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
```



Formatting **Take away**



Vertical Formatting



Horizontal Formatting







Writing Code Game

- Divide into four groups: Three groups as the competitors and one group as the referee
- You are provided a sample page of coding (in C programming language) to identify as much as possible the code smells in the sample and correct them (15 minutes)
- The referee group will show and explain all the code smells to the competitors (15 minutes).
- Each identified code smell will get 5 points, which group have largest total points will be the **WINNER** of the game.