# DBMS Lab 12

Author: Dipankar Das

Date: 27-4-2022

Github Link

# **Question 1**

Roll: 20051554

Write a trigger that is fired before the DML statement's execution on the EMPLOYEE table. The trigger checks the day based on SYSDATE. If the day is Sunday, the trigger does not allow the DML statements execution and raises an exception. Write the appropriate message in the exception-handling section.

#### Solution

```
create table employee(
   id number,
   first varchar(20),
   salary number(10),
   hireDate date
);
insert into employee values(01, 'emp', 2012344, '12-Oct-2001');
insert into employee values(11, 'emp', 50000, '11-Mar-2021');
insert into employee values(02, 'emp', 560000, '17-May-1990');
insert into employee values(012, 'emp', 5600002, '17-Jun-1990');
insert into employee values(123121, 'emp', 23434, '1-Nov-2019');
insert into employee values(1123, 'emp', 3444, '12-Jan-2020');
insert into employee values(1231, 'emp', 33344, '21-Oct-2000');
insert into employee values(31, 'emp', 56744, '12-Oct-2001');
insert into employee values(100, 'emp', 345, '28-Feb-2022');
set serveroutput ON;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER nice BEFORE INSERT OR DELETE OR UPDATE ON employee FOR
EACH ROW
DECLARE
  currDate varchar(12);
 SELECT TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'DAY') INTO currDate FROM dual;
 IF currDate = 'SUNDAY' THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Its Allowed');
 ELSE
    RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20024, 'DML not allowed in other days');
  END IF;
END;
```

## Output

```
Trigger created.
е
    SQL> select * from employee;
е
            ID FIRST
                                         SALARY HIREDATE
е
                                        2012344 12-OCT-01
             1 emp
            11 emp
                                          50000 11-MAR-21
                                         560000 17-MAY-90
            2 emp
RIG
                                        5600002 17-JUN-90
            12 emp
        123121 emp
                                          23434 01-NOV-19
12)
          1123 emp
                                           3444 12-JAN-20
          1231 emp
                                          33344 21-0CT-00
                                          56744 12-0CT-01
            31 emp
SDA
           100 emp
                                            345 28-FEB-22
ND/
9 rows selected.
    SQL> delete from employee where id=100;
ON_ delete from employee where id=100
    ERROR at line 1:
    ORA-20024: DML not allowed in other days
    ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.NICE", line 8
    ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.NICE'
    SQL>
```

# Question 2

Write a trigger that is fired after an INSERT statement is executed for the STUDENT table. The trigger writes the new students ID, users name, and systems date in a table called TRACKING. (Note: You must create the TRACKING table first).

#### Solution

```
-- select user from dual;

create table TRACKING(
   id char(5),
   name varchar2(30),
   SySda date
);

set SERVEROUTPUT ON;

create or replace TRIGGER q2 after insert on student FOR EACH row

BEGIN
  insert into TRACKING values(:NEW.STUDENTID, :NEW.FIRST, SYSDATE);
```

```
END;
insert into student values('01111','ss','XYZ','213
Broadway','Clifton','NJ',07222,'WN03','07-JUL-84', 222, 200,'2015556666');
insert into student values('01221','ss1','XYZ1','213
Broadway','Clifton','NJ',07222,'WN03','07-JUL-84', 222, 200,'2015556666');
```

## Output

```
NY 11373 \
        00104 Lee
                              Brian
                                               2845 First Lane
                                                                          Hope
T ON;
        555555
ce TRIG 00105 Khan
                                                                          Clifton
                                                                                          NJ 07222 W
                              Amir
                                               213 Broadway
        556666
RACKING
        6 rows selected.
        SQL>
        SQL>
dent va
        SQL>
dent va
        SQL>
        SQL>
        SQL> insert into student values('01111','ss','XYZ','213 Broadway','Clifton','NJ',07222,'WN
        1 row created.
        SQL> select * from tracking;
        ID
              NAME
                                              SYSDA
        01111 XYZ
                                              27-APR-22
        SQL> insert into student values('01221','ss1','XYZ1','213 Broadway','Clifton','NJ',07222,'
        1 row created.
        SQL> select * from tracking;
        ID
              NAME
                                              SYSDA
        01111 XYZ
                                              27-APR-22
        01221 XYZ1
                                              27-APR-22
        SQL>
```

# Question 3

Create a complex view EMP\_DEP\_VIEW using an outer join between EMPLOYEE and DEPENDENT table with employee names, dependents birthdate and relation. The outer join will also return employees without any dependents. Now, create an INSTEAD OF trigger based on EMP\_DEP\_VIEW to enable you to delete employee 433 through view.

## Solution

```
create table dependent(
d_id number PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
birthday date NOT NULL,
  relation varchar2(35) NOT NULL
);
create table employee(
    id number PRIMARY KEY,
   d_id number NULL,
   name varchar2(25) NOT NULL
);
insert into dependent VALUES(11, '31-Jan-2001', 'Son');
insert into dependent VALUES(12, '1-Feb-1999', 'Daughter');
insert into dependent VALUES(13, '12-Jun-1982', 'Mother');
insert into dependent VALUES(14, '28-July-1972', 'Father');
insert into employee VALUES(1, 11, 'Name 1');
insert into employee VALUES(2, 12, 'Name 2');
insert into employee VALUES(4, NULL, 'Name 4');
insert into employee VALUES(5, NULL, 'Name 5');
insert into employee VALUES(6, 11, 'Name 6');
insert into employee VALUES(11, 12, 'Name 11');
insert into employee VALUES(443, 13, 'Name 123');
insert into employee VALUES(13, 14, 'Name 13');
set SERVEROUTPUT ON;
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW EMP_DEP_VIEW AS SELECT e.id, e.name, d.birthday, d.relation
 FROM employee e LEFT OUTER JOIN dependent d ON
    d.d_id=e.d_id;
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER view deleter INSTEAD OF DELETE ON EMP DEP VIEW FOR EACH
ROW
BEGIN
 DELETE FROM employee WHERE id=:OLD.id AND :OLD.id=443;
END;
DELETE FROM EMP DEP VIEW WHERE id=13;
DELETE FROM EMP_DEP_VIEW WHERE id=443;
```

### Output

```
SQL>
        SQL> DELETE FROM EMP_DEP_VIEW WHERE id=13;
        1 row deleted.
ACE TRI
        SQL> select * from EMP_DEP_VIEW;
employe ID NAME
                                       BIRTHDAY RELATION
          ----- -----
                 1 Name 1
                                              31-JAN-01 Son
                                        31-JAN-01 Son
31-JAN-01 Son
01-FEB-99 Daughter
01-FEB-99 Daughter
12-JUN-82 Mother
28-JUL-72 Father
                6 Name 6
                 2 Name 2
              2 Name 2
11 Name 11
443 Name 123
IP DEP V
IP DEP V
                13 Name 13
                 4 Name 4
                  5 Name 5
        8 rows selected.
        SQL> DELETE FROM EMP_DEP_VIEW WHERE id=443;
        1 row deleted.
        SQL> select * from EMP_DEP_VIEW;
                                              BIRTHDAY RELATION
               ID NAME
                 1 Name 1
                                               31-JAN-01 Son
                 6 Name 6
                                              31-JAN-01 Son
                                         01-FEB-99 Daughter
01-FEB-99 Daughter
28-JUL-72 Father
                 2 Name 2
                 11 Name 11
                 13 Name 13
                 4 Name 4
                 5 Name 5
        7 rows selected.
        SQL>
```