



S3 Fig: Across-study and tissue-specific gene expression variance and mean correlations with non-overlapping chromatin states through ChromHMM¹. The across-study variance (A) and mean (B) rank metrics (“across-study” on y-axis) were associated with universal chromatin states² (x-axis). The tissue-level variance (A) and mean (B) rank metrics (see Methods; Supplementary Table 1; named tissues on y-axis) were associated with their respective tissue-specific chromatin states³ (x-axis, see Supplementary Table 1). Boxes marked with an “X” are not significantly correlated; all other comparisons are significant (Benjamini-Hochberg adjusted $p < 0.05$). Het indicates heterochromatin; TSS, transcription start sites; znf, zinc finger genes.

References

1. Ernst, J. & Kellis, M. ChromHMM: Automating chromatin-state discovery and characterization. *Nature Methods* vol. 9 (2012).
2. Vu, H. & Ernst, J. Universal annotation of the human genome through integration of over a thousand epigenomic datasets. *Genome Biol.* **23**, 9 (2022).
3. Ernst, J. & Kellis, M. Large-scale imputation of epigenomic datasets for systematic annotation of diverse human tissues. *Nat. Biotechnol.* **33**, 364–76 (2015).