

ProSLAM: Graph SLAM from a Programmer's Perspective

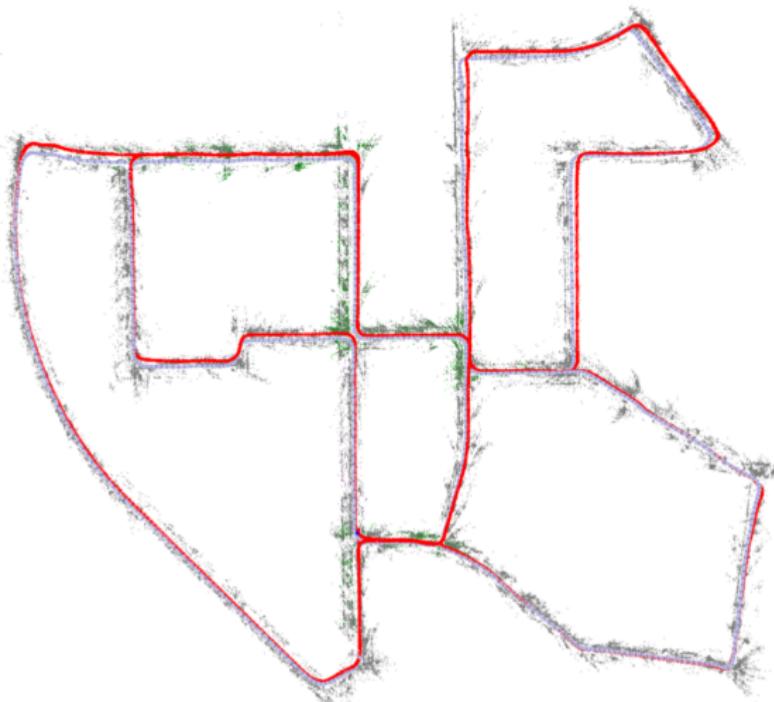
author

January 7, 2019

Outline

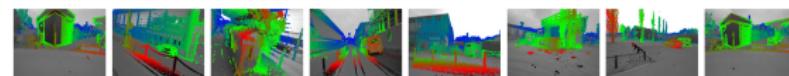
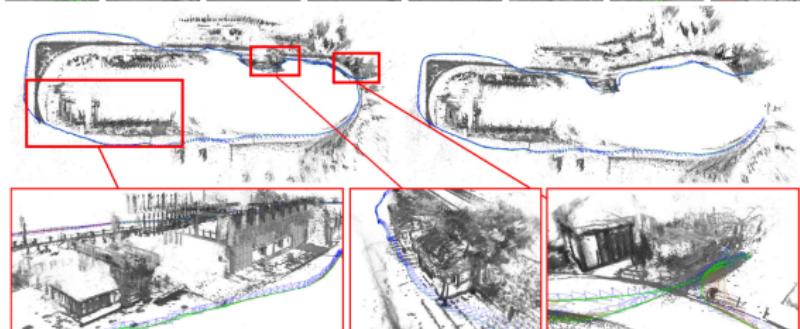
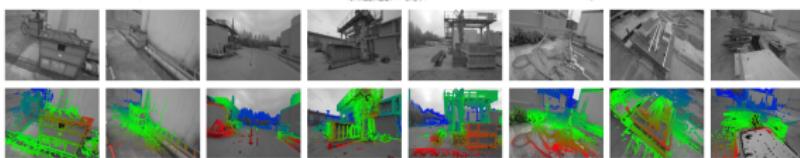
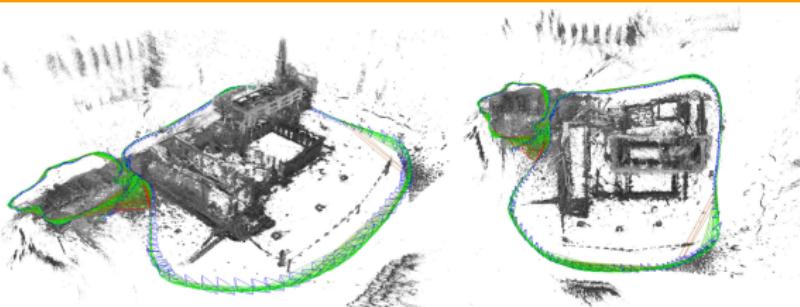
Introduction

What is SLAM ?



- Simultaneous
- Localization
- And
- Mapping

History: LSD SLAM



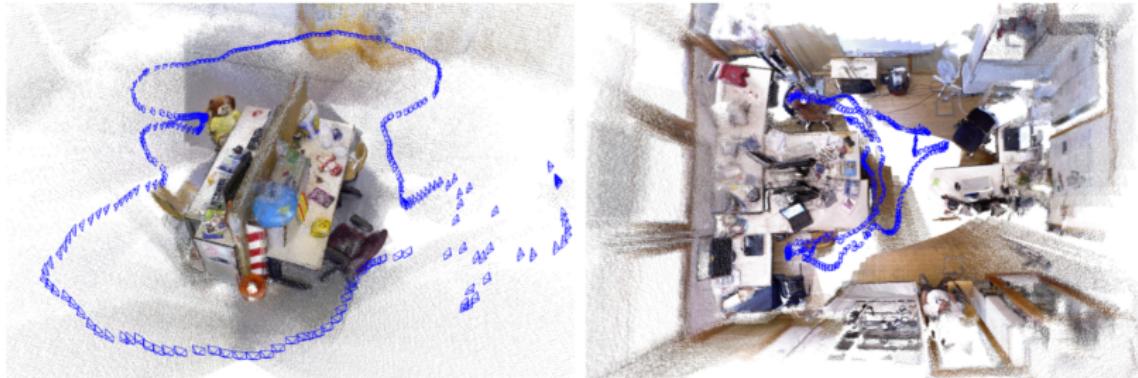
Large-Scale Direct SLAM:

Age:
2014

Matching:
feature-less

Cameras:
monocular

State of the art: ORB SLAM 2



ORB SLAM 2:

Age

June
2017

Matching:

stereo keypoints
bundle **adjustment**

Cameras:

monocular
stereo
RGB-D

Problem: Other SLAM approaches

Issues:

- Computationally Heavy
- High Theoretical Complexity
- How to implement it in practice ?

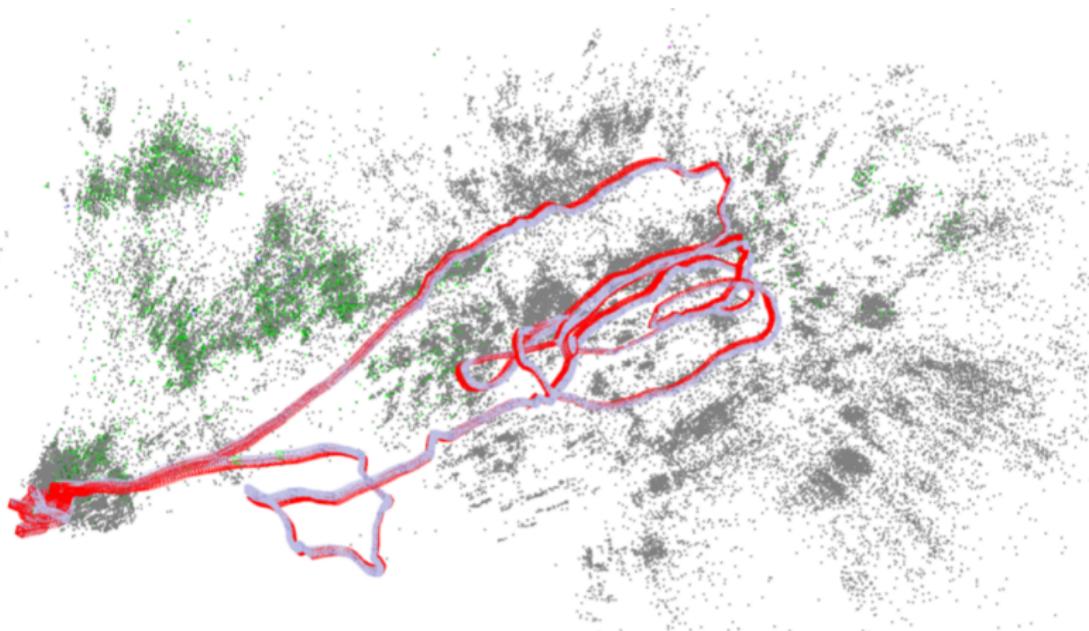


$$E_p(\xi_{ji}) = \sum_{\mathbf{p} \in \Omega_{D_i}} \left\| \frac{r_p^2(\mathbf{p}, \xi_{ji})}{\sigma_{r_p(\mathbf{p}, \xi_{ji})}^2} \right\|_\delta$$

$$r_p(\mathbf{p}, \xi_{ji}) := I_i(\mathbf{p}) - I_j(\omega(\mathbf{p}, D_i(\mathbf{p}), \xi_{ji}))$$

$$\sigma_{r_p(\mathbf{p}, \xi_{ji})}^2 := 2\sigma_I^2 + \left(\frac{\partial r_p(\mathbf{p}, \xi_{ji})}{\partial D_i(\mathbf{p})} \right)^2 V_i(\mathbf{p})$$

ProSLAM: Proposed solution



Age

September
2017

Matching:

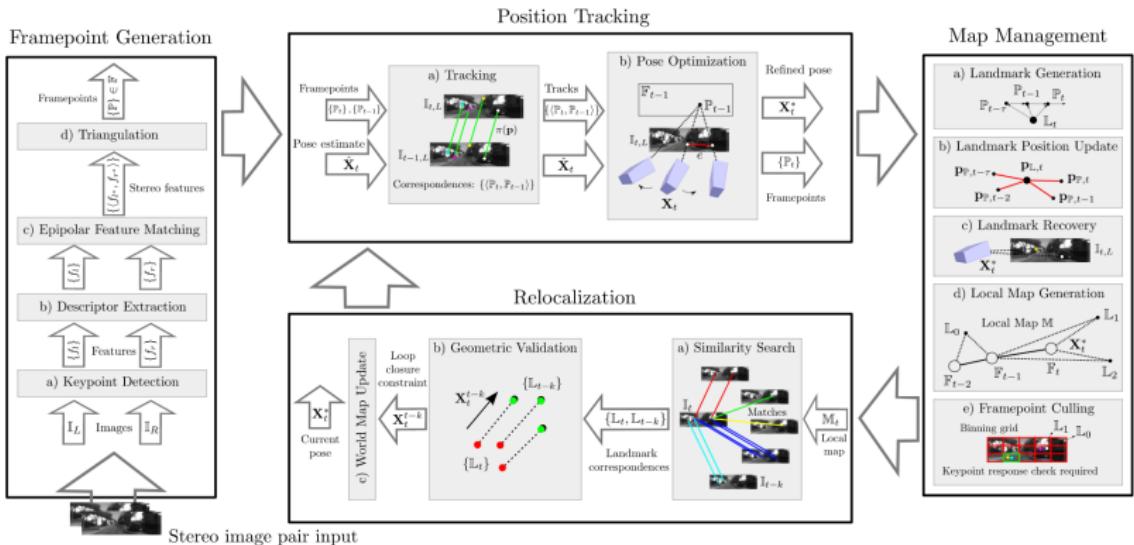
feature-based: **landmarks**
local bundle adjustment

Cameras:

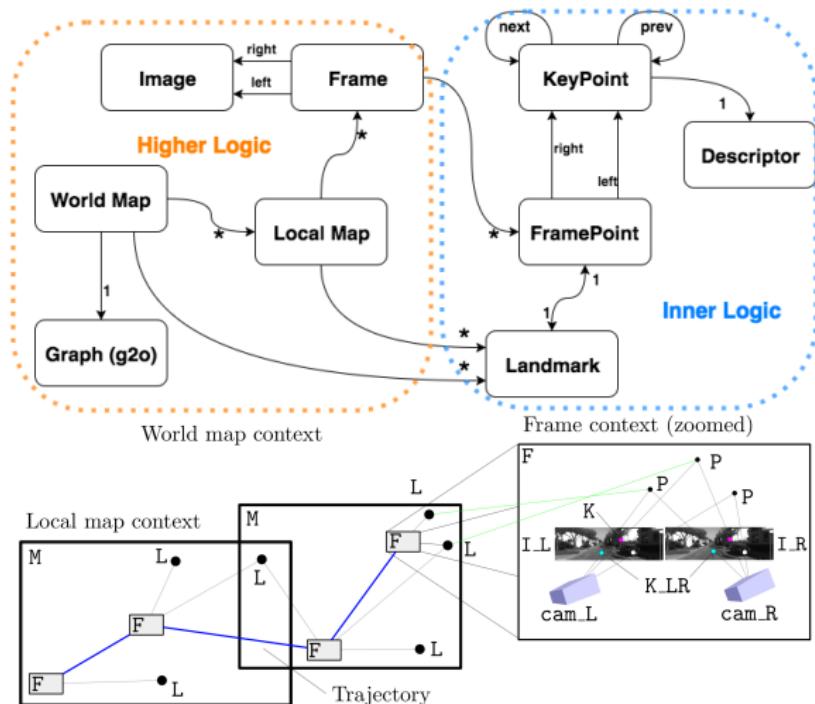
stereo

Algorithm

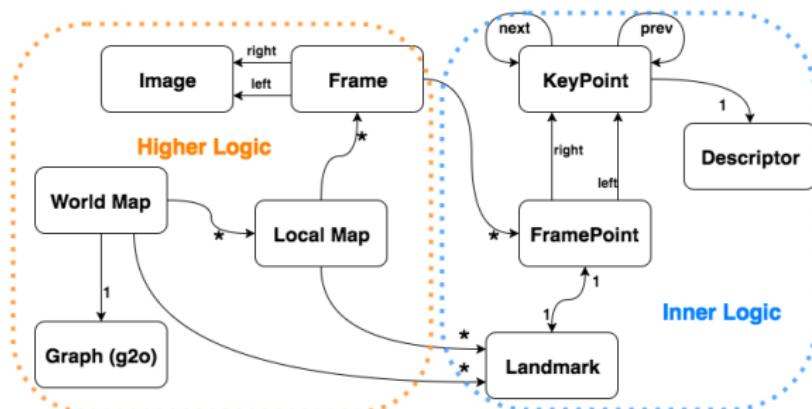
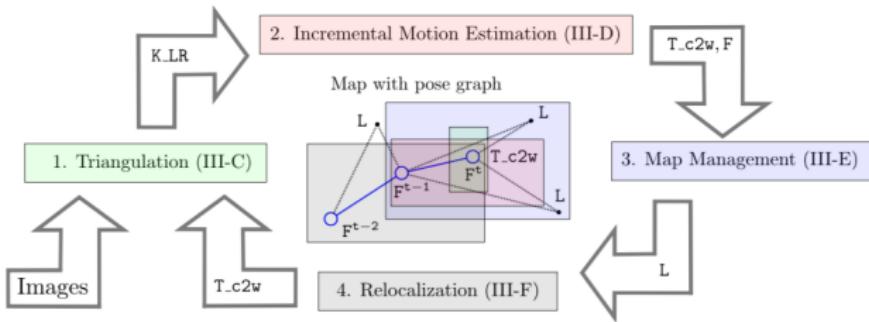
ProSLAM: From above



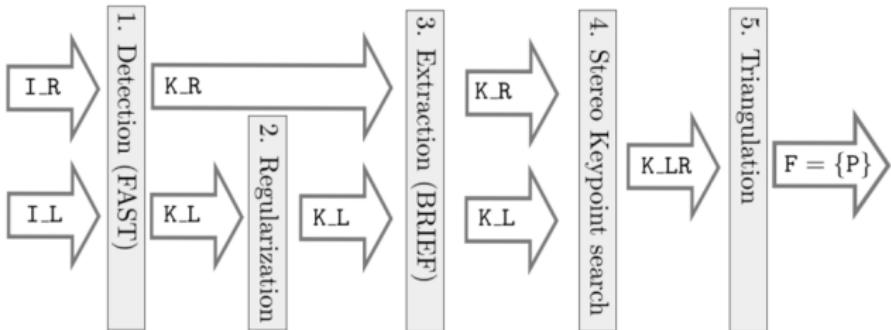
Data Structs: visual representation



Pipeline: four phases



Triangulation: phase one



Framepoint coords:

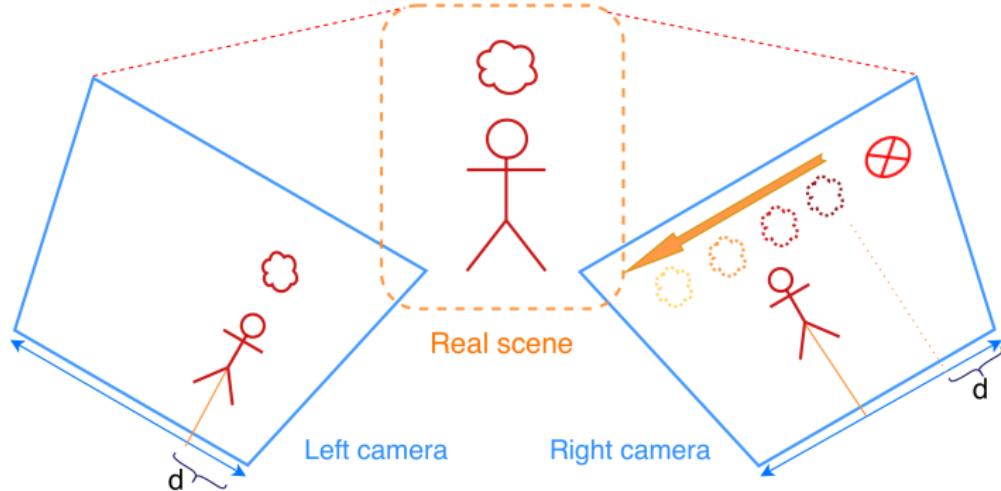
$$p_x = \underbrace{\frac{p_z}{F_x}}_{K_I.c - C_x} \quad (2)$$

stereo camera baseline

$$p_z = \frac{B}{K_r.c - K_l.c} \quad (1)$$

$$p_y = \underbrace{\frac{p_z}{F_y}}_{\text{focal length}} K_I.r - C_y \quad (3)$$

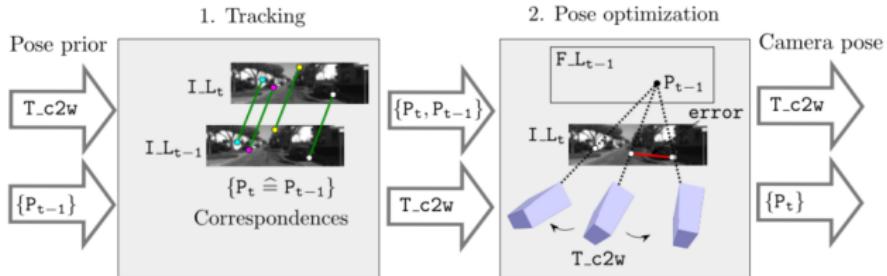
Triangulation : Intuition



Correspondence matching:

- Expected on the **left side** of the other image.
- Candidates **sorted** with euclidean distance metric.

Incremental Motion Estimation: phase two



$$\text{new keypoint } \overbrace{K_P} = \pi(P_L * \underbrace{T_{w2c} * \overbrace{P_{t-1}}_{\text{framepoint}}}_{P_{t-1}.p_c} . p_w) \quad (4)$$

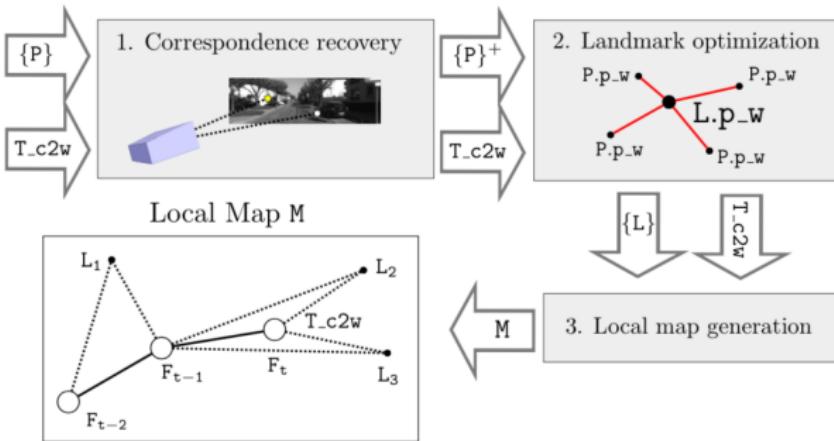
π : cam proj function, P_L : left cam proj matrix, T_m : motion

Constant velocity evolution model:

$$T_m = F_{t-1} \cdot T_{w2c} * F_{t-2} \cdot (T_{w2c})^{-1} \quad (5)$$

$$T_{w2c} = T_m * F_{t-1} \cdot T_{w2c} \quad (6)$$

Map Management: phase three



Correspondence recovery

Bookkeeping unmatched framepoints

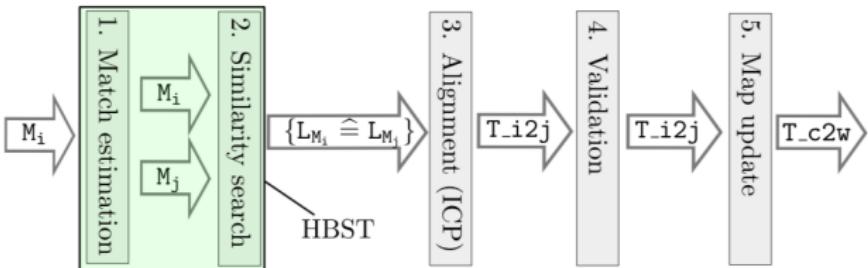
Landmark optimization

Refine estimation with information filter

Local map generation

If translation or rotation wtr previous one exceeds threshold

Relocation: phase four

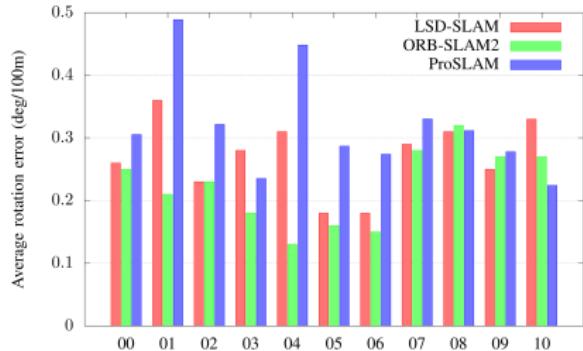
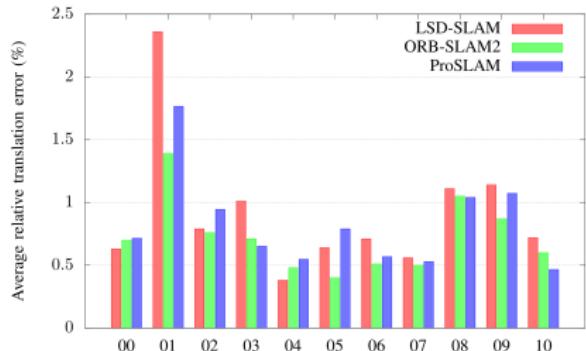


$$M_i \xrightarrow{\text{relocalize}} M_j \quad j : 1, \dots, i - 1 \quad (7)$$

- Compute relative transformations T_{i2j} .
- Validate through **outliers** and **avg error**.

Results

Results: Translational and rotational Errors



Positive:

Same **translational** error as state of the art.

Negative:

Losing in **rotational** error evaluations.

Conclusion

Conclusion

To summarize:

- Results shown **nearly** state of the art performance.
- Algorithm runs on portable computer in real time (*light-weight*).
- Open source and **understable** implementation for newcomers.

Take home message

If you want to learn SLAM, **ProSLAM** is the way to start with.

Demo video

Placeholder for the movie

That's all

Thank you for your attention !

Any question ?

Feel free to ask !