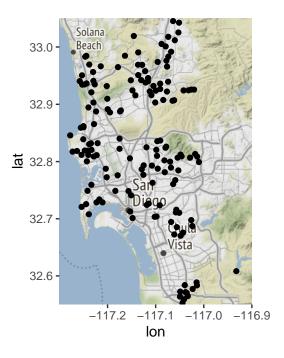
## Rlab: continuous spatial index

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## I. Gathering and exploring the data

- 1. [2 pts] What type of R object is sd\_city? What coordinate reference system is used?
- sd\_city is SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
- Coordinate reference system:

- 2. [1 pts] What does line 7 do?
- Transform for map projection and datum transformation. sites\_11 is the object to be transfer. And proj4string(sd\_city) is the coordinate references CRS object.
- 3. [4 pts] Make a plot that shows: (i) the locations of the measurement sites, (ii) the boundary of the city, and (iii) basic contextual features of San Diego, such as major roadways.



- 4. [2 pts] There are 9 NAs in sites\$cl2\_total. Why?
- Because there're 9 sites that exist in sites\_ll\$site\_ID but not water\_testing\$source
- 5. [2 pts] Write your own code that creates a new variable called sites\_sub that is just like sites, but has the 9 sample sites with NA values for cl2\_total removed.

```
sites_sub <- sites[!is.na(sites$cl2_total),]</pre>
```

6. [1 pts] What is the coordinate reference system for the tract data?

- 7. [1 pts] What is the name of the census tract with the lowest median household income? Highest?
- Name of census tract with lowest median income: 33.05
- Name of census tract with highest median income: 215
- 8. [4 pts] Provide executable code that adds a new column to sites\_sub called median\_income with the appropriate values of median household income. Check that your first few values match the ones below.

```
sites_sub %<>% spTransform(., proj4string(sd_tracts))
sites_sub_new <- over(sites_sub, sd_tracts)
sites_sub@data %<>%
   cbind(median_income = sites_sub_new$median_income)
sites_sub$median_income %>% head
```

```
## [1] 72992 166383 72992 45329 52080 47043
```

- 9. [4 pts] Fit a non-spatial linear model using lm() with median household income as the sole predictor of chlorine levels. Give a point estimate and 95% confidence interval for the effect of median household income on chlorine levels. How does the estimate compare to your expectations?
- CI and p value shows that median income has an effect on chlorine level. I wouldn't expect this.

term	estimate	std.error	statistic	p.value	2.5 %	97.5 %
(Intercept)	2.4136060	0.1201074	20.095392	0.00e+00	2.1762322	2.6509798
median_income	-0.0000045	0.0000011	-4.228018	4.14e-05	-0.0000066	-0.0000024

## II. Spatial dependence + interpolation

- 10. [2 pts] Based on the figure above, do you think it's necessary to include a "nugget" effect when fitting the variogram? What about the figure makes you say this?
  - I think it's necessary to include a "nugget". The initial point starts at around 0.1 so it'd be better to add a nugget to represent the starting point more.
- 11. [3pts] Fit at least one other variogram model to the sample variogram (see show.vgms() for some ideas). Which of the fits seem the best to you? Worst?

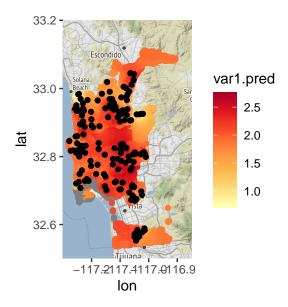
Best: "Mat"Worst: "Sph"

- 12. [3 pts] Use the krige function to perform universal kriging of chlorine levels for all locations in sd\_grid, taking into account the effect of household income. Use whichever variogram model you think fit best. Provide the code you used to make your predictions, and report estimates of parameters in the variogram model.
  - Table of estiamtes of parameters in variogram model

model	psill	range	kappa
Nug	0.0857314	0.00	0.0
Mat	0.1626253	10002.13	0.5

• Universal kriging

13. [3 pts] Make a map of the predictions, again with contextual information included (hint: if you use ggmap(), you'll need to transform to longitude/latitude coordinates.)



- 14. [3 pts] Below is a map I made based on my model. How does it compare to yours? What does your map show that mine doesn't?
- Both map looks similiar. However, my map has the emperical points on top and has color.
- 15. [2 pts] If you look closely, you can see some interesting shapes showing up in my figure. What do they correspond to? Why do you think they're visible in the predicted surface?
  - They correspond to the predicted values. They are visible in the predicted surface because the predicted values seems to be dependent.
- 16. [2 pts] Below is a map I made of the variance in the predicted values. What stands out to you? Why?
  - Some part have really high variance, and some low. Looks like there are clusters in the variance plot.