

OS Lab07

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Date: 7-4-2022

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Headers

timer.h

```
#ifndef STDIO_H
#include <stdio.h>
#endif

size_t CLK_CYCLE;
```

proc.h

```
#ifndef STDLIB_H
#include <stdlib.h>
#endif

enum state {
    RUNNING,
    RUNNABLE,
    // WAITING,
    TERMINATED,
    EMBRYO
};

struct proc {
    int pid;
    int arrTime;
    int burstTime;
    enum state currState;
    int initStartTime;
    int finalEndTime;
};

struct proc* Rqueue = NULL;
int *tempStoreBT = NULL;
```

Question 1

Write a program in C to implement FCFS CPU scheduling without arrival time. (o/p-response time, turnaround time, idle time, CPU utilization time, completion time, CPU Utilization)

Solution

```
#include "proc.h"
#include "timer.h"

#ifdef STDIO_H
#include <stdio.h>
#endif
#ifdef STDLIB_H
#include <stdlib.h>
#endif

int NoOfProcesses;

void enterData() {
    printf("Enter the PID, BurstTime for each proc\n");
    int id;
    int bt;
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d %d", &id, &bt);
        Rqueue[i].arrTime = 0;
        Rqueue[i].burstTime = bt;
        Rqueue[i].currState = EMBRYO;
        Rqueue[i].pid = id;
        Rqueue[i].initStartTime = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime = 0;
        tempStoreBT[i] = bt;
    }
}

void __PS() {
    printf("PID\tArr\tBurst\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", Rqueue[i].pid, Rqueue[i].arrTime, Rqueue[i].burstTime);
}

void sched() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[i].arrTime
            && Rqueue[i].currState == EMBRYO) {

            int minArr = i;
            for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {

                if (Rqueue[j].currState == EMBRYO
                    && CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[j].arrTime
```

```

        && Rqueue[j].arrTime < Rqueue[minArr].arrTime)

        minArr = j;
    }
    i = minArr;
    Rqueue[i].currState = RUNNABLE;
    Rqueue[i].initStartTime = CLK_CYCLE;
    return;
}
}

int isAllDone() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (Rqueue[i].currState != TERMINATED)
            return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}

void __CPU_SCHED(int idx) {
    Rqueue[idx].currState = RUNNING;
    int BT = Rqueue[idx].burstTime;
    while (BT > 0) {
        CLK_CYCLE++;
        BT--;
    }
    Rqueue[idx].burstTime = 0;
    if (BT == 0) {
        Rqueue[idx].finalEndTime = CLK_CYCLE;
    }
    // record the Complition time for a process
    Rqueue[idx].currState = TERMINATED;
    printf("COMPLETED!!\tpid: %d\tCLK: %ld\n", Rqueue[idx].pid, CLK_CYCLE);
}

// returns the index for that process to run
void proc() {
    while (1) {
        // check if all have done
        if (isAllDone() == 1)
            return;

        for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
            if (Rqueue[i].currState == RUNNABLE) {
                // found the process
                __CPU_SCHED(i);
                // Rqueue[i].currState = TERMINATED;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
    // when a process gets completed the scheduler is called
    sched();
}

```

```

}

void ReportDis() {
    int totalBT = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {
        int TT = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int RT = Rqueue[i].initStartTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int WT = TT - tempStoreBT[i];
        printf("Process\tPID: %d\tBT: %d\tAT: %d\tTT: %d\tWT: %d\tRT: %d\n",
            Rqueue[i].pid, tempStoreBT[i], Rqueue[i].arrTime, TT, WT, RT);
        totalBT += tempStoreBT[i];
    }
    printf("TOTAL TIME: %ld\n", CLK_CYCLE);
    size_t idleTime = CLK_CYCLE - totalBT;
    printf("TOTAL IDLE Time: %ld\n", idleTime);
    printf("CPU UTIT: %d\tCPU UTIL PER: %f\n", totalBT, (float)(totalBT) /
        (CLK_CYCLE));
}

int main() {
    CLK_CYCLE = 0;
    printf("Enter number of processes");
    scanf("%d", &NoOfProcesses);
    Rqueue = (struct proc *)malloc(sizeof(struct proc) * NoOfProcesses);
    tempStoreBT = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * NoOfProcesses);
    enterData();
    __PS();
    // initial scheduler is called so as to make the process as runnable
    sched();
    proc();

    // all have done display Report
    ReportDis();

    free(Rqueue);
    free(tempStoreBT);
    return 0;
}

```

Output

```

[Lab08] git:(master) >>> make q1 && make run
gcc -Wall Q1.c
./a.out
Enter number of processes3
Enter the PID, BurstTime for each proc
1 10
2 5
3 3
PID      Arr      Burst
1        0        10
2        0        5
3        0        3
COMPLETED!!      pid: 1  CLK: 10
COMPLETED!!      pid: 2  CLK: 15
COMPLETED!!      pid: 3  CLK: 18
Process PID: 1  BT: 10  AT: 0   TT: 10  WT: 0   RT: 0
Process PID: 2  BT: 5   AT: 0   TT: 15  WT: 10  RT: 10
Process PID: 3  BT: 3   AT: 0   TT: 18  WT: 15  RT: 15
TOTAL TIME: 18
TOTAL IDLE Time: 0
CPU UTIT: 18      CPU UTIL PER: 1.000000

```

Question 2

Write a program in C to implement FCFS CPU scheduling with arrival time.(o/p-response time, turnaround time , idle time, CPU utilization time, completion time and CPU Utilization)

Solution

```

#include "proc.h"
#include "timer.h"

#ifdef STDIO_H
#include <stdio.h>
#endif
#ifdef STDLIB_H
#include <stdlib.h>
#endif

int NoOfProcesses;

void enterData() {
    printf("Enter the PID, ArrivialTime & BurstTime for each proc\n");
    int id, bt, at;
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {

```

```

    scanf("%d %d %d", &id, &at, &bt);
    Rqueue[i].arrTime = at;
    Rqueue[i].burstTime = bt;
    Rqueue[i].currState = EMBRYO;
    Rqueue[i].pid = id;
    Rqueue[i].initStartTime = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime = 0;
    tempStoreBT[i] = bt;
}
}

void __PS() {
    printf("PID\tArr\tBurst\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", Rqueue[i].pid, Rqueue[i].arrTime, Rqueue[i].burstTime);
}

void sched() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[i].arrTime
            && Rqueue[i].currState == EMBRYO) {

            int minArr = i;
            for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {

                if (Rqueue[j].currState == EMBRYO
                    && CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[j].arrTime
                    && Rqueue[j].arrTime < Rqueue[minArr].arrTime)

                    minArr = j;
            }
            i = minArr;
            Rqueue[i].currState = RUNNABLE;
            Rqueue[i].initStartTime = CLK_CYCLE;
            return;
        }
    }
}

int isAllDone() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (Rqueue[i].currState != TERMINATED)
            return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}

void __CPU_SCHED(int idx) {
    Rqueue[idx].currState = RUNNING;
    int BT = Rqueue[idx].burstTime;
    while (BT > 0) {
        CLK_CYCLE++;
        BT--;
    }
    Rqueue[idx].burstTime = 0;
}

```

```

    if (BT == 0) {
        Rqueue[idx].finalEndTime = CLK_CYCLE;
        Rqueue[idx].currState = TERMINATED;
        printf("COMPLETED!!\tpid: %d\tCLK: %ld\n", Rqueue[idx].pid, CLK_CYCLE);
    }
    // record the Completion time for a process
}

// returns the index for that process to run
void proc() {
    while (1) {
        // check if all have done
        if (isAllDone() == 1)
            return;

        int i;

        for (i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
            if (Rqueue[i].currState == RUNNABLE) {

                // find the minBT process
                int minBT = i;
                for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {
                    if (Rqueue[j].currState == RUNNABLE &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].arrTime > Rqueue[j].arrTime)
                        minBT = j;
                }

                i = minBT;
                __CPU_SCHED(i);

                break;
            }
        }
        if (i == NoOfProcesses) {
            // no process was found
            CLK_CYCLE++;
        }
        // when a process gets completed the scheduler is called
        sched();
    }
}

void ReportDis() {
    int totalBT = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {
        int TT = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int RT = Rqueue[i].initStartTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int WT = TT - tempStoreBT[i];
        printf("Process\tPID: %d\tBT: %d\tAT: %d\tTT: %d\tWT: %d\tRT: %d\n",
            Rqueue[i].pid, tempStoreBT[i], Rqueue[i].arrTime, TT, WT, RT);
        totalBT += tempStoreBT[i];
    }
}

```

```
}
printf("TOTAL TIME: %ld\n", CLK_CYCLE);
size_t idleTime = CLK_CYCLE - totalBT;
printf("TOTAL IDLE Time: %ld\n", idleTime);
printf("CPU UTIT: %d\tCPU UTIL PER: %f\n", totalBT, (float)(totalBT) /
(CLK_CYCLE));
}

int main() {
    CLK_CYCLE = 0;
    printf("Enter number of processes");
    scanf("%d", &NoOfProcesses);
    Rqueue = (struct proc *)malloc(sizeof(struct proc) * NoOfProcesses);
    tempStoreBT = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * NoOfProcesses);
    enterData();
    __PS();
    // initial scheduler is called so as to make the process as runnable
    sched();
    proc();

    // all have done display Report
    ReportDis();

    free(Rqueue);
    free(tempStoreBT);
    return 0;
}
```

Output


```

[Lab08] git:(master) >>> make q2 && make run
gcc -Wall Q2.c
./a.out
Enter number of processes4
Enter the PID, ArrivialTime & BurstTime for each proc
1 6 4
2 0 2
3 4 2
4 5 6
PID      Arr      Burst
1         6         4
2         0         2
3         4         2
4         5         6
COMPLETED!!      pid: 2   CLK: 2
COMPLETED!!      pid: 3   CLK: 6
COMPLETED!!      pid: 4   CLK: 12
COMPLETED!!      pid: 1   CLK: 16
Process PID: 1   BT: 4   AT: 6   TT: 10   WT: 6   RT: 6
Process PID: 2   BT: 2   AT: 0   TT: 2   WT: 0   RT: 0
Process PID: 3   BT: 2   AT: 4   TT: 2   WT: 0   RT: 0
Process PID: 4   BT: 6   AT: 5   TT: 7   WT: 1   RT: 1
TOTAL TIME: 16
TOTAL IDLE Time: 2
CPU UTIT: 14      CPU UTIL PER: 0.875000
[Lab08] git:(master) >>>

```

Question 3

Write a program in C to implement SJF CPU scheduling (non-preemptive)(o/p-response time, turnaround time , waiting time, average waiting time.)

Solution

```

#include "proc.h"
#include "timer.h"

#ifdef STDIO_H
#include <stdio.h>
#endif
#ifdef STDLIB_H
#include <stdlib.h>
#endif

int NoOfProcesses;

void enterData() {

```

```

printf("Enter the PID, ArrivialTime & BurstTime for each proc\n");
int id, bt, at;
for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
{
    scanf("%d %d %d", &id, &at, &bt);
    Rqueue[i].arrTime = at;
    Rqueue[i].burstTime = bt;
    Rqueue[i].currState = EMBRYO;
    Rqueue[i].pid = id;
    Rqueue[i].initStartTime = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime = 0;
    tempStoreBT[i] = bt;
}
}

void __PS() {
    printf("PID\tArr\tBurst\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", Rqueue[i].pid, Rqueue[i].arrTime, Rqueue[i].burstTime);
}

void sched() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[i].arrTime
            && Rqueue[i].currState == EMBRYO) {

            int minBT = i;
            for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {

                if (Rqueue[j].currState == EMBRYO
                    && CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[j].arrTime
                    && Rqueue[j].burstTime < Rqueue[minBT].burstTime)

                    minBT = j;
            }
            i = minBT;
            Rqueue[i].currState = RUNNABLE;
            Rqueue[i].initStartTime = CLK_CYCLE;
            return;
        }
    }
}

int isAllDone() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (Rqueue[i].currState != TERMINATED)
            return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}

void __CPU_SCHED(int idx) {
    Rqueue[idx].currState = RUNNING;
    int BT = Rqueue[idx].burstTime;
    while (BT > 0) {

```

```

        CLK_CYCLE++;
        BT--;
    }
    Rqueue[idx].burstTime = 0;
    if (BT == 0) {
        Rqueue[idx].finalEndTime = CLK_CYCLE;
        Rqueue[idx].currState = TERMINATED;
        printf("COMPLETED!!\t pid: %d\t CLK: %ld\n", Rqueue[idx].pid, CLK_CYCLE);
    }
    // record the Completion time for a process
}

// returns the index for that process to run
void proc() {
    while (1) {
        // check if all have done
        if (isAllDone() == 1)
            return;

        int i;

        for (i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
            if (Rqueue[i].currState == RUNNABLE) {

                // find the minBT process
                int minBT = i;
                for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {
                    if (Rqueue[j].currState == RUNNABLE &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].burstTime > Rqueue[j].burstTime)
                        minBT = j;
                    if (Rqueue[j].currState == RUNNABLE &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].burstTime == Rqueue[j].burstTime &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].arrTime > Rqueue[j].arrTime)
                        minBT = j;
                }

                i = minBT;
                __CPU_SCHED(i);

                break;
            }
        }
        if (i == NoOfProcesses) {
            // no process was found
            CLK_CYCLE++;
        }
        // when a process gets completed the scheduler is called
        sched();
    }
}

void ReportDis() {
    int Swt = 0;

```

```

    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {
        int TT = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int RT = Rqueue[i].initStartTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int WT = TT - tempStoreBT[i];
        Swt += WT;
        printf("Process\tPID: %d\tBT: %d\tAT: %d\tTT: %d\tWT: %d\tRT: %d\n",
            Rqueue[i].pid, tempStoreBT[i], Rqueue[i].arrTime, TT, WT, RT);
    }
    printf("Avg WT: %f\n", (float)(Swt)/NoOfProcesses);
}

int main() {
    CLK_CYCLE = 0;
    printf("Enter number of processes");
    scanf("%d", &NoOfProcesses);
    Rqueue = (struct proc *)malloc(sizeof(struct proc) * NoOfProcesses);
    tempStoreBT = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * NoOfProcesses);
    enterData();
    __PS();
    // initial scheduler is called so as to make the process as runnable
    sched();
    proc();

    // all have done display Report
    ReportDis();

    free(Rqueue);
    free(tempStoreBT);
    return 0;
}

```

Output

```
[Lab08] git:(master) >>> make q3 && make run
gcc -Wall Q3.c
./a.out
Enter number of processes4
Enter the PID, ArrivialTime & BurstTime for each proc
1 6 4
2 0 2
3 4 2
4 5 6
PID      Arr      Burst
1         6         4
2         0         2
3         4         2
4         5         6
COMPLETED!!      pid: 2  CLK: 2
COMPLETED!!      pid: 3  CLK: 6
COMPLETED!!      pid: 1  CLK: 10
COMPLETED!!      pid: 4  CLK: 16
Process PID: 1  BT: 4  AT: 6  TT: 4  WT: 0  RT: 0
Process PID: 2  BT: 2  AT: 0  TT: 2  WT: 0  RT: 0
Process PID: 3  BT: 2  AT: 4  TT: 2  WT: 0  RT: 0
Process PID: 4  BT: 6  AT: 5  TT: 11  WT: 5  RT: 5
Avg WT: 1.250000
```

Question 4

Write a program in C to implement SJF CPU scheduling (preemptive)(o/p-response time, turnaround time , waiting time, average waiting time.)

Solution

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "proc.h"
#include "timer.h"

#ifdef STDIO_H
#include <stdio.h>
#endif
#ifdef STDLIB_H
#include <stdlib.h>
#endif

int NoOfProcesses;

void enterData() {
    printf("Enter the PID, ArrivialTime & BurstTime for each proc\n");
    int id, bt, at;
```

```

    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d %d %d", &id, &at, &bt);
        Rqueue[i].arrTime = at;
        Rqueue[i].burstTime = bt;
        Rqueue[i].currState = EMBRYO;
        Rqueue[i].pid = id;
        Rqueue[i].initStartTime = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime = 0;
        tempStoreBT[i] = bt;
    }
}

void __PS() {
    printf("PID\tArr\tBurst\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", Rqueue[i].pid, Rqueue[i].arrTime, Rqueue[i].burstTime);
}

void sched() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[i].arrTime
            && Rqueue[i].currState == EMBRYO) {

            int minBT = i;
            for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {

                if (Rqueue[j].currState == EMBRYO
                    && CLK_CYCLE >= Rqueue[j].arrTime
                    && Rqueue[j].burstTime < Rqueue[minBT].burstTime)

                    minBT = j;
            }
            i = minBT;
            Rqueue[i].currState = RUNNABLE;
            // it is not always gaurantee that once the program get its RUNNABLE it it
            // Loaded on CPU
            // Rqueue[i].initStartTime = CLK_CYCLE;
            return;
        }
    }
}

int isAllDone() {
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
        if (Rqueue[i].currState != TERMINATED)
            return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}

void __CPU_SCHED(int idx) {
    Rqueue[idx].currState = RUNNING;
    int BT = Rqueue[idx].burstTime;
    // if the process starts its exquition for the first time it saves it

```

```

    if (BT == tempStoreBT[idx]) {
        Rqueue[idx].initStartTime = CLK_CYCLE;
    }
    bool flag = true;
    while (BT > 0 && flag) {
        CLK_CYCLE++;
        BT--;
        flag = false; // ensuring that cpu runs for only one clk so that we can check
continuously
        // for the new arrivial process
    }
    Rqueue[idx].burstTime = BT;
    if (BT == 0) {
        Rqueue[idx].finalEndTime = CLK_CYCLE;
        Rqueue[idx].currState = TERMINATED;
        printf("COMPLETED!!\tpid: %d\tCLK: %ld\n", Rqueue[idx].pid, CLK_CYCLE);
        return;
    }
    Rqueue[idx].currState = RUNNABLE;
    // record the Complition time for a process
}

// returns the index for that process to run
void proc() {
    while (1) {
        // check if all have done
        if (isAllDone() == 1)
            return;

        int i;

        for (i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++) {
            if (Rqueue[i].currState == RUNNABLE) {

                // find the minBT process
                int minBT = i;
                for (int j = 0; j < NoOfProcesses; j++) {
                    if (Rqueue[j].currState == RUNNABLE &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].burstTime > Rqueue[j].burstTime)
                        minBT = j;
                    if (Rqueue[j].currState == RUNNABLE &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].burstTime == Rqueue[j].burstTime &&
                        Rqueue[minBT].arrTime > Rqueue[j].arrTime)
                        minBT = j;
                }

                i = minBT;
                __CPU_SCHED(i);

                break;
            }
        }

        if (i == NoOfProcesses) {

```

```

        // no process was found
        CLK_CYCLE++;
    }
    // when a process gets completed the scheduler is called
    sched();
}
}

void ReportDis() {
    int Swt = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < NoOfProcesses; i++)
    {
        int TT = Rqueue[i].finalEndTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int RT = Rqueue[i].initStartTime - Rqueue[i].arrTime;
        int WT = TT - tempStoreBT[i];
        Swt += WT;
        printf("Process\tpID: %d\tBT: %d\tAT: %d\tTT: %d\tWT: %d\tRT: %d\n",
            Rqueue[i].pid, tempStoreBT[i], Rqueue[i].arrTime, TT, WT, RT);
    }
    printf("Avg WT: %f\n", (float)(Swt)/NoOfProcesses);
}

int main() {
    CLK_CYCLE = 0;
    printf("Enter number of processes");
    scanf("%d", &NoOfProcesses);
    Rqueue = (struct proc *)malloc(sizeof(struct proc) * NoOfProcesses);
    tempStoreBT = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * NoOfProcesses);
    enterData();
    __PS();
    // initial scheduler is called so as to make the process as runnable
    sched();
    proc();

    // all have done display Report
    ReportDis();

    free(Rqueue);
    free(tempStoreBT);
    return 0;
}

```

Output


```
[Lab08] git:(master) >>> make q4 && make run
gcc -Wall Q4.c
./a.out
Enter number of processes5
Enter the PID, ArrivialTime & BurstTime for each proc
1 2 5
2 4 6
3 1 7
4 5 1
5 8 2
PID      Arr      Burst
1         2        5
2         4        6
3         1        7
4         5        1
5         8        2
COMPLETED!! pid: 4 CLK: 6
COMPLETED!! pid: 1 CLK: 8
COMPLETED!! pid: 5 CLK: 10
COMPLETED!! pid: 3 CLK: 16
COMPLETED!! pid: 2 CLK: 22
Process PID: 1 BT: 5 AT: 2 TT: 6 WT: 1 RT: 0
Process PID: 2 BT: 6 AT: 4 TT: 18 WT: 12 RT: 12
Process PID: 3 BT: 7 AT: 1 TT: 15 WT: 8 RT: 0
Process PID: 4 BT: 1 AT: 5 TT: 1 WT: 0 RT: 0
Process PID: 5 BT: 2 AT: 8 TT: 2 WT: 0 RT: 0
Avg WT: 4.200000
[Lab08] git:(master) >>>
```