Main Page | File List | Globals

edge.c

Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00002 /* Edge Detection Program //
00003 /* A suggested user interface is as follows: //
00004 /* edge (-roberts,-prewitt,-sobel,-frei) [-skipNMS] [-t thresh1 thresh2] img > edgem*/
00005 /* ECE 532 : Digital Image Analysis //
00006 /* HW Assignment 1 */
00006 /*
00007 /* Input: PGM file
               Output:PGM file + Image map.
Author: Nikhil Shirahatti
Date: 09/13/2003
00008
00009
00011
00017
00018 extern int read_pgm_hdr(FILE *, int *, int *);
00019 extern void **matrix(int, int, int, int, int);
00020 extern void error(const char *);
 00021 int skipNMS=0;
00023
00026 /* READ PGM HEADER */
00027
00027
00028 /* This function reads the header of a PGM image. */
00029 /* The dimensions are returned as arguments. */
00030 /* This function ensures that there's no more than 8 bpp. */
00031 /* The return value is negative if there's an error. */
00032
 00033 int read_pgm_hdr(FILE *fp, int *nrows, int *ncols)
           char filetype[3];
int maxval;
00035
00036
00037
           if (skipcomment (fp) == EOF
    || fscanf (fp, "%2s", filetype) != 1
    || strcmp(filetype, "P5")
    || skipcomment (fp) == EOF
    || fscanf (fp, "%d", ncols) != 1
    || skipcomment (fp) == EOF
    || fscanf (fp, "%d", nrows) != 1
    || skipcomment (fp) == EOF
    || fscanf (fp, "%d%*c", &maxval) != 1
    || maxval > 255)
    return (-1);
else return (0);
}
00038
00039
00040
00041
00042
00044
00045
00046
00047
00048
00049
00050 }
00051
00053 /* ERROR HANDLER */
00054
00055
         void error(const char *msg)
00056 {
             fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", msg);
00057
00058
             exit(1);
00059 }
00062
00063 /* DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATE A PSEUDO 2-D ARRAY */
00074 void **matrix(int nrows, int ncols, int first_row_coord, 00075 int first_col_coord, int element_size)
00075
00076 {
00077
             void **p;
00078
00079
             int alignment;
long i;
08000
             if(nrows < 1 || ncols < 1) return(NULL);
i = nrows*sizeof(void *);
/* align the addr of the data to be a multiple of sizeof(long double) */
alignment = i % sizeof(long double);
if(alignment != 0) alignment = sizeof(long double) - alignment;
i += nrows*ncols*element_size+alignment;</pre>
00081
00083
00084
00085
00086
00087
              if((p = (void **)malloc((size_t)i)) != NULL)
{
 00088
                /* compute the address of matrix[first_row_coord][0] */
p[0] = (char *) (p+nrows) +alignment-first_col_coord*element_size;
for(i = 1; i < nrows; i++)
    /* compute the address of matrix[first_row_coord+i][0] */
p[i] = (char *) (p[i-1]) +ncols*element_size;
/* compute the address of matrix[0][0] */
p -= first_row_coord;</pre>
00089
00090
00091
00092
00093
00094
00095
00096
00097
00098 }
              return(p);
00099
00101 /* SKIP COMMENT */
00102
00102 ^{\prime} This function skips past a comment in a file. The comment ^{\prime} 00104 /^{\star} begins with a '#' character and ends with a newline character. ^{\prime} 00105 /^{\star} The function returns EOF if there's an error. ^{\star}/
00107 int skipcomment(FILE *fp)
```

```
00108 {
                        int i;
 00109
 00110
 00111
                         if((i = getc(fp)) == '#')
while((i = getc(fp)) != '\n' && i != EOF);
 00112
 00113
                        return(ungetc(i, fp));
 00115
 00116
 00118
 00119 /* REFLECT AN IMAGE ACROSS ITS BORDERS */
 00121 /*
                           The parameter "amount" tells the number of rows or columns to be ^{\star}/
00121 /* The parameter "amount" tells the number of rows or columns to be */
00122 /* reflected across each of the borders. */
00123 /* It is assumed that the data type is unsigned char. */
00124 /* It is assumed that the array was allocated to be of size at least */
00125 /* (nrows+2*amount) by (ncols+2*amount), and that the image was loaded */
00126 /* into the middle portion of the array, with coordinates, */
00127 /* 0 <= row < nrows, 0 <= col < ncols */
00128 /* thereby leaving empty elements along the borders outside the image */
00129 /* The "reflect" function will then fill in those empty */
00130 /* elements along the borders with the reflected image pixel values. */
00131 /* For example, x[0][-1] will be assigned the value of x[0][0], */
00132 /* and x[0][-2] will be assigned the value of x[0][1], if amount=2. */
 00133
 00134 void reflect(unsigned char **xc, int nrows, int ncols, int amount)
 00135 {
                        int i, j;
 00136
 00137
                         00138
 00139
 00140
 00141
00142
                         for(i = -amount; i < 0; i++)</pre>
 00142
00143
00144
00145
                              for(j = -amount; j < 0; j++)
  xc[i][j] = xc[-i-1][-j-1];
for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)
  xc[i][j] = xc[-i-1][j];
for(j = ncols; j < ncols+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+mools+moo
 00146
 00147
                                   for (j = ncols; j < ncols+amount; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[-i-1][ncols+ncols-j-1];</pre>
 00148
 00149
 00150
00151
                         for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
 00152
                              for(j = -amount; j < 0; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[i][-j-1];
for(j = ncols; j < ncols+amount; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[i][ncols+ncols-j-1];</pre>
 00153
 00154
 00155
 00156
 00157
 00158
                          for(i = nrows; i < nrows+amount; i++)
 00159
00160
                              for (j = -amount; j < 0; j++)</pre>
                               xc[i][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-i-1][-j-1];
for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)
  xc[i][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-i-1][j];</pre>
 00161
 00162
00163
                               xc[1][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-1-1][j];
for(j = ncols; j < ncols+amount; j++)
xc[i][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-i-1][ncols+ncols-j-1];</pre>
 00164
 00165
00166
 00167
 00168
00169
 00170 /* REFLECTING FLOAT */
 00171
                   void reflectf(float **xc, int nrows, int ncols, int amount)
 00173 {
 00174
00175
 00176
00177
00178
                        00179
 00180
00181
                         for (i = -amount; i < 0; i++)
 00182
                             for(j = -amount; j < 0; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[-i-1][-j-1];
for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[-i-1][j];
for(j = ncols; j < ncols+amount; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[-i-1][ncols+ncols-j-1];</pre>
 00183
00184
 00185
 00186
00187
 00188
 00189
00190
 00191
                         for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
 00192
00193
                               for(j = -amount; j < 0; j++)</pre>
                               xc[i][j] = xc[i][-j-1];
for(j = ncols; j < ncols+amount; j++)
xc[i][j] = xc[i][ncols+ncols-j-1];</pre>
 00194
 00195
00196
 00197
 00198
00199
                         for(i = nrows; i < nrows+amount; i++)</pre>
 00200
                             for(j = -amount; j < 0; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-i-1][-j-1];
for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-i-1][j];
for(j = ncols; j < ncols+amount; j++)
    xc[i][j] = xc[nrows+nrows-i-1][ncols+ncols-j-1];</pre>
 00201
 00202
 00203
 00204
00205
 00206
 00207
00208
 00209
 00210 ,
00211 /* A method for Linear Interpolation */
 00212
   00213 float LinearInterpolate(
                           float y1, float y2,
float mu)
 00215
 00216
00217
                           return(y1*(1-mu)+y2*mu);
 00218 }
 00219
 00220 /
 00221
  . 00222 void nms(float **anglec, float **magc,int nrows , int ncols,int thresh,int thresh2)
 00224
```

```
00225 /* PERFORMS NON-MAXIMUM SUPRESSION TO DETECT EDGES */
00226
         int i,j,r,c,edgepoints1=0,edgepoints2=0,last=0,nochange;
FILE *fpy;
00227
00229
          float angle, maxm;
         int ax_pos,ay_pos,r1,c1,r2,c2,edgecount,r3,c3,r4,c4,count_points=0; unsigned char** edgemap; float_mu =0.5 , anglecal, ivalue1,ivalue2;
00230
00231
00232
00232
00233
00234
00235
         printf("===
         printf(" Performing Non_maximum-Supression\n");
00236
00237
00238
         edgemap = (unsigned char **) matrix(nrows+2,ncols+2,-1,-1,sizeof(char));
/* SO FIRST REFLECT THE MAGC BY 1 PIXEL */
         00239
00240
00241
00242
00243
00244
00245
00246
00247
        /* HYSTERESIS THRESHODING */
              for(i=0;i<nrows;i++)</pre>
00247
00248
00249
00250
                   for(j=0;j<ncols;j++)</pre>
                       edgemap[i][j] =0;
00251
00252
00253
00254
00255
              if(thresh != thresh2)
00256
                   while( nochange)
00257
00258
00259
00260
00261
00262
                        for(i=0;i<nrows;i++)</pre>
                             for(j=0;j<ncols;j++)</pre>
00263
00264
00265
                                  if (magc[i][j] >= thresh2 *thresh2)
                                       edgemap[i][j] = 255;
edgepoints2++;
00266
00267
00268
                                  else if(magc[i][j] <= thresh*thresh)</pre>
00269
00270
00271
                                       edgemap[i][j] = 0;
00272
00273
00274
00275
                                       edgecount =0;
00276
00277
                                       for(r=i-1;r<= i+1; r++)
00278
00279
00280
                                            for(c=j-1;c<=j+1;c++)</pre>
                                                if(edgemap[r][c] == 255 )
                                                  edgecount++;
00281
00283
00284
                                       if(edgecount >= 1)
00285
00286
                                            edgemap[i][j] = 255;
00287
                                           edgepoints2++;
00288
00290
                                         edgemap[i][j] =0;
00291
00292
                               }
00293
00294
                        /* CONDITION FOR CONVERGENCE */
00295
                        if(abs(last-edgepoints2) < 20)
  nochange=0; /* means there is nochange stop */</pre>
00296
00297
00298
                          nochange =1; /* means there is change -> iterate */
00299
                        nocmanye -1; /* means there is change ->
last = edgepoints2;
count_points = count_points + edgepoints2;
edgepoints2 =0;
00300
00301
00302
00303
                }
00305
00306
00308
00309
00310
                   printf(" Number of Edgepoints after hysterisis thresholding is d\n", last );
00311 /*
           if(count_points < 13000)
00312
              00313
00314
00315
00316
00317 */
00318 printf(" Finsihed calculating the edges using thresholding and NMS\n");
       /* WRITE THE IMAGE AFTER HYSTERISIS THRESHOLDING*/
00320
00321
00322
         00323
00324
00325
            if(fwrite(&edgemap[i][0], sizeof(char), ncols, fpy) != ncols)
error("can't write the image");
00326
00327
00328
00329
00330
00331
         /\star FOR EACH PIXEL IN MAGC IF IT HAS A LOCAL MAXIMA IN THE DIRECTION OF ANGLEC THEN IT IS AN EDGE \star/
00332
00333
00334
         for( i =0; i< nrows; i++)</pre>
00335
00336
00337
             for(j=0;j< ncols;j++)</pre>
                 {
  angle = anglec[i][j];
00338
00339
00340
00341
```

```
/* TO FIND POINTS FOR INTERPOLATION */
/* printf("The angle is %f \n", angle); */
/* BRUTE FORCE METHOD OF COMPARING EIGHT CASES */
00342
00343
00345
00346
                          if( edgemap[i][j] == 255 )
00347
00348
00349
                                 anglecal = angle;
00350
00351
00352
                                 if(0 <= anglecal < M_PI/4)</pre>
00353
                                        r1=0;
                                       r1=0;
c1=1;
r2 =1;
c2 =1;
r3 =0;
c3 =-1;
r4 = -1;
00354
00355
00356
00357
00358
00359
00360
00361
                                        c4 -1;
/* mu = tan(angle); */
00362
00363
00364
                                 if (M_PI/4 <= anglecal <M_PI/2)</pre>
                                       r1=1;
c1=1;
r2 =1;
c2 =0;
r3 = -1;
c3 =-1;
00365
00366
00367
00368
00369
00370
                                     r4 = -1;
c4 = 0;
/* mu =1-1/tan(angle); */
00371
00371
00372
00373
00374
00375
00376
                                 if(M_PI/2 \le anglecal < 3*M_PI/4)
00377
00378
00379
                                       r1=1;
                                     r1=1;
c1=0;
r2 =1;
c2 =-1;
r3=-1;
c3 =0;
r4 = -1;
c4 =1;
/* mu = -1/tan(angle); */
00380
00381
00382
00383
00384
00385
00386
00387
                                 if (3*M_PI/4 <= anglecal < M_PI)</pre>
00388
                                        r1=1;
00389
                                       r1=1;
c1=-1;
r2 =0;
c2 =-1;
r3 =-1;
c3 =1;
00390
00391
00392
00393
00394
00395
00396
00397
                                     r4 = 0;
c4 =1;
/* mu = -tan(angle); */
00398
00399
00400
00401
                                 if(M_PI \le anglecal < - M_PI/4)
00402
                                        r1=-1;
00404
                                        c1=1;
                                        r2 =0;
c2 =1;
r3 =0;
00405
00407
00408
                                       c3 =-1;
r4 =1;
                                        c4 = -1;

/* mu =tan(angle); */
00410
00411
00412
                                 if(-M_PI/4 \le anglecal < -M_PI/2)
00413
00414
                                        r1=-1;
00416
                                        c1=1;
00417
00418
                                        r2 =-1;
c2 =0;
                                        r3 = 1;
c3 =-1;
r4 =1;
00419
00420
00421
                                      c4 =0;

/* mu =1-1/tan(angle); */
00422
00423
00424
                                 if(-M_PI/2 <= anglecal < -3*M_PI/4)</pre>
00425
00426
00427
                                        r1=-1;
                                        c1=0;
r2 =-1;
c2 =-1;
r3 = 1;
00428
00429
00431
00432
00433
                                        c3 =0;
r4=1;
                                        c4 =1;
/* mu = -1/tan(angle); */
00434
00435
                                 if(-3*M_PI/4 \le anglecal < -M_PI)
00437
00438
                                        r1=-1;
                                       c1=-1;
c1=-1;
r2 =0;
c2 =-1;
r3= 1;
c3 =1;
r4=0;
00440
00441
00442
00443
00444
                                      c4 =1;
/* mu
00446
00447
00448
                                           mu = -tan(angle); */
00449
00450
00451
                                 ivalue1 = LinearInterpolate(magc[i+r1][j+c1], magc[i+r2][j+c2], mu);
ivalue2 = LinearInterpolate(magc[i+r3][j+c3], magc[i+r4][j+c4], mu);
00452
00453
00454
                                 /* END OF COMPARING ANGLES */
00455
00456
00457
                                 if( magc[i][j] > ivalue2 && magc[i][j] > ivalue2)
                                        edgemap[i][j] = 255;
00458
```

```
00459
                                    edgepoints1++;
00460
00461
00462
00463
00464
                                    edgemap[i][j] =0;
00465
00466
                          }
00467
00468
00469
00470
00471
00472
           /* PRINT IMAGE AFTER NMS */
           printf(" Number of Edgepoints after NMS on hysterisis thresholding is %d\n", edgepoints1);
   /* WRITE THE IMAGE */
if((fpy =fopen("edgemap_nms.pgm","w")) == 0)
   error(" Error writing file\n");
fprintf(fpy, "P5\n%d %d\n255\n", ncols, nrows);
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
00473
00474
00475
00476
00477
00478
             if(fwrite(&edgemap[i][0], sizeof(char), ncols, fpy) != ncols)
error("can't write the image");
00479
00480
           fclose(fpy);
00482
00483 /
00484 /*
               if((edgepoints1 > 12000 && edgepoints1 < 125000)) */
                      printf(" # Edgepoints within the range specified\n"); */
00485 /*
00486
00487
                else if(edgepoints1 < 12000 ) */
00488 /*
00489 /*
00490 /*
00491 /*
                      thresh = thresh -1; */
thresh2 = thresh2 +1; */
nms(anglec,magc,nrows,ncols,thresh,thresh2); */
00492
00493
                } */
else */
{ */
00494 /*
00495 /*
00496 /*
                      thresh = thresh + 1; */
thresh2 = thresh2 +1; */
        00497
00498
00499
00498 /*
00499 /*
00500 /*
00501
00502
00503 }
00504
00505
0506 /*-----*/
00507
00508 /* EDGE DETECTION BY ROBERTS OPERATOR */
00509
00510 /* The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00511 /* The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00512 ^{\prime\star} The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's ^{\star\prime}
00514 void robert(unsigned char **xc, int nrows, int ncols, int thresh, int thresh2)
00515 {
00516
00517
           float **row, **col,**theta,**y;
unsigned char **edgemap;
int i,j,edgepoints=0;
FILE *fpy;
00518
00519
00520
00521
           00522
00523
00524
00525
00526
           printf(" Applying Robert Operator\n");
           /* COMPUTE THE ROW COMPONENT */
row = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
col = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
theta = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
y = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
edgemap = (unsigned char **) matrix(nrows,ncols,0,0,sizeof(char));
00527
00528
00529
00530
00531
00532
00533
             if( row == NULL || col == NULL || theta == NULL || y == NULL || edgemap == NULL)
  error(" Allocation error of matrices in Robet's sub-function\n");
00534
00535
00536
00537
00538
             printf(" Allocated temporary arrays\n");
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
00539
00540
00541
                for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)</pre>
00542
00543
00544
                      row[i][j]= (float)(xc[i][j] - xc[i-1][j-1])/sqrt(2);
col[i][j]= (float)(xc[i-1][j]-xc[i][j-1])/sqrt(2);
y[i][j] = row[i][j]*row[i][j]+col[i][j]*col[i][j];
theta[i][j]= atan2(col[i][j],row[i][j]);
00545
00546
00547
00548
00549
00550
             /* CALL NMS BEFORE DOING ABSOLUTE THRESHOLDING */
00551
             if(!skipNMS)
00552
00553
               nms (theta, y, nrows, ncols, thresh, thresh2);
             /* DO THE THRESHOLDING TO COMPUTE THE EDGE PIXELS */
00554
00555
00556
             for (i=0;i<nrows;i++)</pre>
                   for (j=0; j<ncols; j++)</pre>
00557
00558
00559
                         if(y[i][j] >= thresh2*thresh2)
00560
00561
00562
                               edgemap[i][j] = 255;
                               edgepoints++;
00563
00564
00565
00566
                               edgemap[i][j] =0;
00567
00568
                     }
               }
00569
00570
00571
             /* EDGE-POINTS */
00572
00573
00574
             printf("Number of Edgepoints using simple thresholding is %d\n",edgepoints);
00575
             /* WRITE THE IMAGE */
```

```
fprintf(fpy, "P5\n%d %d\n255\n", ncols, nrows);
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)
  if(fwrite(&edgemap[i][0], sizeof(char), ncols, fpy) != ncols)
  error("can't write the image");</pre>
00576
00577
00578
00579
00580
00581
00582
00583
               /* CLOSE FILE & QUIT */
            fclose(fpy);
00584
00585
00586
             exit(0);
00587
00588
00589 }
00590
00591
00592
00593 /* EDGE DETECTION BY PREWITS OPERATOR */
00595 /* The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00596 /* The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/00597 /* The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's */
00598
00599 void prewit(unsigned char **xc, int nrows, int ncols, int thresh,int thresh2)
00600 {
00601 /* The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00602 /* The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00603 /* The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's */
00604
00605
            float **row, **col,**theta,**y;
unsigned char **edgemap;
int i,j,edgepoints=0;
FILE *fpy;
00606
00607
00608
00609
00610
00611
00612
00613
            00614
             printf(" Applying Prewitt's Operator\n");
00615
00616
             /* COMPUTE THE ROW COMPONENT */
              row = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
col = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
theta = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
y = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
edgemap = (unsigned char **) matrix(nrows,ncols,0,0,sizeof(char));
00617
00618
00619
00620
00621
00622
               if( row == NULL || col == NULL || theta == NULL || y == NULL || edgemap == NULL)
  error(" Allocation error of matrices in Prewit's sub-function\n");
00623
00624
00625
00626
00627
00628
               printf(" Allocated temporary arrays\n");
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
00629
00630
00631
                  for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)</pre>
                         row[i][j]= (float)(xc[i+1][j-1] +xc[i+1][j]+ xc[i+1][j+1] - xc[i-1][j-1]-xc[i-1][j]-xc[i-1][j+1])/6;
col[i][j]= (float)(xc[i+1][j+1]+xc[i][j+1]+xc[i-1][j+1]-xc[i-1][j-1]-xc[i][j-1]-xc[i+1][j-1])/6;
y[i][j]= row[i][j]*row[i][j]+ col[i][j]*col[i][j];
theta[i][j]= atan2(col[i][j],row[i][j]);
00632
00633
00634
00635
                }
00636
00637
00638
00639
00640
                /st CALL NMS BEFORE DOING ABSOLUTE THRESHOLDING st/
               if(!skipNMS)
00641
00642
00643
                 nms (theta, y, nrows, ncols, thresh, thresh2);
00644
00645
00646
               /\ast DO THE THRESHOLDING TO COMPUTE THE EDGE PIXELS \ast/
               for(i=0;i<nrows;i++)</pre>
00647
00648
                     for (j=0; j<ncols; j++)</pre>
                            if(y[i][j] >= thresh2*thresh2)
00650
00651
00652
                                  edgemap[i][j] = 255;
00653
                                   edgepoints++;
00654
00655
                           else
00656
00657
00658
                                   edgemap[i][j] =0;
00659
00660
00661
                 }
00662
               /* EDGE-POINTS */
00663
00664
              printf("-----\n");
printf(" Number of Edgepoints using simple thresholding is %d\n",edgepoints);
00665
00666
00667
               /* WRITE THE IMAGE */
          /* WRITE THE IMAGE */
fprintf(fpy, "P5\n%d %d\n255\n", ncols, nrows);
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)
   if(fwrite(&edgemap[i][0], sizeof(char), ncols, fpy) != ncols)
   error("can't write the image");</pre>
00668
00669
00670
00671
00672
00673
              /* CLOSE FILE & QUIT */
             fclose(fpy);
00674
00675
00676
             exit(0);
00677
00678
00679
00680 }
00681
00682
00683
00684 /* EDGE DETECTION BY SOBEL OPERATOR */ 00685
00686 ^{\prime} The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored*/ 00687 ^{\prime} The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/ 00688 ^{\prime} The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's */
00689
00690 void sobel(unsigned char **xc, int nrows, int ncols, int thresh,int thresh2)
             /\ast The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored \!\!\!^\ast/
00692
```

```
00693 /\ast The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/00694 /\ast The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's */
00695
00696
00697
            float **row, **col,**theta,**y;
unsigned char **edgemap;
int i,j,edgepoints=0;
FILE *fpy;
00698
00699
00701
00702
00703
            00704
00705
00706
                                                                                                     ----\n");
            printf(" Applying Sobel Operator\n");
00707
            /* COMPUTE THE ROW COMPONENT */
row = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
col = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
theta = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
y = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
edgemap = (unsigned char **) matrix(nrows,ncols,0,0,sizeof(char));
00708
00709
00710
00711
00712
00713
00714
00715
              if( row == NULL || col == NULL || theta == NULL || y == NULL || edgemap == NULL)
error(" Allocation error of matrices in Sobel's sub-function\n");
00716
00717
00718
              printf("----\n");
              printf(" Allocated temporary arrays\n");
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
00719
00720
00721
00722
                  for(j = 0; j < ncols; j++)
00723
00724
                       00725
00726
00728
00729
00730
00731
00732
00733
                /* CALL NMS BEFORE DOING ABSOLUTE THRESHOLDING */
00734
00735
00736
                  nms (theta, y, nrows, ncols, thresh, thresh2);
00737
              /* DO THE THRESHOLDING TO COMPUTE THE EDGE PIXELS */
00738
00739
              for (i=0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
                    for (j=0; j<ncols; j++)</pre>
00740
00741
00742
                          if(y[i][j] >= thresh2*thresh2)
00743
00744
00745
                                edgemap[i][j] = 255;
edgepoints++;
00746
00747
00748
                         {
                                edgemap[i][i] =0;
00749
00750
00751
               }
00752
00753
00754
              /* EDGE-POINTS */
00755
00756
00757
              printf(" Number of Edgepoints using simple thresholding is %d\n",edgepoints);
00758
            /* WRITE THE IMAGE */
fprintf(fpy, "P5\n%d %d\n255\n", ncols, nrows);
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)
   if(fwrite(&edgemap[i][0], sizeof(char), ncols, fpy) != ncols)
   error("can't write the image");</pre>
00759
00760
00761
00762
00763
00764
00765
00766
            /* CLOSE FILE & QUIT */
            fclose(fpy);
00767
            exit(0):
00768
00769
00770
00771 }
00772
00773 /*-----*/
00774
00775 /* EDGE DETECTION BY FRIE-CHEN OPERATOR */
00776
00777 /* The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored*/ 00778 /* The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/ 00779 /* The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's */ ^{\circ}
00780
00781 void frie_chen(unsigned char **xc, int nrows, int ncols, int thresh,int thresh2)
00782 {
00783 /* The yc array is where the magnitude of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00784 /* The zc array is where the gradient of the resultant correlation is stored*/
00785 /* The edgec array is where edge/ not an edge info is stored in 1's or 0's */
00786
00787
            float **row, **col,**theta,**y;
unsigned char **edgemap;
int i,j,edgepoints =0;
FILE *fpy;
00788
00789
00790
00791
00792
00793
            if((fpy =fopen("edgemap_frie_chen.pgm","w")) == 0)
  error(" Error writing file\n");
printf("-----\n");
00794
00795
00796
00797
            printf(" Applying Frie-Chen Operator\n");
            /* COMPUTE THE ROW COMPONENT */
row = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
col = (float **)matrix(nrows, ncols, 0, 0, sizeof(float));
theta = (float**)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
y = (float **)matrix(nrows+2, ncols+2, -1, -1, sizeof(float));
edgemap = (unsigned char **) matrix(nrows,ncols,0,0,sizeof(char));
00798
00799
00800
00801
00802
00803
00804
              00805
00806
00807
00808
              printf(" Allocated temporary arrays\n");
00809
```

```
00810
             for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)</pre>
00811
00812
                for (j = 0; j < ncols; j++)</pre>
00813
                     \begin{aligned} &\text{row}[i][j] = & \text{(float)} \ (&\text{xc}[i+1][j-1] + \ \text{sqrt}(2) *\text{xc}[i+1][j] + \text{xc}[i+1][j-1] - \ \text{xc}[i-1][j-1] - \ \text{sqrt}(2) *\text{xc}[i-1][j] - \text{xc}[i-1][j+1] / 8 \ ; \\ &\text{col}[i][j] = & \text{(float)} \ (&\text{xc}[i-1][j-1] + \ \text{sqrt}(2) * \ \text{xc}[i][j-1] + \text{xc}[i+1][j-1] - \ \text{xc}[i-1][j+1] - \ \text{sqrt}(2) * \ \text{xc}[i][j+1] - \ \text{xc}[i+1][j-1] / 8; \\ &\text{y}[i][j] = & \text{row}[i][j] * &\text{row}[i][j] * &\text{col}[i][j] * &\text{col}[i][j]; \\ &\text{theta}[i][j] = & &\text{atan2}(&\text{col}[i][j]); \end{aligned} 
00814
00815
00816
00817
00818
00820
00821
00822
00823
              /* CALL NMS BEFORE DOING ABSOLUTE THRESHOLDING */ if(!skipNMS)  
00824
                 nms(theta,y,nrows,ncols,thresh,thresh2);
00825
00826
             /* DO THE THRESHOLDING TO COMPUTE THE EDGE PIXELS */
00827
00828
00829
             for(i=0;i<nrows;i++)</pre>
                  for (j=0; j<ncols; j++)</pre>
00830
00831
00832
                        if(y[i][j] >= thresh2*thresh2)
00833
00834
00835
                             edgemap[i][j] = 255;
                             edgepoints++;
00836
00837
00838
00839
                             edgemap[i][j] =0;
00840
00841
00842
00843
00844 /* EDGE-POINTS */
00845
00846
00847
            printf(" Number of Edgepoints using simple thresholding is %d\n",edgepoints);
00848
00849
         /* WRITE THE IMAGE */
fprintf(fpy, "P5\n%d %d\n255\n", ncols, nrows);
for(i = 0; i < nrows; i++)
  if(fwrite(&edgemap[i][0], sizeof(char), ncols, fpy) != ncols)</pre>
00850
00851
00852
00853
00854
                 error("can't write the image");
00855
00856
           /* CLOSE FILE & QUIT */
           fclose(fpy);
exit(0);
00857
00858
00859
00860
00861
00862
00863
00864
00865
00866
        int main(int argc, char **argv)
00868 {
          FILE *fpx, *fpy;
int nrows, ncols, i, j,thresh,thresh2;
unsigned char **x;
00869
00870
00871
00872
           char *str;
00873
00874
           int r=0, p=0, s=0, f=0, histh=0;
00875
00876
00877
           /* OPEN FILES */
00878
           printf("-----
printf("Opening image file\n");
                                                              ----\n");
00879
00880
           if (argc == 0) fpx = stdin;
00881
00882
00883
               printf(" Making decesion\n");
00884
                if (histh)
00885
00886
                    {
   if((fpx = fopen(*(++argv), "r")) == NULL)
00887
00888
                                  printf("%s1\n",(*argv));
error("can't open file");
00890
                      }
00891
00892
                   }
else
                   {
    if((fpx = fopen((str), "r")) == NULL)
00893
00894
00895
                          printf("%s2\n",(*argv));
error("can't open file");
00896
00897
00898
00899
00900
00901
                                                                                 -\n");
           printt("------
printf(" Opened file --image file %s \n", *argv);
fpy = stdout;
00902
00903
00904
           /* READ HEADER */
00905
00906
00907
           00908
                                                                      ----\n");
00909
00910
           printf(" Read Header \n");
00911
           fclose(fpx);
00912
00913 }
00914
```

Generated on Wed May 4 18:18:26 2005 for Edge detection by