MAHARISHI INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Subject: CS 422

Assignment Topic: Project - Final Project Submission

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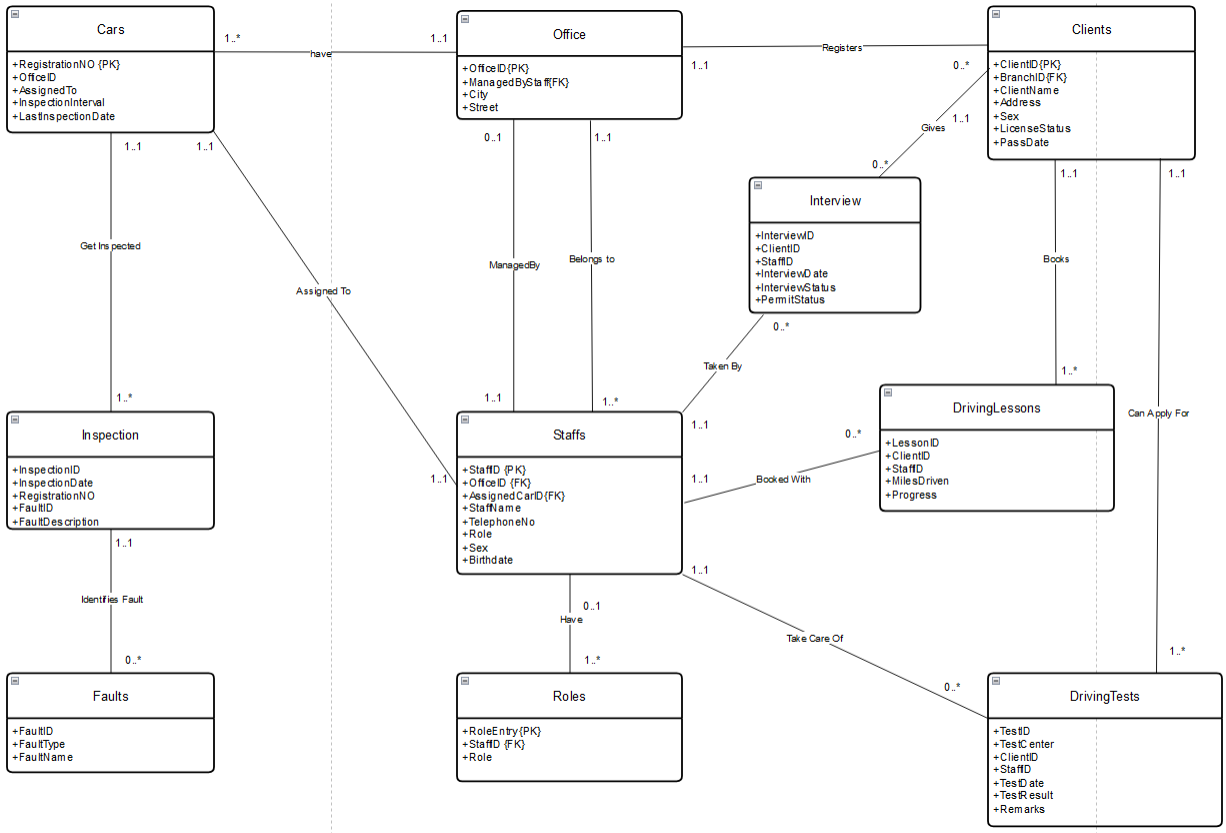
PART 1

Question 1: Draw the ER diagram for the EasyDrive School of Motoring that you find in paragraph B.2 in appendix B of the book.

Answer:



Question 2: Translate the ER diagram to tables (logical DB design).

Answer:

Office (OfficeID {PK}, ManagedbyStaff{FK}, City, Street)

Cars (RegistrationNo{PK}, OfficeID {FK}, AssignedTo {FK}, InspectionInterval, LastInspectionDate)
Staffs (StaffID {PK}, OfficeID {FK}, StaffName, TelephoneNo, Role, Sex, Birthdate)
Clients (ClientID {PK}, BranchID {FK},ClientName, Address, Sex, LicenseStatus, PassDate)
Inspection (InspectionID {PK},InspectionDate, RegistrationNo{FK}, FaultNo, FaultDescription)
Faults (FaultID, FaultType, FaultName)
Interview (InterviewID {PK}, ClientID {FK}, StaffID{FK}, InterviewDate, InterviewStatus, PermitStatus)
DrivingLessons (LessonID {PK}, ClientID {FK}, StaffID{FK}, MilesDriven, Progress)
DrivingTest (TestID {PK},TestCenter, ClientID{FK}, StaffID{FK}, TestDate, TestResult, Remarks)
Roles (RoleEntry{PK}, StaffID {FK}, DateFrom, role)

Question 3: Normalize the above tables to the highest normal form that you can.
Answer:

0NF Table	1NF Table	2NF Table	3NF Table
Inspection → FaultDescription is TD on FaultID		Clients → LicenseStatus is TD on PassDate Interview → InterviewStatus has dependency on InterviewDate and PermitStatus	Office Cars Staffs → Role is redundant Data Faults DrivingLessons DrivingTest Roles

3NF Clients Table:
1. Clients (ClientID {PK}, BranchID {FK},ClientName, Address, Sex, LicenseStatus, PassDate)

If PassDate is not NULL LicenseStatus is complete otherwise Null. We can determine LicenseStatus from PassDate therefore we can remove it from the table.

3NF Form: **Clients** (ClientID {PK}, BranchID {FK},ClientName, Address, Sex, PassDate)

2. Inspection (InspectionID {PK},InspectionDate, RegistrationNo{FK}, FaultNo, FaultDescription)

For every inspection there can be a list of Faults from the available faults data from faults table. For every fault there is a faultNo and description. Fault description depends on FaultNo and InspectionID therefore it is a partial dependency too. Therefore, we copy InspectionID and move FaultNo, FaultDescription from Inspection table and move to a new table name as IdentifiedFaults.

3NF Form:

Inspection (InspectionID {PK},InspectionDate, RegistrationNo{FK})
IdentifiedFaults ((InspectionID, FaultNo) {PK}, FaultDescription)

3. **Interview** (InterviewID {PK}, ClientID {FK}, StaffID{FK}, InterviewDate, InterviewStatus, PermitStatus)

According to defined problem InterviewStatus depends on valid permit status at the interview date. Therefore interview status is functional dependent on PermitStatus and InterviewDate. We can therefore move InterviewStatus, PermitStatus to a new table called PermitValidation.

3NF Form:
Interview (InterviewID {PK}, ClientID {FK}, StaffID{FK}, InterviewDate, PermitValidationID)
PermitValidation (PermitValidationID {PK}, InterviewStatus, PermitStatus)

4. Staffs (StaffID {PK}, OfficeID {FK}, StaffName, TelephoneNo, Role, Sex, Birthdate)
Role is a redundant data in Staff because we are keeping Role information is separate Role table. So, to ensure normalization we can move Role attribute from Staffs Table.

3NF Form:
Staffs (StaffID {PK}, OfficeID {FK}, StaffName, TelephoneNo, Sex, Birthdate)

So, our final normalized Tables are:

Office (OfficeID {PK}, ManagedbyStaff{FK}, City, Street)

Cars (RegistrationNo{PK}, OfficeID {FK}, AssignedTo {FK}, InspectionInterval, LastInspectionDate)

Faults (FaultID, FaultType, FaultName)

DrivingLessons (LessonID {PK}, ClientID {FK}, StaffID{FK}, MilesDriven, Progress)

DrivingTest (TestID {PK},TestCenter, ClientID{FK}, StaffID{FK}, TestDate, TestResult, Remarks)

Roles (RoleEntry{PK}, StaffID {FK}, DateFrom, role)

Clients (ClientID {PK}, BranchID {FK},ClientName, Address, Sex, PassDate)

Inspection (InspectionID {PK},InspectionDate, RegistrationNo{FK})

IdentifiedFaults ((InspectionID, FaultNo) {PK}, FaultDescription)

Interview (InterviewID {PK}, ClientID {FK}, StaffID{FK}, InterviewDate, PermitValidationID)

PermitValidation (PermitValidationID {PK}, InterviewStatus, PermitStatus)

Staffs (StaffID {PK}, OfficeID {FK}, StaffName, TelephoneNo, Sex, Birthdate)

Question 4: Input these tables into SQL-Server and put some data into them (Populate them).
Answer:

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Cars](
        [RegistrationNo] [varchar](20) NOT NULL,
        [OfficeID] [int] NULL,
        [AssignedTo] [int] NULL,
        [InspectionInterval] [int] NOT NULL,
        [LastInspectionDate] [date] NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
        [RegistrationNo] ASC
)

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Cars]  WITH CHECK ADD FOREIGN
KEY([AssignedTo])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Staffs] ([StaffID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Cars]  WITH CHECK ADD FOREIGN
KEY([OfficeID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Office] ([OfficeID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Staffs](
        [StaffID] [int] NOT NULL,
        [StaffName] [varchar](50) NOT NULL,
        [TelephoneNo] [varchar](20) NOT NULL,
        [Sex] [char](1) NOT NULL,
        [Birthdate] [date] NOT NULL,
        [OfficeID] [int] NULL,
        [NoOfClients] [int] NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
        [StaffID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Staffs]  WITH CHECK ADD FOREIGN
KEY([OfficeID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Office] ([OfficeID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Clients](
        [ClientID] [int] NOT NULL,
        [OfficeID] [int] NOT NULL,
        [ClientName] [varchar](50) NOT NULL,
        [Address] [varchar](255) NOT NULL,
        [Sex] [char](1) NOT NULL,
        [PassDate] [date] NULL,
        [DateOfBirth] [date] NULL,
        [AssignedToStaff] [int] NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
        [ClientID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Clients]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([OfficeID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Office] ([OfficeID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Faults](
        [FaultID] [int] NOT NULL,
        [FaultType] [varchar](50) NOT NULL,
        [FaultName] [varchar](200) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
        [FaultID] ASC
)
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[DrivingTest](
	[TestID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
	[TestCenter] [varchar](50) NOT NULL,
	[ClientID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[StaffID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[TestDate] [date] NOT NULL,
	[TestResult] [varchar](10) NOT NULL,
	[Remarks] [varchar](255) NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[TestID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DrivingTest]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([ClientID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Clients] ([ClientID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DrivingTest]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([StaffID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Staffs] ([StaffID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[DrivingLessons](
	[LessonID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
	[ClientID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[StaffID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[MilesDriven] [int] NULL,
	[BunchID] [int] NULL,
	[LessonDateTime] [datetime] NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[LessonID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DrivingLessons]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([BunchID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[BunchList] ([BunchID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DrivingLessons]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([ClientID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Clients] ([ClientID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[DrivingLessons]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([StaffID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Staffs] ([StaffID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[IdentifiedFault](
	[IdentifiedFaultID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1)
NOT NULL,
	[InspectionID] [int] NULL,
	[FaultID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[FaultDescription] [varchar](255) NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[IdentifiedFaultID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[IdentifiedFault]  WITH CHECK
ADD FOREIGN KEY([FaultID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Faults] ([FaultID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[IdentifiedFault]  WITH CHECK
ADD FOREIGN KEY([InspectionID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Inspection] ([InspectionID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Inspection](
	[InspectionID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[InspectionDate] [date] NOT NULL,
	[RegistrationNo] [varchar](20) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[InspectionID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Inspection]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([RegistrationNo])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Cars] ([RegistrationNo])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Interview](
	[InterviewID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT
NULL,
	[ClientID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[StaffID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[InterviewDate] [date] NULL,
	[PermitValidationID] [int] NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[InterviewID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Interview]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([ClientID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Clients] ([ClientID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Interview]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([PermitValidationID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[PermitValidation]
([PermitValidationID])

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Interview]  WITH CHECK ADD
FOREIGN KEY([StaffID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Staffs] ([StaffID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Office](
	[OfficeID] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
	[ManagedbyStaff] [int] NULL,
	[City] [varchar](50) NOT NULL,
	[Street] [varchar](100) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[OfficeID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Office]  WITH CHECK ADD FOREIGN
KEY([ManagedbyStaff])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Staffs] ([StaffID])
```

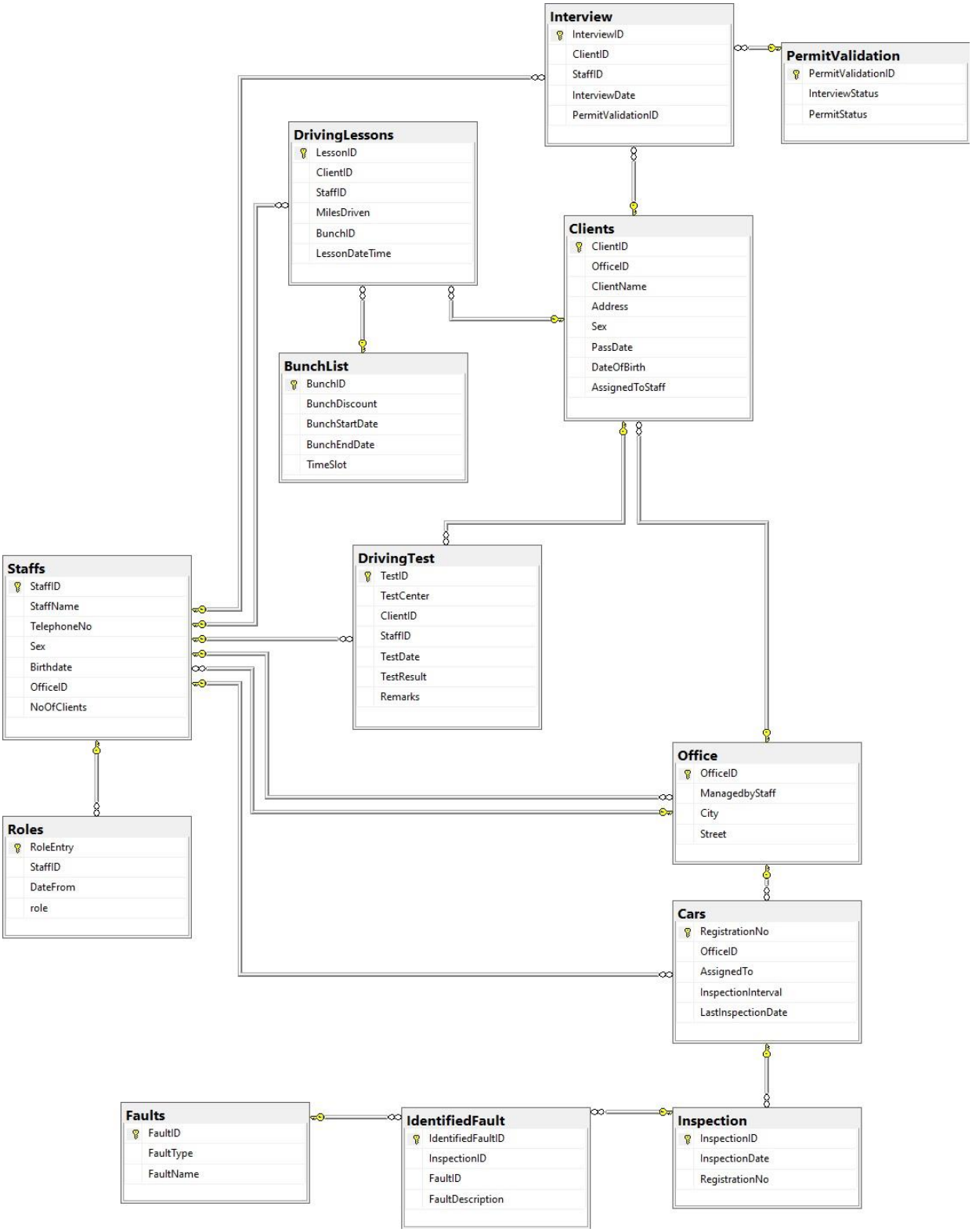
```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[PermitValidation](
	[PermitValidationID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[InterviewStatus] [varchar](20) NULL,
	[PermitStatus] [varchar](20) NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[PermitValidationID] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[PermitValidation] ADD
DEFAULT (NULL) FOR [InterviewStatus]

ALTER TABLE [dbo].[PermitValidation] ADD  DEFAULT
(NULL) FOR [PermitStatus]
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Roles](
	[RoleEntry] [int] IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
	[StaffID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[DateFrom] [date] NOT NULL,
	[role] [varchar](50) NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[RoleEntry] ASC
)
ALTER TABLE [dbo].[Roles]  WITH CHECK ADD FOREIGN
KEY([StaffID])
REFERENCES [dbo].[Staffs] ([StaffID])
```

```
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[BunchList](
	[BunchID] [int] NOT NULL,
	[BunchDiscount] [float] NULL,
	[BunchStartDate] [date] NULL,
	[BunchEndDate] [date] NULL,
	[TimeSlot] [varchar](20) NULL,
 CONSTRAINT [PK_BunchList] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
(
	[BunchID] ASC
)
```

PART 2

After studying all requirements from the customer and required queries we changed few tables and modified the ER diagram. The final ER diagram taken from MSSQL Server is below:

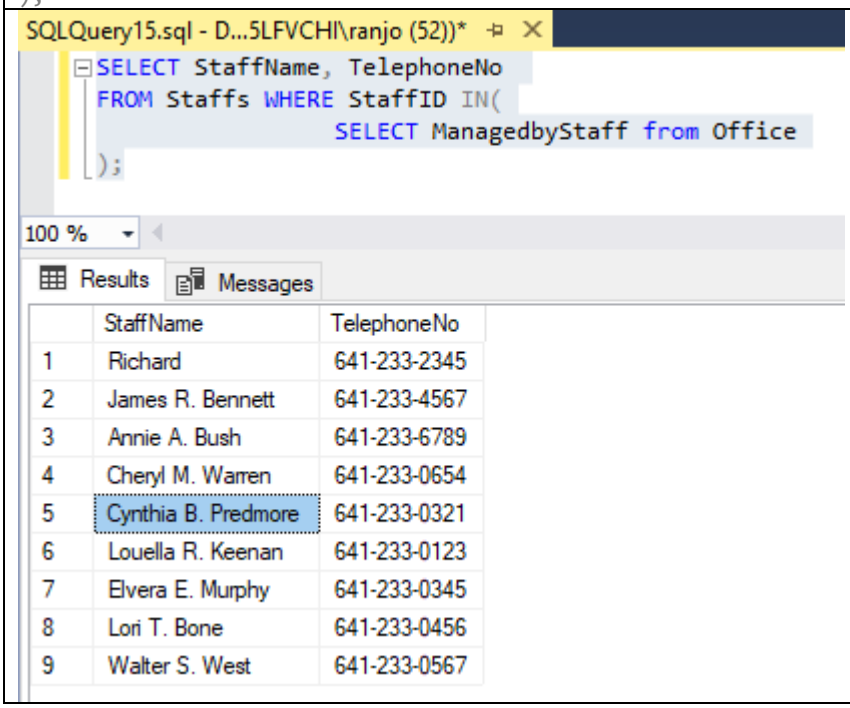


B.2.2 Query Transactions (Sample)

1. The names and the telephone numbers of the Managers of each office.

Answer:

```
SELECT StaffName, TelephoneNo
FROM Staffs WHERE StaffID IN(
                            SELECT ManagedbyStaff from Office
);
```

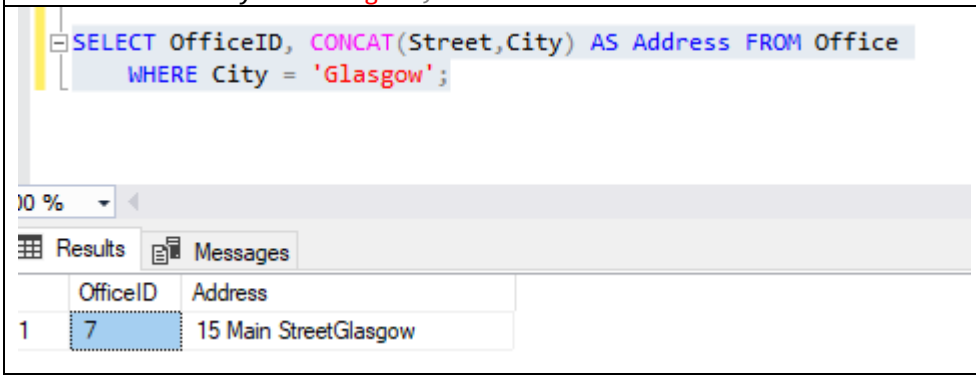


	StaffName	TelephoneNo
1	Richard	641-233-2345
2	James R. Bennett	641-233-4567
3	Annie A. Bush	641-233-6789
4	Cheryl M. Warren	641-233-0654
5	Cynthia B. Predmore	641-233-0321
6	Louella R. Keenan	641-233-0123
7	Elvera E. Murphy	641-233-0345
8	Lori T. Bone	641-233-0456
9	Walter S. West	641-233-0567

2. The full address of all the Offices in Glasgow.

Answer:

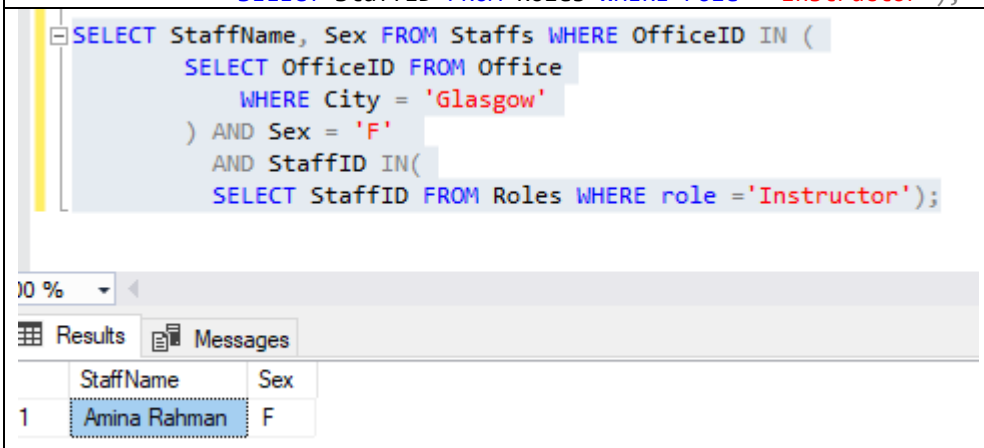
```
SELECT OfficeID, CONCAT(Street,City) AS Address FROM Office
       WHERE City = 'Glasgow';
```



	OfficeID	Address
1	7	15 Main StreetGlasgow

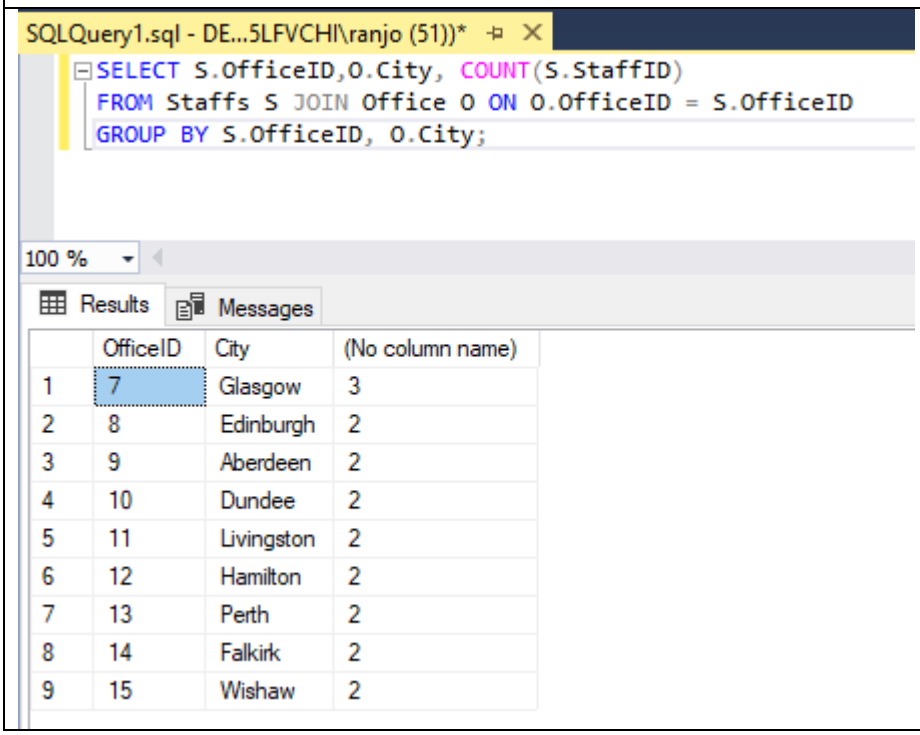
3. The names of all female Instructors based in Glasgow, Bearsden office.
Answer:

```
SELECT StaffName, Sex FROM Staffs WHERE OfficeID IN (
              SELECT OfficeID FROM Office
                     WHERE City = 'Glasgow'
              ) AND Sex = 'F'
                AND StaffID IN(
                SELECT StaffID FROM Roles WHERE role ='Instructor');
```



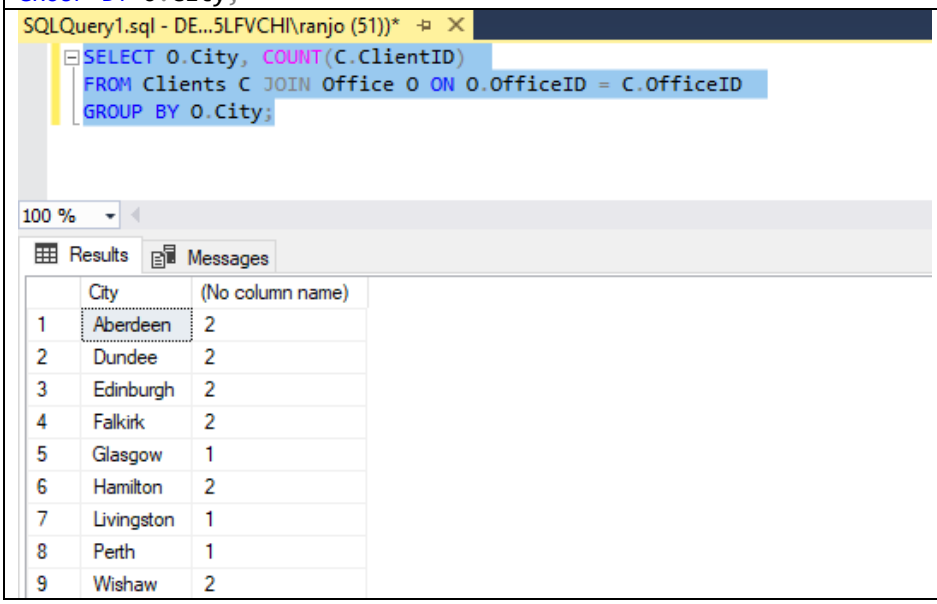
4. The total number of staff at each office.
Answer:

```
SELECT S.OfficeID,O.City, COUNT(S.StaffID)
FROM Staffs S JOIN Office O ON O.OfficeID = S.OfficeID
GROUP BY S.OfficeID, O.City;
```



5. The total number of clients (past and present) in each city.
Answer:

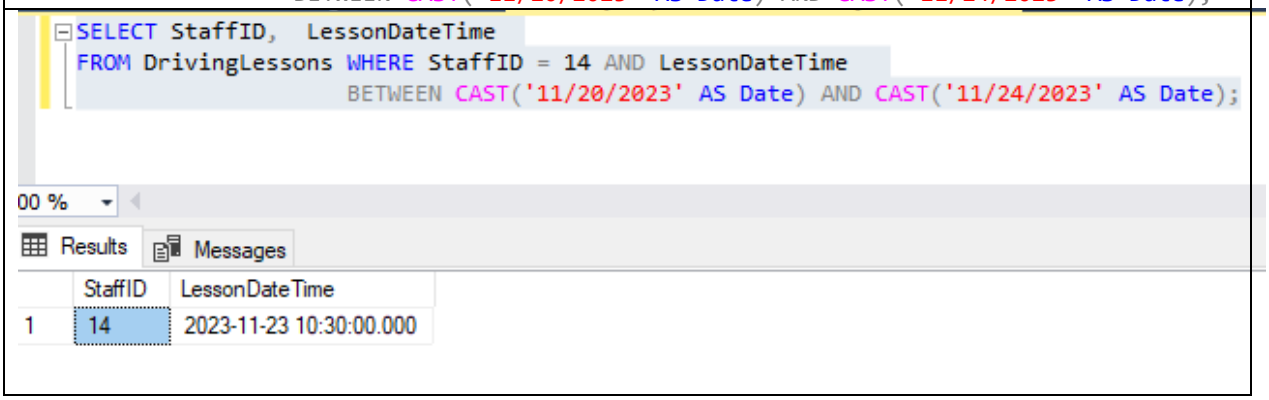
```
SELECT O.City, COUNT(C.ClientID)
FROM Clients C JOIN Office O ON O.OfficeID = C.OfficeID
GROUP BY O.City;
```



	City	(No column name)
1	Aberdeen	2
2	Dundee	2
3	Edinburgh	2
4	Falkirk	2
5	Glasgow	1
6	Hamilton	2
7	Livingston	1
8	Perth	1
9	Wishaw	2

6. The timetable of appointments for a given Instructor next week.
Answer:

```
SELECT StaffID,  LessonDateTime
FROM DrivingLessons WHERE StaffID = 14 AND LessonDateTime
                    BETWEEN CAST('11/20/2023' AS Date) AND CAST('11/24/2023' AS Date);
```



	StaffID	LessonDateTime
1	14	2023-11-23 10:30:00.000

7. The details of Interviews conducted by a given Instructor.
Answer:

```
SELECT InterviewID,ClientID,StaffID,InterviewDate,InterviewStatus,PermitStatus
FROM Interview i JOIN PermitValidation p ON i.PermitValidationID = p.PermitValidationID
WHERE StaffID IN (
                        SELECT StaffID from Staffs WHERE StaffName = 'Dip Ranjon Das'
);
```

SQLQuery2.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (59))*

```
SELECT InterviewID,ClientID,StaffID,InterviewDate,InterviewStatus,PermitStatus
FROM Interview i JOIN PermitValidation p ON i.PermitValidationID = p.PermitValidationID
WHERE StaffID IN (
                SELECT StaffID from Staffs WHERE StaffName = 'Dip Ranjon Das'
);
```

100 %

Results | Messages

	InterviewID	ClientID	StaffID	InterviewDate	InterviewStatus	PermitStatus
1	1	1	1	2023-11-15	Failed	No Permit

8. The total number of Female and male clients (past and present) in the Glasgow, Bearsden office.
Answer:

```
SELECT SEX, COUNT(*) AS COUNT
FROM Clients JOIN Office ON Clients.OfficeID = Office.OfficeID
WHERE Office.City = 'Glasgow'
GROUP BY SEX;
```

SQLQuery2.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (59))*

```
SELECT SEX, COUNT(*) AS COUNT
FROM Clients JOIN Office ON Clients.OfficeID = Office.OfficeID
WHERE Office.City = 'Glasgow'
GROUP BY SEX;
```

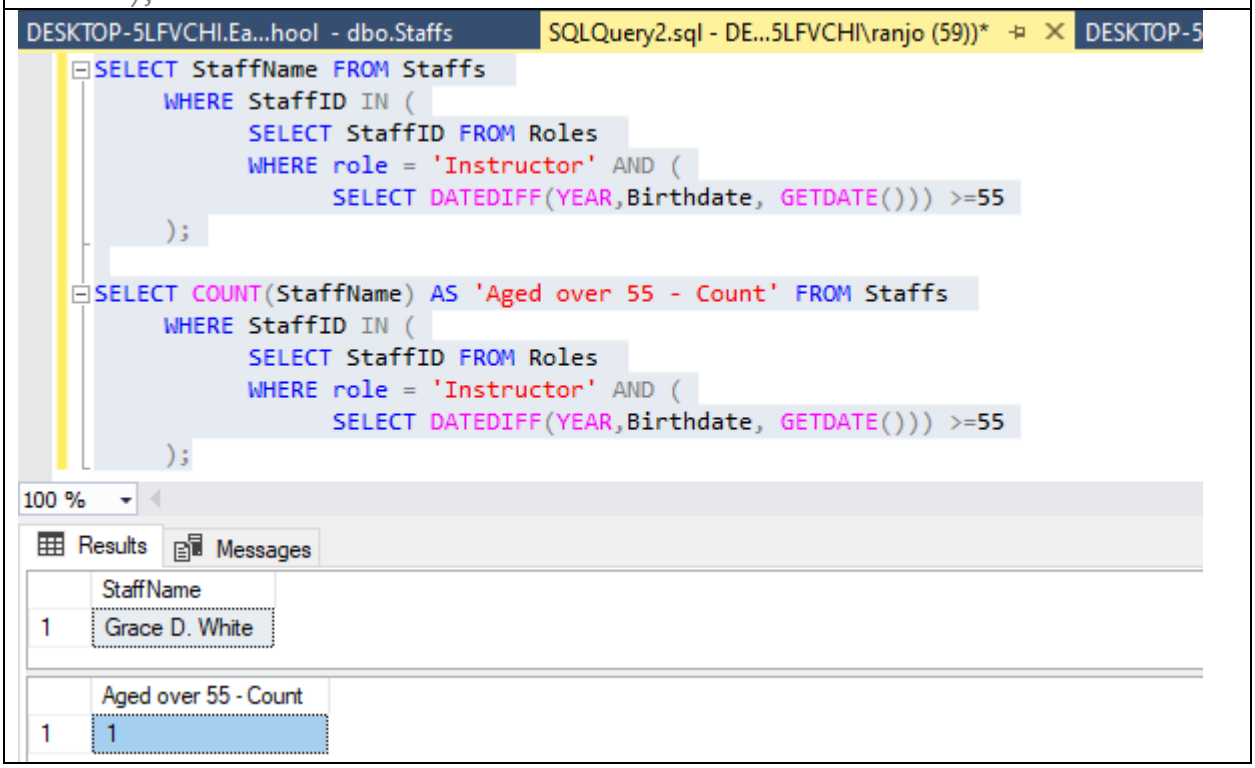
100 %

Results | Messages

	SEX	COUNT
1	F	1
2	M	1

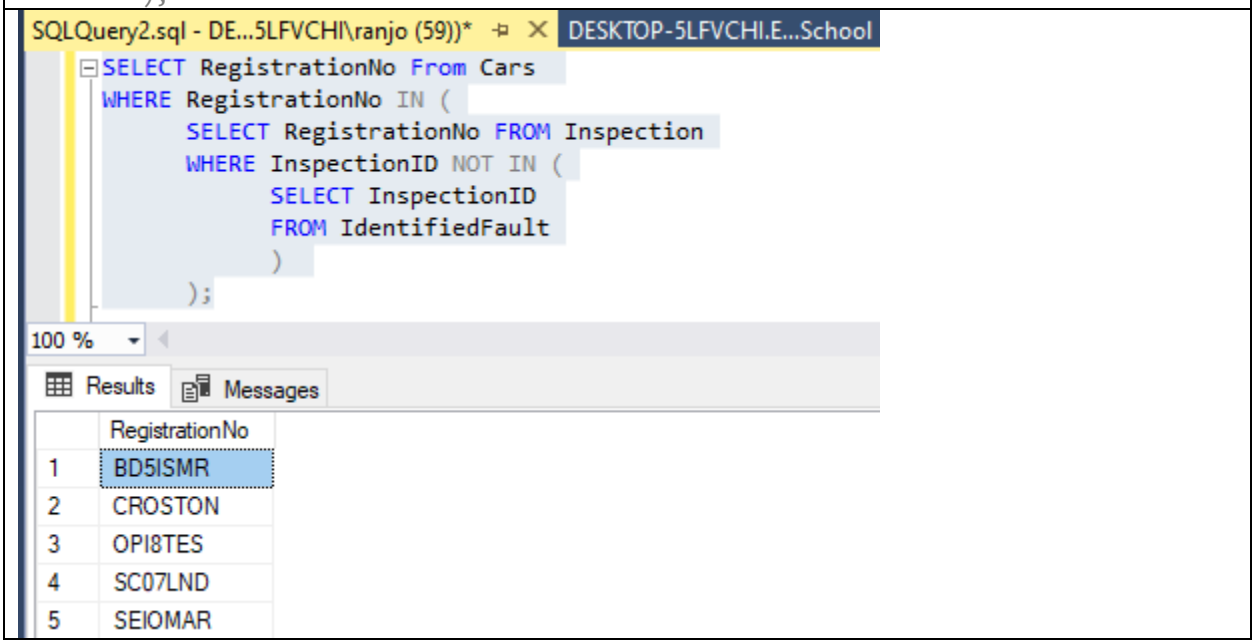
9. The numbers and name of staffs who are Instructors and over 55 years old.
Answer:

```
SELECT StaffName FROM Staffs
        WHERE StaffID IN (
              SELECT StaffID FROM Roles
                 WHERE role = 'Instructor' AND (
                       SELECT DATEDIFF(YEAR,Birthdate, GETDATE())) >=55
        );

SELECT COUNT(StaffName) AS 'Aged over 55 - Count' FROM Staffs
        WHERE StaffID IN (
              SELECT StaffID FROM Roles
                 WHERE role = 'Instructor' AND (
                       SELECT DATEDIFF(YEAR,Birthdate, GETDATE())) >=55
        );
```



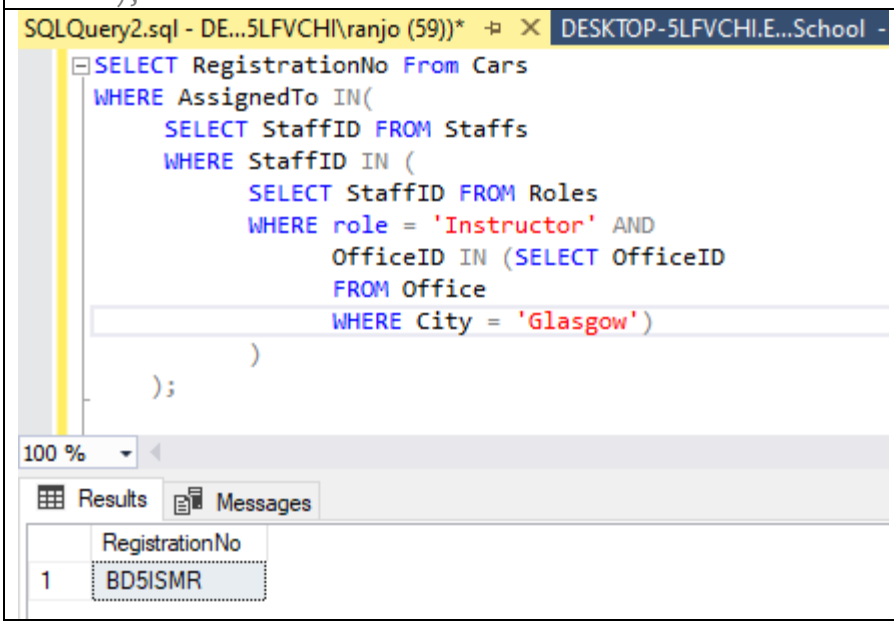
10. The registration number of cars that have had no faults found.
Answer:

```
SELECT RegistrationNo From Cars
WHERE RegistrationNo IN (
         SELECT RegistrationNo FROM Inspection
         WHERE InspectionID NOT IN (
               SELECT InspectionID
                     FROM IdentifiedFault
                     )
         );
```



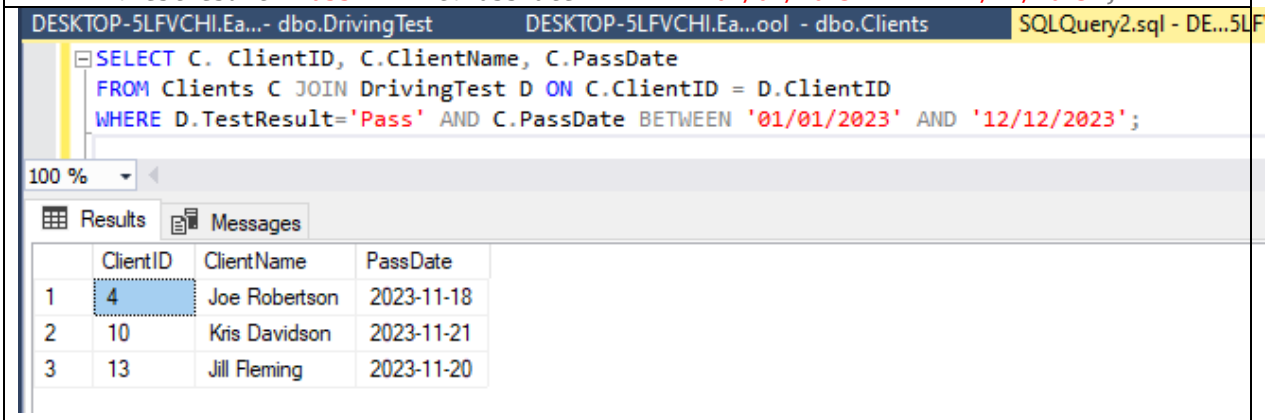
11. The registration number of the cars used by Instructors at the Glasgow, Bearsden Office.
Answer:

```
SELECT RegistrationNo From Cars
WHERE AssignedTo IN(
     SELECT StaffID FROM Staffs
        WHERE StaffID IN (
              SELECT StaffID FROM Roles
                 WHERE role = 'Instructor' AND
                       OfficeID IN (SELECT OfficeID
                             FROM Office
                             WHERE City = 'Glasgow')
                 )
       );
```



12. The names of the clients who passed the driving test in January 2013.

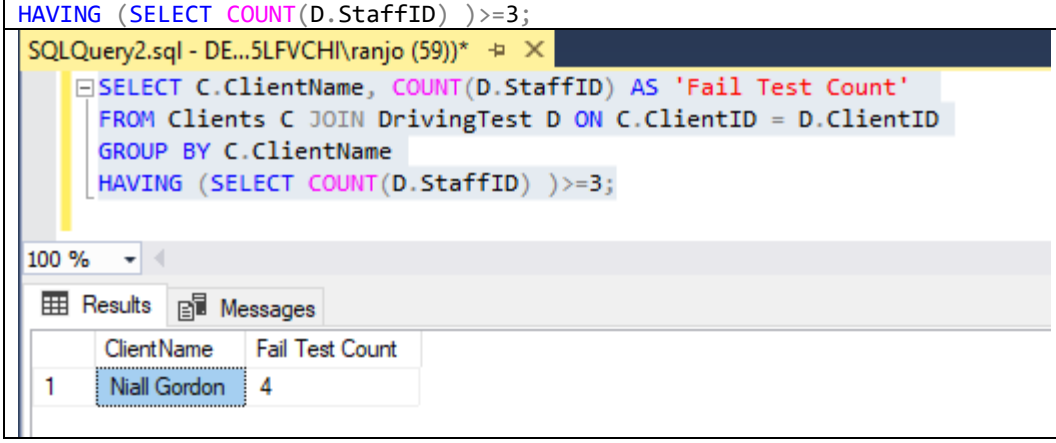
```
SELECT C. ClientID, C.ClientName, C.PassDate
FROM Clients C JOIN DrivingTest D ON C.ClientID = D.ClientID
WHERE D.TestResult='Pass' AND C.PassDate BETWEEN '01/01/2013' AND '01/31/2013';
NB: There is no data in this range in the database. Similar query below is given as a
demonstration for a year range data.

SELECT C. ClientID, C.ClientName, C.PassDate
FROM Clients C JOIN DrivingTest D ON C.ClientID = D.ClientID
WHERE D.TestResult='Pass' AND C.PassDate BETWEEN '01/01/2023' AND '12/12/2023';
```



	ClientID	ClientName	PassDate
1	4	Joe Robertson	2023-11-18
2	10	Kris Davidson	2023-11-21
3	13	Jill Fleming	2023-11-20

13. The names of clients who have sat the driving test more than three time and have still not passed.

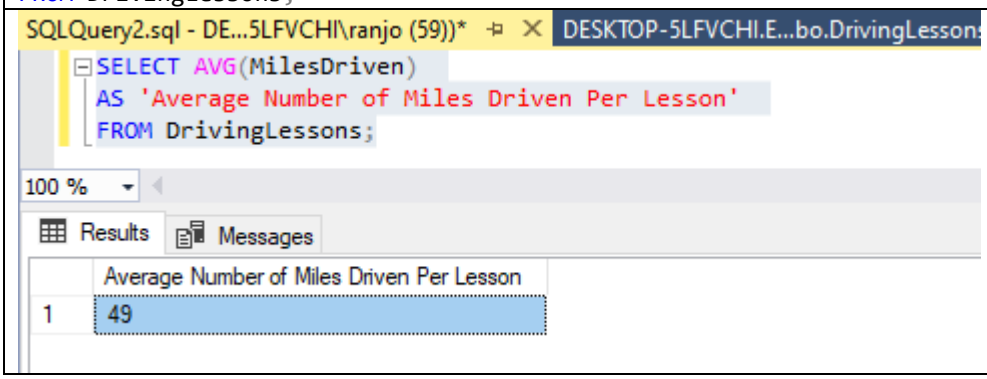
```
SELECT C.ClientName, COUNT(D.StaffID) AS 'Fail Test Count'
FROM Clients C JOIN DrivingTest D ON C.ClientID = D.ClientID
GROUP BY C.ClientName
HAVING (SELECT COUNT(D.StaffID) )>=3;
```



	ClientName	Fail Test Count
1	Niall Gordon	4

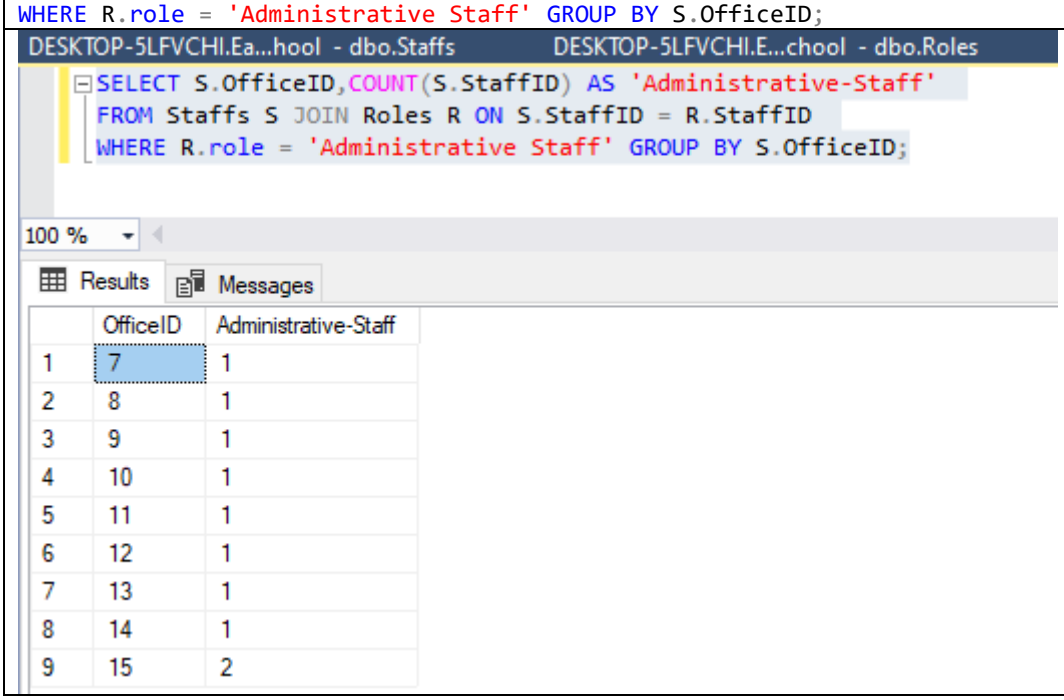
14. The average number of miles driven during a one-hour lesson.
Answer:

```
SELECT AVG(MilesDriven)
AS 'Average Number of Miles Driven Per Lesson'
FROM DrivingLessons;
```



15. The number of administrative staffs located at each office.
Answer:

```
SELECT S.OfficeID,COUNT(S.StaffID) AS 'Administrative-Staff'
FROM Staffs S JOIN Roles R ON S.StaffID = R.StaffID
WHERE R.role = 'Administrative Staff' GROUP BY S.OfficeID;
```

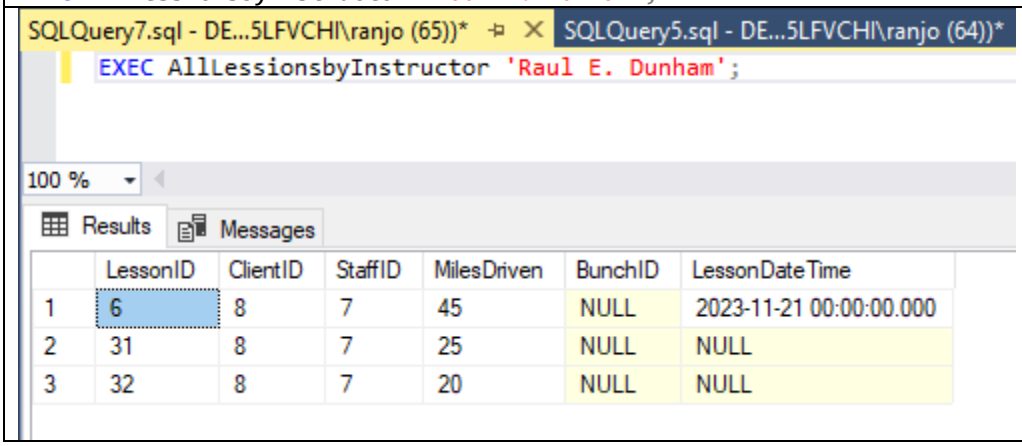


Part 2
Stored Procedures

Question 1: Write a stored procedure that takes in one argument, the staff number of an instructor. The procedure outputs all details of all the lessons for that instructor.

Answer:

```
USE [EasyDriveSchool ]
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:           Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description:      Provide instructors name and findout details of all lessons
-- =============================================
CREATE OR ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[AllLessionsbyInstructor]

       @InstructorName VARCHAR(20)

AS
BEGIN

       SET NOCOUNT ON;
       SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
       WHERE [StaffID] IN (
                                    SELECT [StaffID]
                                    FROM [dbo].[Staffs]
                                    WHERE [StaffName] = @InstructorName
                                    );
END
GO

EXEC AllLessionsbyInstructor 'Raul E. Dunham';
```

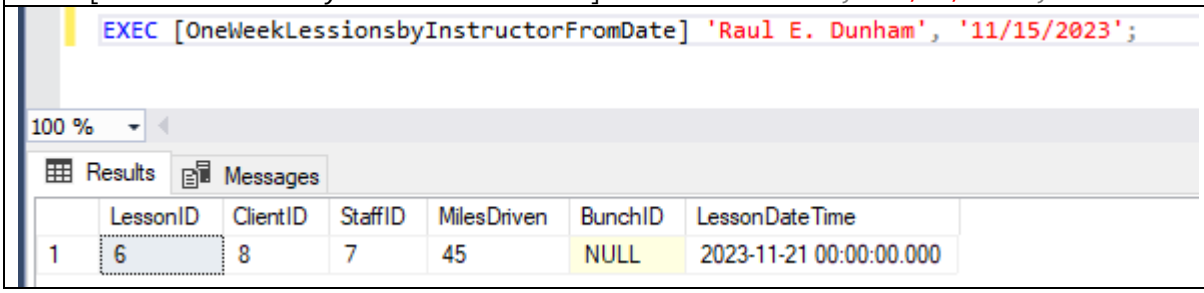


	LessonID	ClientID	StaffID	MilesDriven	BunchID	LessonDateTime
1	6	8	7	45	NULL	2023-11-21 00:00:00.000
2	31	8	7	25	NULL	NULL
3	32	8	7	20	NULL	NULL

Question 2: Write a stored procedure that takes in two arguments, a staff number and a date. The procedure shows details of all lessons for that staff Instructor, starting at the date of the argument, and ending seven days later.

Answer:

```
USE [EasyDriveSchool ]
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:      Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description: Provide instructors name and findout details of all lessons
-- =============================================
CREATE OR ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[OneWeekLessionsbyInstructorFromDate]

       @InstructorName VARCHAR(20),
       @DateFrom DATE
AS
BEGIN
       DECLARE @NextDate DATE
       SET @NextDate= DATEADD(DAY,7, CAST(@DateFrom AS DATE));
       SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
       WHERE [StaffID] IN (
                                          SELECT [StaffID] FROM [dbo].[Staffs]
                                          WHERE [StaffName] = @InstructorName)
                                    AND CAST(LessonDateTime AS Date)
                                        BETWEEN @DateFrom AND @NextDate;
       SET NOCOUNT ON;

END
GO

EXEC [OneWeekLessionsbyInstructorFromDate] 'Raul E. Dunham', '11/15/2023';
```



Question 3: Do the same question 1 and 2 above, but for a client number instead of a staff number.
Answer:

```
USE [EasyDriveSchool ]
GO
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- ============================================
-- Author:           Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description:      Provide Client name and findout details of all lessons
-- ============================================
CREATE OR ALTER   PROCEDURE [dbo].[AllLessionsbyClient]

       @ClientName VARCHAR(20)

AS
BEGIN

       SET NOCOUNT ON;

       SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
       WHERE [ClientID] IN (
                                    SELECT [ClientID]
                                    FROM [dbo].[Clients]
                                    WHERE [ClientName] = @ClientName
                                    );
END

EXEC AllLessionsbyClient 'Joe Robertson';
```

```
EXEC AllLessionsbyClient 'Joe Robertson';
```

100 %

Results | Messages

	LessonID	ClientID	StaffID	MilesDriven	BunchID	LessonDateTime
1	3	4	5	50	NULL	2023-11-08 00:00:00.000
2	24	4	5	50	NULL	NULL
3	25	4	5	50	NULL	NULL
4	26	4	5	50	NULL	NULL

```sql
USE [EasyDriveSchool ]
GO

SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:           Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description:      Provide Client name and findout details of all lessons
-- =============================================
CREATE OR ALTER   PROCEDURE [dbo].[OneWeekLessionsbyClientFromDate]

       @ClientName VARCHAR(20),
       @DateFrom DATE

AS
BEGIN
       DECLARE @NextDate DATE
       SET @NextDate= DATEADD(DAY,7, CAST(@DateFrom AS DATE));
       SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
       WHERE [ClientID] IN (
                                   SELECT [ClientID]
                                   FROM [dbo].[Clients]
                                   WHERE [ClientName] = @ClientName)
                                   AND CAST(LessonDateTime AS Date)
                                       BETWEEN @DateFrom AND @NextDate;

       SET NOCOUNT ON;

END

EXEC OneWeekLessionsbyClientFromDate 'Joe Robertson', '11/06/2023';
```

```sql
EXEC OneWeekLessionsbyClientFromDate 'Joe Robertson', '11/06/2023';
```

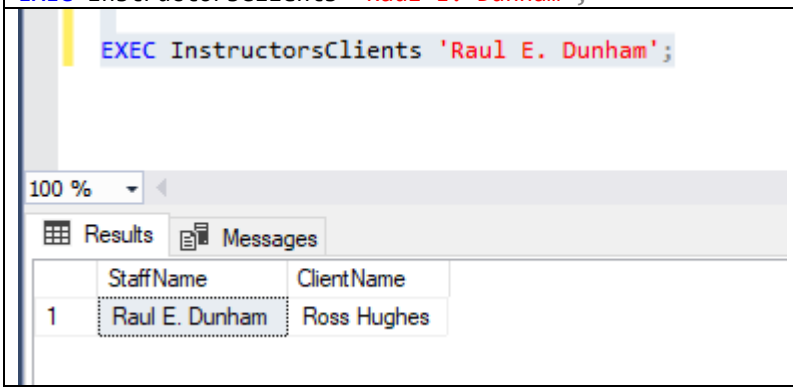
100 %

Results | Messages

	LessonID	ClientID	StaffID	MilesDriven	BunchID	LessonDateTime
1	3	4	5	50	NULL	2023-11-08 00:00:00.000

Question 4: Create some stored procedures yourself which do something you would like to see being done.
Returning name of all their Clients for a given Instructor.
Answer:

```
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:      Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description: List of all Staffs and their Clients
-- =============================================
CREATE OR ALTER PROCEDURE [dbo].[InstructorsClients]
       @InstructorName VARCHAR(20)
AS
BEGIN
       SET NOCOUNT ON;
       SELECT  S.StaffName, C.ClientName FROM Staffs S JOIN DrivingLessons ON S.StaffID
= DrivingLessons.StaffID

        JOIN Clients C ON DrivingLessons.ClientID = C.ClientID
                                                              WHERE S.StaffName =
@InstructorName GROUP BY S.StaffName, C.ClientName;

END
GO

EXEC InstructorsClients 'Raul E. Dunham';
```

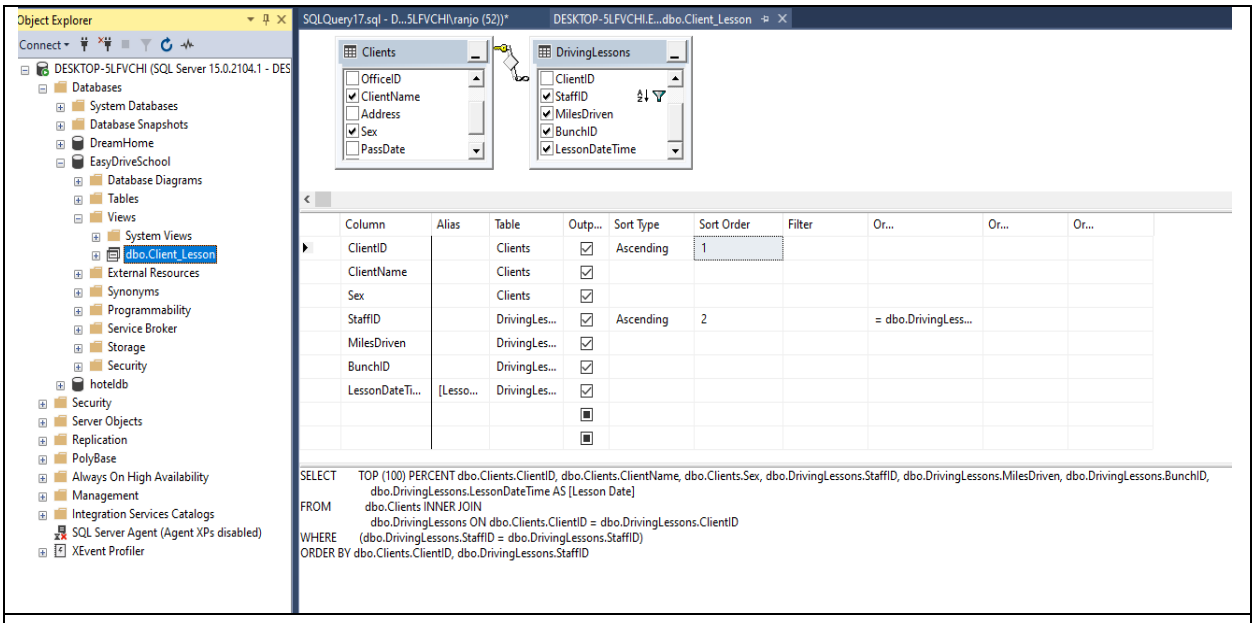


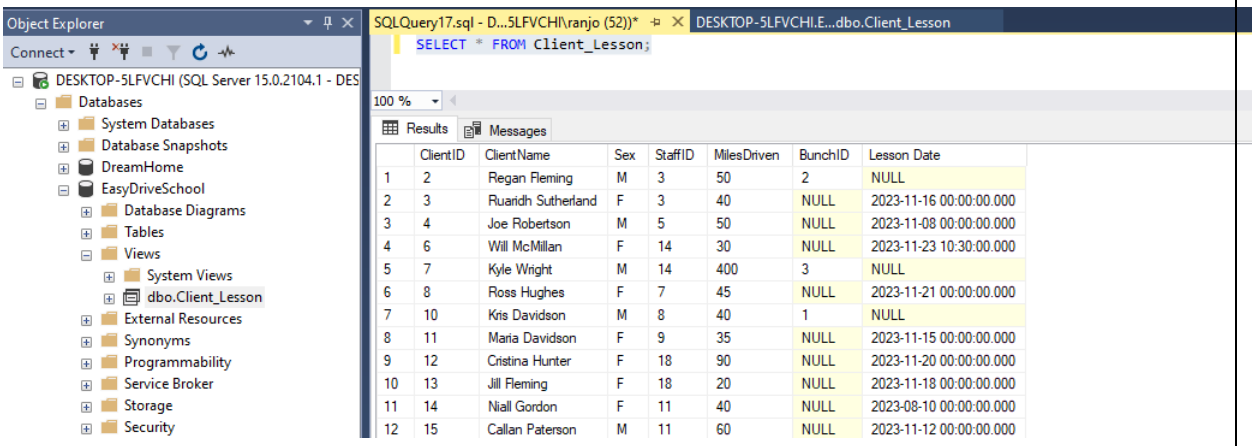
Views

Research how to make views in SQL server:

Question 5: Create a view called Client_Lesson which does an inner join on the Client and Lesson tables. Run it to make sure it works properly.

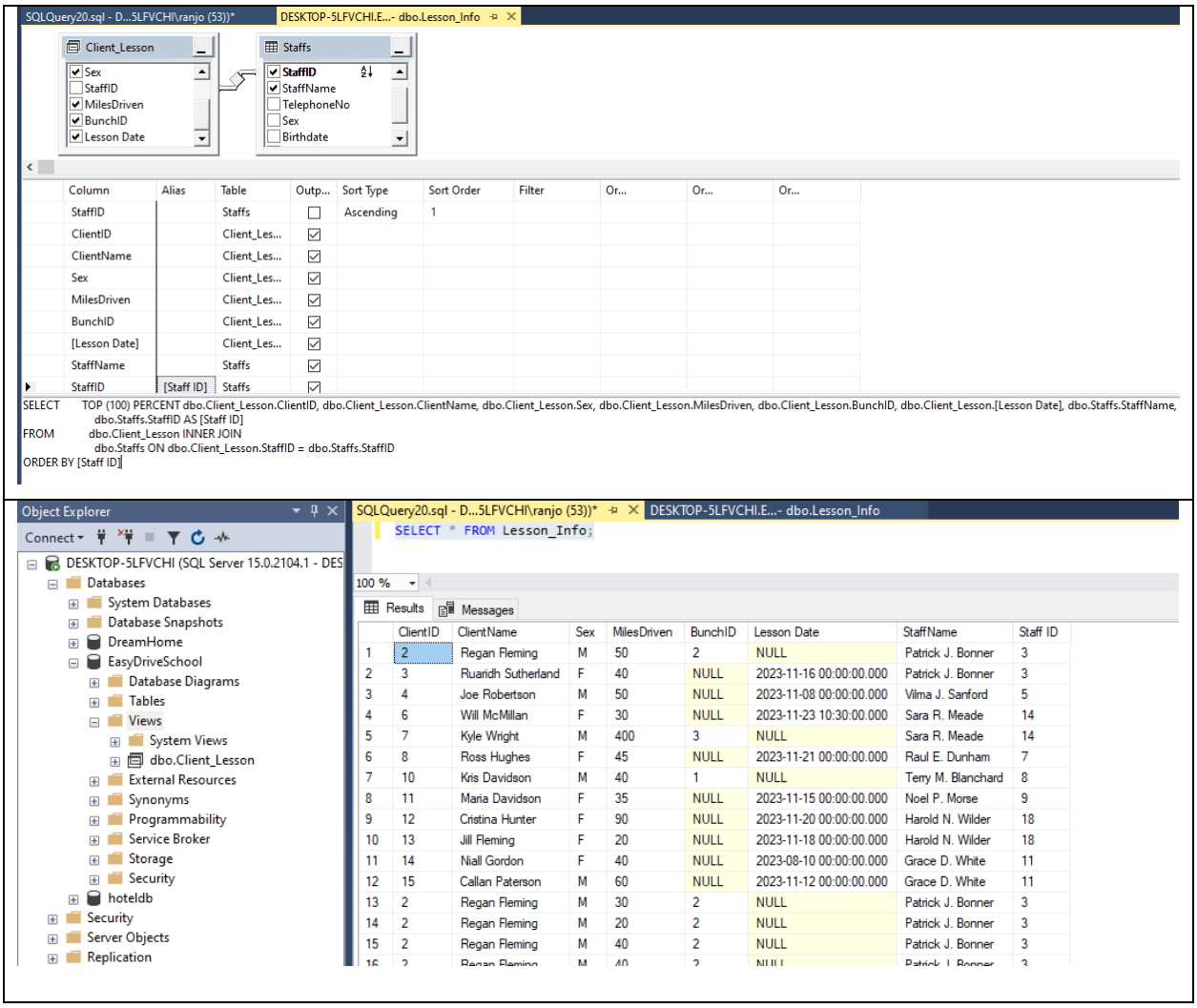
Answer:





Question 6: Create a View called Lesson_Info which calls the View above Client_Lesson, and outputs all the information from Client_Lesson, along with who the staff person is for the lesson i.e. the staff person's name and staffID.
One, View can call other view that makes things flexible.

Answer:



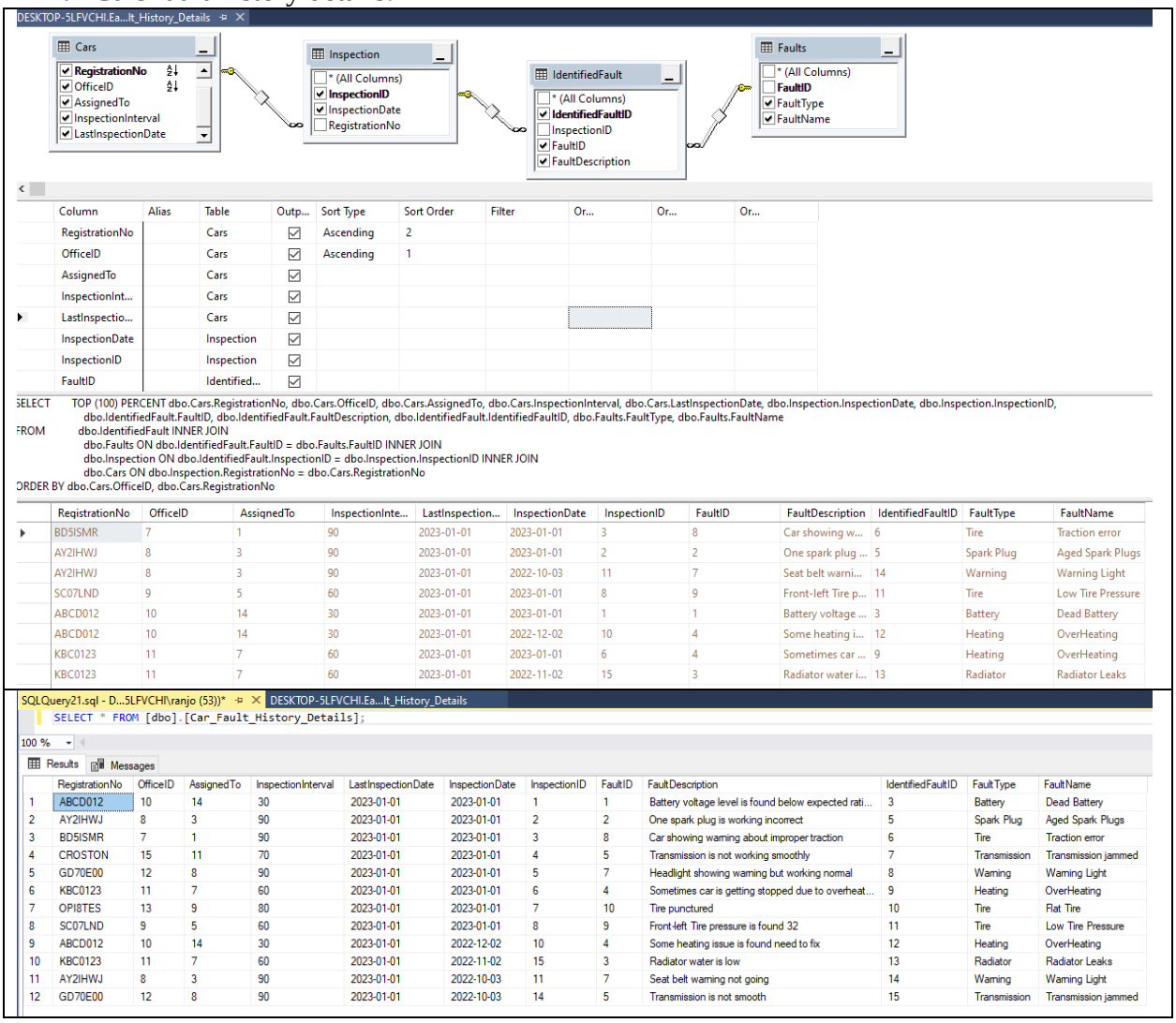
	ClientID	ClientName	Sex	MilesDriven	BunchID	Lesson Date	StaffName	Staff ID
1	2	Regan Fleming	M	50	2	NULL	Patrick J. Bonner	3
2	3	Ruaridh Sutherland	F	40	NULL	2023-11-16 00:00:00.000	Patrick J. Bonner	3
3	4	Joe Robertson	M	50	NULL	2023-11-08 00:00:00.000	Vilma J. Sanford	5
4	6	Will McMillan	F	30	NULL	2023-11-23 10:30:00.000	Sara R. Meade	14
5	7	Kyle Wright	M	400	3	NULL	Sara R. Meade	14
6	8	Ross Hughes	F	45	NULL	2023-11-21 00:00:00.000	Raul E. Dunham	7
7	10	Kris Davidson	M	40	1	NULL	Terry M. Blanchard	8
8	11	Maria Davidson	F	35	NULL	2023-11-15 00:00:00.000	Noel P. Morse	9
9	12	Cristina Hunter	F	90	NULL	2023-11-20 00:00:00.000	Harold N. Wilder	18
10	13	Jill Fleming	F	20	NULL	2023-11-18 00:00:00.000	Harold N. Wilder	18
11	14	Niall Gordon	F	40	NULL	2023-08-10 00:00:00.000	Grace D. White	11
12	15	Callan Paterson	M	60	NULL	2023-11-12 00:00:00.000	Grace D. White	11
13	2	Regan Fleming	M	30	2	NULL	Patrick J. Bonner	3
14	2	Regan Fleming	M	20	2	NULL	Patrick J. Bonner	3
15	2	Regan Fleming	M	40	2	NULL	Patrick J. Bonner	3

Question 7: Create two more views that may be useful to you. Test them!

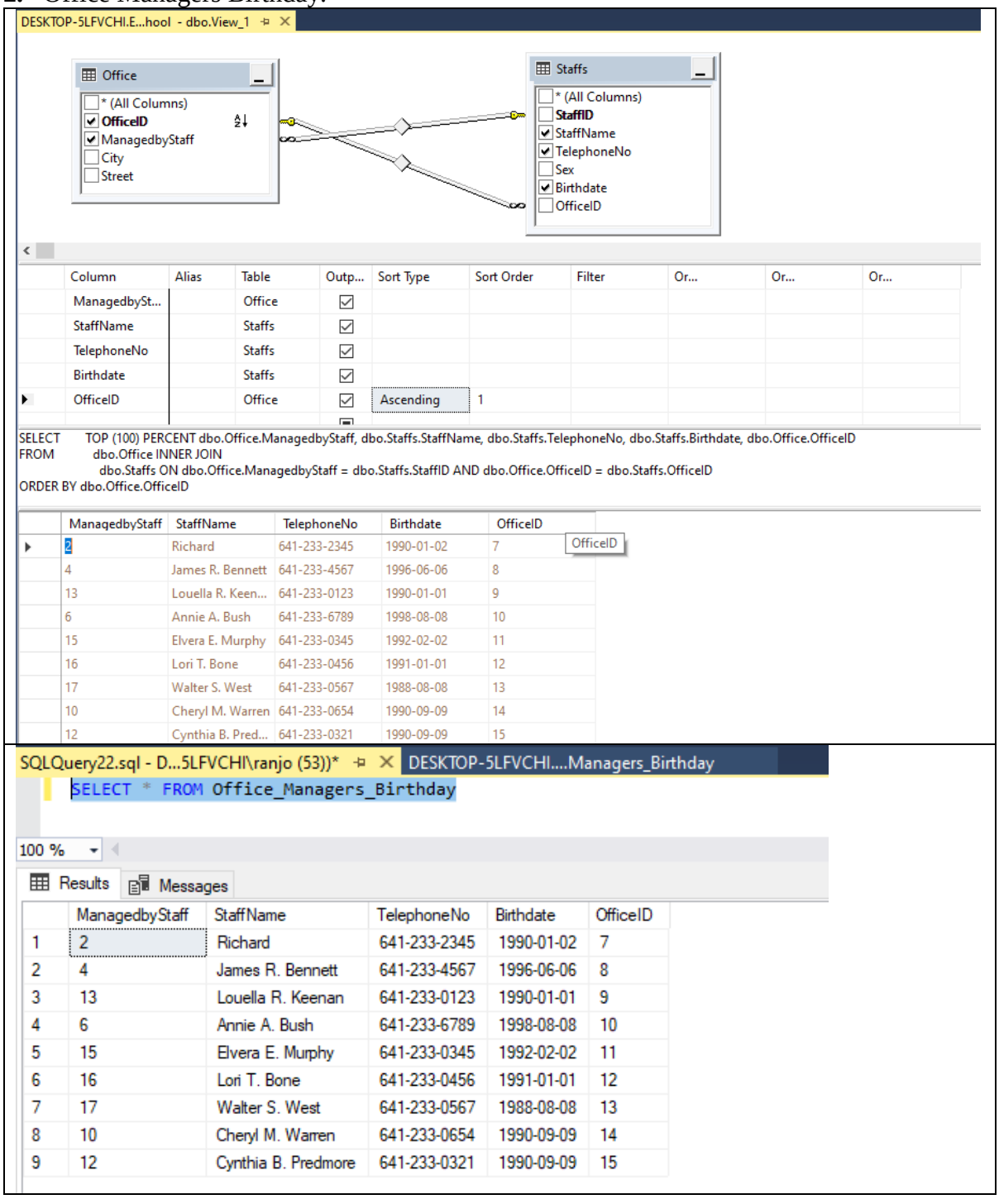
Answer:

Two more views can be:

1. Cars fault history details.



2. Office Managers Birthday.



User Defined Functions

Research what user defined functions are and how to make them in SQL server.

Question 8: Create a user defined function that returns the total lessons that a client has taken up to today.

Answer:

```
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:              Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description:  Function tp return total lesson a client attended
-- =============================================
CREATE FUNCTION Total_Lessons_Attended
(
        @ClientID int
)
RETURNS int
AS
BEGIN
        DECLARE @LessonCOUNT int;
        SET @LessonCOUNT  = (SELECT COUNT([ClientID])
        FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
        WHERE [ClientID]=@ClientID);

        IF (@LessonCOUNT IS NULL)
        SET @LessonCOUNT = 0;
    RETURN @LessonCOUNT;
END
GO
```

SQLQuery2.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (52))* | SQLQuery1.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (55))* | DESKTOP-5LFVCHI.E...b

```
SELECT DISTINCT ClientID,dbo.Total_Lessons_Attended([ClientID]) AS LessonCount
FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
ORDER BY ClientID;
```

100 %

Results | Messages

	ClientID	LessonCount
1	2	6
2	3	5
3	4	4
4	6	2
5	7	4
6	8	3
7	10	5
8	11	1
9	12	1
10	13	1
11	14	1
12	15	1

Question 9: Create a user defined function that returns the total lessons that a client has taken before a date supplied by the user.

Answer:

```
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:              Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description:  Function tp return total lesson a client attended
-- =============================================
CREATE FUNCTION Total_Lessons_Attended_Before
(
        @ClientID int,
        @ProvidedDate Date
)
RETURNS int
AS
BEGIN
        DECLARE @LessonCOUNT int;
        SET @LessonCOUNT  = (SELECT COUNT([ClientID])
        FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
        WHERE [ClientID]=@ClientID AND [LessonDateTime]<@ProvidedDate);

        IF (@LessonCOUNT IS NULL)
        SET @LessonCOUNT = 0;
    RETURN @LessonCOUNT;
END
GO
```

SQLQuery2.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (52))* | SQLQuery1.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (55))*

```
SELECT DISTINCT ClientID,dbo.Total_Lessons_Attended_Before([ClientID],'11/22/2023') AS LessonCount
FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]
ORDER BY ClientID;
```

100 %

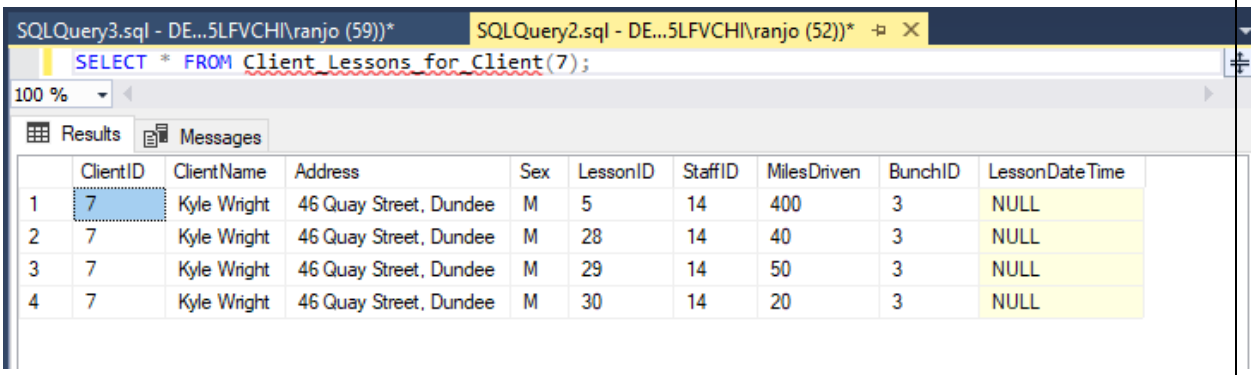
Results | Messages

	ClientID	LessonCount
1	2	0
2	3	1
3	4	1
4	6	0
5	7	0
6	8	1
7	10	0
8	11	1
9	12	1
10	13	1
11	14	1
12	15	1

Question 10: Create a user defined function that returns a table which does an inner join on the Client and lesson tables, for a particular client which is supplied by the user. Run it to make sure it works properly.

Answer:

```
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:              Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description:  Client_Lessons_for_Client
-- =============================================
CREATE FUNCTION Client_Lessons_for_Client
(
        @ClientID int
)
RETURNS TABLE
AS
RETURN
(
        SELECT C.ClientID, C.ClientName, C.Address,
               C.Sex, D.LessonID, D.StaffID,
                   D.MilesDriven, D.BunchID, D.LessonDateTime
        FROM Clients C JOIN DrivingLessons D
        ON C.ClientID = D.ClientID
        WHERE C.ClientID = @ClientID
        GROUP BY C.ClientID, C.ClientName, C.Address,
               C.Sex, D.LessonID, D.StaffID,
                   D.MilesDriven, D.BunchID, D.LessonDateTime
);
GO
```



	ClientID	ClientName	Address	Sex	LessonID	StaffID	MilesDriven	BunchID	LessonDateTime
1	7	Kyle Wright	46 Quay Street, Dundee	M	5	14	400	3	NULL
2	7	Kyle Wright	46 Quay Street, Dundee	M	28	14	40	3	NULL
3	7	Kyle Wright	46 Quay Street, Dundee	M	29	14	50	3	NULL
4	7	Kyle Wright	46 Quay Street, Dundee	M	30	14	20	3	NULL

TRIGGERS

Research what Triggers are and how to make them in SQL Server.

Question 11: In the Staff Table, add an attribute to keep track of the total number of clients that an instructor has. Whenever a new client is added to the client table, we add one to the above new attribute, to the staff person who is working with this new client. A similar thing is done if a client is removed from our client Table.

Answer:

```
USE [EasyDriveSchool ]
GO

SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:              Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/22/2023
-- Description: Getting Client Count in Staff Table
-- =============================================
CREATE OR ALTER   TRIGGER [dbo].[ClientCount_Assignedto_Staffs]
   ON  [dbo].[Clients]
   AFTER INSERT,DELETE,UPDATE

AS
BEGIN
                CREATE TABLE #StaffIDs
                (
                        StaffID INT
                );  --- Creating a temporary table

                INSERT INTO #StaffIDs (StaffID)(SELECT DISTINCT [AssignedToStaff] FROM
[dbo].[Clients]);
                --- Reading all Assigned staff ID and storing in a new table


                DECLARE @row_variable1 INT;
                DECLARE @CountClient INT;
                --- Cursor1 code
                DECLARE staffid_cursor CURSOR FOR
                SELECT * FROM #StaffIDs;

                OPEN staffid_cursor;
                FETCH NEXT FROM staffid_cursor INTO @row_variable1;  --- Fetch first item of the cursor
to variable

                WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                BEGIN
                  SET @CountClient = (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ClientID) FROM [dbo].[Clients] WHERE
AssignedToStaff = @row_variable1);
                  --- Stored CountClient to @CountClient from Clients table
                  UPDATE [dbo].[Staffs] SET [NoOfClients] = @CountClient WHERE StaffID =
@row_variable1;
                  FETCH NEXT FROM staffid_cursor INTO @row_variable1;
                END;

                CLOSE staffid_cursor;
                DEALLOCATE staffid_cursor;
                --- cursor1 code End

                DROP TABLE #StaffIDs;   --- Deleteing the temporary table

END
```

Test 1: Insert Test

SQLQuery11.sql - D...5LFVCHI\ranjo (62))* | SQLQuery9.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (60))* | SQLQuery7.sql - DE...5LFVCHI\ranjo (66))*

```
SELECT * FROM Staffs Where StaffID = 11;

INSERT INTO [dbo].[Clients]
           ([ClientID]
           ,[OfficeID]
           ,[ClientName]
           ,[Address]
           ,[Sex]
           ,[PassDate]
           ,[DateOfBirth]
           ,[AssignedToStaff])
     VALUES (17,    7,  'John Hammer',  '12 Victor Lane, Glasgow',  'M',    NULL,   '2000-01-01',   11)


SELECT * FROM Staffs Where StaffID = 11;
```

100 %

Results | Messages

	StaffID	StaffName	TelephoneNo	Sex	Birthdate	OfficeID	NoOfClients
1	11	Grace D. White	641-233-0432	F	1968-10-10	15	4

	StaffID	StaffName	TelephoneNo	Sex	Birthdate	OfficeID	NoOfClients
1	11	Grace D. White	641-233-0432	F	1968-10-10	15	5

Test 2: Delete Test

Object Explorer

Connect

- Database Snapshots
- DreamHome
- EasyDriveSchool
  - Database Diagrams
  - Tables
    - System Tables
    - FileTables
    - External Tables
    - Graph Tables
    - dbo.BunchList
    - dbo.Cars
    - dbo.Clients
      - Columns
      - Keys
      - Constraints
      - Triggers
        - ClientCount_Assignedto_Staffs
      - Indexes
      - Statistics
    - dbo.DrivingLessons
    - dbo.DrivingTest

SQLQuery12.sql - D...5LFVCHI\ranjo (61)) | SQLQuery11.sql - D...5LFVCHI\ranjo (62))*

```
SELECT * FROM Staffs Where StaffID = 11;

DELETE FROM [dbo].[Clients]
      WHERE [ClientID] = 17;

SELECT * FROM Staffs Where StaffID = 11;
```

100 %

Results | Messages

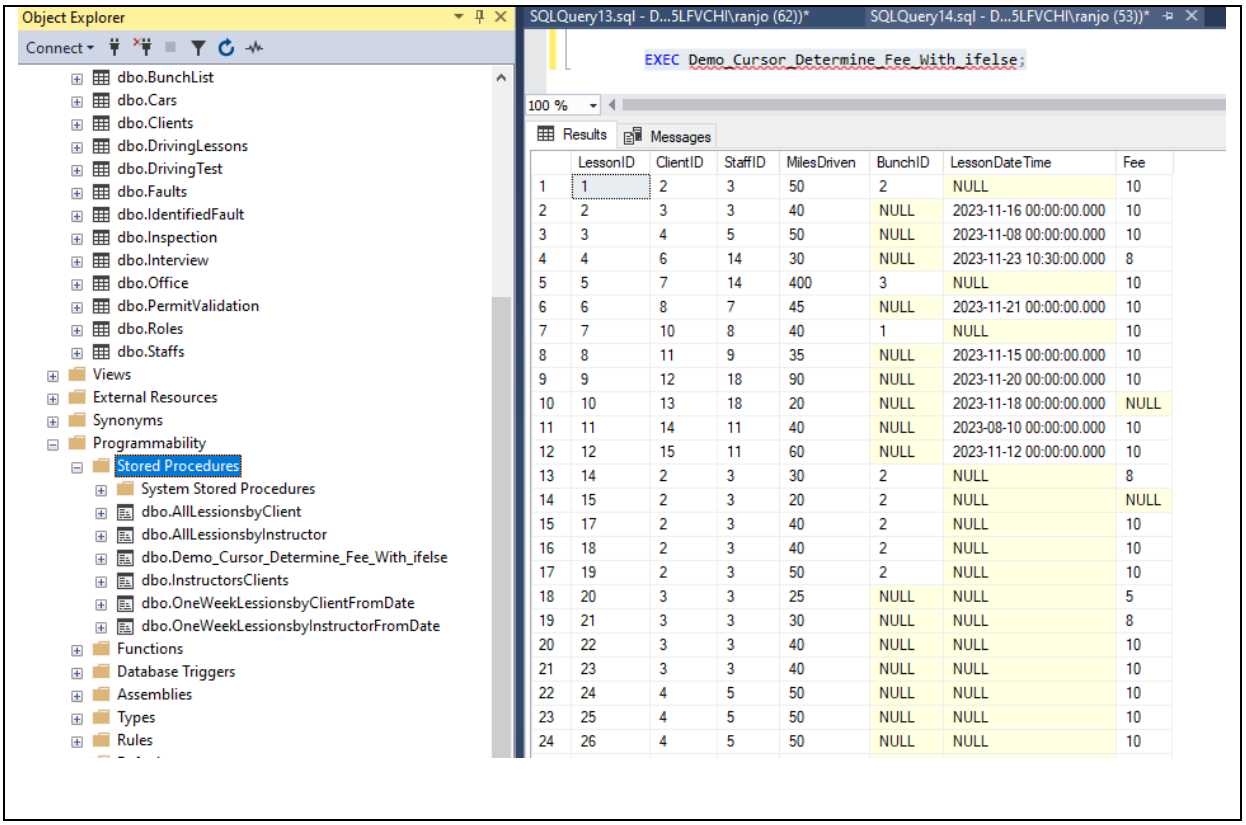
	StaffID	StaffName	TelephoneNo	Sex	Birthdate	OfficeID	NoOfClients
1	11	Grace D. White	641-233-0432	F	1968-10-10	15	5

	StaffID	StaffName	TelephoneNo	Sex	Birthdate	OfficeID	NoOfClients
1	11	Grace D. White	641-233-0432	F	1968-10-10	15	4

CURSOR

Research what a cursor is and how to make them in SQl server.
Question 12: use a cursor to read the rows of the Lesson table.
If the mileage for the lesson was over 20 miles, increase the fee by $5.
If the mileage for the lesson was over 25 miles, increase the fee by $8.
If the mileage for the lesson was over 30 miles, increase the fee by $10.
You can use an IF ….. ELSE …. Statement.
Answer:

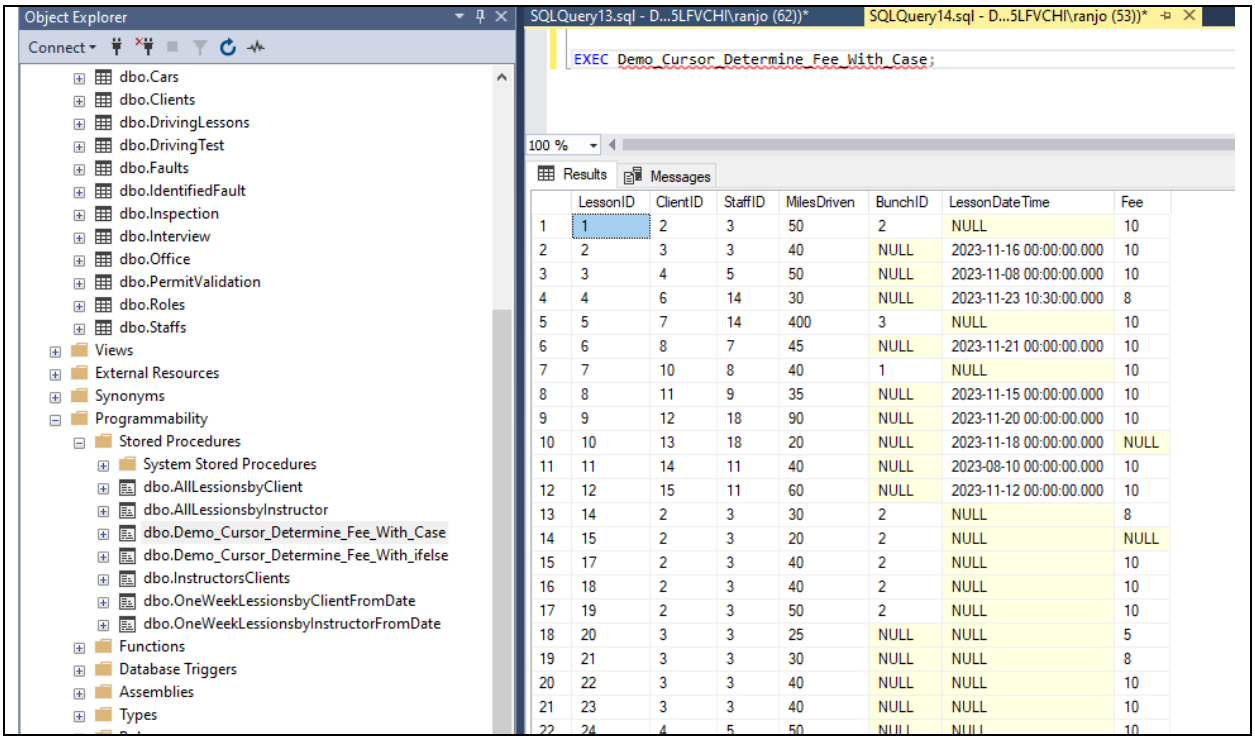
```
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- =============================================
-- Author:              Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/23/2023
-- Description: Cursor code with IF Else to increase Fees
-- =============================================
CREATE PROCEDURE Demo_Cursor_Determine_Fee_With_ifelse

AS
BEGIN
                CREATE TABLE #LessonTable
                (
                        LessonID INT, ClientID INT, StaffID INT, MilesDriven INT,
                        BunchID INT, LessonDateTime datetime, Fee int
                );  --- Creating a temporary table

                INSERT INTO #LessonTable
(LessonID,ClientID,StaffID,MilesDriven,BunchID,LessonDateTime)(SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]);
                --- Reading all Lessons and storing in a new temporary table

                DECLARE @row_variable1 INT;
                DECLARE @LessonID int,@ClientID int,@StaffID int ,@MilesDriven int,@BunchID
int,@LessonDateTime datetime,@Fee int;
                --- Cursor1 code
                DECLARE LessonTable_cursor CURSOR FOR
                SELECT * FROM #LessonTable;

                OPEN LessonTable_cursor;
                FETCH NEXT FROM LessonTable_cursor INTO
@LessonID,@ClientID,@StaffID,@MilesDriven,@BunchID,@LessonDateTime,@Fee;
                --- Fetch first item of the cursor to variable
                WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                BEGIN
                        IF @MilesDriven>30 SET @Fee = 10
                        ELSE IF @MilesDriven>25 SET @Fee = 8
                        ELSE IF @MilesDriven>20  SET @Fee = 5
                        ELSE SET @Fee = @Fee
                  UPDATE #LessonTable SET [Fee] = @FEE WHERE [LessonID] = @LessonID;

                  FETCH NEXT FROM LessonTable_cursor INTO
@LessonID,@ClientID,@StaffID,@MilesDriven,@BunchID,@LessonDateTime,@Fee;
                END;

                CLOSE LessonTable_cursor;
                DEALLOCATE LessonTable_cursor;

                SELECT * FROM #LessonTable;
                DROP Table #LessonTable;
END
GO
```



	LessonID	ClientID	StaffID	MilesDriven	BunchID	LessonDateTime	Fee
1	1	2	3	50	2	NULL	10
2	2	3	3	40	NULL	2023-11-16 00:00:00.000	10
3	3	4	5	50	NULL	2023-11-08 00:00:00.000	10
4	4	6	14	30	NULL	2023-11-23 10:30:00.000	8
5	5	7	14	400	3	NULL	10
6	6	8	7	45	NULL	2023-11-21 00:00:00.000	10
7	7	10	8	40	1	NULL	10
8	8	11	9	35	NULL	2023-11-15 00:00:00.000	10
9	9	12	18	90	NULL	2023-11-20 00:00:00.000	10
10	10	13	18	20	NULL	2023-11-18 00:00:00.000	NULL
11	11	14	11	40	NULL	2023-08-10 00:00:00.000	10
12	12	15	11	60	NULL	2023-11-12 00:00:00.000	10
13	14	2	3	30	2	NULL	8
14	15	2	3	20	2	NULL	NULL
15	17	2	3	40	2	NULL	10
16	18	2	3	40	2	NULL	10
17	19	2	3	50	2	NULL	10
18	20	3	3	25	NULL	NULL	5
19	21	3	3	30	NULL	NULL	8
20	22	3	3	40	NULL	NULL	10
21	23	3	3	40	NULL	NULL	10
22	24	4	5	50	NULL	NULL	10
23	25	4	5	50	NULL	NULL	10
24	26	4	5	50	NULL	NULL	10

Question 13: Do the same thing as Question 12, but now use a case statement.
Answer:

```
SET ANSI_NULLS ON
GO
SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
GO
-- ============================================
-- Author:              Dip Ranjon Das
-- Create date: 11/23/2023
-- Description:  Cursor code with IF Else to increase Fees
-- ============================================
CREATE OR ALTER PROCEDURE Demo_Cursor_Determine_Fee_With_Case

AS
BEGIN
                CREATE TABLE #LessonTable
                (
                        LessonID INT,
                        ClientID INT,
                        StaffID INT,
                        MilesDriven INT,
                        BunchID INT,
                        LessonDateTime datetime,
                        Fee int
                );  --- Creating a temporary table

                INSERT INTO #LessonTable
(LessonID,ClientID,StaffID,MilesDriven,BunchID,LessonDateTime)(SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DrivingLessons]);
                --- Reading all Lessons and storing in a new temporary table


                DECLARE @row_variable1 INT;
                DECLARE @LessonID int,@ClientID int,@StaffID int ,@MilesDriven int,@BunchID
int,@LessonDateTime datetime,@Fee int;
                --- Cursor1 code
                DECLARE LessonTable_cursor CURSOR FOR
                SELECT * FROM #LessonTable;

                OPEN LessonTable_cursor;
                FETCH NEXT FROM LessonTable_cursor INTO
@LessonID,@ClientID,@StaffID,@MilesDriven,@BunchID,@LessonDateTime,@Fee;
                --- Fetch first item of the cursor to variable


                WHILE @@FETCH_STATUS = 0
                BEGIN
                        SET @Fee = CASE
                                WHEN @MilesDriven>30 THEN 10
                                WHEN @MilesDriven>25 THEN 8
                                WHEN @MilesDriven>20 THEN 5
                                ELSE @Fee
                        END;
                  UPDATE #LessonTable SET [Fee] = @FEE WHERE [LessonID] = @LessonID;

                 FETCH NEXT FROM LessonTable_cursor INTO
                 @LessonID,@ClientID,@StaffID,@MilesDriven,@BunchID,@LessonDateTime,@Fee;
                END;

                CLOSE LessonTable_cursor;
                DEALLOCATE LessonTable_cursor;

                SELECT * FROM #LessonTable;
                DROP Table #LessonTable;
END
GO
```



	LessonID	ClientID	StaffID	MilesDriven	BunchID	LessonDateTime	Fee
1	1	2	3	50	2	NULL	10
2	2	3	3	40	NULL	2023-11-16 00:00:00.000	10
3	3	4	5	50	NULL	2023-11-08 00:00:00.000	10
4	4	6	14	30	NULL	2023-11-23 10:30:00.000	8
5	5	7	14	400	3	NULL	10
6	6	8	7	45	NULL	2023-11-21 00:00:00.000	10
7	7	10	8	40	1	NULL	10
8	8	11	9	35	NULL	2023-11-15 00:00:00.000	10
9	9	12	18	90	NULL	2023-11-20 00:00:00.000	10
10	10	13	18	20	NULL	2023-11-18 00:00:00.000	NULL
11	11	14	11	40	NULL	2023-08-10 00:00:00.000	10
12	12	15	11	60	NULL	2023-11-12 00:00:00.000	10
13	14	2	3	30	2	NULL	8
14	15	2	3	20	2	NULL	NULL
15	17	2	3	40	2	NULL	10
16	18	2	3	40	2	NULL	10
17	19	2	3	50	2	NULL	10
18	20	3	3	25	NULL	NULL	5
19	21	3	3	30	NULL	NULL	8
20	22	3	3	40	NULL	NULL	10
21	23	3	3	40	NULL	NULL	10
22	24	4	5	50	NULL	NULL	10