

Homework 1

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Lecture on AR and VAE

Code and results available at:

`deepul/hw1.ipynb`

`deepul/hw2.ipynb`

Question 1:

Explain results in `deepul/hw2/Q1`.

Answer:

Latents are used only in covariance Gaussian because in diagonal Gaussian, the decoder can reconstruct features independently without using latents.

Question 2:

Prove that $\text{KL}(p||q) \geq 0$, and the equality holds iff $q = p$.

Answer:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{KL}(p||q) &= \sum_x p(x) \log \frac{p(x)}{q(x)} \\ &= \sum_x p(x) \left[-\log \frac{q(x)}{p(x)} \right] \\ &\geq -\log \left[\sum_x p(x) \frac{q(x)}{p(x)} \right] \quad (\text{Jensen inequality}) \\ &= -\log \sum_x q(x) \\ &= -\log(1) \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Equality holds iff $\forall x, \frac{p(x)}{q(x)} = \text{const}$. Since both p and q are probability density functions, $\sum_x p(x) = \sum_x q(x) = 1$, $\frac{p(x)}{q(x)} = \text{const} \iff p(x) = q(x)$.

Question 3:

Explain why minimizing KL divergence is equivalent to Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE).

Answer:

Let $p_\theta(x)$ be the parameterized probability density function, and $p(x)$ be the true distribution of the data. MLE seeks to find $\theta = \arg \max_{\theta} \prod_x p_\theta(x)$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= \arg \max_{\theta} \prod_x p_\theta(x) \\
 &= \arg \max_{\theta} \log \prod_x p_\theta(x) \\
 &= \arg \max_{\theta} \sum_x \log p_\theta(x) \\
 &= \arg \max_{\theta} \frac{1}{\#\{x\}} \sum_x \log p_\theta(x) \\
 &= \arg \max_{\theta} \mathbb{E} [\log p_\theta(x)] \\
 &= \arg \min_{\theta} -\mathbb{E} [\log p_\theta(x)] \\
 &= \arg \min_{\theta} \mathbb{E} [\log p(x)] - \mathbb{E} [\log p_\theta(x)] \\
 &= \arg \min_{\theta} \mathbb{E} \left[\log \frac{p(x)}{p_\theta(x)} \right] \\
 &= \arg \min_{\theta} \text{KL}(p||p_\theta)
 \end{aligned}$$