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In [3]: from dotenv import load dotenv
        import os
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from geocodio import GeocodioClient
        from geocodio.exceptions import GeocodioError, GeocodioAuthError, GeocodioDataError, GeocodioServerError
        # --- Configuration ---
        load dotenv() # Load environment variables from .env file
        API KEY = os.getenv('GEOCODIO API KEY', 'NO API KEY')
        ADDRESSES FILE PATH = os.getenv('ADDRESSES FILE PATH', 'addresses.csv')
        ADDRESS COLUMN NAME = os.getenv('ADDRESS COLUMN NAME', 'address')
        # --- Helper Functions ---
        def load addresses from csv(file path, column name):
            Reads addresses from a CSV file and returns them as a list.
            Handles errors such as file not found or missing column.
            Args:
                file path (str): Path to the CSV file.
                column name (str): Name of the column containing addresses.
            Returns:
                list: A list of addresses or an empty list if an error occurs.
            0.00
            try:
                # Load the CSV file into a DataFrame
                addresses df = pd.read csv(file path)
                # Extract the addresses from the specified column
                addresses = addresses df[column name].dropna().tolist()
                print(f"Successfully loaded {len(addresses)} addresses from '{file path}'.")
                return addresses
            except FileNotFoundError:
                print(f"Error: The file '{file path}' was not found.")
            except KeyError:
                print(f"Error: The column '{column name}' does not exist in the CSV file.")
            except Exception as e:
                print(f"An unexpected error occurred while reading the CSV file: {e}")
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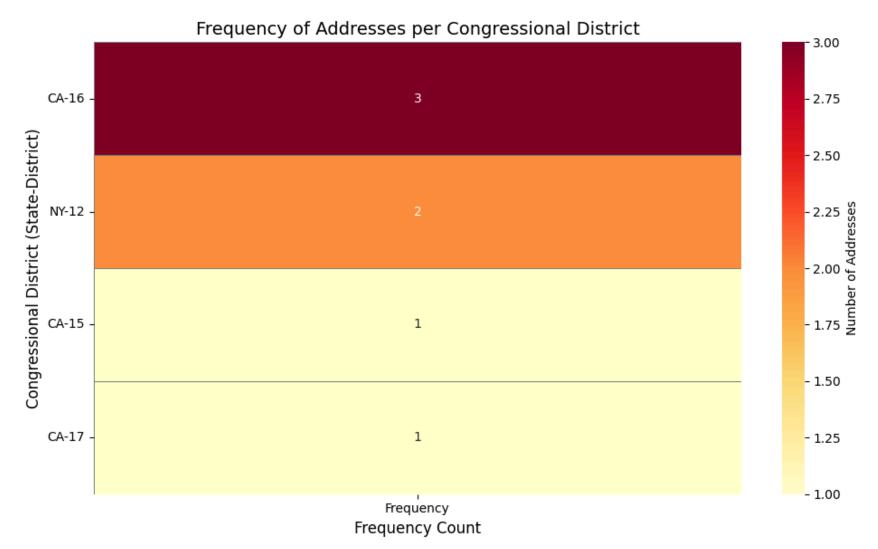
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return []
def extract districts(response):
    Extracts state and district number from a Geocodio result object.
    This function processes a Geocodio response object to extract unique
    congressional district identifiers. It handles potential errors,
    missing data, and at-large districts (represented as 'AL').
    Returns:
       list: A list of unique district ID strings (e.g., ['VA-8', 'VA-AL']).
              Returns an empty list or None if no valid districts are found.
    if not response or not hasattr(response, 'qet'): # Check if response is valid
       input = response.get('input') if response and hasattr(response, 'get') else 'Unknown Address'
       query = input.get('formatted address') if input and hasattr(input, 'get') else 'Unknown Address'
       print(f"No input. Skipping invalid response for query: {query}")
        return None
    query = response.get('input').get('formatted address') # Get the original address guery
    if 'results' not in response or not response.get('results') \
        or not isinstance(response.get('results'), list):
        print(f"No results. Skipping invalid response for query: {query}")
        return None
    print(f"Extracting districts from {len(response.get('results'))} results for guery: {query}")
    district ids = [] # List to store unique district IDs
    for result in response.get('results'):
       # Check if the result is a valid Geocodio object
       if not result or not hasattr(result, 'get'):
           print(f"Not a dict. Skipping invalid result for query: {query}")
            continue
       trv:
           # Check for errors reported by Geocodio for this specific address
            if result.get('error'):
                print(f"Skipping result with Geocoding error for '{query}': {result.get('error')}")
                continue
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# Get state from main address components
            address components = result.get('address components', {})
            state = address components.get('state')
            # Get congressional district info from fields
            fields data = result.get('fields', {})
            congressional districts = fields data.get('congressional districts', [])
            if state and congressional districts and isinstance(congressional districts, list):
                for district in congressional districts:
                    # Use the first district in the list (usually the most relevant)
                    district number = district.get('district number')
                    # Handle states with a single at-large district (often numbered 0 or 98)
                    if district number is not None:
                        # Format consistently, e.g., using 'AL' for At-Large
                        district label = 'AL' if district number in [0,98] else str(district number)
                        district ids.append(f"{state}-{district label}")
            else:
                # If state or district info is missing after successful geocode
                print(f"Warning: Missing state or district info for successfully geocoded address: {query}
        except (AttributeError, IndexError, TypeError, KeyError) as e:
            # Catch potential parsing errors
            print(f"Skipping result. Error parsing district info for query '{query}': {e}")
            continue
    return set(district ids)
# --- Main Execution ---
if name == "__main__":
   if API KEY == 'NO API KEY':
        print("Error: Please set 'GEOCODIO API KEY' environment variable to your actual Geocodio API key."
        exit()
    print("Initializing Geocodio client...")
   client = GeocodioClient(API KEY)
    input addresses = load addresses from csv(ADDRESSES FILE PATH, ADDRESS COLUMN NAME)
    print(f"Attempting to geocode {len(input addresses)} addresses and retrieve congressional districts...
    if len(input addresses) > 99:
        print("Warning: Geocoding more than 100 addresses may exceed Geocodio's batch limit. Proceed with
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print("IMPORTANT: Remember the Geocodio API Free tier only includes 2500 lookups/day.")
geocoded addresses = None
try:
    # Perform batch geocoding requesting congressional district field ('cd')
    geocoded addresses = client.geocode(input addresses, fields=['cd'])
    print("Geocoding request successful.")
except GeocodioAuthError:
    print("Authentication Error: Invalid API Key.")
except GeocodioDataError as e:
    print(f"Data Error: Problem with input addresses - {e}")
    exit()
except GeocodioServerError as e:
    print(f"Server Error: Geocodio server issue - {e}")
    exit()
except GeocodioError as e:
    print(f"Geocodio Error: An unspecified error occurred - {e}")
    exit()
except Exception as e:
    print(f"An unexpected error occurred during geocoding: {e}")
    exit()
# --- Process Results and Extract Districts ---
district list = []
if geocoded addresses:
    print("Processing geocoding results...")
    for response in geocoded addresses:
        unique ids = extract districts(response)
        if unique ids:
            district list.extend(unique ids)
else:
    print("No results returned from geocoding request.")
# --- Calculate Frequencies ---
if district list:
    print(f"\nSuccessfully mapped {len(input addresses)} addresses to {len(set(district list))} district
    print("Calculating district frequencies...")
    district series = pd.Series(district list)
    frequency counts = district series.value counts()
    print("\nDistrict Frequency Counts:")
    print(frequency counts)
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else:
    print("\nNo addresses were successfully mapped to districts. Cannot calculate frequencies.")
    frequency counts = pd.Series(dtype=int)
# --- Prepare Data for Heatmap ---
if not frequency counts.empty:
    print("\nPreparing data for heatmap visualization...")
   # Convert Series to DataFrame for heatmap input
    heatmap data = frequency counts.to frame(name='Frequency')
    # Sort by frequency (descending) for better visualization
    heatmap data = heatmap data.sort values(by='Frequency', ascending=False)
    print("Data ready for heatmap.")
else:
    print("No frequency data to visualize.")
    heatmap data = pd.DataFrame()
# --- Generate and Display Heatmap ---
if not heatmap data.empty:
    print("Generating heatmap...")
    try:
        # Dynamically adjust height based on number of districts
        num districts = len(heatmap data)
       fig height = max(6, num districts * 0.35) # Adjust multiplier for spacing
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, fig height))
        sns.heatmap(
            heatmap data,
            annot=True,  # Show frequency values
fmt="d",  # Integer format for annotations
            cmap='YlOrRd', # Yellow-to-red colormap
            linewidths=.5. # Lines between cells
            linecolor='grey', # Line color
            cbar=True.
                            # Show color bar
            cbar kws={'label': 'Number of Addresses'} # Color bar label
        plt.title('Frequency of Addresses per Congressional District', fontsize=14)
        plt.xlabel('Frequency Count', fontsize=12)
        plt.ylabel('Congressional District (State-District)', fontsize=12)
        plt.xticks(rotation=0)
        plt.yticks(rotation=0)
        plt.tight layout()
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print("Displaying heatmap...")
             plt.show()
         except Exception as e:
             print(f"An error occurred during heatmap generation: {e}")
     else:
         print("Cannot generate heatmap: No data available.")
     print("\nScript finished.")
Initializing Geocodio client...
Successfully loaded 7 addresses from 'addresses.csv'.
Attempting to geocode 7 addresses and retrieve congressional districts...
Geocodina request successful.
Processing geocoding results...
Extracting districts from 2 results for query: 1600 Amphitheatre Pkwy, Mountain View, CA 94043
Extracting districts from 2 results for query: 157 Irene Ct, Mountain View, CA 94043
Extracting districts from 2 results for query: 1075 Space Park Way, Mountain View, CA 94043
Extracting districts from 1 results for query: 1 Hacker Way, Menlo Park, CA 94025
Extracting districts from 1 results for query: 1 Infinite Loop, Cupertino, CA 95014
Extracting districts from 3 results for query: 350 5th Ave, New York, NY 10118
Extracting districts from 2 results for query: 11 W 32nd St, New York, NY 10001
Successfully mapped 7 addresses to 4 districts.
Calculating district frequencies...
District Frequency Counts:
CA-16
NY-12
        2
CA - 15
        1
CA-17
        1
Name: count, dtype: int64
Preparing data for heatmap visualization...
Data ready for heatmap.
Generating heatmap...
Displaying heatmap...
```



Script finished.