

4.1

movl %eax, \$F21

→ instrução move a constante F21 para o registro eax



Nota: ebx - 32
ebx - 16
ebx - 8

LSB



$$ebx = 2^7 + 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^0 = 209$$

$$ebx = 2^1 = 2$$

4.2

a)

address	value	address	value	register	value
110	FF	118	13	eax	110
111	0	119	0	ebx	A
112	0	11A	0	ecx	1
113	0	11B	0	edx	3
114	AB	11C	55		
115	0	11D	0		
116	0	11E	0		
117	0	11F	0		

I) $\%eax = 110_{16}$

II) $0x114 = A9_{16}$

III) $\$0x118 = 118_{16}$

IV) $\%eax = FF_{16}$

V) $4(\%eax) = (110 + 4 = 114) (\%114) = A9_{16}$

VI) $9(\%eax, \%edx) = (110 + 9 = 119 + 9 = 121 = 11C) \quad \%11C = 55_{16}$

VII) $280(\%ecx, \%edx) = 55_{16}$

$$280 \rightarrow 2^7 + 2^4 + 2^3 \rightarrow 000100011000$$

$$1 \quad 1 \quad 8$$

$$1 + 3 = 4$$

$$119 + 4 = 122 \rightarrow \%11C \rightarrow 55_{16}$$

VIII) $0xrc(\%eax, 8) = AB_{16}$

$$8 \times 8 = 24$$

$$0xrc = (6 \times 16 + 12 \times 1) = 268 = 272 \rightarrow 2^7 + 2^4 \rightarrow 000100010000$$

$$1 \quad 1 \quad 0$$

$$\%110 = AB_{16}$$

IX) $2(\%eax, \%edx) = 55_{16}$

$$110 + A = 120$$

$$120 + 2 = 122 \rightarrow 11C$$

$$\%11C \rightarrow 55_{16}$$

0)

```
1 addl %eax, %ebx
2 addl (%eax), %ecx
3 subl 4(%eax), %edx
4 andl $43, (%eax, %edx, 4)
5 decl %edx
6 incl 8(%eax)
7 imull %eax, %ebx
8 sall 2, %ebx
```

1 → $edx = 11_{16}$

2 → $ecx: 1 \text{ FF}_{16} \rightarrow 1 \times 15 + 15 \times 1 = 255 + 1 = 256 \rightarrow 1|0000|0000 \rightarrow ecx = 100_{16}$

3 →

$subl \ 4(\%eax), \%edx$

$$\begin{aligned} \%edx &= \%edx - M[\%eax + 4] \\ &= 3 - A_{16} \\ &= 3 - 1F_{16} \\ &= -16_{16} \end{aligned}$$

4 → $andl \ \$43, (\%eax, \%edx, 4)$
 $(110 + 3 \times 4)$
 $\$43, M[11C] = 55_{16}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 00101011 \\ 01010101 \\ \hline 00000001 \end{array}$$

5 → $decl \ \%edx$

$$\begin{aligned} \%edx &= \%edx - 1 \\ 3 - 1 &= 2 \\ \%edx &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

6) $incl \ 8(\%eax)$

$$\begin{aligned} \%eax &= 110 + 8 = M[110_{16}] = 9 + 1 \\ &= 14 \end{aligned}$$

7) $imull \ \%eax, \%ebx$

$$\begin{aligned} d \ 4 \times 5 \\ \%ebx &= 110 \times A = AA0 \end{aligned}$$

8) $sall \ 2, \%ebx$

$$ebx = ebx \ll 2$$

$$AA \ll 2 = 10000 = 28_{16}$$

4.3

40F80:F5 03

$\text{jmp } \overset{\text{jump not equal}}{\text{xx}}$
to destination

Destination = next memory position + 1 (byte 03) + 03 = 40F80 + 4 = 40F84

8318A1: 0F 85 F1 FE FF FF jmp ?

4.4

: FF 20 jno 300834

$300834 = (x+1) + 1(\text{byte } 20) + 20$

$\Rightarrow x = 300834 - 22 = \underline{300812}$

: EB E8 jmy 854FA2

$854FA2 = (x+1) + 1(\text{byte } E8) + E8$

$\Rightarrow x = 854E08$

4.7

```
#include <stdio.h>
int a, b, c;

int main () {
    scanf("%d", &a);
    b = a*2;
    c = b-a;
    printf("%d %d\n", b, c);
}
```