

# Why is the stock market booming during the coronavirus recession?

By business editor Ian Verrender Posted 5h ago, updated 5h ago



## US Congressional Report: November 19, 2020

### **Global Economic Effects of COVID-19**

In the months since the COVID-19 outbreak was first diagnosed, it has spread to over 200 countries and all U.S. states. The pandemic has negatively affected global economic growth beyond anything experienced in nearly a century. Estimates so far indicate the virus could reduce global economic growth to an annualized rate of -4.5% to -6.0% in 2020, with a partial recovery of a rate of 2.5% to 5.2% in 2021. However, a resurgence in infectious cases in Europe, the United States, and various developing economies in September and October renewed calls for lockdowns and curfews and could weaken or delay an economic recovery. The economic fallout from the pandemic could also risk continued labor dislocations as a result of lingering high levels of unemployment not experienced since the Great Depression of the 1930s and high levels of debt among developing economies. The human costs in terms of lives lost will permanently affect global economic growth in addition to the cost of rising levels of poverty, lives upended, careers derailed, and increased social unrest. Some estimates indicate that 100 million to 110 million people globally could enter extreme poverty as a result of the contraction in the global economy. Global trade could fall by an annual amount of 9.2%, depending on the depth and extent of the global economic downturn, exacting an especially heavy economic toll on tradedependent developing and emerging economies. The full impact will not be known until the effects of the pandemic peak. This report provides an overview of the global economic costs to date and the response by governments and international institutions to address these effects.

# The Economic Situation and the Stock Market

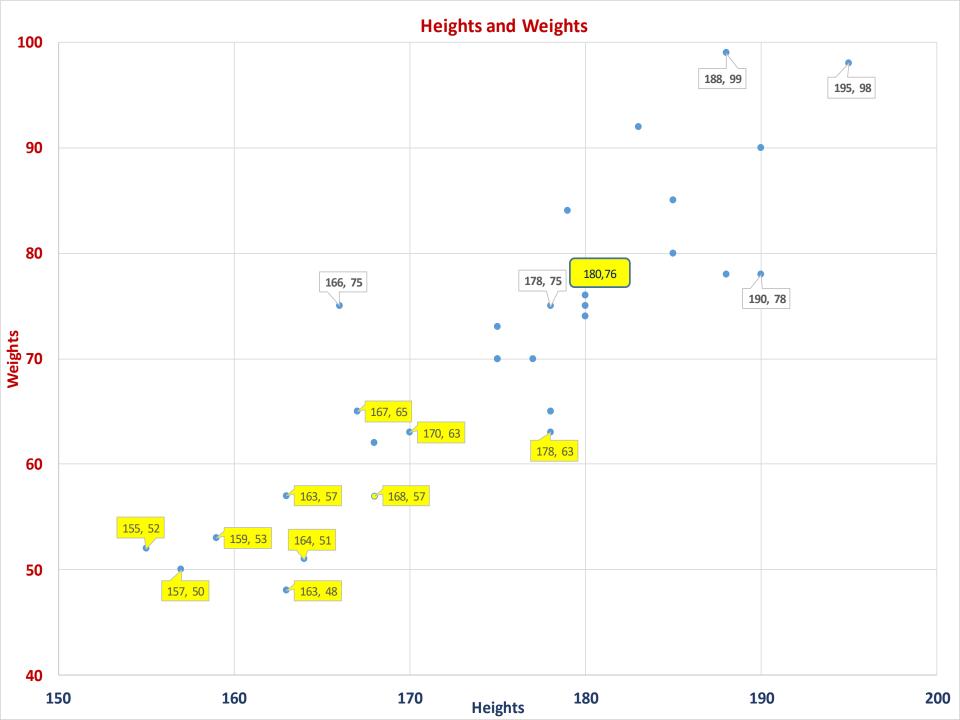
- > Ballooning budget deficits
- ➤ Higher levels of unemployment since the Great Depression
- ➤ A lot of small business (e.g. restaurants/bars etc.) in the verge of bankruptcy
- > Some industrial sectors (e.g. airlines, travel etc.) in grave financial situation
- On-line commerce firms (e.g. Amazon) doing extremely well
- Negative interest rates motivate stock market buying

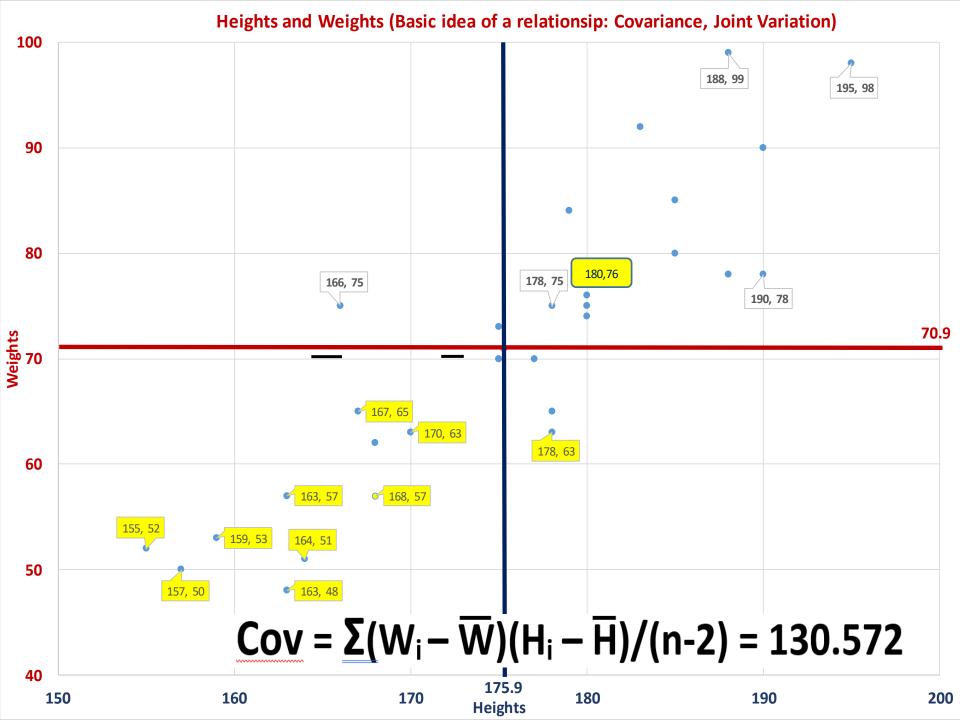


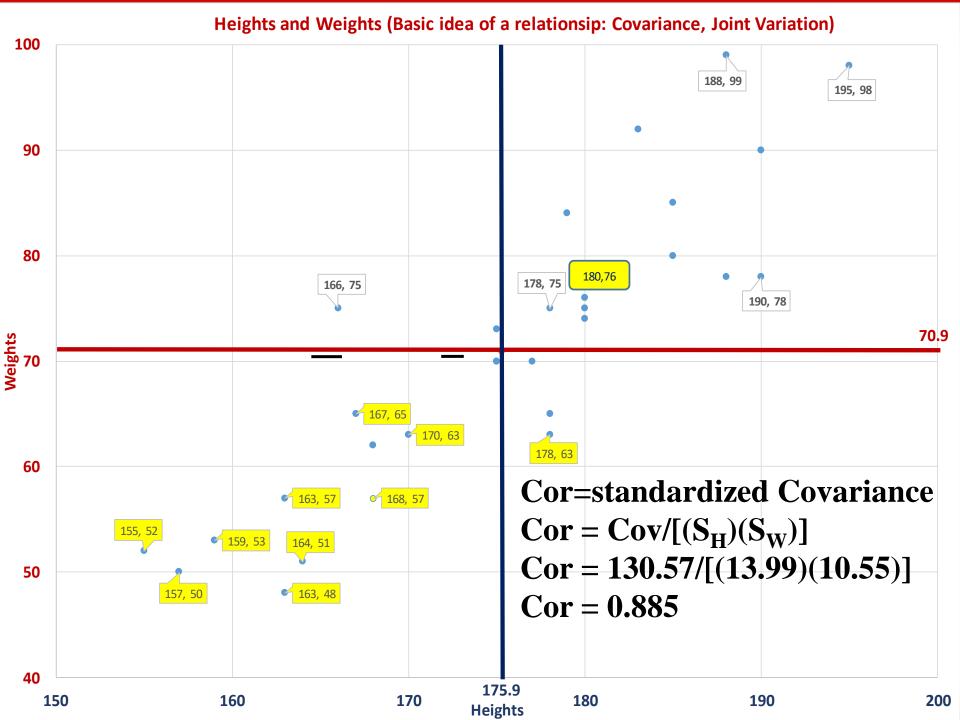
# **Applied Forecasting Course: Identifying and Estimating Relationships**

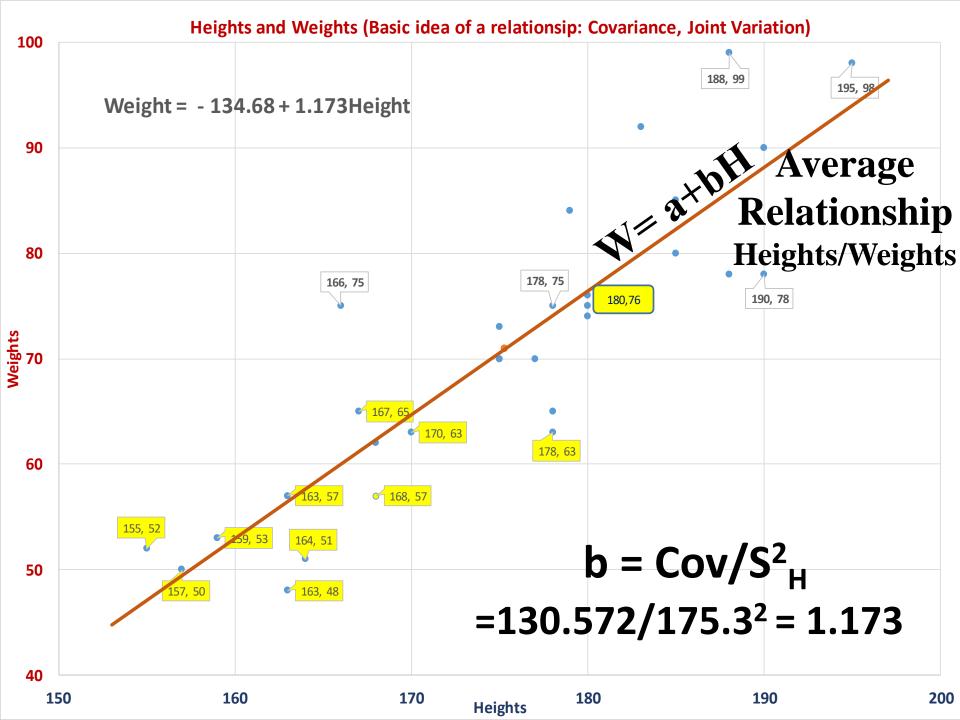
- > Simple Linear Regression
  - $\Box$  Weight = A + BHeight + u
  - ☐ Estimate A and B with data Weight=a+bHeight +e
- > Multiple Linear Regression
  - $\Box$  Weight =  $a + b_1$ Height +  $b_2$ Sex +e
- > Identifying and Estimating the Factors Affecting Sales
- > Simple Correlations, t-tests, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> Adjusted
- $\triangleright$  Uncertainty: Standard error of Regression,  $S_e$

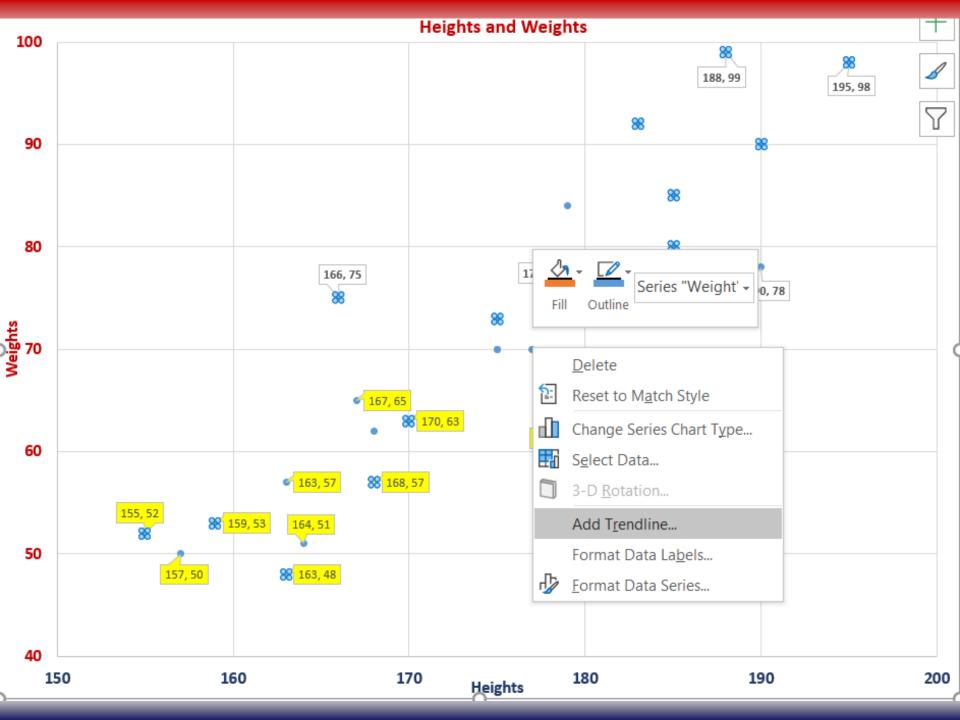
Professor Spyros Makridakis,
Director, Institute For the Future (IFF)
and the MOFC, University of Nicosia

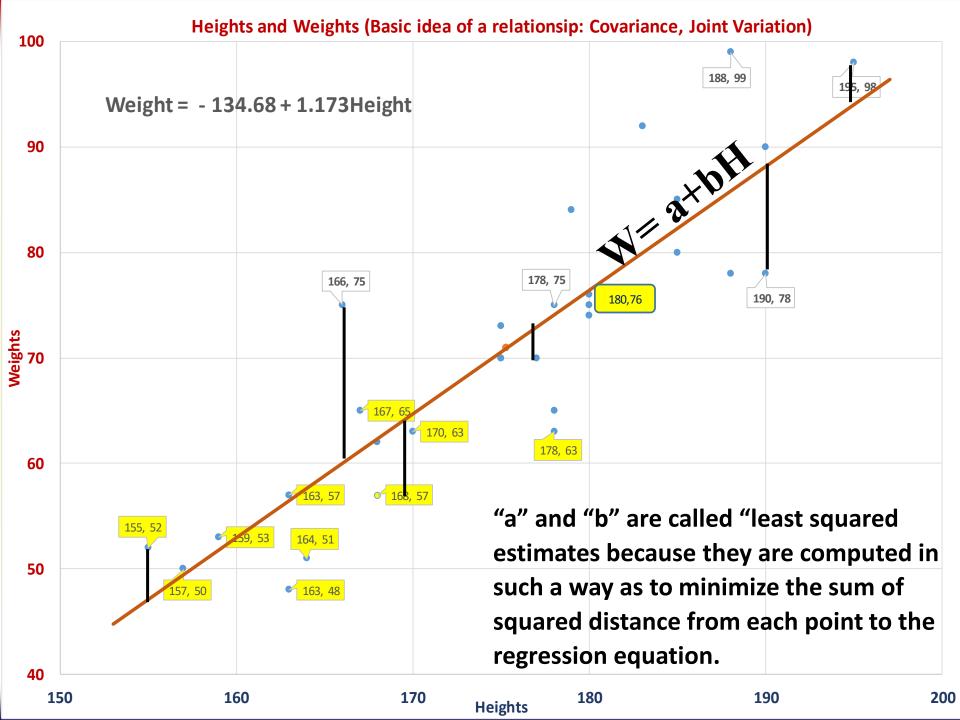


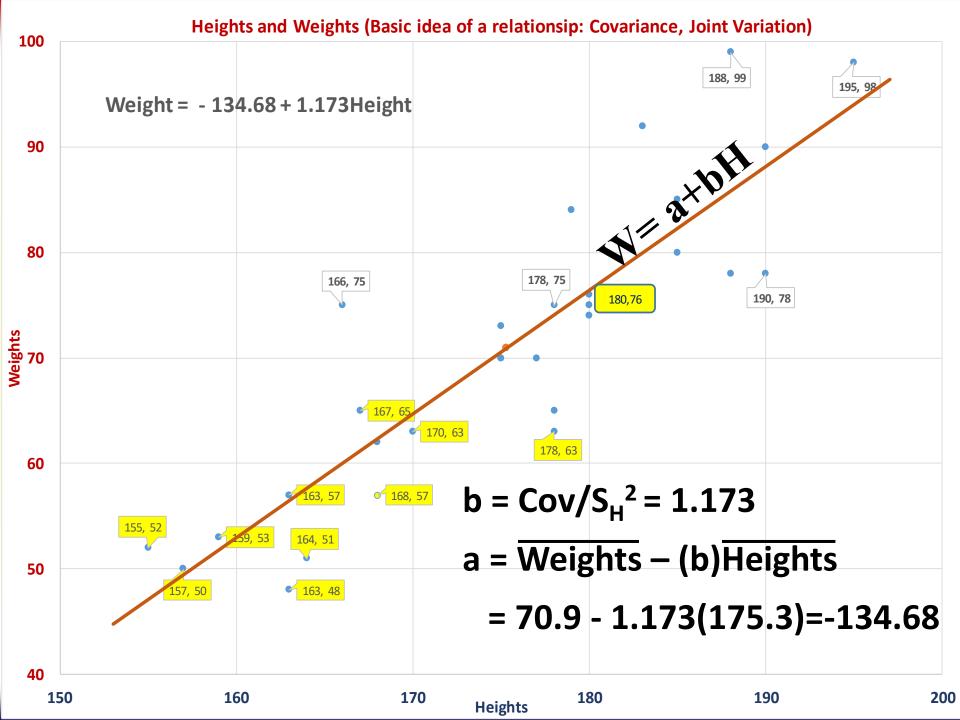


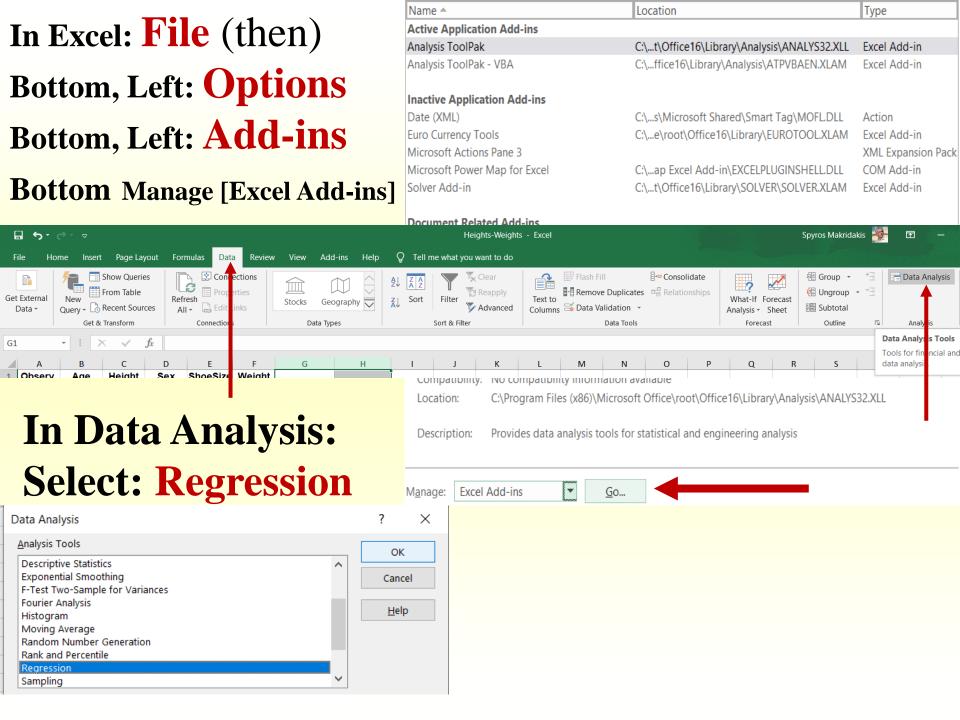












SUMMARY OUTPUT	Γ							
Regression S	Statistics							
Multiple R	0.885							
R Square	0.783							
Adjusted R Square	0.775							
Standard Error	6.640							
Observations	30							
ANOVA								
	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F			
Regression	1	4441.452021	4441.452	100.745	8.8675E-11			
Residual	28	1234.414645	44.08624					
Total	29	5675.866667						
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Jpper 95.0%
Intercept	-134.683	20.521	-6.563	0.000	-176.719	-92.647	-176.719	-92.647
Height	1.173	0.117	10.037	0.000	0.934	1.412	0.934	1.412

Weight = a + bHeight + e

Weight = -134.68 + 1.173Height + e

 $e = \pm 1.96(S_e)$  95% PI

 $e = \pm 1.96(6.64) = 13.01$ 

Height = 168

Weight =  $-134.68 + 1.173(168) \pm 13.01$ 

Weight =  $62.38 \pm 13.01$ 

49.93 < Weight < 74.83

SUMMARY OUTPUT								
Regression Sto	atistics							
Multiple R	0.8990367							
R Square	0.8082671							
Adjusted R Square	0.7940646							
Standard Error	6.3486672							
Observations	30							
ANOVA								
	df	SS	MS	F	gnificance	F		
Regression	2	4587.616121	2293.81	56.9104	2.1E-10			
Residual	27	1088.250545	40.3056					
Total	29	5675.866667						
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	ower 95%	Jpper 95%	wer 95.0	Upper 95.0%
Intercept	-96.242336	28.15118943	-3.419	0.00201	-154	-38.481	-154	-38.480866
Height	0.967	0.155504001	6.218	1.2E-06	0.64792	1.28606	0.64792	1.286056
Sex	-6.375	3.347464609	-1.904	0.06758	-13.243	0.49382	-13.243	0.4938176

Weight = 
$$a + b_1$$
Height +  $b_2$ Sex + e  
Weight = -96.24 + 0.967Height + Sex + e  
e =  $\pm$  1.96(s<sub>e</sub>) 95% PI  
e =  $\pm$  1.96(6.35) = 12.45  
Height = 168 Sex = 1 Female

Weight = 
$$-96.24 + 0.967(168) + 1(-6.375) + e$$
  
Weight =  $59.841 \pm 12.45$ 

47.39 < Weight < 72.29

$$Height = 168 \quad Sex = 0 \quad Male$$

53.77 < Weight < 78.67

SUMMARY OUTPUT								
Regression Sto	atistics							
Multiple R	0.906							
R Square	0.821							
Adjusted R Square	0.792							
Standard Error	6.376							
Observations	30							
ANOVA								
	df	SS	MS	F	ignificance	F		
Regression	4	4659.578	1164.894	28.65559	5.18E-09			
Residual	25	1016.289	40.65156					
Total	29	5675.867						
	Coefficients	andard Erro	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	ower 95.0%	lpper 95.0%
Intercept	-98.096	28.368	-3.458	0.002	-156.520	-39.671	-156.520	-39.671
Age	-0.729	0.549	-1.327	0.196	-1.861	0.402	-1.861	0.402
Height	1.132	0.280	4.046	0.000	0.556	1.708	0.556	1.708
Sex	-5.497	3.557	-1.545	0.135	-12.823	1.829	-12.823	1.829
ShoeSize	-0.159	0.903	-0.175	0.862	-2.019	1.702	-2.019	1.702
Corr: Age, Weight = 0.344 Height, ShoeSize) = 0.895								

#### The Simple Correlation Matrix

	Age	Height	Sex	ShoeSize	Weight
Age	1				
Height	0.528	1			
Sex	-0.229	-0.695	1		
ShoeSize	0.428	0.895	-0.706	1	
Weight	0.344	0.885	-0.731	0.807	1

 $Cor=Cov/s_w s_H = 130.572/(13.99)(10.55) = 0.885$ 

SUMMARY OUTPUT								
Regression Sto	atistics							
Multiple R	0.8990367							
R Square	0.8082671	<del></del>						
Adjusted R Square	0.7940646	<del></del>						
Standard Error	6.3486672							
Observations	30							
ANOVA								
	df	SS	MS	F	ignificance I	Ε		
Regression	2	4587.616121	2293.81	56.9104	2.072E-10			
Residual	27	1088.250545	40.3056					
Total	29	5675.866667						
	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
Intercept	-96.242	28.151	-3.419	0.002	-154.004	-38.481	-154.004	-38.481
Height	0.967	0.156	6.218	0.000	0.648	1.286	0.648	1.286
Sex	-6.375	3.347	-1.904	0.068	-13.243	0.494	-13.243	0.494

# Running the Weight, Height Data in R: Reading the Data and Specifying the Model

```
dataset <- read.csv("z:/Heights-Weights.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)
model <- Im(Weight ~ Height+Sex+ShoeSize+Age, data=dataset)
plot(dataset$Height, dataset$Weight, ylab = "Height", xlab = "Weight")
abline(model)
summary(model)
```

Observ.	Age	Height	Sex	ShoeSize	Weight
1	27	195	0	48	98
2	26	178	0	42	75
3	28	167	1	39	65
4	25	183	0	40	92
5	28	178	0	42	65
6	29	163	1	38	48
7	32	180	0	41	74
8	27	185	0	45	85
9	28	180	0	42	75
10	25	155	1	36	52
11	32	190	0	46	78
12	31	188	0	43	78
13	27	163	1	38	57
14	24	166	0	42	75
15	27	168	0	42	62
16	30	175	0	42	73
17	27	159	1	37	53
18	26	164	1	37	51
19	31	190	0	46	90
20	30	179	0	44	84
21	28	170	1	38	63
22	30	175	0	41	70
23	32	185	0	45	80
24	25	157	1	36	50
25	30	168	1	40	57
26	32	177	0	41	70
27	28	178	1	43	63
28	32	180	1	42	76
29	33	188	0	43	99
30	25	175	0	41	70

```
> model <- lm(Weight ~ Height+Sex+ShoeSize+Age, data=dataset)</pre>
> plot(dataset$Height, dataset$Weight, ylab = "Height", xlab = "Weight")
> abline(model)
Warning message:
In abline (model): only using the first two of 5 regression coefficients
> summarv(model)
Call:
lm(formula = Weight ~ Height + Sex + ShoeSize + Age, data = dataset)
Residuals:
    Min 10 Median 30 Max
-11.2632 -3.6385 -0.4664 2.9141 15.2248
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -98.0959 28.3677 -3.458 0.00196 **
Height 1.1317 0.2797 4.046 0.00044 ***
Sex
          -5.4968 3.5571 -1.545 0.13484
ShoeSize -0.1585 0.9034 -0.175 0.86211
Age -0.7292 0.5494 -1.327 0.19642
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 6.376 on 25 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8209, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7923
F-statistic: 28.66 on 4 and 25 DF, p-value: 5.175e-09
```

> dataset <- read.csv("z:/Heights-Weights.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)</pre>

```
F-statistic: 28.66 on 4 and 25 DF, p-value: 5.175e-09
> dataset <- read.csv("z:/Heights-Weights.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)
> model <- lm(Weight ~ Height+Sex, data=dataset)</pre>
> plot(dataset$Height, dataset$Weight, ylab = "Height", xlab = "Weight")
> abline(model)
Warning message:
In abline (model) : only using the first two of 3 regression coefficients
> summary(model)
Call:
lm(formula = Weight ~ Height + Sex, data = dataset)
Residuals:
    Min
          10 Median 30 Max
-10.8816 -4.1126 -0.4311 4.0480 13.4486
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -96.2423 28.1512 -3.419 0.00201 **
Height 0.9670 0.1555 6.218 1.19e-06 ***
Sex -6.3746 3.3475 -1.904 0.06758 .
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 6.349 on 27 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.8083, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7941
F-statistic: 56.91 on 2 and 27 DF, p-value: 2.072e-10
```

Multiple R-squared: 0.8209, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7923

#### **Sales** = **f**(**Independent variables**)

		The Simple Correlation Matrix									
	PDI	DEALS	PRICE	RANDD	INVEST	AD	<b>EXPENSE</b>	TOTINDAD	SALES		
PDI	1.000	-0.052	0.582	0.163	0.107	0.206	0.902	-0.056	0.730		
DEALS	-0.052	1.000	0.044	0.008	-0.100	-0.110	-0.041	-0.153	0.012		
PRICE	0.582	0.044	1.000	0.437	-0.089	0.276	0.639	-0.214	0.295		
RANDD	0.163	0.008	0.437	1.000	0.167	0.127	0.363	-0.129	0.042		
INVEST	0.107	-0.100	-0.089	0.167	1.000	0.238	0.196	-0.101	0.424		
AD	0.206	-0.110	0.276	0.127	0.238	1.000	0.144	-0.199	0.531		
EXPENSE	0.902	-0.041	0.639	0.363	0.196	0.144	1.000	-0.041	0.668		
TOTINDAD	-0.056	-0.153	-0.214	-0.129	-0.101	-0.199	-0.041	1.000	-0.180		
SALES	0.730	0.012	0.295	0.042	0.424	0.531	0.668	-0.180	1.000		
	Personal Disposal Income	Dealers Allowences	Price	R &D Spending	Can	Advert- ising	Sales Expenses	Tot. Industry Advert.	Sales		

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-512.94 -138.23 -13.27 181.87 492.53
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 3393.6119 589.0195 5.761 2.17e-06 ***
PDI 2.7939 1.4885 1.877 0.0697 .
DEALS 4.2661 3.2123 1.328 0.1936
PRICE -25.1683 7.3450 -3.427 0.0017 **
RANDD -8.3285 6.3769 -1.306 0.2008
AD 9.4991 1.6707 5.686 2.70e-06 ***
EXPENSE 6.3252 2.5418 2.489 0.0182 *
TOTINDAD -0.5712 0.3854 -1.482 0.1481
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 250.8 on 32 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.804, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7611
```

F-statistic: 18.75 on 7 and 32 DF, p-value: 1.14e-09

Residuals:

```
Residuals:
   Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-580.45 -160.17 39.51 170.40 474.11
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 3399.4241 595.2676 5.711 2.26e-06 ***
PDI 3.6540 1.3491 2.708 0.01063 *
DEALS 4.3428 3.2459 1.338 0.19007
PRICE -27.8113 7.1358 -3.897 0.00045 ***
AD 9.3104 1.6822 5.535 3.80e-06 ***
EXPENSE 4.8552 2.3032 2.108 0.04271 *
TOTINDAD -0.5345 0.3885 -1.376 0.17812
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 253.5 on 33 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7935, Adjusted R-squared: 0.756
```

F-statistic: 21.14 on 6 and 33 DF, p-value: 5.212e-10

```
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 3068.010 551.461 5.563 3.18e-06 ***
PDI 3.690 1.366 2.700 0.010717 *
DEALS 5.054 3.246 1.557 0.128732
PRICE -25.946 7.097 -3.656 0.000858 ***
AD
       9.680 1.682 5.754 1.80e-06 ***
EXPENSE 4.622 2.327 1.986 0.055099 .
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 256.8 on 34 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7817, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7496
F-statistic: 24.34 on 5 and 34 DF, p-value: 2.415e-10
```

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max

-573.26 -155.91 5.18 178.13 422.21

Residuals:

```
Residuals:
  Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-702.54 -135.85 -8.28 146.33 499.82
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 3692.913 385.805 9.572 2.63e-11 ***
PDI 3.661 1.394 2.627 0.01271 *
PRICE -24.612 7.187 -3.424 0.00159 **
       9.347 1.702 5.491 3.62e-06 ***
AD
EXPENSE 4.480 2.372 1.889 0.06721 .
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 262 on 35 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7661, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7394
```

F-statistic: 28.66 on 4 and 35 DF, p-value: 1.308e-10

```
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 3068.010 551.461 5.563 3.18e-06 ***
PDI 3.690 1.366 2.700 0.010717 *
DEALS 5.054 3.246 1.557 0.128732
PRICE -25.946 7.097 -3.656 0.000858 ***
AD
       9.680 1.682 5.754 1.80e-06 ***
EXPENSE 4.622 2.327 1.986 0.055099 .
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 256.8 on 34 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7817, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7496
F-statistic: 24.34 on 5 and 34 DF, p-value: 2.415e-10
```

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max

-573.26 -155.91 5.18 178.13 422.21

Residuals:

No of Ind. Variables	7	6	5	4
R-Square	0.804	0.794	0.782	0.766
R-Square Adjusted	0.761	0.756	0.750	0.739
Standard Error	250.8	253.5	256.8	262.0



## Thank you

## Vangelis will now Continue