



Detail

Stack in C++ STL

(Training materials for students)

Stacks are a type of container adaptors with LIFO (Last In First Out) type of working, where a new element is added at one end and (top) an element is removed from that end only.

The functions associated with stack are:

- **empty()** – Returns whether the stack is empty.
- **size()** – Returns the size of the stack.
- **top()** – Returns a reference to the top most element of the stack.
- **push(i)** – Adds the element 'i' at the top of the stack.
- **pop()** – Deletes the top most element of the stack.

List of functions of Stack:

- **stack::top()** in C++ STL.
- **stack::empty()** and **stack::size()** in C++ STL.
- **stack::push()** and **stack::pop()** in C++ STL.
- **stack::swap()** in C++ STL.
- **stack::emplace()** in C++ STL.

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