# Dipesh Kafle

## Question 1

1. Implement a port scanner using socket programming. The port scanner checks a number of ports (for instance, from 1 to 1026) to see if they are open (a server is listening on that port number) or closed (a server is not listening on that port number)

#### Code

```
• port_scanner.py
import socket, sys
def main():
    start = 1
    end = 1026
    addr = 'localhost'
    if len(sys.argv)>1 :
        addr = sys.argv[1]
    for port in range(start,end+1):
        try:
            sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM)
            sock.settimeout(1)
            res = sock.connect_ex((addr,port))
                print("{}:{} (tcp) is open".format(addr,port))
            sock.close()
        except:
            continue
main()
```

## Output

• I'm checking all the open ports of localhost. I ran the port\_scanner.py and it showed 80 and 631 are open. After running a command to see all

the ports open on my system, We can confirm that they are indeed 80 and 631.

```
abNetworks/Lab2/Q1 on 🗦 cur_sem [!+?] via 🐍 v3.9.6
LabNetworks/Lab2/Q1 on F cur_sem []
\[ \text{h python port_scanner.py} \]
\[ \text{localhost:80 (tcp) is open} \]
\[ \text{localhost:631 (tcp) is open} \]
\[ \text{LabNetworks/Lab2/Q1 on F cur_sem [} \]
\[ \text{h sudo} \]
\[ \text{local sof -i -P -n | grep LISTEN |} \]
\[ \text{[sudo] password for dipesh:} \]
                                                                      sem [!+?] via 🐍 v3.9.6
                                                                                                                     0t0 TCP [::1]:631 (LISTEN)
0t0 TCP 127.0.0.1:631 (LISTEN)
0t0 TCP *:80 (LISTEN)
0t0 TCP *:80 (LISTEN)
 cupsd
                                                                8u IPv4
4u IPv6
                                                                                           17648
19591
 nttpd
                                                                          IPv6
 nttpd
                                                                          IPv6
 nttpd
 nttpd
                               542
                                                                4u IPv6
                                                                                           19591
 ttpd 543 http 4u IPv6 19591 0t0 TCP *::
abNetworks/Lab2/Q1 on b cur_sem [!+?] via % v3.9.6 took 2s
                                                                                                                      0t0 TCP *:80
```

## Question 2

2. Implement the following using TCP socket: When the server receives a message from a client, it simply converts the message by using following rule

" If a character is a letter or a digit, it will be replaced with the next character in the character set, except that Z will be replaced by A, z by a and 9 by 0. Thus i becomes j, C becomes D, p becomes q and so on. Any character other than a letter or a digit will be replaced by a period(.)" and sends back the same to the client. This sending and receiving message should be done repeatedly until client and server send BYEBYE message.

#### Code

• server.cpp

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <numeric>
#include <optional>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <unistd.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
void HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(int st) {
  if (st == -1) {
    perror("Error in send()/recv()");
    exit(254);
 } else if ((st) == 0) {
    perror("Connection is closed because send/recv returned 0");
    exit(255);
 }
void die_with_error(const char *message, int err_code = 1) {
 perror(message);
  exit(err_code);
}
struct addrinfo *addr_setup(const char *address, const char *port_no) {
  struct addrinfo hints, *result;
 memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(hints));
 hints.ai_addr = AF_UNSPEC;
 hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;
 hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE;
  int status = getaddrinfo(address, port_no, &hints, &result);
  if (status != 0)
    die_with_error("getaddrinfo");
 return result;
int setup_socket(struct addrinfo *result) {
  int yes = 1;
  int sock_fd =
      socket(result->ai_family, result->ai_socktype, result->ai_protocol);
  if (sock_fd < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("socket()");
  if (setsockopt(sock_fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR | SO_REUSEPORT | SO_LINGER,
                 &yes, sizeof(yes)) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("setsockopt");
  if (bind(sock_fd, result->ai_addr, result->ai_addrlen) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("bind()");
 return sock_fd;
}
pair<int, struct sockaddr_storage> accept_connection(int sock_fd) {
  struct sockaddr_storage addr;
  socklen_t len = sizeof(addr);
```

```
int client_fd = accept(sock_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, &len);
  if (client_fd == -1)
    die_with_error("accept()");
 return {client_fd, addr};
void transform_buffer(string &s) {
  auto transformer = [](char c) {
    if (!isalnum(c))
     return '.';
    c += 1;
    if (c == 'z' + 1)
     c = 'a';
    else if (c == 'Z' + 1)
     c = 'A';
    else if (c == '9' + 1)
      c = '0';
   return c;
 };
 transform(s.begin(), s.end(), s.begin(), transformer);
}
void send_message(int conn, const string &message) {
  int sz = message.size();
  int htonl_sz = htonl(sz);
 int st = send(conn, &htonl_sz, sizeof(int), 0);
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(st);
 st = send(conn, message.c_str(), sz, 0);
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(st);
}
void handle_connection(int conn) {
 while (true) {
    int sz;
    int status = recv(conn, &sz, 4, 0);
    HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
    sz = ntohl(sz);
    char *buf = new char[sz + 1];
    status = recv(conn, buf, sz, 0);
    HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
    buf [status] = ' \setminus 0';
```

```
string buffer(buf);
    cout << "Received : " << buffer << endl;</pre>
    delete[] buf;
    if (buffer == "BYEBYE") {
      send_message(conn, "BYEBYE");
      cout << "Sent : BYEBYE" << endl;</pre>
      break;
    } else {
      transform_buffer(buffer);
      send_message(conn, buffer);
      cout << "Sent : " << buffer << endl;</pre>
 }
}
int main() {
  struct addrinfo *result = addr_setup(NULL, "5000");
  int sock_fd = setup_socket(result);
  freeaddrinfo(result);
  listen(sock_fd, 10);
  auto [conn, addr] = accept_connection(sock_fd);
  handle_connection(conn);
  close(conn);
  close(sock_fd);
}
   • client.cpp
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
using namespace std;
void HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(int st) {
  if (st == -1) {
    perror("Error in send()/recv()");
```

```
exit(254);
 } else if ((st) == 0) {
    perror("Connection is closed because send/recv returned 0");
    exit(255);
 }
}
void die_with_error(const char *message, int err_code = 1) {
 perror(message);
  exit(err_code);
struct addrinfo *addr_setup(const char *address, const char *port_no) {
 struct addrinfo hints, *result;
 memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(hints));
 hints.ai_addr = AF_UNSPEC;
 hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;
 hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE;
  int status = getaddrinfo(address, port_no, &hints, &result);
  if (status != 0)
    die_with_error("getaddrinfo()");
 cout << "OK\n";</pre>
 return result;
}
int setup_client_socket(struct addrinfo *result) {
 int yes = 1;
 int sock_fd =
      socket(result->ai_family, result->ai_socktype, result->ai_protocol);
 if (sock_fd < 0)</pre>
    die with error("socket()");
  if (setsockopt(sock_fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR | SO_REUSEPORT | SO_LINGER,
                 &yes, sizeof(yes)) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("setsockopt");
  if (connect(sock_fd, result->ai_addr, result->ai_addrlen) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("bind()");
 return sock_fd;
}
void send_message(int conn, const string &message) {
  int sz = message.size();
  int htonl_sz = htonl(sz);
```

```
int st = send(conn, &htonl_sz, sizeof(int), 0);
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(st);
  st = send(conn, message.c_str(), sz, 0);
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(st);
string receive_message(int conn) {
 int sz;
 int status = recv(conn, &sz, 4, 0);
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
 sz = ntohl(sz);
 char *buf = new char[sz + 1];
  status = recv(conn, buf, sz, 0);
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
 buf[status] = ' \setminus 0';
 string buffer(buf);
 cout << "Received : " << buffer << endl;</pre>
 delete[] buf;
 return buffer;
void handle_connection(int conn) {
 while (true) {
    string message;
    cout << "Enter message to send: ";</pre>
    cin >> message;
    cout.flush();
    send_message(conn, message);
    cout << "Sent : " << message << endl;</pre>
    string buffer = receive_message(conn);
    if (message == "BYEBYE" && buffer == "BYEBYE") {
      break;
    }
 }
}
int main() {
 struct addrinfo *result = addr_setup(NULL, "5000");
  int sock_fd = setup_client_socket(result);
```

```
freeaddrinfo(result);
handle_connection(sock_fd);
close(sock_fd);
return 0;
}
```

#### Output

```
LabNetworks/Lab2/Q2 on p cur_sem [1+7]

A /server
Received: abcdefABCDEF
Sent: bcdefgBCDEFG
Received: betlo
Sent: ifmmp
Received: 1234567890
Sent: 2345678901
Received: azAZ
Sent: baBA
Received: azAZ
Sent: bcde.....
Received: sbcdefABCDEF
Received: immp
Received: azAZ
Sent: baBA
Received: azAZ
Sent: bcde.....
Received: sbcdefABCDEF
Received: immp
Received: 1234567890
Received: immp
Received: azAZ
Sent: bcde.....
Received: 1234567890
Received: 234567890
Received: 234567890
Received: 234567890
Received: 234567890
Received: 234567890
Received: 234567890
Received: baBA
A
Received: b
```

# Question 3

3. Assume that there two servers, A and B, which store a 10MB file that is split into 10 parts. Client 1 requests the file to server A which replies to client 1 with 5 chunks of the requested file, which are randomly selected. Later on, client 1 identifies the missing chunks and it requests the missing chunks (and only them) to server B. Moreover, the Client 1 can request 1 piece of chunk at the same. Once all the chunks are received, Client 1 sends the THANKS message to both of the servers.

#### Code

• file splitter.h

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <iiterator>
#include <map>
#include <queue>
#include <set>
#include <set>
#include <sstream>
#include <stack>
#include <string>
#include <string view>
```

```
#include <unordered_map>
#include <unordered_set>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
struct file_chunk {
 size_t sz;
 size_t chunk_no;
 string buf;
 file_chunk() {}
 file_chunk(size_t _sz, size_t _chunk_no, string _buf)
      : sz(_sz), chunk_no(_chunk_no), buf(_buf) {}
};
array<file_chunk, 10> splitter(const char *name) {
  fstream fp(name);
  stringstream strm;
  copy(istreambuf_iterator<char>(fp), istreambuf_iterator<char>(),
       ostreambuf_iterator<char>(strm));
  fp.close();
  string buffer = strm.str();
  int filesize = buffer.size();
  int one_chunk_size = filesize / 10;
  array<file_chunk, 10> chunks;
  auto it = buffer.begin();
 string tmp;
  for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
    copy(it, it + one_chunk_size, back_inserter(tmp));
    it += one_chunk_size;
    chunks[i] = file_chunk(one_chunk_size, i, move(tmp));
  copy(it, buffer.end(), back_inserter(tmp));
  chunks[9] = file_chunk(distance(it, buffer.end()), 9, move(tmp));
 return chunks;
  • server_A.cpp
#include "file_splitter.h"
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
```

```
#include <optional>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void HANDLE SEND RECV ERRORS(int st) {
  if (st == -1) {
   perror("Error in send()/recv()");
    exit(254);
 } else if ((st) == 0) {
   perror("Connection is closed because send/recv returned 0");
   exit(255);
}
void die_with_error(const char *message, int err_code = 1) {
 perror(message);
  exit(err_code);
}
struct addrinfo *addr_setup(const char *address, const char *port_no) {
  struct addrinfo hints, *result;
 memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(hints));
 hints.ai_addr = AF_UNSPEC;
 hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;
 hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE;
 int status = getaddrinfo(address, port_no, &hints, &result);
  if (status != 0)
   die_with_error("getaddrinfo");
 return result;
}
int setup_socket(struct addrinfo *result) {
  int yes = 1;
  int sock_fd =
      socket(result->ai_family, result->ai_socktype, result->ai_protocol);
  if (sock_fd < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("socket()");
  if (setsockopt(sock_fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR | SO_REUSEPORT | SO_LINGER,
                 &yes, sizeof(yes)) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("setsockopt");
```

```
if (bind(sock_fd, result->ai_addr, result->ai_addrlen) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("bind()");
 return sock_fd;
}
pair<int, struct sockaddr_storage> accept_connection(int sock_fd) {
  struct sockaddr_storage addr;
  socklen_t len = sizeof(addr);
  int client_fd = accept(sock_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, &len);
  if (client_fd == -1)
    die_with_error("accept()");
 return {client_fd, addr};
vector<int> get_five_random_nums(int mod) {
  srand(time(NULL));
 vector<int> nums(10);
  iota(nums.begin(), nums.end(), 0);
 random_shuffle(nums.begin(), nums.end());
  return vector<int>(nums.begin(), nums.begin() + 5);
}
void send_file_chunk(int conn, const file_chunk &chunk) {
  cout << endl << chunk.chunk_no << ":" << chunk.sz << endl;</pre>
  int size = chunk.sz;
 int chunk_id = chunk.chunk_no;
  int big_endian_sz = htonl(size);
  int big_endian_id = htonl(chunk_id);
  int status;
  status = send(conn, (void *)&big endian sz, sizeof(int), 0);
  cout << "sent size for " << chunk.chunk_no << ":" << status << endl;</pre>
 HANDLE SEND RECV ERRORS(status);
  status = send(conn, (void *)&big_endian_id, sizeof(int), 0);
  cout << "sent id for " << chunk.chunk_no << ":" << status << endl;</pre>
  HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
  int total_sent = 0;
  const char *buf = chunk.buf.c_str();
  while (total_sent != size) {
    int bytes_sent =
        send(conn, (void *)(buf + total_sent), size - total_sent, 0);
    HANDLE SEND RECV ERRORS(bytes sent);
    cout << bytes_sent << ':' << total_sent << ' ';</pre>
    total_sent += bytes_sent;
  }
```

```
cout << endl;</pre>
void handle_connection(int conn) {
  array<file_chunk, 10> file_chunks = splitter("./large_file.txt");
  auto five_random_chunk_no = get_five_random_nums(10);
 for (int id : five_random_chunk_no)
    cout << id << ' ' << file_chunks[id].buf.size() << '\n';</pre>
 for (int id : five_random_chunk_no) {
    // cout << id << '\n';
    send_file_chunk(conn, file_chunks[id]);
 }
}
int main() {
  int sock fd;
  struct addrinfo *result = addr_setup(NULL, "3000");
  sock_fd = setup_socket(result);
  freeaddrinfo(result);
 listen(sock_fd, 10);
  auto [conn, addr] = accept_connection(sock_fd);
 handle_connection(conn);
  close(sock_fd);
}
```cpp
#include "file_splitter.h"
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <optional>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(int st) {
  if (st == -1) {
   perror("Error in send()/recv()");
    exit(254);
 } else if ((st) == 0) {
```

```
perror("Connection is closed because send/recv returned 0");
    exit(255);
 }
}
void die_with_error(const char *message, int err_code = 1) {
 perror(message);
  exit(err_code);
struct addrinfo *addr_setup(const char *address, const char *port_no) {
  struct addrinfo hints, *result;
 memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(hints));
 hints.ai_addr = AF_UNSPEC;
 hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM;
 hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE;
  int status = getaddrinfo(address, port_no, &hints, &result);
  if (status != 0)
   die_with_error("getaddrinfo");
 return result;
}
int setup_socket(struct addrinfo *result) {
  int yes = 1;
  int sock_fd =
      socket(result->ai_family, result->ai_socktype, result->ai_protocol);
  if (sock_fd < 0)
    die_with_error("socket()");
  if (setsockopt(sock fd, SOL SOCKET, SO REUSEADDR | SO REUSEPORT | SO LINGER,
                 &yes, sizeof(yes)) < 0)</pre>
    die with error("setsockopt");
  if (bind(sock_fd, result->ai_addr, result->ai_addrlen) < 0)</pre>
    die_with_error("bind()");
 return sock_fd;
}
pair<int, struct sockaddr_storage> accept_connection(int sock_fd) {
  struct sockaddr_storage addr;
  socklen_t len = sizeof(addr);
  int client_fd = accept(sock_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&addr, &len);
  if (client_fd == -1)
   die_with_error("accept()");
 return {client_fd, addr};
}
```

```
void send_file_chunk(int conn, const file_chunk &chunk) {
  cout << endl << chunk.chunk_no << ":" << chunk.sz << endl;</pre>
  int size = chunk.sz;
  int chunk_id = chunk.chunk_no;
  int big_endian_sz = htonl(size);
  int big_endian_id = htonl(chunk_id);
  int status;
  status = send(conn, (void *)&big_endian_sz, sizeof(int), 0);
  cout << "sent size for " << chunk.chunk_no << ":" << status << endl;</pre>
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
  status = send(conn, (void *)&big_endian_id, sizeof(int), 0);
  cout << "sent id for " << chunk.chunk no << ":" << status << endl;</pre>
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(status);
  int total_sent = 0;
  const char *buf = chunk.buf.c_str();
 while (total_sent != size) {
    int bytes_sent =
        send(conn, (void *)(buf + total_sent), size - total_sent, 0);
    HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(bytes_sent);
    cout << bytes_sent << ':' << total_sent << ' ';</pre>
    total_sent += bytes_sent;
 cout << endl;</pre>
}
void handle_connection(int conn) {
  array<file_chunk, 10> file_chunks = splitter("./large_file.txt");
  // ill keep taking requests always
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    int id;
    recv(conn, &id, sizeof(id), 0);
    id = ntohl(id);
    send_file_chunk(conn, file_chunks[id]);
 }
  char buf[100];
  int bytes_recvd = recv(conn, buf, 100, 0);
 buf[bytes_recvd] = 0;
 HANDLE_SEND_RECV_ERRORS(bytes_recvd);
  if (string(buf) == "THANKS") {
    cout << "Received : " << buf << '\n';</pre>
    return:
  } else {
```

```
exit(255);
 }
}
int main() {
 int sock_fd;
  struct addrinfo *result = addr_setup(NULL, "4000");
 sock_fd = setup_socket(result);
 freeaddrinfo(result);
 listen(sock_fd, 10);
  auto [conn, addr] = accept_connection(sock_fd);
 handle_connection(conn);
  close(sock_fd);
  • client.py
import socket
import sys
port = 3000
if(len( sys.argv )>=2):
    port = int(sys.argv[1])
def recv_data(sock , sz:int):
   recvd = 0
   BUF SIZE=4096
   buffer = ''
    while((sz-recvd)>BUF_SIZE):
        x = sock.recv(BUF SIZE)
       buffer+= x.decode()
       recvd= len(buffer)
   x = sock.recv(sz-recvd)
    buffer+=x.decode()
   return buffer
with socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM) as sock:
    sock.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR | socket.SO_REUSEPORT | socket.SO
    sock.connect(('localhost',port))
   print(sock.getpeername())
   recvd_already = set()
    for i in range(5):
        sz = int.from_bytes(sock.recv(4),byteorder='big')
```

cerr << "Errorrrrr" << endl;</pre>

```
id = int.from_bytes(sock.recv(4),byteorder='big')
    recvd_already.add(id)
    print(sz,id)
    open( "file{}.txt".format(id),"w" ).write(recv_data(sock,sz))
sock.close()
not_recvd = set(range(0,10)) - recvd_already
sock2 = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM)
sock2.setsockopt(socket.SOL_SOCKET, socket.SO_REUSEADDR | socket.SO_REUSEPORT | socket.
sock2.connect(('localhost',4000))
for id in not_recvd:
    sock2.send(id.to_bytes(4,byteorder='big'))
   sz = int.from_bytes(sock2.recv(4),byteorder='big')
    id = int.from_bytes(sock2.recv(4),byteorder='big')
   recvd_already.add(id)
   print(sz,id)
    open( "file{}.txt".format(id),"w" ).write(recv_data(sock2,sz))
sock2.send("THANKS".encode())
sock2.close()
```

## Output