**青少年软件编程（Python）等级考试试卷（二级A卷）**

分数：100  题数：38

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| **总体情况** | | | | | | | | | |
| 姓名 | 开始时间 | 结束时间 | 用时(分钟) | 得分 | 得分率 | 是否通过 | 考试状态 |  |  |

一、单选题(共25题，每题2分，共50分)

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| 1. | 下面程序执行完毕后，最终的结果是？（ ）  a=[34,17,7,48,10,5] b=[] c=[] while len(a)>0:     s=a.pop()     if(s%2==0):         b.append(s)     else:         c.append(s) print(b) print(c) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | [34, 48,10] [17, 7, 5] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | [10, 48, 34] [5, 7, 17] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | [10, 48, 34] [17, 7, 5] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | [34, 48, 10] [5, 7, 17] | |
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| 2. | 以下程序的运行结果是？（ ）  l =["兰溪","金华","武义","永康","磐安","东阳","义乌","浦江"] for s in l:     if"义"in s:       print(s) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 兰溪 金华 武义 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | 武义 义乌 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 武义 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 义乌 | |
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| 3. | 以下程序的输出结果是？（ ）  ls = [1,2,3] lt = [4,5,6] print(ls+lt) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | [1,2,3,4,5,6] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | [1,2,3,[4,5,6]] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | [4,5,6] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | [5,7,9] | |
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| 4. | 列表listV = list(range(10)),以下能够输出列表listV中最小元素的是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | print(min(listV)) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | print(listV.max( )) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | print(min(listV())) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | print(listV.revrese(i)[0]) | |
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| 5. | 以下程序的输出结果是（ ）。  a = tuple('abcdefg')  print(a) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | ('a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g') |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | ['abcdefg'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 'abcdefg' | |
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| 6. | 运行如下程序，结果是？（ ）  l=[1,"laowang",3.14,"laoli"] l[0]=2 del l[1] print(l) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | [1, 3.14, 'laoli'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | [2, 3.14, 'laoli'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | ["laowang",3.14, 'laoli'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | [2,"laowang",3.14,] | |
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| 7. | 关于列表s的相关操作，描述不正确的是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | s.append():在列表末尾添加新的对象 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | s.reverse():反转列表中的元素 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | s.count():统计某个元素在列表中出现的次数 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | s.clear()：删除列表s的最后一个元素 | |
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| 8. | 关于以下代码，描述正确的是？（ ） a = 'False' if a:     print('True') |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 上述代码的输出结果为True。 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | 上述代码的输出结果为False。 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 上述代码存在语法错误。 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 上述代码没有语法错误，但没有任何输出。 | |
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| 9. | 下列代码的输出结果是？（ ）  ls = [[0,1],[5,6],[7,8]]  lis = []  for i in range(len(ls)):       lis.append(ls[i][1])  print(lis) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | [1,6,8] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | [0,5,7] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | [0,6,8] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | [0,1] | |
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| 10. | 已知列表lis=['1','2',3]，则执行print(2 in lis)语句输出的结果是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | True |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | true |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | False |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | false | |
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| 11. | 现在有s="abcdefghi"，请问s[4]的值是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | d |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | e |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | abcd |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 0 | |
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| 12. | 下面代码的输出结果是？（ ） a={'sx':90,'yuwen':93,'yingyu':88,'kexue':98} print(a['sx']) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 93 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | 90 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 88 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 98 | |
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| 13. | 下面代码的输出结果是？（ ）  a=[1,3,5,7,9] for i in a:     print(i) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 1,3,5,7,9 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | [1,3,5,7,9] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 1 3 5 7 9 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 9 7 5 3 1 | |
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| 14. | 以下用于Python循环结构的关键字是（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | while |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | loop |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | if |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | do…for | |
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| 15. | 以下代码绘制的图形是？（  ） import turtle for i in range(1,7):     turtle.fd(50)     turtle.left(60) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 正方形 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | 六边形 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 三角形 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 五角星 | |
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| 16. | 已知列表a=[1,2,3]，b=['4']，执行语句print(a+b)后，输出的结果是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | [1,2,3,4] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | [1,2,3,'4'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | ['1','2','3','4'] |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 10 | |
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| 17. | 已知列表a=[1,2,3,4,5]，下列语句输出结果为False的是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | print(a[3]==a[-2]) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | print(a[:3]==a[:-2]) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | print(a[:1]==a[0]) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | print(a[2]==a[-3]) | |
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| 18. | 在python中，表示跳出当前循环的语句是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | break |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | pass |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | exit |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | Esc | |
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| 19. | 已知字典score={"语文":95,"数学":93,"英语":97},  则执行print(score["语文"]+score["数学"]//2)，输出的结果为？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 141 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | 141.5 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 94 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 94.0 | |
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| 20. | 以下程序的运行结果是？（ ）  a={"name":"jt","age":29,"class":5} a["age"]=15 a["school"]="派森社" print("age:",a["age"]) print("school:",a["school"]) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | age: 29 school: 派森社 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | age: 15 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | age: 15 school: 派森社 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | school: 派森社 | |
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| 21. | 下列程序的执行结果是？（ ）  s=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8)  print(len(s),max(s),min(s)) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 7 8 1 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | 8 8 1 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 8 1 8 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | 7 1 8 | |
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| 22. | 下列不属于Python中处理字典的方法是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | pop() |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | replace() |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | get() |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | popitem() | |
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| 23. | 下列语句，不能创建元组的是？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | tup=() |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | tup=(1) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | tup=1,2 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | tup=(1,2) | |
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| 24. | s="abc123",采用字符串操作函数将其中的字符c替换为字符C，以下哪个操作正确？（ ） |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | s.replace('c', 'C') |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | replace(c,C) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | s.replace(c,C) |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | replace('abc123','abC123') | |
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| 25. | 下面程序的执行结果为？（ ） s = '{0}+{1}={2}'.format(2, 3, 5) print(s) |
|  | |  |  | | --- | --- | | A. | 0+1=2 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | B. | {0}+{1}={2} |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | C. | 2+3=5 |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | D. | {2}+{3}={5} | |
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二、判断题(共10题，每题2分，共20分)

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| 26. | 已知字符串str='www.baidu.com'，  那么print(str.split('.',1))的结果是：['www', 'baidu','com']。 |
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| 27. | 运行如下程序 a1='hello' a2='everybody' print(a1\*2+a2) 运行结果为hellohelloeverybody |
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| 28. | 元组中不可以通过下标索引获取元素。 |
|  | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | 正确 | 错误 |  | |
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| 29. | 在使用get（）语句返回字典中指定键的值的时候，如果该键的值在字典中不存在，  则返回系统默认值“unKnown”。 |
|  | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | 正确 | 错误 |  | |
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| 30. | 元组是一种可变的序列，创建后可以修改。 |
|  | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | 正确 | 错误 |  | |
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| 31. | 条件语句中，if...语句和if...else语句没有区别。 |
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| 32. | 列表是一种序列，列表的元素可以追加、替换、插入和删除。 |
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| 33. | 在循环语句中， break 语句的作用是提前进入下一次循环。 |
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| 34. | 执行以下程序，运行结果是：14  a=1  while a<100:      if a%2==0 and a%7==0:          print(a)          break      a=a+1 |
|  | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | 正确 | 错误 |  | |
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| 35. | 语句  for i in range(3) :      print(i, end=',')  的输出结果为0,1,2, |
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三、编程题(共3题，共30分)

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| 36. | 数字转汉字  用户输入一个1~9（包含1和9）之间的任一数字，程序输出对应的汉字。  如输入2，程序输出“二”。可重复查询。 |
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| 37. | 假设10位评委的打分是99,80,86,89,94,92,75,87,86,95，  现需要运用Python语言进行编程实现：  去掉一个最高分，去掉一个最低分，计算平均分，并打印出来。打印格式为：  去掉一个最高分：XX分，去掉一个最低分：XX分，最后得分为：XX分 |
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