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External System Generator Outage Localization Based on Tie-line Synchrophasor Measurements

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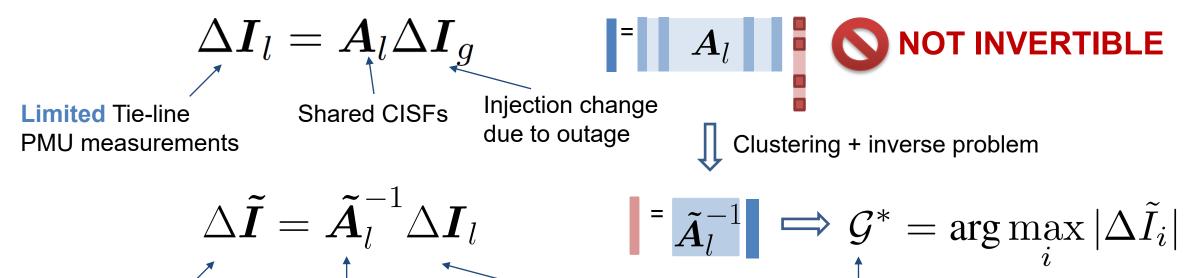
zhen.dai@mail.utoronto.ca

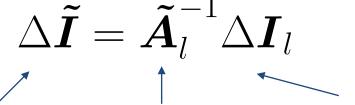


IEEE

Background

- Problems: limited observability and information of the external system
- Proposed method: solve for the largest injection change





Group Injection change due to outage

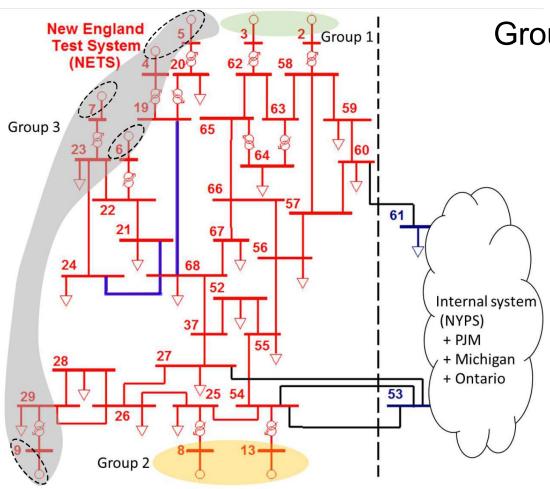
Approximate CISFs based on QR decomposition

Tie-line PMU measurements Outage originating Group





Results (68-bus system)



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Group injection change estimation:

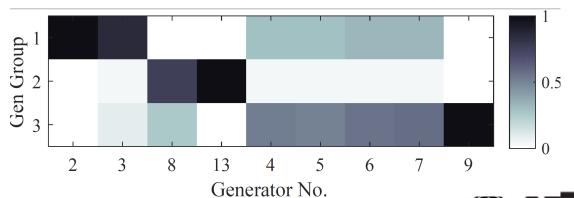
$$\Delta \hat{\boldsymbol{P}}_r = \operatorname{Re}\{\tilde{\boldsymbol{A}}_l\}^{-1}\Delta \boldsymbol{P}_l$$

Estimated group injection change

Approximate ISFs

Tie-line PMU measurements

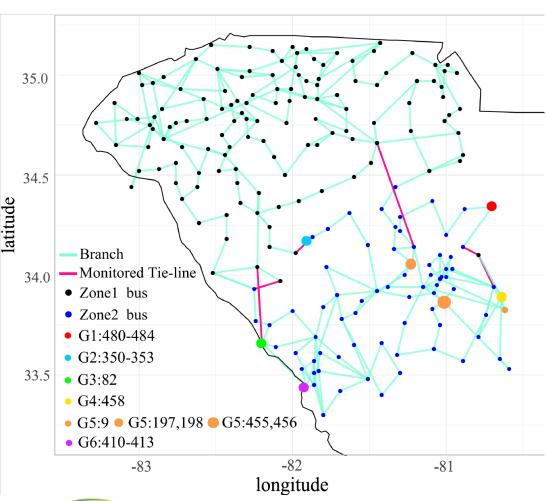
	Mean estimation error
3 tie-line PMUs	22%
3 tie-line PMUs + 3 PMUs	10%



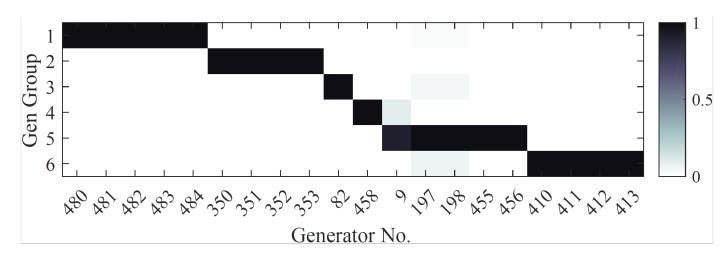
100% localization accuracy



Results (500-bus system)



6 tie-line PMUs: 6 groups Highly similar CISFs within each group



100% localization accuracy

Mean group injection change estimation error: 5.4%





Conclusions/Recommendations

- Localize external system generator outage to the originating cluster given limited PMU measurements with great accuracy
- Provide estimation of the group injection loss
- Great for online application and as a complementary approach to frequency-based methods
- Provide incentives to share CISFs and PMU data between operators



