

# WealthTech Platform - Backend Implementation Documentation

## Overview:

The WealthTech Platform is a backend system built using Node.js and Sequelize.

It follows a microservices architecture where each service is responsible for a specific function.

The services implemented are:

- User Service: Manages user profiles and sensitive information.
- Investment Service: Manages investment accounts linked to clients.
- Transaction Service: Handles financial transactions like deposits, withdrawals, and trades.
- Compliance Service: Tracks and logs compliance events and audits.

The platform also implements data encryption and decryption to secure sensitive user and financial data using AES-256 encryption.

## System Architecture:

The system is designed with the following architecture:

1. API Gateway: A single entry point to all services.
2. Microservices: Each service (User, Investment, Transaction, Compliance) operates independently and has its own database schema.
3. Encryption: Sensitive data such as user email, phone number, transaction amounts, and investment account references are encrypted before storage and decrypted when retrieved.
4. Sequelize ORM: Used for database interaction, with lifecycle hooks to manage encryption and decryption.

## 1. Microservices Overview:

### User Service:

- Functionality: Manages user profiles (KYC-compliant).
- Key Operations:
  - Creates a new user profile.
  - Retrieves user details (with decryption).
  - Updates user information (with encryption before updating).
- Sensitive Data: email\_address, telephone\_number, sources\_of\_wealth, annual\_income are encrypted.

#### Investment Service:

- Functionality: Manages investment accounts linked to clients.
- Key Operations:
  - Creates a new investment account.
  - Retrieves investment account details (with decryption).
  - Updates investment account information (with encryption before updating).
- Sensitive Data: client\_reference is encrypted.

#### Transaction Service:

- Functionality: Handles transactions such as deposits, withdrawals, and trades.
- Key Operations:
  - Creates a new transaction.
  - Retrieves transaction details (with decryption).
  - Updates transaction details (with encryption before updating).
- Sensitive Data: consideration\_amount, charges\_amount are encrypted.

#### Compliance Service:

- Functionality: Logs compliance-related events.
- Key Operations:

- Creates new compliance logs.
- Retrieves compliance logs (with decryption).
- Updates compliance logs (with encryption before updating).
- Sensitive Data: log\_details, response\_id are encrypted.

#### Encryption/Decryption Workflow:

- Encryption:
  - Encryption is done using AES-256-CBC before storing data in the database (e.g., user email, telephone number, investment client reference, etc.).
  - The encryption process uses a secret key (ENCRYPTION\_SECRET\_KEY) and an initialization vector (IV).
- Decryption:
  - Decryption happens after fetching the data from the database using Sequelize hooks (afterFind).
  - Decrypted data is returned to the client when retrieving sensitive fields.

#### Sequelize Lifecycle Hooks:

We use Sequelize Lifecycle Hooks to handle encryption and decryption at the right moments:

1. beforeFind: Prepares data or modifies queries before querying the database.
2. afterFind: Decrypts sensitive fields after retrieving data from the database.
3. beforeUpdate: Encrypts sensitive fields before updating the record in the database.

#### API Endpoints:

1. User Service:
  - Create User: POST /api/user
  - Get User: GET /api/user/:id

## 2. Investment Service:

- Create Investment Account: POST /api/investment
- Get Investment Account: GET /api/investment/:id

## 3. Transaction Service:

- Create Transaction: POST /api/transaction
- Get Transaction: GET /api/transaction/:id

## 4. Compliance Service:

- Log Compliance Event: POST /api/compliance
- Get Compliance Log: GET /api/compliance/:id