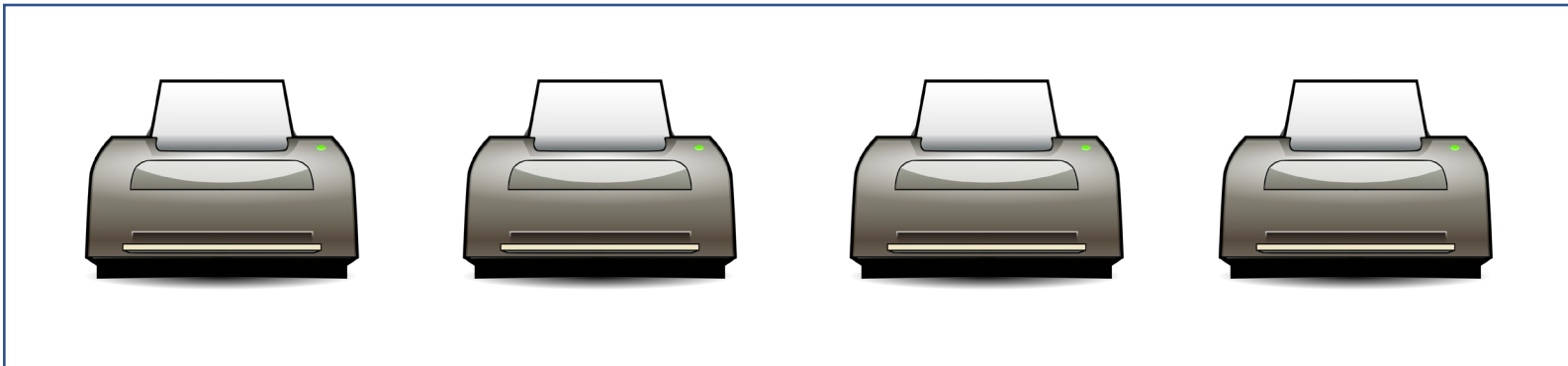


# Exercise 1: Interfaces

- Consider a service for concurrently sharing a set of printers from a pool for several users (all printers are equal). Define an appropriate interface (for instance using Python-like oder C-like pseudocode) for such a service so that the openness requirements are satisfied.
- Assume that the channel is secure.



- `int Print(Document document, int PrinterID, Settings settings, int Token); => OK (0), ERROR (1), , NET_ERROR(2), ERR_DOCUMENT(3), NO_PAPER(4), ERR_BUSY(5), ERROR_AUTHFAILED(6)`
- `Bool IsPrinterAvailable(int PrinterID, int Token);`
- `Array<int> GetAllPrintersAvailable(int Token);`
- `int AuthorizeUser(User user); => Token`
- `Bool IsTokenValid(int Token);`
- `Int Logout(User name, int Token);`
- `String GetPrinterInfo(int PrinterID); => "name: Printer1, Location: office first floor ... "`
- `Status GetPrinterStatus(int PrinterID, int Token); => returns printer status info`
- `List<Status> GetAllPrinterStates(int Token); => returns all current states of all printers`

## Exercise 2: Transparency

- Consider a system with the following requirements: a supercomputing cluster offers high-performance computing services to a scientific organization. This organization (and the cluster, too) is geographically distributed across different countries in several continents.
- The system must be capable of running batch computing jobs sent by its clients and reporting the results.
- List what types of transparencies are desirable and which not. Explain the reasons behind your choices.

Access	Location	Migration	Replication	Relocation	Concurrency	Fault
Yes => Hide resource (computing nodes) details	Yes => Hide where cluster nodes are located	Yes => Hide if a computing job is migrated to another node	Yes => Hide if there are replicas of the submitted jobs	Yes => Hide if a computing job/data is migrated to another node while in use.	Hide that more than one user is using the cluster	Yes => Hide that an error occurred
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Computers are all the same.</li> <li>Difference if clients and cluster have different architectures</li> <li>Differences in data representation are not relevant to the user.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>User does not care where the job is computed</li> <li>If network latency is very high, then it might not be possible to hide location</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The user should not care.</li> <li>If migration takes much time, then you cannot hide migration of resources</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If there are replicas (data) and these replicas are deleted afterwards, then it is OK to hide them</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Does not make sense if each job is being processed completely on a given node.</li> <li>If not, or if data and worker nodes are splitted, migrating data while in use would be desirable to hide faults.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Yes, doesn't need to know that other users are using the cluster</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replicating data to get data from the nearest node</li> <li>If one data node crashes, worker node does not notice</li> </ul>