Sphincs+

June 23, 2020

1 Trabalho Prático 4

1.1 Sphincs+

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In [1]: from sphincs_aux import *
        from xmss import Xmss
        from fors import Fors
        class Sphincs:
            def __init__(self):
                #self._randomize = True
                #Parametros
                self._n = 16 #Parametro de segurança
                self._w = 16 #Parametro de Winternitz (4, 16 ou 256)
                self._h = 64 #Altura da Hypertree
                self._d = 8 #Camadas da Hypertree
                self._k = 10 #Numero de arvores no FORS (Forest of Random Subsets)
                self._a = 15 #Numero de folhas de cada arvore no FORS
                self._len_1 = ceil(8 * self._n / log(self._w, 2))
                self._len_2 = floor(log(self._len_1 * (self._w - 1), 2) / log(self._w, 2)) + 1
                self._len_0 = self._len_1 + self._len_2 # n-bit values in WOTS+ sk, pk, and si
                self._h_prime = self._h // self._d
                self._t = 2 ** self._a
                # XMSS e FORS
                self.xmss = Xmss()
                self.fors = Fors()
                self.size_md = floor((self._k * self._a + 7) / 8)
                self.size_idx_tree = floor((self._h - self._h // self._d + 7) / 8)
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self.size_idx_leaf = floor((self._h // self._d + 7) / 8)
# Implementação SPHINCS+
# Return: sk, pk
def sphincs_keygen(self):
    # Geração dos seeds
   secret_seed = os.urandom(self._n) # Para gerar sk do WOTS
   secret_prf = os.urandom(self._n)
   public_seed = os.urandom(self._n)
   public_root = self.xmss.hypertree_pk_gen(secret_seed, public_seed)
   return [secret_seed, secret_prf, public_seed, public_root], [public_seed, publ
def sphincs_sign(self, m, secret_key):
    # Assinatura FORS do hash da mensagem, assinatura WOTS+ da pk do FORS corresp
    # uma série de caminhos de autenticação, além das assinaturas WOTS+ para auten
   adrs = ADRS()
   #Obter seeds
   secret_seed = secret_key[0]
   secret_prf = secret_key[1]
   public_seed = secret_key[2]
   public_root = secret_key[3]
   \#opt = bytes(self._n)
   opt = os.urandom(self._n)
   r = prf_msg(secret_prf, opt, m, self._n)
   sig = [r]
    #hash da mensagem
    #comprime a mensagem a ser assinada
   digest = hash_msg(r, public_seed, public_root, m, self.size_md + self.size_idx
   tmp_md = digest[:self.size_md]
   tmp_idx_tree = digest[self.size_md:(self.size_md + self.size_idx_tree)]
   tmp_idx_leaf = digest[(self.size_md + self.size_idx_tree):len(digest)]
   md_int = int.from_bytes(tmp_md, 'big') >> (len(tmp_md) * 8 - self._k * self._a
   md = md_int.to_bytes(ceil(self._k * self._a / 8), 'big')
   idx_tree = int.from_bytes(tmp_idx_tree, 'big') >> (len(tmp_idx_tree) * 8 - (se
   idx_leaf = int.from_bytes(tmp_idx_leaf, 'big') >> (len(tmp_idx_leaf) * 8 - (se
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# Armazena os endereços
    adrs.set_layer_address(0)
    adrs.set_tree_address(idx_tree)
    adrs.set_type(ADRS.FORS_TREE)
    adrs.set_key_pair_address(idx_leaf)
    # Assinatura do FORS
    sig_fors = self.fors.fors_sign(md, secret_seed, public_seed, adrs.copy())
    sig += [sig_fors]
   pk_fors = self.fors.fors_pk_from_sig(sig_fors, md, public_seed, adrs.copy())
    # Assinatura das PK do FORS utilizando a Hypertree
    adrs.set_type(ADRS.TREE)
    sig_hypertree = self.xmss.hypertree_sign(pk_fors, secret_seed, public_seed, id
    sig += [sig_hypertree]
    return sig
def sphincs_verify(self, m, sig, public_key):
    adrs = ADRS()
   r = sig[0]
    sig_fors = sig[1]
    sig_hypertree = sig[2]
    public_seed = public_key[0]
    public_root = public_key[1]
    #hash da mensagem
    #comprime a mensagem a ser assinada
    digest = hash_msg(r, public_seed, public_root, m, self.size_md + self.size_idx
    tmp_md = digest[:self.size_md]
    tmp_idx_tree = digest[self.size_md:(self.size_md + self.size_idx_tree)]
    tmp_idx_leaf = digest[(self.size_md + self.size_idx_tree):len(digest)]
   md_int = int.from_bytes(tmp_md, 'big') >> (len(tmp_md) * 8 - self._k * self._a
   md = md_int.to_bytes(ceil(self._k * self._a / 8), 'big')
    idx_tree = int.from_bytes(tmp_idx_tree, 'big') >> (len(tmp_idx_tree) * 8 - (set
    idx_leaf = int.from_bytes(tmp_idx_leaf, 'big') >> (len(tmp_idx_leaf) * 8 - (set
    #Armazena os endereços
    adrs.set_layer_address(0)
    adrs.set_tree_address(idx_tree)
    adrs.set_type(ADRS.FORS_TREE)
    adrs.set_key_pair_address(idx_leaf)
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# Obter PK do FORS através da assinatura
    pk_fors = self.fors.fors_pk_from_sig(sig_fors, md, public_seed, adrs)
    adrs.set_type(ADRS.TREE)
    # Se Hypertree verifica a PK do FORS, retorna True
    return self.xmss.hypertree_verify(pk_fors, sig_hypertree, public_seed, idx_tree
# IMPLEMENTAÇÃO DO SPHINCS
def keygen(self):
    11 11 11
    Gerar um par de chaves para o Sphincs+ signatures
    :return: secret key e public key
    sk, pk = self.sphincs_keygen()
    sk_0, pk_0 = bytes(), bytes()
    for i in sk:
        sk_0 += i
    for i in pk:
       pk_0 += i
    return sk_0, pk_0
def sign(self, m, sk):
    Assinar uma mensagem com o algoritmo Sphincs
    :param m: Mensagem a ser assinada
    :param sk: Secret Key
    :return: Assinatura da mensagem com a Secret key
    n n n
    sk_tab = [sk[(i * self._n):((i + 1) * self._n)] for i in range(4)]
    sig_tab = self.sphincs_sign(m, sk_tab)
    sig = sig_tab[0] # R
    for i in sig_tab[1]: # SIG FORS
        sig += i
    for i in sig_tab[2]: # SIG Hypertree
        sig += i
    return sig
def verify(self, m, sig, pk):
    Verificar a assinatura
    :param m: Mensagem
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:param pk: Public Key
              :return: Boolean True se assinatura correta
              pk_tab = [pk[(i * self._n):((i + 1) * self._n)] for i in range(2)]
              sig_tab = []
              sig_tab += [sig[:self._n]] # R
              sig_tab += [[]]  # SIG FORS
              for i in range(self._n,
                            self._n + self._k * (self._a + 1) * self._n,
                            self._n):
                  sig_tab[1].append(sig[i:(i + self._n)])
              sig_tab += [[]] # SIG Hypertree
              for i in range(self._n + self._k * (self._a + 1) * self._n,
                            self._n + self._k * (self._a + 1) * self._n + (self._h + self._e
                  sig_tab[2].append(sig[i:(i + self._n)])
              return self.sphincs_verify(m, sig_tab, pk_tab)
1.2 Teste
In [2]: sphincs = Sphincs()
       sk, pk = sphincs.keygen()
       print("sk: ", sk)
       print("\npk: ", pk)
       m = os.urandom(32)
       print("\nMensagem: ", m)
       signature = sphincs.sign(m, sk)
       print("\nAssinatura correta? ", sphincs.verify(m, signature, pk))
```

:param sig: Assinatura

Assinatura correta? True