Image Processing: how to make a RAW image

(thing) by **Footprints**

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To mess around with an image, you need to have it in <u>RAW</u> format. Of course, I am assuming you want to process an image yourself, not using <u>Photoshop</u> or some other tool that is <u>wonderful and yet limited</u>.

To briefly recap, the <u>.raw extension</u> means that there is nothing but image information in the file (and not even that). It is the succession of <u>bytes</u> that defines a picture. In b/w greyscale, it means that each consecutive byte represents a grey scale of a consecutive <u>pixel</u>. This is the most comfortable <u>format</u> for working with images. No need for reading headers and decoding, which makes modifying jpegs a bitch.

There are 3 simple steps to making a raw file:

- 1. Download <u>Irfanview</u>. (for example from <u>Tucows</u>). It's <u>freeware</u>, and can read most formats. You'll need it.
- 2. Open any picture you want in Irfanview (be it jpg, gif, bmp, whatever). Now convert it to pgm, if it's black and white, or ppm if it's in colour. I'm going to discuss pgm pics, because they're simpler. ppm is the same basically, only 3 bytes for every pixel.
- 3. Run the following C/C++ program on the pgm file, and you'll have a .raw file ready for manipulation.

Notes:

- I'm no great C/C++ wizard so if you ARE one, this code is going to suck. But it works. If someone should wish to write a more elegant code, please /msg me and I'll change it.
- You have to open the files in binary (rb & wb);
- Due to my terrriffic inefficiency, you'll simply have to change the code to fit bigger or smaller pictures. I've linked the code where you have to do the changes. I've read 4 bytes, assuming that the pic is over a hundred pixels wide and high. If it's less than 100, you'll have to read 3 pixels.
- Naturally, you'll have to change the filenames too. I've linked them for ease of finding them.

```
/********
  pgm2raw.cpp - removes the header from a pgm file
 *********
#include <stdio.h>
#include <iostream.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
bool removeHeader(FILE *fin, FILE *fraw) {
        char s='a';
        char j1[3];
        int number of columns, number of lines;
        int pic_size=\overline{0};
        // read intro
        for (int i=0; i<3; i++) {
                do{
                        fread(&s, 1, 1, fin);
                 }while (s!='\n');
                 // read number of columns and rows
                if (i==1) {
                         fread(j1, 1, 4, fin);
                         number of columns = (int)atof(j1);
                         fread(\overline{j}1, 1, \underline{4}, fin);
                         number of lines = (int)atof(j1);
                         pic size=number of_columns*number_of_lines;
                         cout<<number of columns<<" "<<number of lines<<endl;</pre>
                 }
```

1 of 2 8/23/2010 5:54 PM

```
if (pic size ==0)
                return false;
        unsigned char *buffer = new unsigned char[pic size];
        // copy file
        fread(buffer, 1, pic_size*sizeof(unsigned char), fin);
        fwrite(buffer, 1, pic size*sizeof(unsigned char), fraw);
        delete[] buffer;
        return true;
}
void main()
        FILE *fin, *fraw;
        // open input file
        if ((fin = fopen("FILE NAME.pgm", "rb")) == NULL)
                cout<<"No such file exists"<<endl;</pre>
                exit(0);
        }
        // make sure the output file can be opened
        if ((fraw = fopen("OTHER FILE NAME.raw", "wb+")) != NULL) {
                if (!removeHeader(fin, fraw))
                        cout<<"Error: problematic pgm file"<<endl;</pre>
                // close file
                fclose(fraw);
        fclose(fin);
}
```

2 of 2