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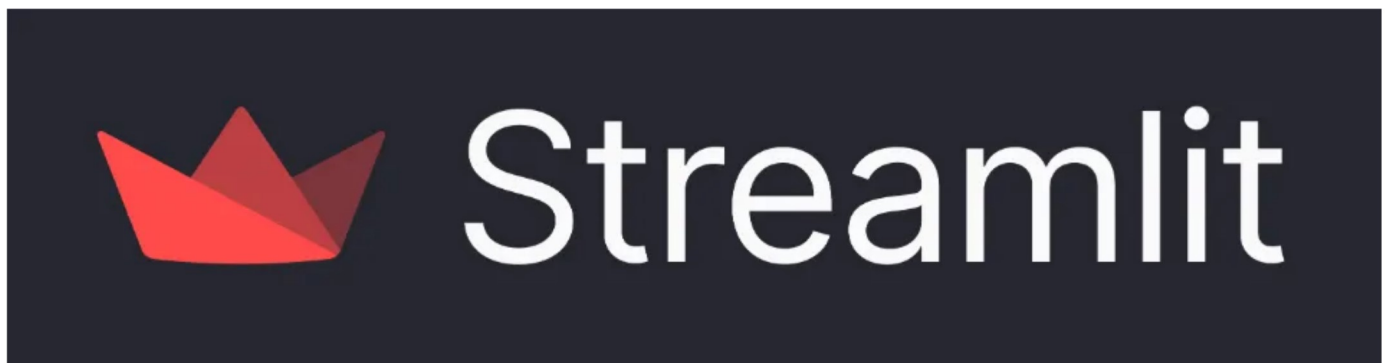


# Step-by-step guide for deploying a Streamlit application on an AWS EC2 instance



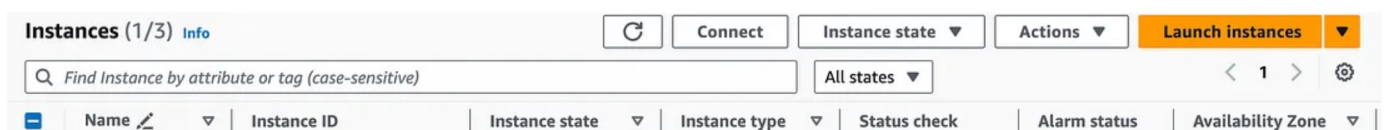
Aiko Hassett · [Follow](#)

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## Launch a new EC2 instance

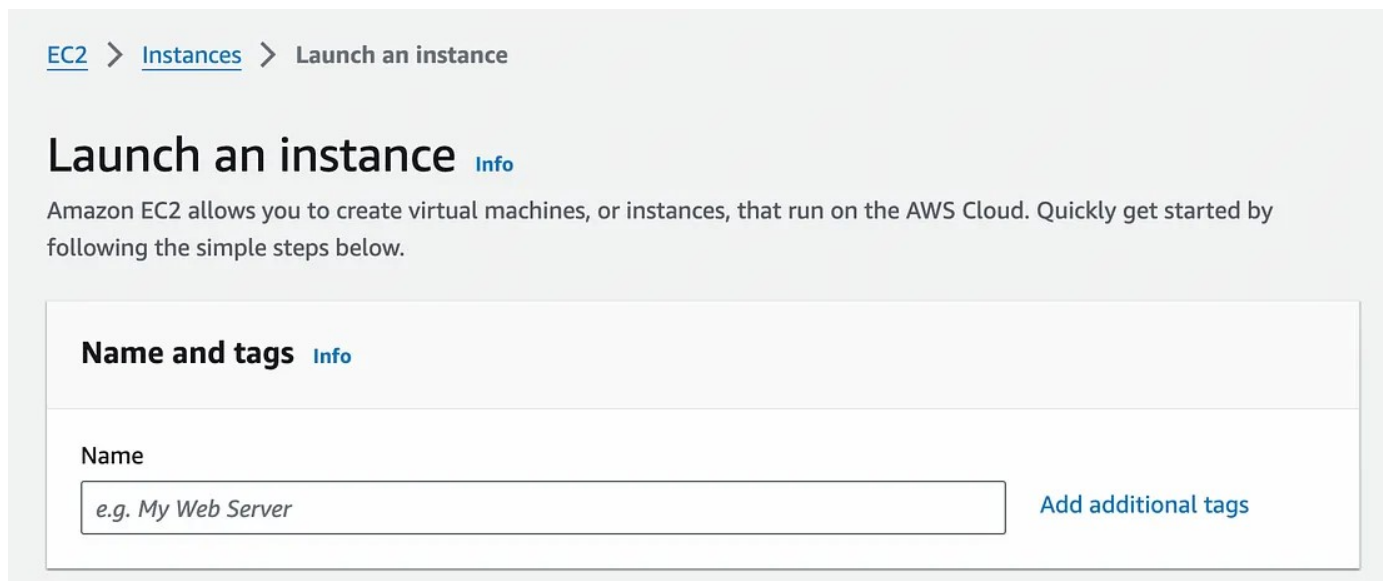
From your AWS CLI, go into your EC2 Dashboard and select **Launch instances**.



Snippet of the EC2 dashboard

## Configure your EC2 instance

When configuring your **instance type**, pay attention to how big your application is (including all the dependencies that come with running it). For example, a *t2.micro* might not be the best choice if you're looking to run compute-intensive workloads directly from your EC2 instance. For me, my web application ran on a handful of dependencies and API calls, so a *t2.micro* seemed like an adequate option.



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for launching an EC2 instance. At the top, there is a breadcrumb trail: [EC2](#) > [Instances](#) > Launch an instance. Below this is the main heading 'Launch an instance' with an 'Info' link. A descriptive paragraph states: 'Amazon EC2 allows you to create virtual machines, or instances, that run on the AWS Cloud. Quickly get started by following the simple steps below.' The main content area is titled 'Name and tags' with an 'Info' link. It contains a 'Name' label, a text input field with the placeholder text 'e.g. My Web Server', and an 'Add additional tags' button.

Snippet A — Configure your EC2 instance

*Note: At the time of writing this article, *t2.micro* supports 1GB vCPU and 1GB of memory. Keep in mind, you won't be able to allocate the full 1GB of memory on the *t2.micro* instance to your web application because some of that will be reserved for use by the operating system. If you are unsure if a *t2.micro* fits your use case, there is no harm in trying it out and scaling up the instance if it runs out of compute.*

## Set up a key pair for your EC2 instance


You can use an existing one, or let AWS create a new one for you. There is also an option to proceed without one, but it is highly recommended you set one up to secure your connection to your instance.

▼ Key pair (login) Info

You can use a key pair to securely connect to your instance. Ensure that you have access to the selected key pair before you launch the instance.

Key pair name - *required*

Select ▼

 Create new key pair

Snippet B— Configure your EC2 instance

## Configure your network settings

Make sure you check the appropriate options if you are looking to expose your web application over HTTP (port 80) and/or HTTPS (port 443).

▼ Network settings Info

Edit

Network Info

vpc-0c93920021acb14df

Subnet Info

No preference (Default subnet in any availability zone)

Auto-assign public IP Info

Enable

Additional charges apply when outside of free tier allowance

Firewall (security groups) Info

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic for your instance. Add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance.

☒ Create security group

☐ Select existing security group

Snippet C— Configure your EC2 instance

. . .

## Connect to your EC2 instance

Once your are done configuring your instance details, finalize your changes via **launch instance**. This should be a fairly quick process that can take

anywhere from 30 seconds to a few minutes. You should be redirected to your **Instances** dashboard where you can see the **instance state** update.

Instances (1/1) <span>Info</span>									
<input type="text" value="Find Instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive)"/>				All states ▾		< 1 > ⚙			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name ↗ ▾	Instance ID	Instance state ▾	Instance type ▾	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone ▾	Publ	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Streamlit Ima...		✔ Running 🔍 🔍	t2.micro	-	View alarms +	us-east-1e	ec2-	

Snapshot D — Connect your EC2 instance

Once the **instance state** shows as **running**, that is your sign to select the checkbox next to your instance and click on **connect**.

From **EC2 Instance Connect**, leave the configuration as is and click **connect**.

## Connect to instance Info

Connect to your instance i-0900d0fe9d1bb148f (Streamlit Image Generator) using any of these options


EC2 Instance Connect

Session Manager

SSH client

EC2 serial console

Instance ID




Connection Type

☒ **Connect using EC2 Instance Connect**  
Connect using the EC2 Instance Connect browser-based client, with a public IPv4 address.

☐ **Connect using EC2 Instance Connect Endpoint**  
Connect using the EC2 Instance Connect browser-based client, with a private IPv4 address and a VPC endpoint.

Public IP address



Username

Enter the username defined in the AMI used to launch the instance. If you didn't define a custom username, use the default username, ec2-user.

Snapshot E — Connect your EC2 instance

. . .

## Setting up your EC2 instance

Once the CLI loads, type in *sudo su* to invoke **root privileges**. This will allow

you to install all your code and its dependencies under root without any mistakes. This is important because we will need to configure our user data scripts later to run on these files, and user data runs as a root user.

## Package installation

Remember, the VM comes as a blank slate, so you will need to reinstall all your dependencies from scratch. Pip and Git are your standard two, you may need to install Docker as well if you are containerizing your application beforehand.

```
# install pip (package manager)
wget https://bootstrap.pypa.io/get-pip.py
python3 ./get-pip.py

# install git (for those using github/gitlab or similar)
sudo yum install git

# install and build docker (if you are looking to containerize application)
sudo yum install docker -y
sudo service docker start
sudo docker build -t <my-username/my-image> .
sudo docker login
sudo docker push <my-username/my-image>

# pip install your packages individually
pip install <package-name>

# ...or via requirements.txt
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

*Note: EC2 will not allow you to connect to your repository via username and password and will essentially require an SSH connection.*

Set up an SSH connection between your EC2 instance and your code repository. The installation process for GitHub can be found [here](#). Clone your repository via SSH and confirm that the operation was successful.

## Optional: Create an IAM Role for your EC2 instance

If you are utilizing AWS resources in your code, create an IAM Role for your

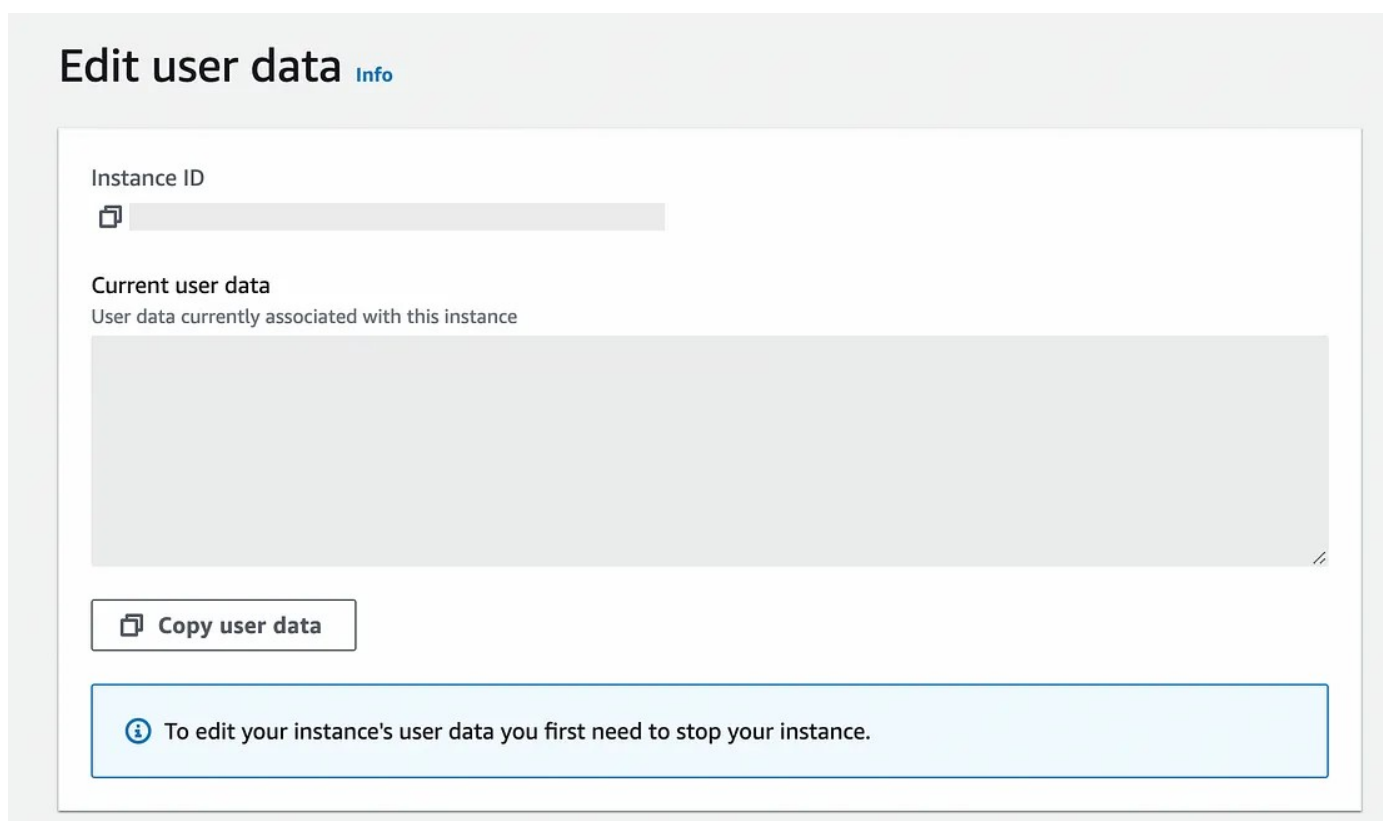
EC2 instance that gives it access permission to those resources.

Once completed, attach the IAM Role to the instance by going back to the **Instances** dashboard > select your instance and going into **Action > Security > Modify IAM Role** from the dropdown menu on the top right.

### **Optional: Add your run commands in EC2 User Data**

If you are looking to save your instance as an AMI and start up additional instances that automatically run your script at initial launch, this is a section for you.

From your EC2 dashboard, go to **Actions > Instance Settings > Edit User Data**.



The screenshot shows the 'Edit user data' page in the AWS Management Console. At the top, the title 'Edit user data' is followed by an 'Info' link. Below this, the 'Instance ID' is displayed with a copy icon. The 'Current user data' section shows a large, empty text area for user data, with a note stating 'User data currently associated with this instance'. A 'Copy user data' button is located below the text area. At the bottom, a light blue informational box contains a message: 'To edit your instance's user data you first need to stop your instance.'

Snapshot F — Add your run commands in EC2 User Data

What you include in here can automate task flows at launch time. As an example, this is what I entered to launch my Streamlit application.

```
streamlit run <path/to/streamlit/><streamlit-app.py>
```

. . .

## Confirm everything is working

Go to your EC2 dashboard and copy your **Public IPv4 DNS** address into a new tab. If the URL loads your application, you are good to go. If it stalls, check your network security group configurations, make sure you are mapping to the right port and try again.

Hope this tutorial is helpful to you and good luck on your AWS journey!

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**Written by Aiko Hassett**

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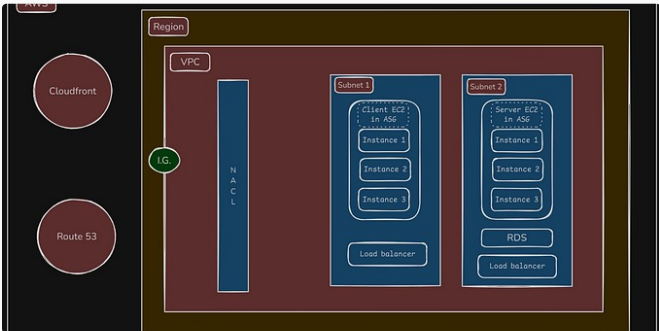
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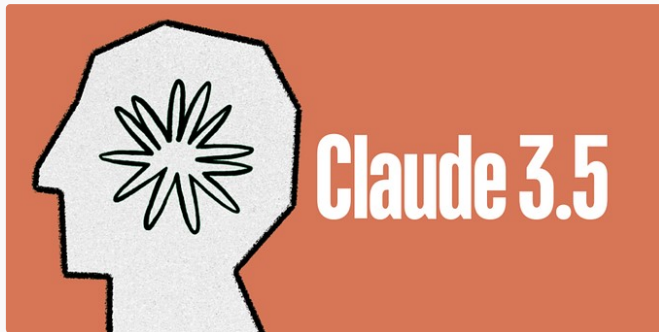





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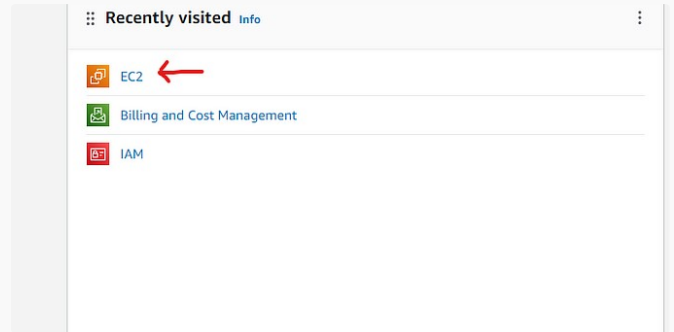
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


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