

Functions

1. Write a function `add_numbers(a, b)` that returns the sum of two numbers.
2. Write a function `is_even(n)` that returns `True` if a number is even, and `False` otherwise.
3. Write a function `factorial(n)` that returns the factorial of a given number `n`.
4. Write a function `find_max(a, b, c)` that returns the largest of three numbers.
5. Write a function `reverse_string(s)` that returns the reverse of the input string `s`.
6. Write a function `is_palindrome(s)` that checks if the input string `s` is a palindrome.
7. Write a function `fibonacci(n)` that returns the first `n` numbers in the Fibonacci sequence.
8. Write a function `count_vowels(s)` that returns the number of vowels in the string `s`.
9. Write a function `is_prime(n)` that checks if a number `n` is prime.
10. Write a function `sum_list(lst)` that takes a list of numbers and returns their sum.
11. Write a function `capitalize_words(s)` that capitalizes the first letter of each word in the string `s`.
12. Write a function `remove_duplicates(lst)` that removes duplicate elements from a list.
13. Write a function `merge_two_lists(lst1, lst2)` that merges two lists into one.
14. Write a function `sort_list(lst)` that sorts a list of numbers in ascending order.
15. Write a function `find_gcd(a, b)` that returns the greatest common divisor of two numbers.
16. Write a function `sum_of_squares(n)` that returns the sum of squares of the first `n` natural numbers.

17. Write a function `longest_word(words)` that returns the longest word from a list of words.
18. Write a function `calculate_area(shape, dimension)` that calculates the area of a shape (circle, square, or rectangle) based on the given dimensions.
19. Write a function `temperature_conversion(celsius)` that converts Celsius to Fahrenheit.
20. Write a function `is_anagram(s1, s2)` that checks if two strings `s1` and `s2` are anagrams of each other.
21. Write a recursive function `factorial_recursive(n)` to find the factorial of a number.
22. Write a recursive function `fibonacci_recursive(n)` to return the `n`-th Fibonacci number.
23. Write a recursive function `sum_digits(n)` that returns the sum of the digits of a number.
24. Write a recursive function `reverse_string_recursive(s)` to reverse a string.
25. Write a recursive function `gcd_recursive(a, b)` to find the greatest common divisor of two numbers.
26. Write a recursive function `power(x, n)` that returns `x` raised to the power of `n`.
27. Write a recursive function `flatten(lst)` that flattens a nested list structure.
28. Write a lambda function to add two numbers.
29. Write a lambda function that takes a list of numbers and returns a list of their squares.
30. Write a lambda function to sort a list of tuples based on the second element.
31. Write a lambda function to filter even numbers from a list.
32. Write a lambda function that finds the maximum of two numbers.
33. Write a lambda function to check if a given string is a palindrome.
34. Use a lambda function with `map()` to convert a list of temperatures from Celsius to Fahrenheit.

35. Write a function `sum_all(*args)` that takes any number of arguments and returns their sum.
36. Write a function `multiply_all(*args)` that multiplies all the numbers passed as arguments.
37. Write a function `print_details(**kwargs)` that prints out all the key-value pairs passed as keyword arguments.
38. Write a function `concatenate_strings(*args)` that concatenates an arbitrary number of strings.
39. Write a function `describe_person(name, **kwargs)` where `name` is a required argument, and other details like `age`, `job`, and `city` are optional keyword arguments.
40. Write a function `combine_args_kwargs(*args, **kwargs)` that prints all positional arguments and keyword arguments passed to it.
41. Write a function `find_max_in_args(*args)` that returns the maximum value from the arguments passed.
42. Write a recursive function `sum_all_recursive(*args)` that sums all numbers passed as arguments (including nested tuples or lists).
43. Write a recursive function `flatten_recursive(*args)` that flattens any number of nested lists passed as arguments.