Graph Algorithms

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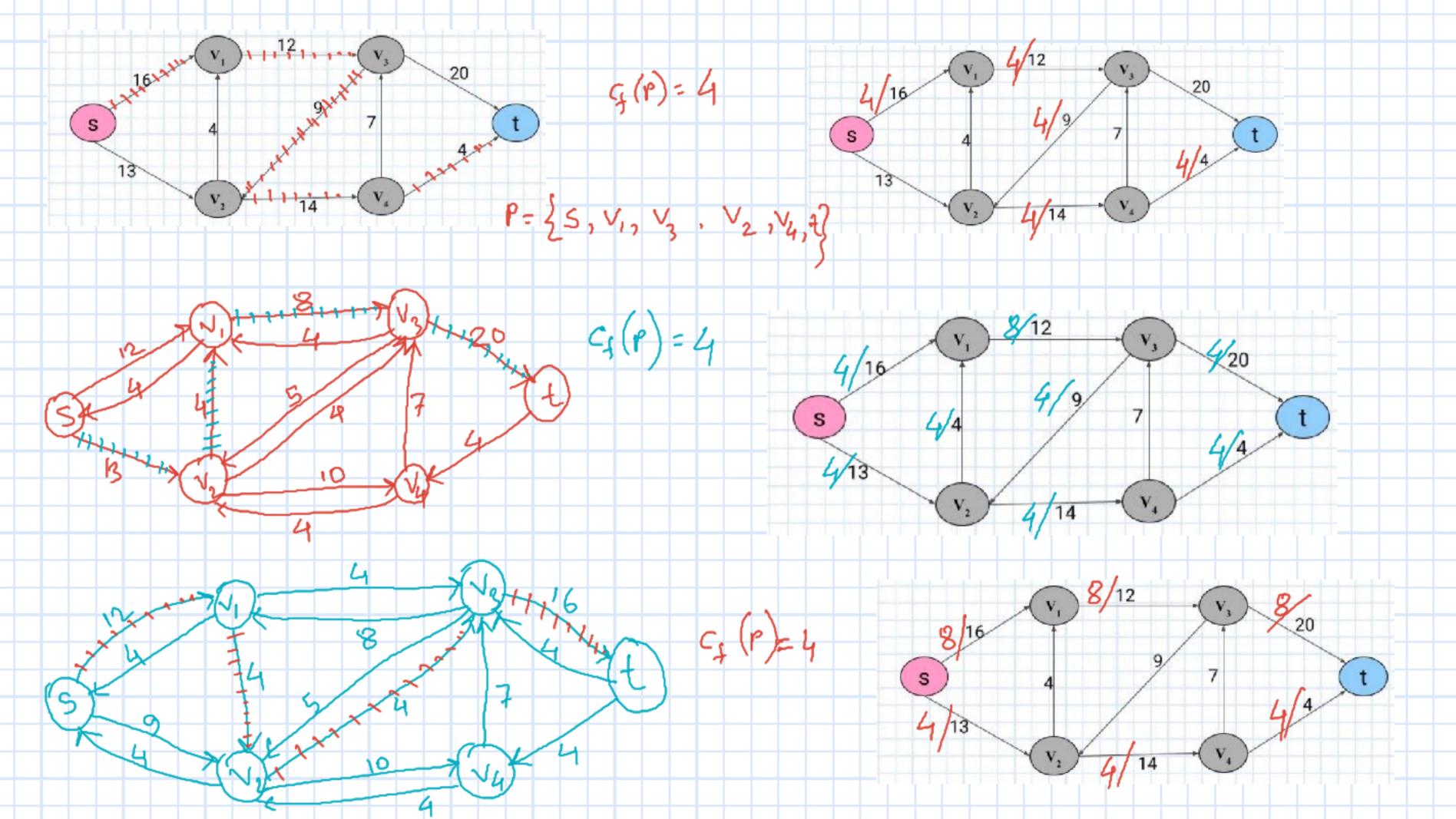
Ford-Fulkersion-Methrod (G,S,t) 1. Initialize flow, f to Zero.

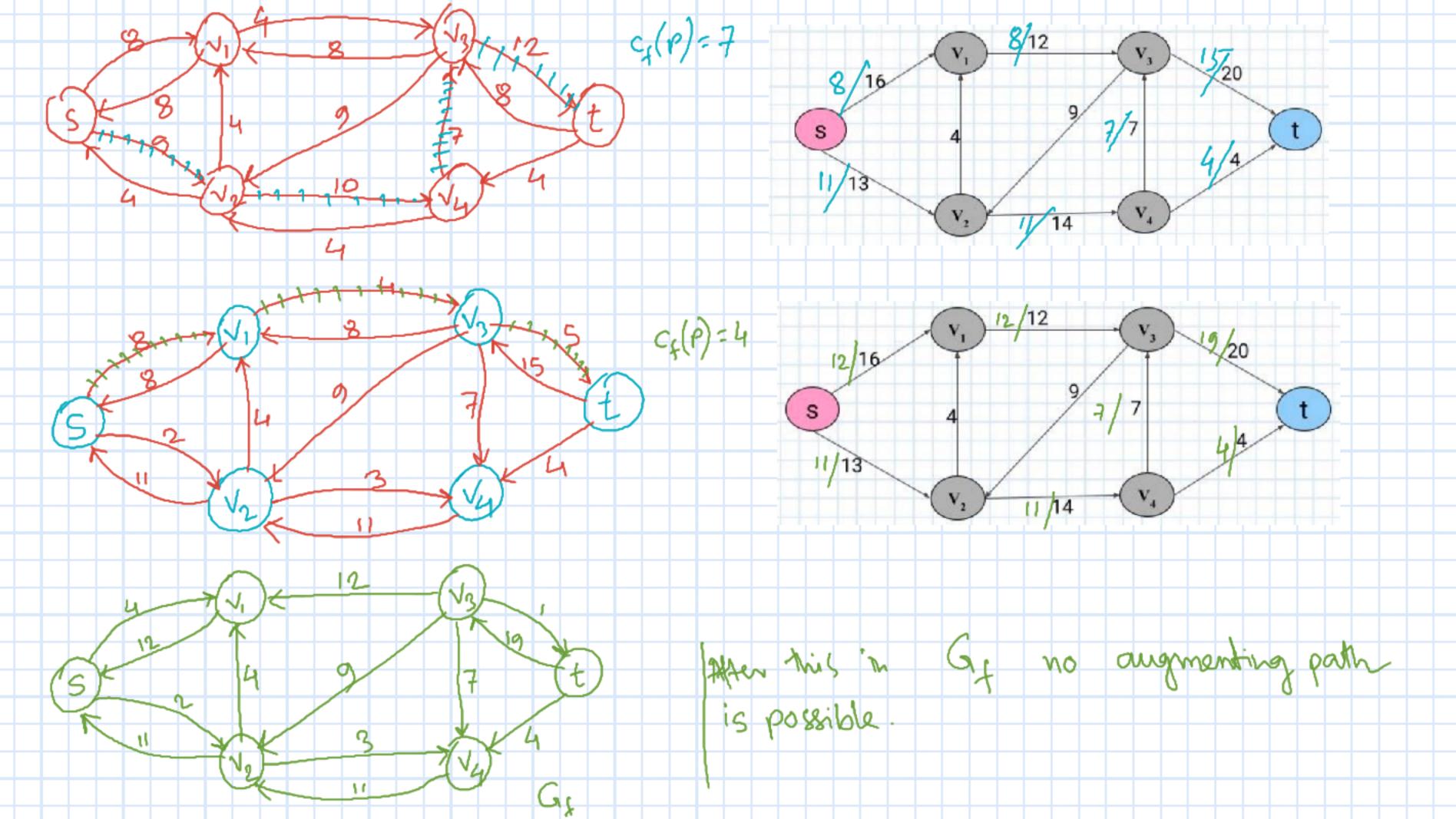
2 while there exist an anymenting gath, P in G_f

to anyment flow, f along P. 3. seturon +

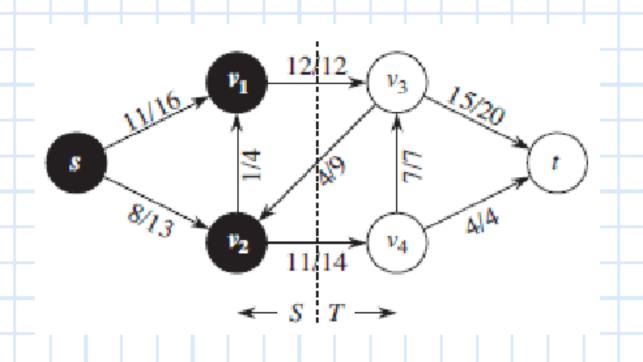
The Ford-Fulkerson Algorithm

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FORD-FULKERSON (G, s, t)
   for each edge (u, v) \in G.E
        (u, v).f = 0
   while there exists a path p from s to t in the residual network G_f
        c_f(p) = \min \{c_f(u, v) : (u, v) \text{ is in } p\}
        for each edge (u, v) in p
             if (u, v) \in E
                 (u, v).f = (u, v).f + c_f(p)
             else (v, u).f = (v, u).f - c_f(p)
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cuts of the flow Network. Cut (S,t) of flow network G=(V,E) is a partition of vertices, V into S&T=V-S s e S, t e 1 $f(S,T) = \sum \sum f(u,v) - \sum \sum f(v,u)$ $u \in S, v \in T$ $u \in S, v \in T$ Capacity of he cut (S, T) is minimum Cut => min over all cuts of the network



Cut ({5, v, , v2}, {v, , V4, t}

Net flow $\frac{1}{1+1} + \frac{1}{1+1} + \frac{1}{1$

Flow across any out is the same and equals the value of the flaw Mars-Flow min-cut theorem. Let I is a flow in network G. Then the following cond's are equivalent (a) f is a massimum How in G (b) Residual network Gg contains no augmenting path (c) there is a cut (S,T) with If = C (S,T) maximum flow - capacity of minimum at Angmant co flow. S=25, V1, V2, V4 v_1 v_2 v_3 v_2 v_4 v_4 cux capacity (S,7) = 23 Cwt (S,T)