Project Name : Concrete Compressive Strength Prediction using DL Auto Keras(Auto ML)



Abstract

Concrete is the most important material in civil engineering. Theconcrete compressive strength is a highly nonlinear function of age andingredients. These ingredients include cement, blast furnace slag, fly ash, water, superplasticizer, coarse aggregate, and fine aggregate

▼ Data Characteristics

The actual concrete compressive strength (MPa) for a given mixture under a specific age (days) was determined from laboratory.

▼ Time Line o fthe Project:

- Data Analysis
- Data Preprocessing
- Feature Engineering
- Model Building using DL
- Model Building using Auto Keras

Importing Libraries

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib

from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/concrete_data.csv")
df.head()
```

Mounted at /content/drive

	cement	blast_furnace_slag	fly_ash	water	superplasticizer	coarse_aggregate	f
0	540.0	0.0	0.0	162.0	2.5	1040.0	
1	540.0	0.0	0.0	162.0	2.5	1055.0	
2	332.5	142.5	0.0	228.0	0.0	932.0	
3	332.5	142.5	0.0	228.0	0.0	932.0	
4	198.6	132.4	0.0	192.0	0.0	978.4	
4							•

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.m



df.shape

(1030, 9)

Data Analysis

	cement	blast_furnace_slag	fly_ash	water	superplasticizer	CI
count	1030.000000	1030.000000	1030.000000	1030.000000	1030.000000	
mean	281.167864	73.895825	54.188350	181.567282	6.204660	
std	104.506364	86.279342	63.997004	21.354219	5.973841	
min	102.000000	0.000000	0.000000	121.800000	0.000000	
25%	192.375000	0.000000	0.000000	164.900000	0.000000	
50%	272.900000	22.000000	0.000000	185.000000	6.400000	
75%	350.000000	142.950000	118.300000	192.000000	10.200000	
max	540.000000	359.400000	200.100000	247.000000	32.200000	
						•

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1030 entries, 0 to 1029
Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	cement	1030 non-null	float64
1	blast_furnace_slag	1030 non-null	float64
2	fly_ash	1030 non-null	float64
3	water	1030 non-null	float64
4	superplasticizer	1030 non-null	float64
5	coarse_aggregate	1030 non-null	float64
6	fine_aggregate	1030 non-null	float64
7	age	1030 non-null	int64
8	concrete_compressive_strength	1030 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(8), int64(1)

memory usage: 72.5 KB

df.isna().sum()

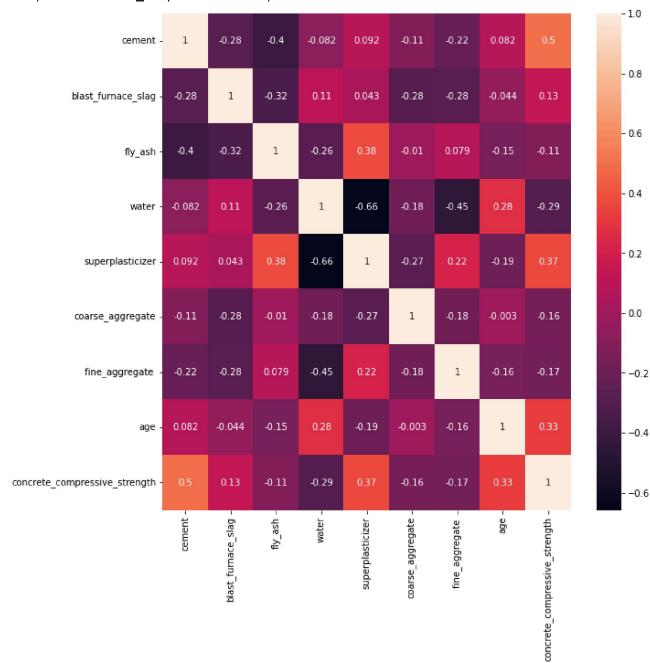
cement	0
blast_furnace_slag	0
fly_ash	0
water	0
superplasticizer	0
coarse_aggregate	0
fine_aggregate	0
age	0
<pre>concrete_compressive_strength</pre>	0

dtype: int64

▼ Heatmap

```
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f5831b87510>



```
for i in df.columns:
    for j in df.columns:
        plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
        sns.scatterplot(x=i,y=j,hue="concrete_compressive_strength",data=df)
        plt.show()
```

