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2

INTRODUCTION TO CRISP-DM

Machine Learning for Marketing

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Instituto Superior de Estatística e Gestão da Informação
Universidade Nova de Lisboa

Acreditações e Certificações



Why use a standard methodological process

- Framework to record and replicate projects
- Assists project planning and management
- Encourage best practices and the obtention of better results
- Provides a base for new practitioners:
 - Demonstrates the maturity of DM
 - Reduces dependency of "experts"

CRISP-DM

- Applies not only to DM projects, but also to Text Mining, Statistic, and Descriptive and Predictive Analytics
- Used in academy and by DM practitioners
- Non-proprietary
- Tool neutral
- Focus both on the application and the technical perspectives
- Most-often used process model

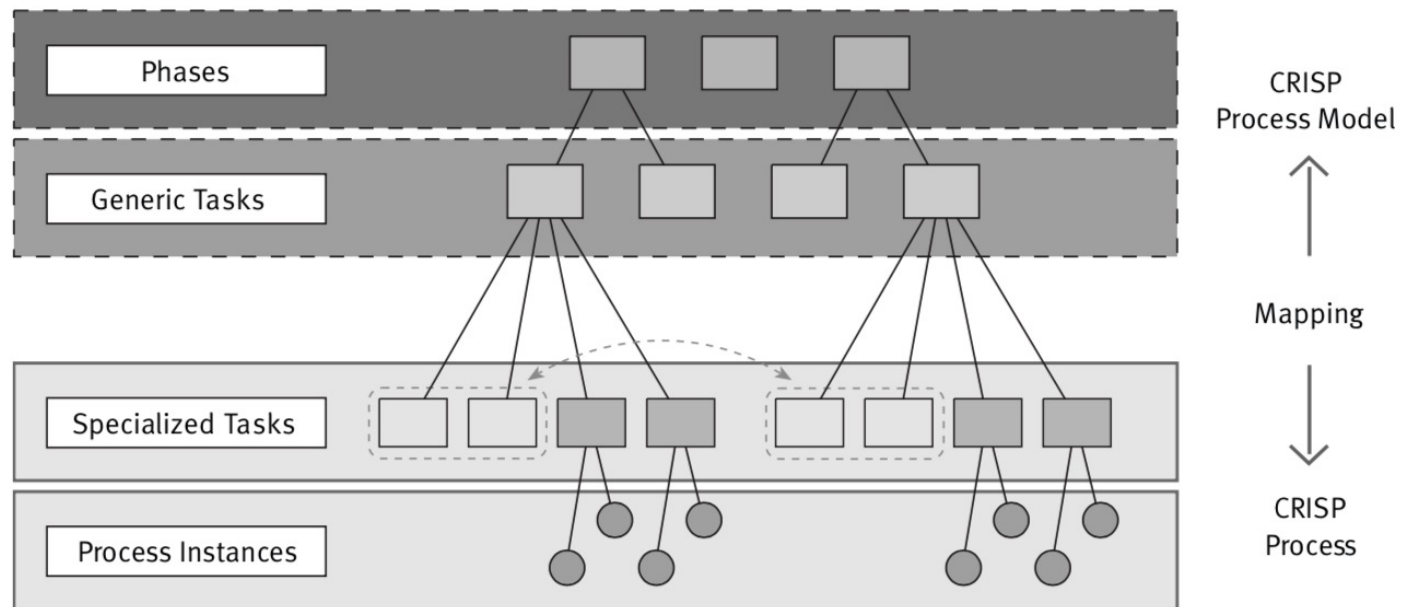


CRISP-DM 1.0

Step-by-step data mining guide

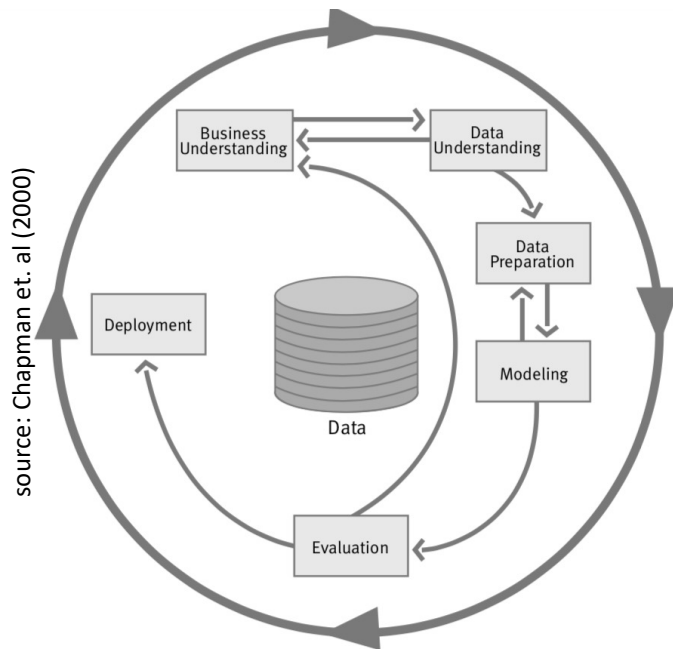
Pete Chapman (NCR), Julian Clinton (SPSS), Randy Kerber (NCR),
Thomas Khabaza (SPSS), Thomas Reinartz (DaimlerChrysler),
Colin Shearer (SPSS) and Rüdiger Wirth (DaimlerChrysler)

Four level breakdown



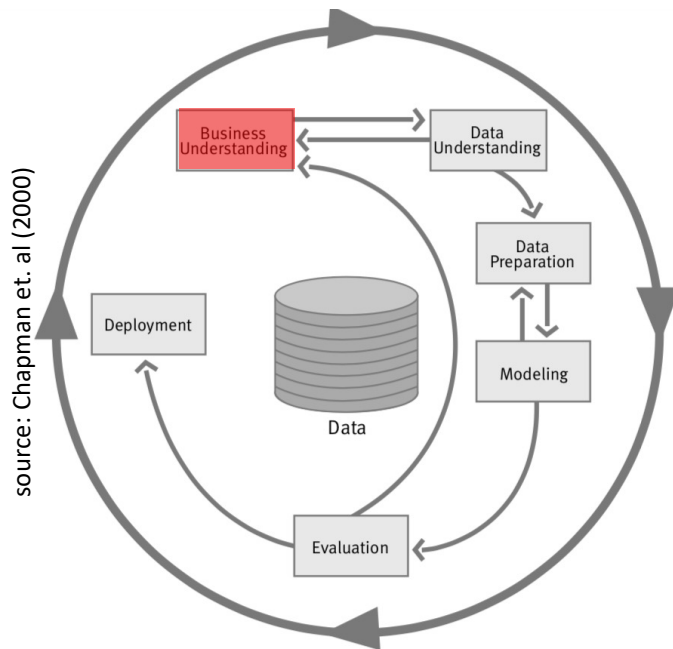
source: Chapman et. al (2000)

Phases



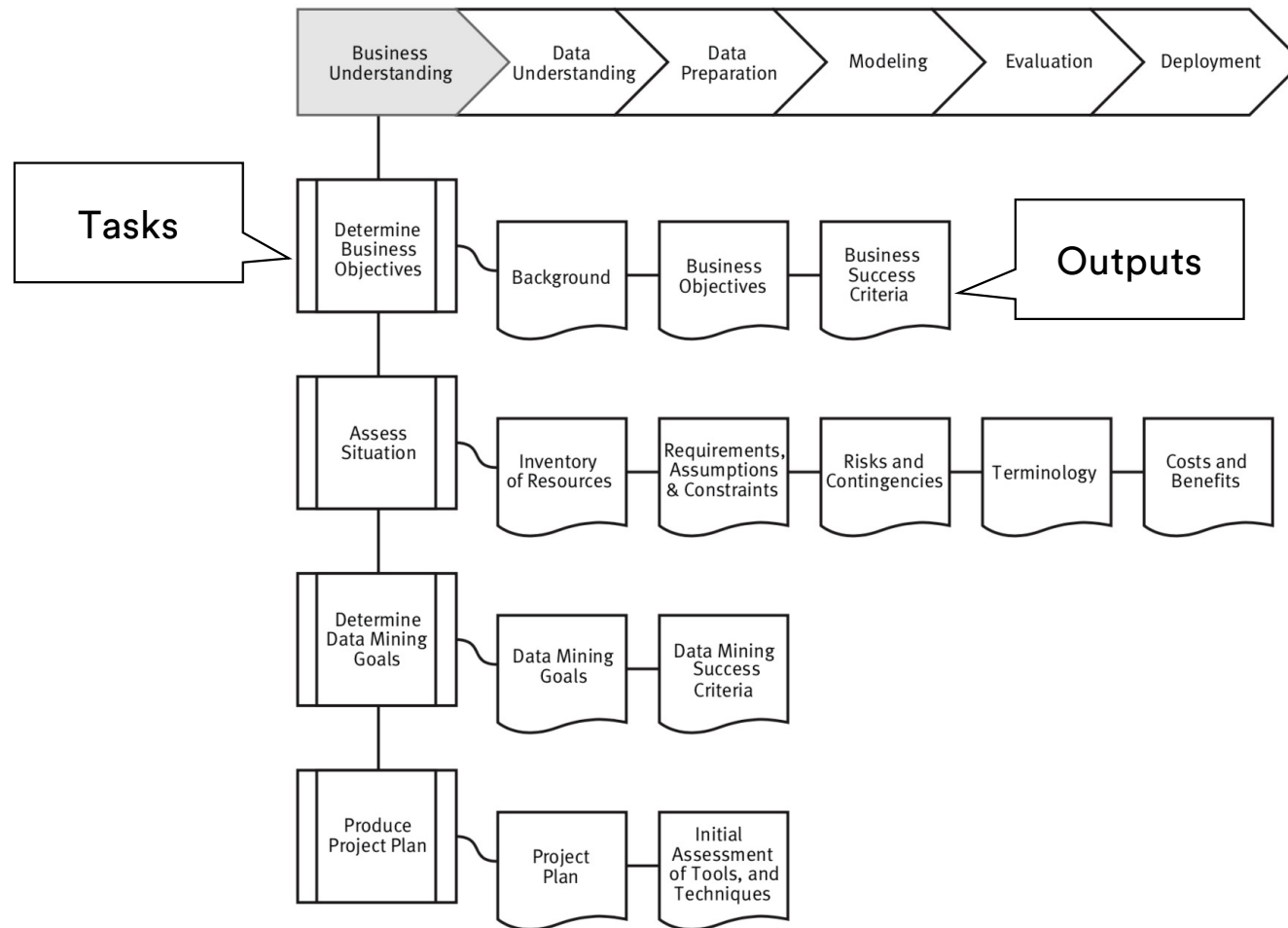
- Six phases
- Phase's sequence is not rigid
- Moving back and forward is always necessary
- The outcome of each phase, determines the next phase/task
- Arrows indicate the most important and frequent dependencies between phases

Phase: Business understanding

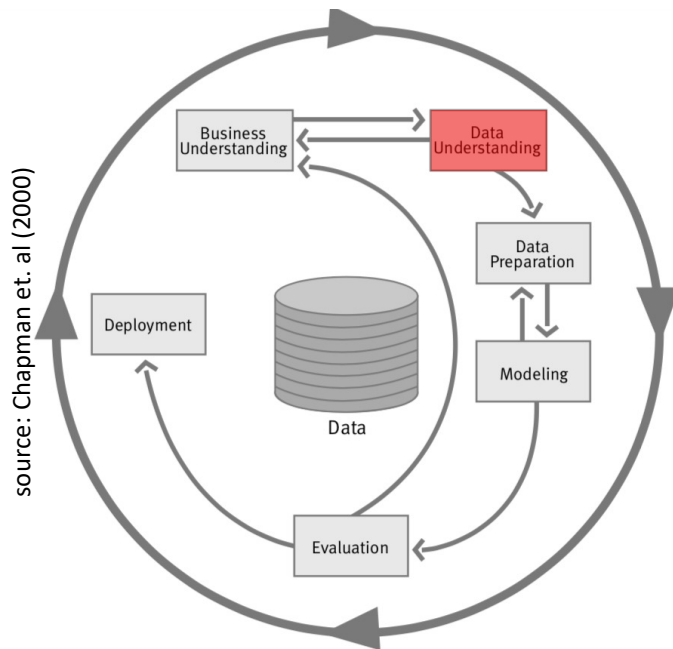


- Determine business objectives
 - Background
 - Business objectives
 - Business success criteria
- Assess situation
 - Resources
 - Requirements
 - Risks and contingencies
- Determine data mining goals and success criteria
- Produce project plan

Business understanding

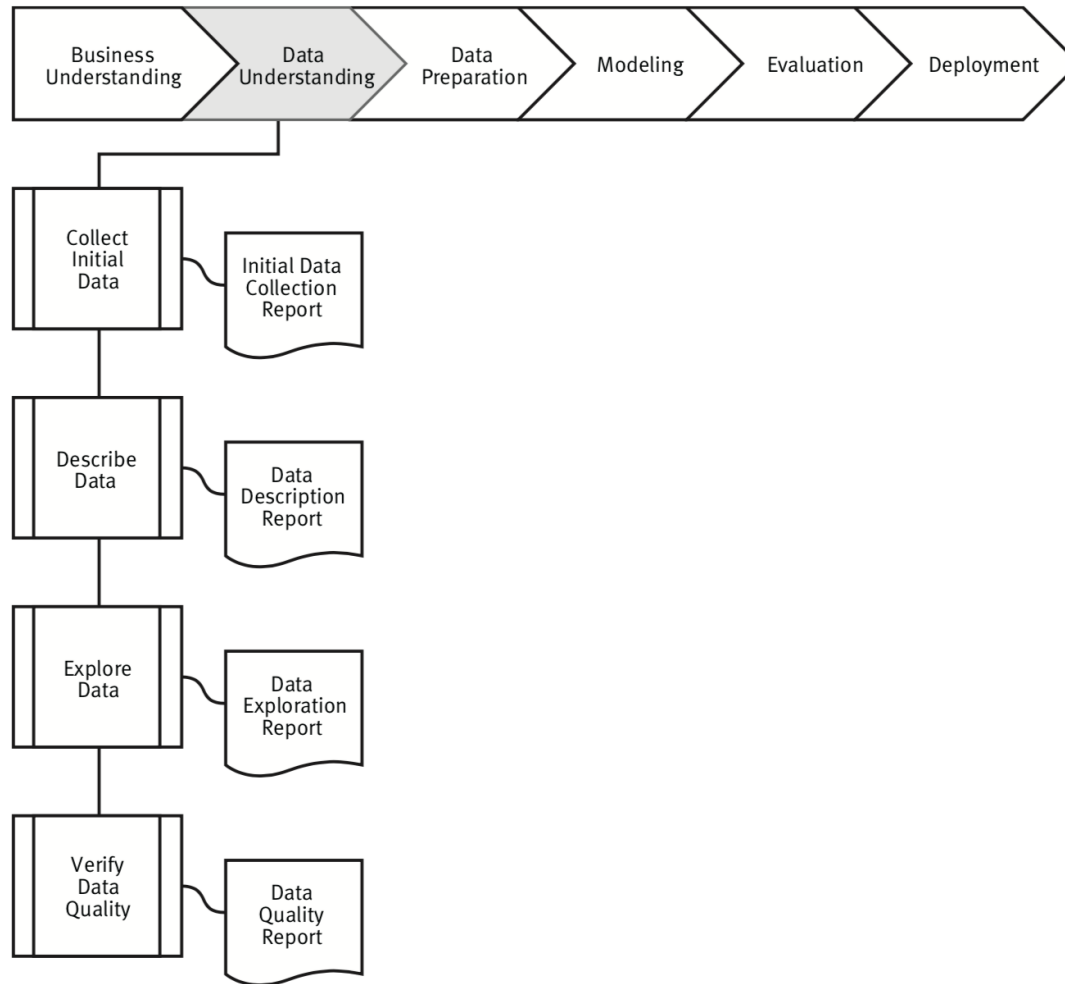


Phase: Data understanding

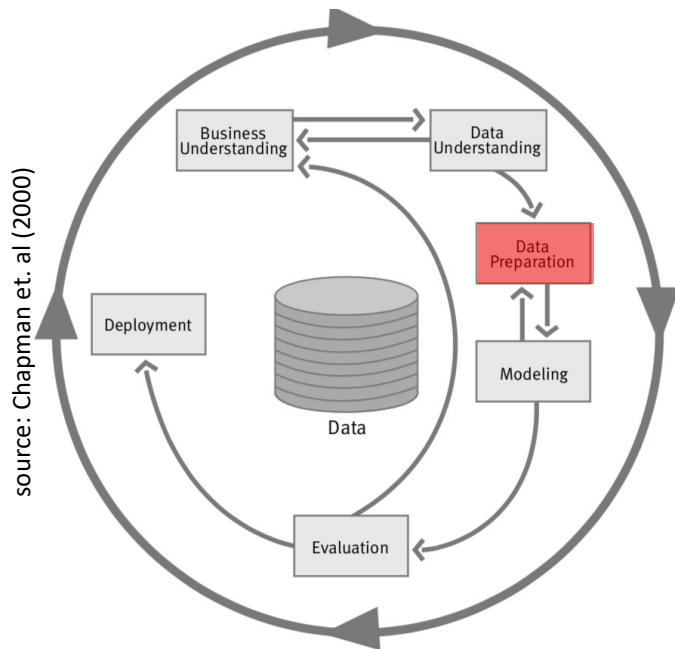


- Collect initial data
- Describe data
- Explore data
- Verify data quality

Data understanding

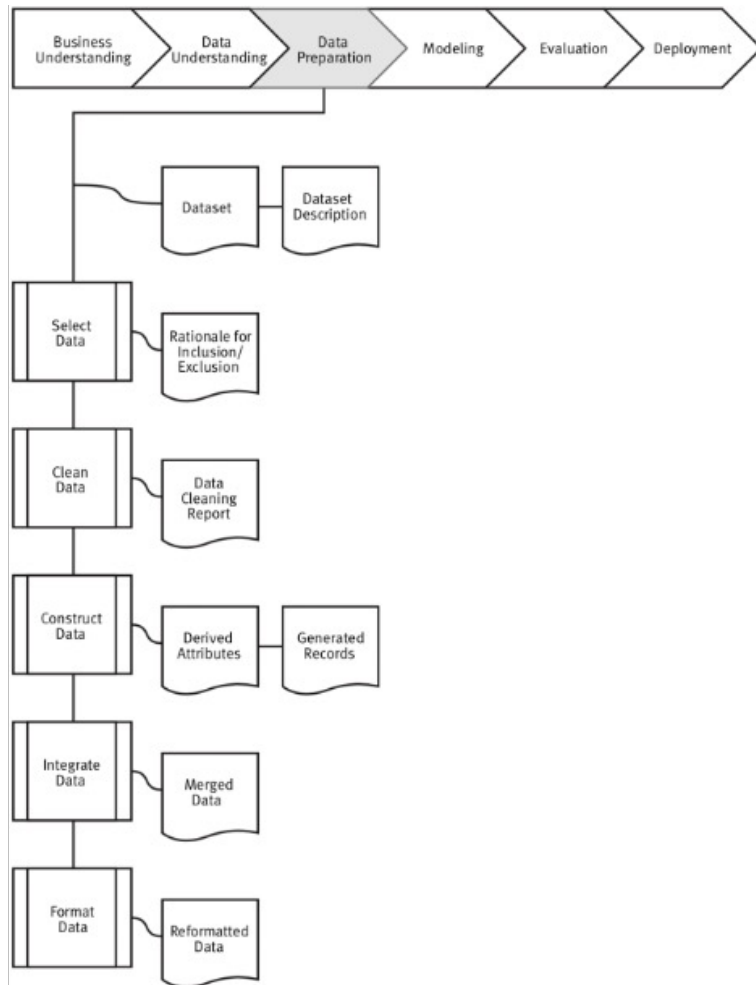


Phase: Data preparation



- Select data
- Clean data
- Construct data
- Integrate/merge data
- Format data

Data preparation

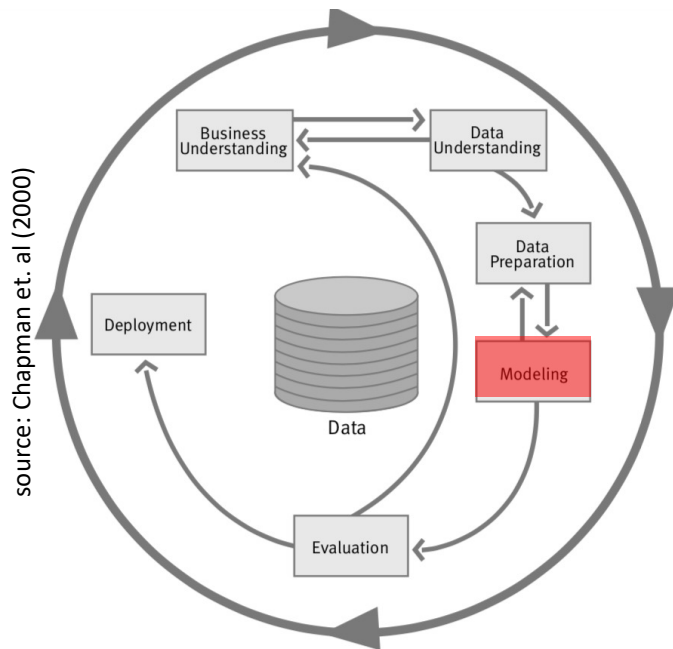



original
dataset



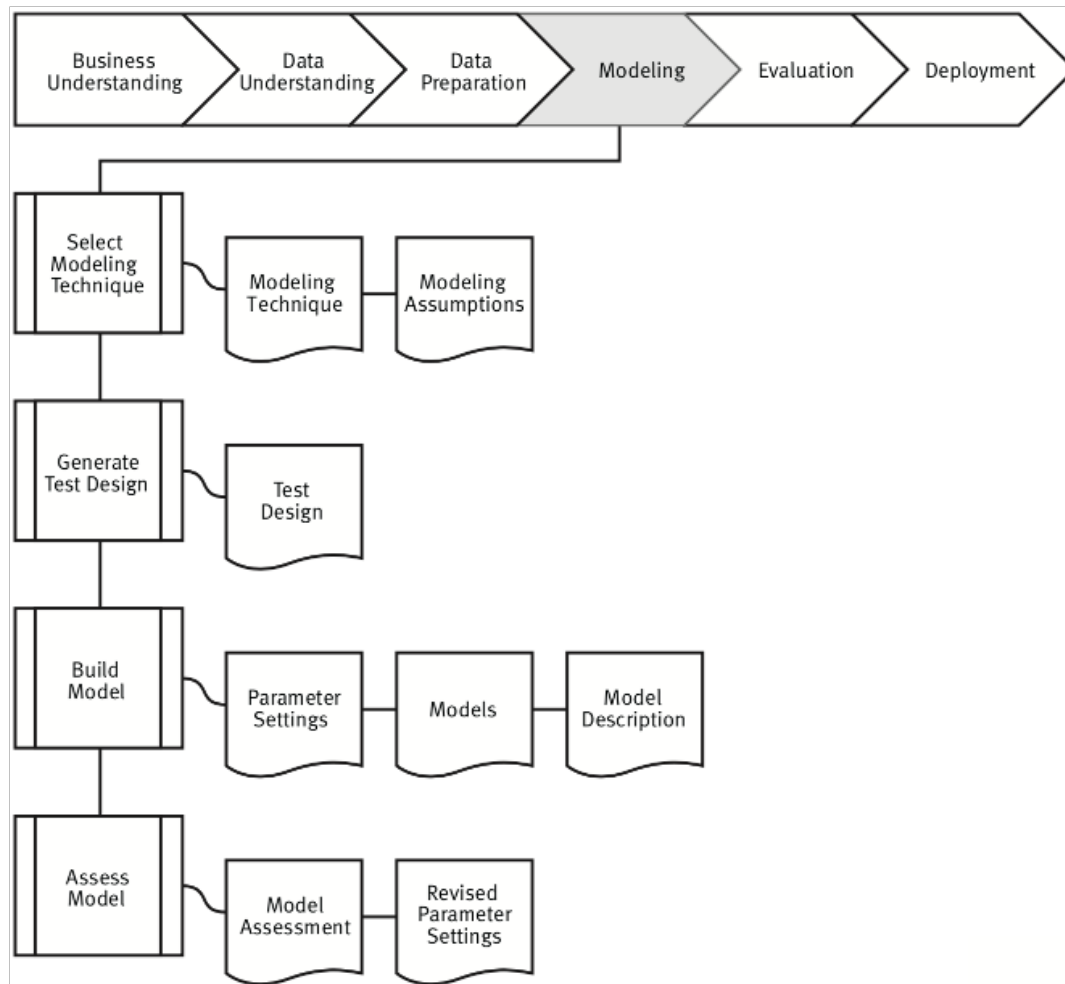

modeling
dataset

Phase: Modeling

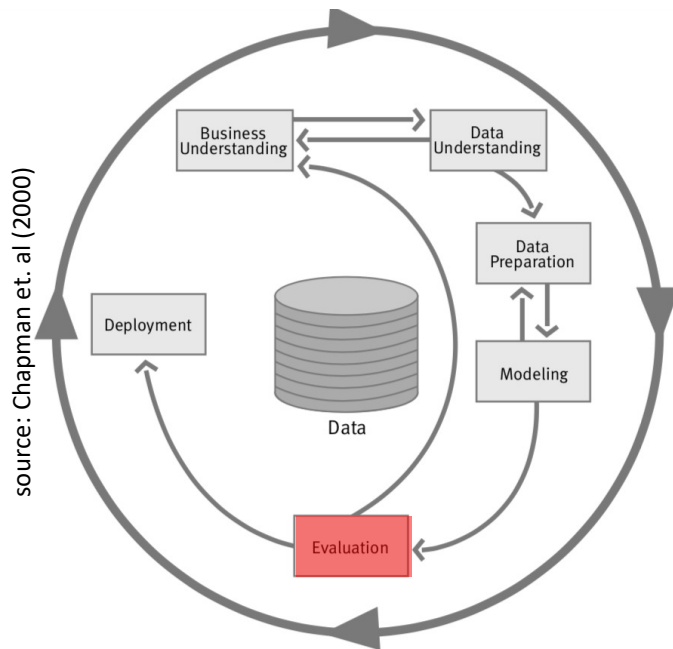


- Select modeling techniques
 - Algorithm selection
 - Modeling assumptions
- Generate test design
- Build model
- Assess model

Modeling

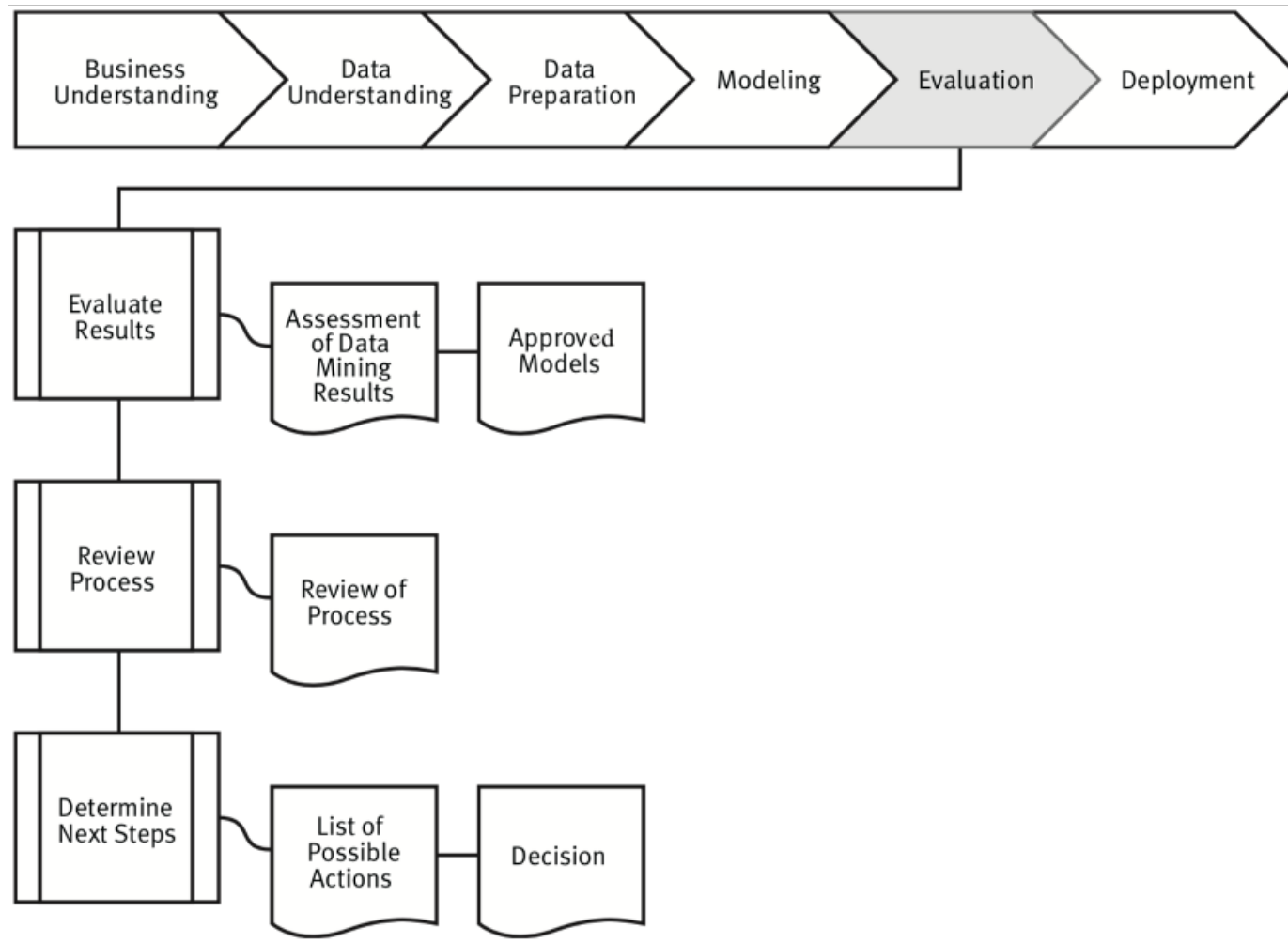


Phase: Evaluation

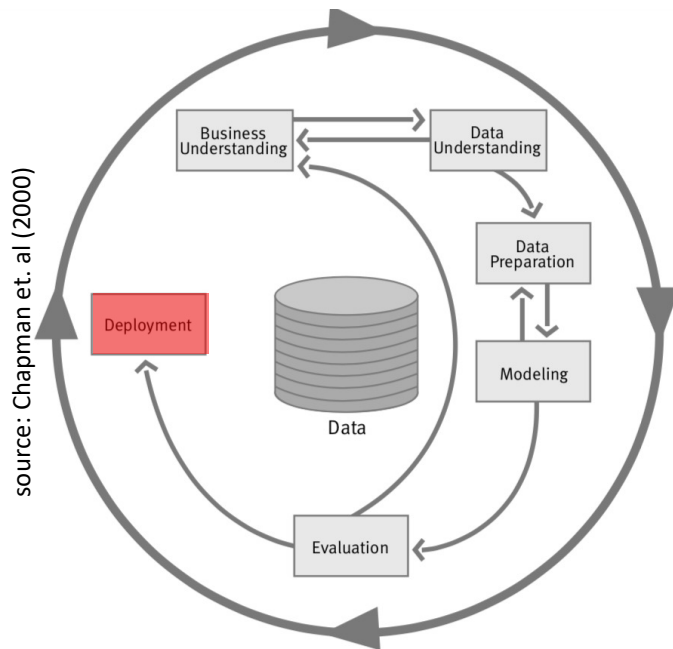


- Evaluate results
 - Assess data mining results vs business success criteria
 - Approve model
- Review process
- Determine next steps
 - Production or not?
 - Additional requirements?

Evaluation

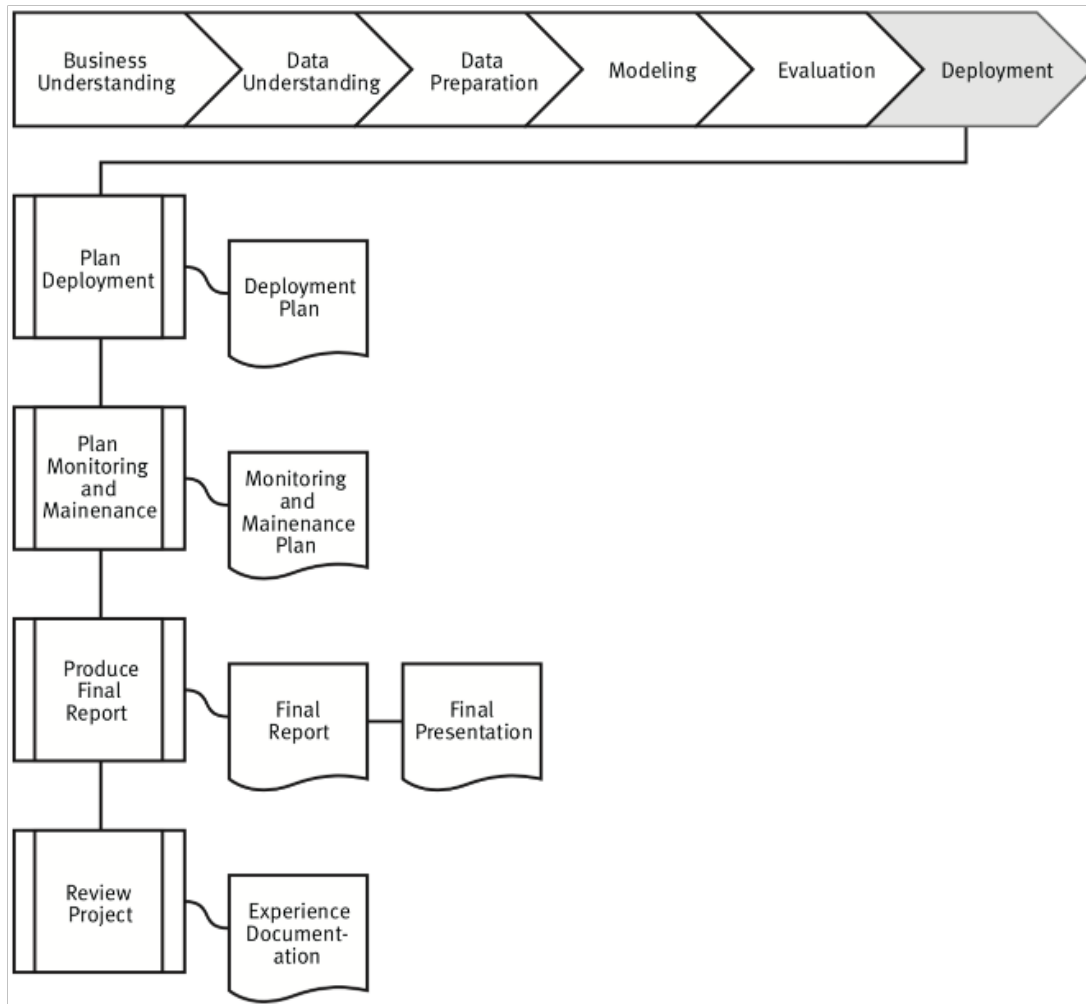


Phase: Deployment

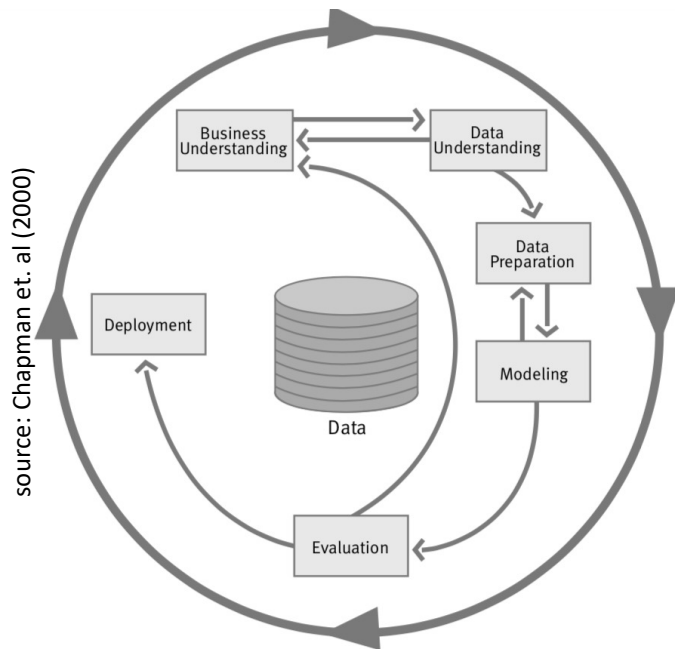


- Plan deployment
 - Strategy to deploy the model, including integration in business processes
- Plan monitoring and maintenance
 - Performance assessment
 - Models' update
- Produce final report
- Review project

Deployment



Cyclical nature



- The model is not “closed” once a project is deployed!!!
- Lessons learned during the project development and from the deployed project can trigger more-focused business questions

Questions?

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