Task 1)

b

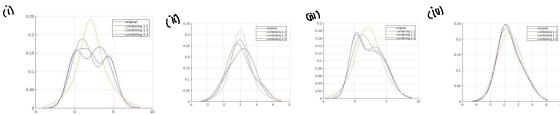
Gaussian mixture:

$$\widetilde{M} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \omega^{i} M^{i} , \quad \widetilde{D} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \omega^{i} P^{i} + \widetilde{P}^{i}$$
 Spread or the immorations derived the superstations differ

"Sufficiently similar" is the key characteristic to look for here

- i) 1 k2: same shape, as well as slightly larger variance $\bar{M} = 1$, $\bar{\sigma}^2 = 2$
- ii) 1 2 2 (1,3) is nour pow => bad, between (1,2) & (2,3), (1,2) better M & almost Same varione
- (ii) 2,3 best shape to approximate, $\bar{u}_23.81$, $\bar{v}_2=1.95$
- iv) 2,3 best shape to approximate m=3.81, 2=1.55

Visuali Eation



Taske)

a) $p(z_k|z_{i:k-1}) = \sum_{s_k} \int p(z_k|x_k,s_k) p(x_k|s_k,z_{i:k-1}) rr(s_k|z_{i:k-1}) dx_k$ $p(z_k|x_k,s_k,z_{ik-1}) \qquad \text{measurement at fine step k is independent of $=_{k-1}$, when x_k is given, s or equality holds.}$ = \(\frac{\z_k}{\z_k}\) \(\frac{\z_k}{\z_k}\) \(\frac{\z_k}{\z_k}\) D total-prob-therm P(2k | 21:k-1) = (P(2k, Xt | 21:k-1) dxk = [P(Zk | XK) P(XK | Z1: K-1) dxk = \int \p(\delau(xr) \delau(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau) \delau(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau) \delu(xr \delau = \frac{131}{5} mr \text{b(st(xr)} Task 3) Smixprobs: 6.26: Msk-1/sk = Pr{Sk-1 | Sk, 21:k-1} joine distribut = Pr{Sk|sk-1, 21:k-1} Pr{Sk-1 | 21:k-1} Pr{Sk|21:k-1} Cheed probs step

Step 4) loglikelihood: plak | Z1:k-1) = \[\langle \langle \rangle \ra

Taski)

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%% NOTE: s_k along row(i) axis and s_k-1 along column(j) axis
a)
                %% Joint probability for this model and next
% numerator of (eq 6.26) (M x M)
spsjointprobs = zeros(obj.M,obj.M);
for i=1:obj.M
for j=1:obj.M
spsjointprobs(1,j) = obj.PI(i,j)*sprobs(j);
end
end
                %% marginal probability for next model
% denominator of (eq 6.26), normalization constant (M x 1)
spredprobs = obj.PI*sprobs;
                %% conditionional probability for model at this time step on the next.
                 %% conditionional probability for model at this time step 6
% (eq 6.26) (M x M)
smixprobs = zeros(obj.M,obj.M);
for j=1:obj.M
smixprobs(i,j) = spsjointprobs(i,j)/spredprobs(i);
end
 6
               % allocate

xmix = zeros(size(x));

Pmix = zeros(size(P));
               C)
                % mode matched prediction
for i=1:obj.M
[xpred(:,i), Ppred(:,:,i)] } obj.modeFilters(i).predict(x(:,i),P(:,:,i),Ts)
end
    d)
                % step 1 [spredsprob,smixprobs] = obj.mixProbabilities(sprobs);
                % step 2 [xmix,Pmix] = obj.mixStates(smixprobs,x,P);
                % prediction part of step 3
[xpred,Ppred] = obj.modeMatchedPrediction(xmix,Pmix,Ts);
                % mode matched update and likelihood
for i=1:obj.M
  [xupd(:,i),Pupd(:,:,i)] = obj.modeFilters(i).update(z,x(:,i),P(:,:,i));
logLambdas(i) = obj.modeFilters(i).loglikelihood(z,x(:,i),P(:,:,i));
end
    6)
     4)
                     [spredsprob, smixprobs] = obj.mixProbabilities(sprobs);
                     loglikelihood = logSumExp(logLambdas+log(spredprobs)); % Denomenator of eq 6.26
supdprobs = exp(logLambdas+log(spredsprob))/exp(loglikelihood); % eq 6.32
      9)
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% step 4 [supdprobs, loglikelihood] = obj.updateProbabilities(logLambdas,sprobs);

h) This was given:

[xest, Pest] = reduceGaussMix(sprobs, x, P);

i) Took a look "