Assignment #11: FP with Collections

Master in Informatics and Computing Engineering Programming Fundamentals

Instance: 2018/2019

Goals: write programs using Effect-free programming style

Pre-requirements (prior knowledge): see the bibliography of Lecture #19 an Lecture #20

Rules: you may work with colleagues, however, each student must write and submit in Moodle his or her this assignment separately. Be sure to indicate with whom you have worked. We may run tools to detect plagiarism (e.g. duplicate code submitted)

Deadline: 8:00 Monday of the week after (17/12/2018)

Submission: to submit, first pack your files in a folder RE11, then compress it with zip to a file with name 2018xxxxx.zip (your_code.zip) and last (before the deadline) go to the Moodle activity (you have only 2 attempts)

1. Sort by lambda

Write a Python function sort_by_f(l) that, given list l, returns the list sorted using a lambda function, defined as:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 5 - x & x \ge 5 \\ x & x < 5 \end{cases}$$

Save the program in the file sort_by_f.py.

For example:

- sort_by_f([-10, -6, 2, 5, 90]) returns the list [90, -10, -6, 5, 2]
- sort_by_f([[-1, -2, 2, 15, 99]]) returns the list [99, 15, -2, -1, 2]

2. Map-Reduce

Write a Python function map_reduce(n1, n2) whereby you create a list of the square of the odd numbers between n1 and n2. Then use reduce to multiply if the accumulated result is smaller than 50 or add the numbers otherwise. Ensure the result of the function is an integer.

Have a look at reduce() from module functools (<u>Higher-order functions and operations on callable objects</u>).

Save the program in the file map_reduce.py.

For example:

- map_reduce(0, 10) returns the integer 164
- map_reduce(5, 100) returns the integer 166640

3. Odd Range

Write a generator function odd_range(start, stop, step) that yields the odd numbers between start and stop with a step increment between odd numbers.

Save the program in the file odd_range.py.

A generator function contains one or more *yield* statements, instead of a *return* statement. Therefore, when a generator function is called, it returns an iterator object, that can be used to iterate through the items using the *next()* function or by simply looping over it.

For example:

- [i for i in odd_range(1, 10, 1)] returns a generator that produces [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
- [i for i in odd_range(100, 150, 5)] returns a generator that produces [101, 111, 121, 131, 141]
- [i for i in odd_range(10, 0, 1)] returns a generator that produces []

4. Override operation

Write a function override(l1, l2) that, given two lists of tuples, performs the operation l1 ++ l2 known as override. The override operation, given two lists of tuples, produces a new list with every member of l2 and every member of l1 that is not overridden by an element from l2 (i.e., does not begin with the same atomic element). For example,

$$[(a,b), (c,d), (c,e)] ++ [(a,c), (b,d)] = [(a,c), (b,d), (c,d), (c,e)]$$

Note that (a,b) from the first list was overridden by (a,c) from the second list and all others elements were maintained.

The resulting list should be ordered by the first element of each tuple.

Save the result in the file override.pv.

For example:

- override([('c','d'),('c','e'),('a','b'),('a', 'd')],
 [('a','c'),('b','d')]) returns the list [('a', 'c'), ('b', 'd'), ('c', 'd'), ('c', 'e')]
- override([('a','b','c','e'),('f', 'p', 'r', 'o')],
 [('a','c'),('b','d')]) returns the list [('a', 'c'), ('b', 'd'), ('f',
 'p', 'r', 'o')]
- override([('a','b'),('c','d')], [('b','a'),('d','c')]) returns the list [('a', 'b'), ('b', 'a'), ('c', 'd'), ('d', 'c')]

5. Map, Filter & Reduce

Write a function reduce_map_filter(args) that receives a collection of arguments called args and returns the result of processing args. This args can be either a list of integers or a tuple of type (op, f, args), where op is an operator ("map", "filter" or "reduce"), f is a function and args is again a list of integers or a tuple. Each function f must be applied in a chain according to the op operator.

Save the program in the file map_filter_reduce.py.

For example:

The end.

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