

## An Investigation of Charm Quark Jet Spectrum and Shape Modifications in Au + Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV

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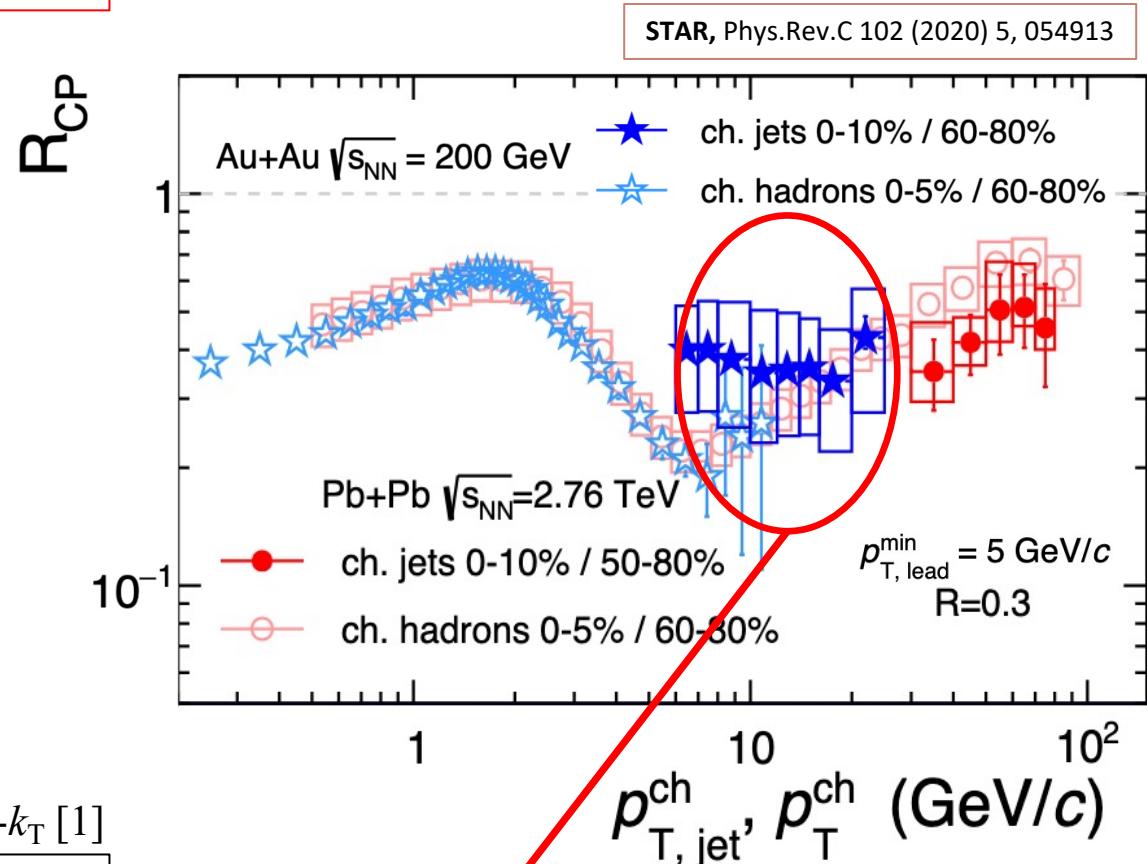
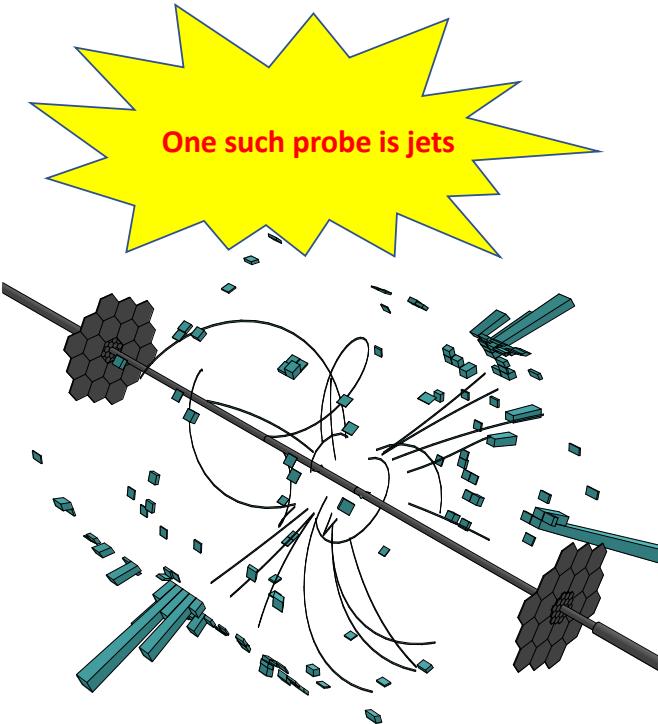
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# Jets in Heavy Ion Collisions

Strong interaction between high  $p_T$  partons and medium  $\rightarrow$  Way to probe Quark-Gluon Plasma



- Jets reconstructed in experiment by a clustering algorithm, commonly anti- $k_T$  [1]
- **Loss of parton energy** in the QGP medium
- **Parton shower broadened** due to medium-induced radiation and scattering

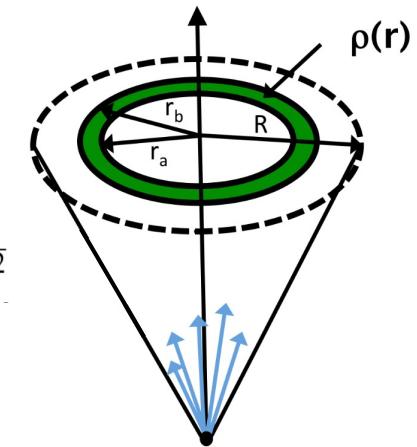
1. Phys. Lett. B 641 (2006) 57-61

Inclusive jets are heavily **quenched** in the presence of QGP

# Previous Jet Shape Results

$$\rho(r) = \frac{1}{\Delta r} \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \sum_{\text{jet}} \frac{\sum_{\text{track} \in (r_a, r_b)} p_{T,\text{track}}}{p_{T,\text{jet}}}$$

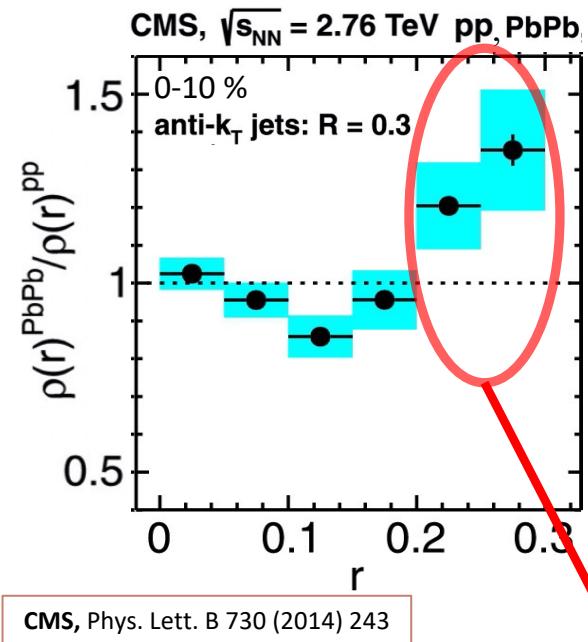
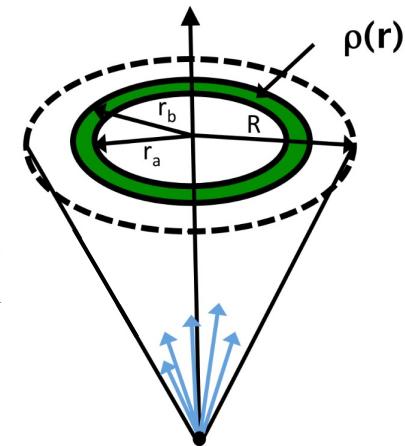
$$r = \sqrt{(\eta_{\text{track}} - \eta_{\text{jet}})^2 + (\phi_{\text{track}} - \phi_{\text{jet}})^2}$$



# Previous Jet Shape Results

$$\rho(r) = \frac{1}{\Delta r} \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \sum_{\text{jet}} \frac{\sum_{\text{track} \in (r_a, r_b)} p_{\text{T,track}}}{p_{\text{T,jet}}}$$

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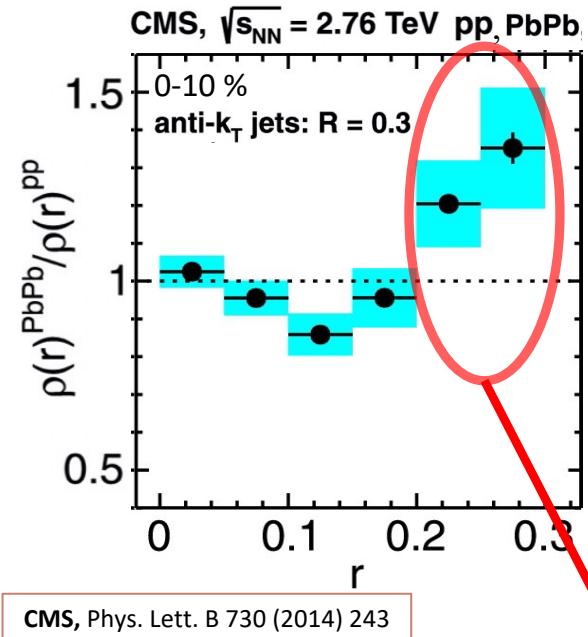
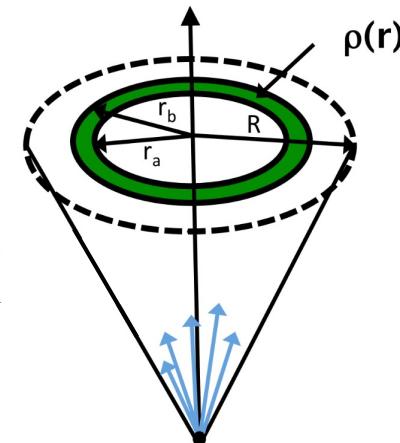


Jet energy is **redistributed to large distances from the jet axis** in the presence of QGP.

# Previous Jet Shape Results

$$\rho(r) = \frac{1}{\Delta r} \frac{1}{N_{\text{jet}}} \sum_{\text{jet}} \frac{\sum_{\text{track} \in (r_a, r_b)} p_{T,\text{track}}}{p_{T,\text{jet}}}$$

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## Possible mechanisms:

- Multiple-scattering
- Medium-induced Bremsstrahlung
- Medium response

Dependent on the mass of the underlying parton

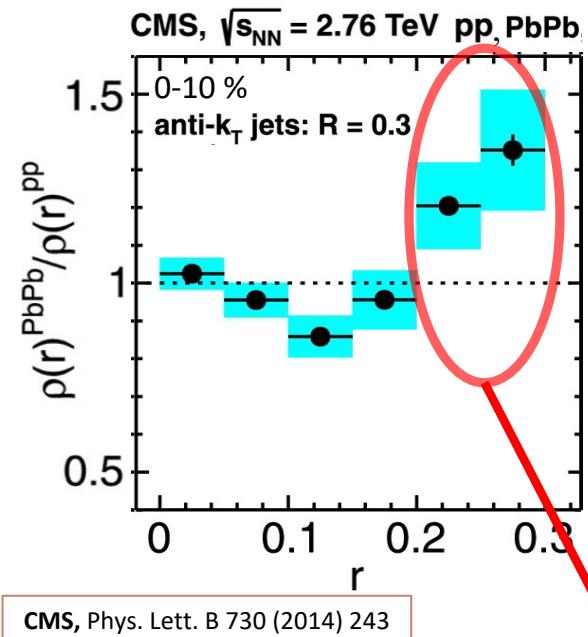
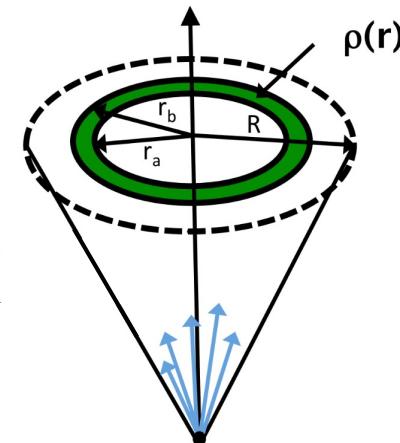
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Motivation to look at heavy-flavor jets

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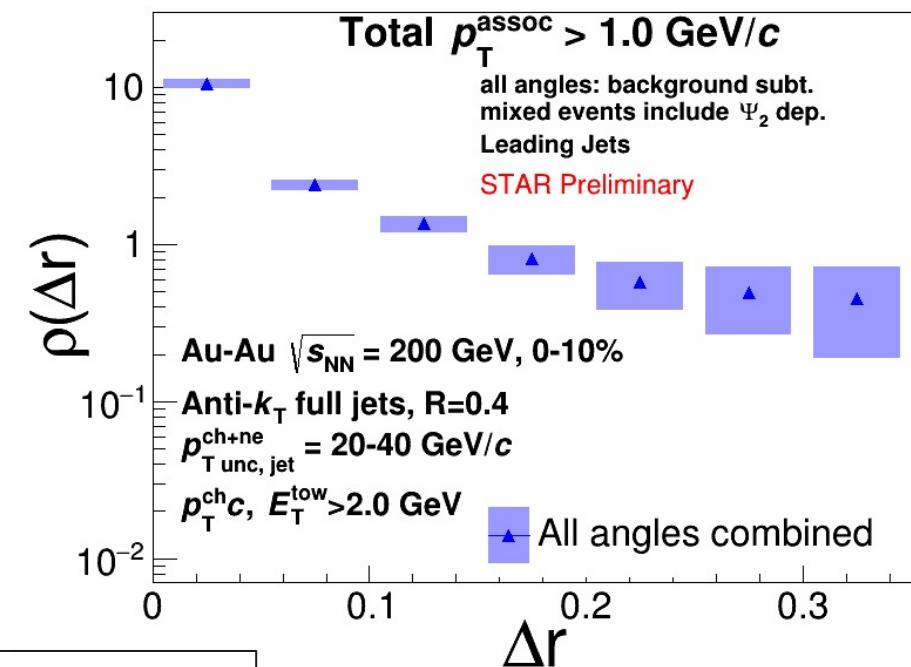


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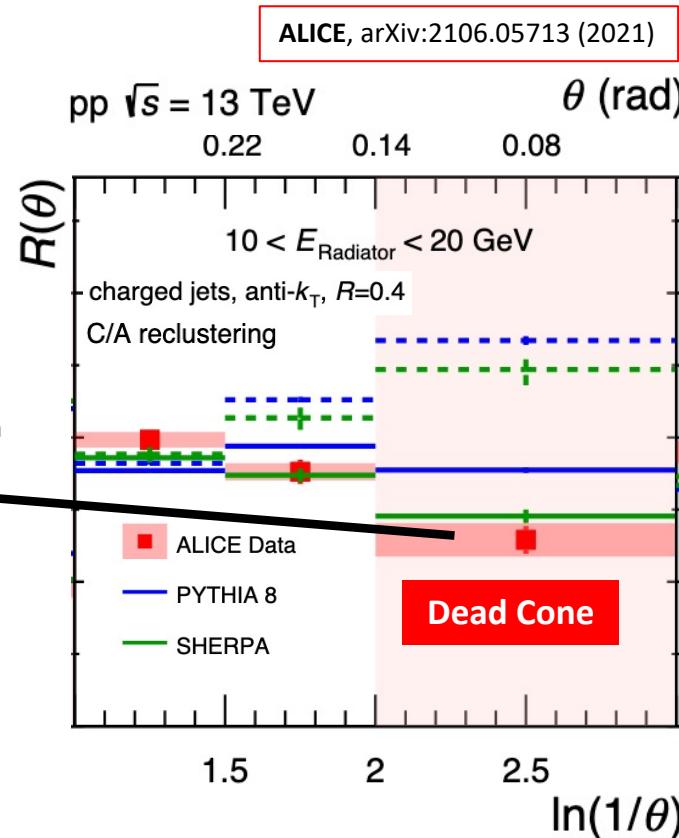
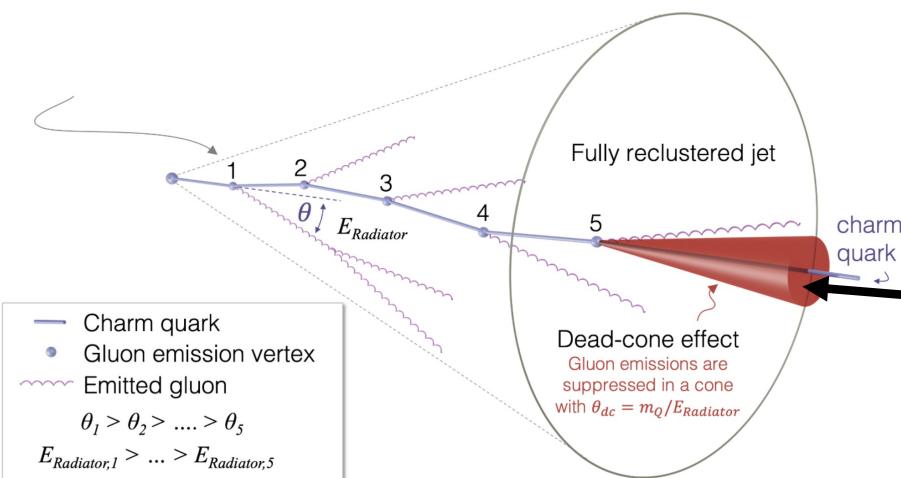
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Motivation to look at heavy-flavor jets

# Jets from Heavy Flavor

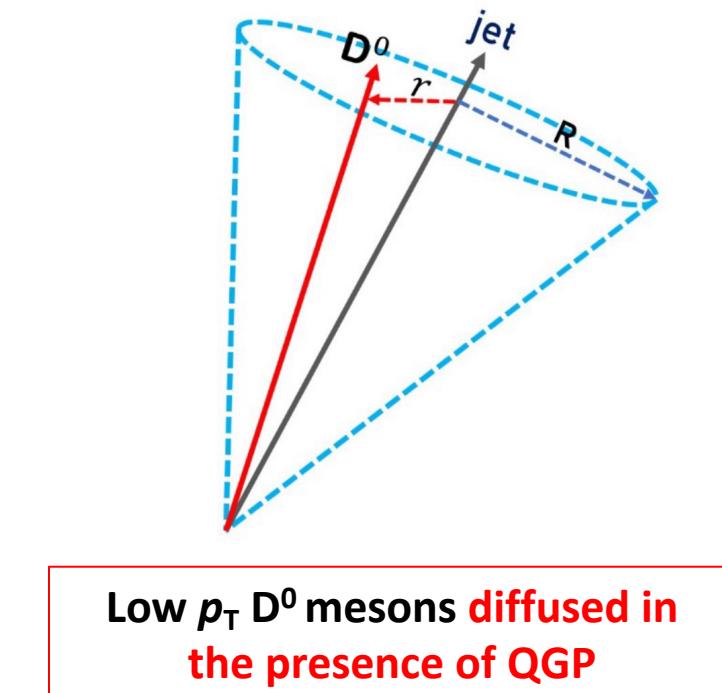
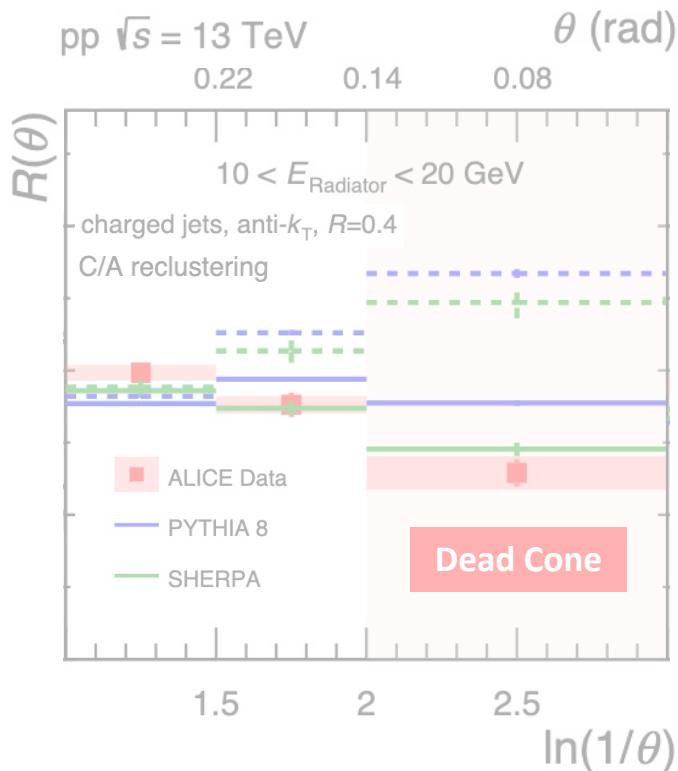
$$R(\theta) = \frac{1}{N^{D^0 \text{ jets}}} \frac{dn^{D^0 \text{ jets}}}{d\ln(1/\theta)} / \frac{1}{N^{\text{inclusive jets}}} \frac{dn^{\text{inclusive jets}}}{d\ln(1/\theta)}$$



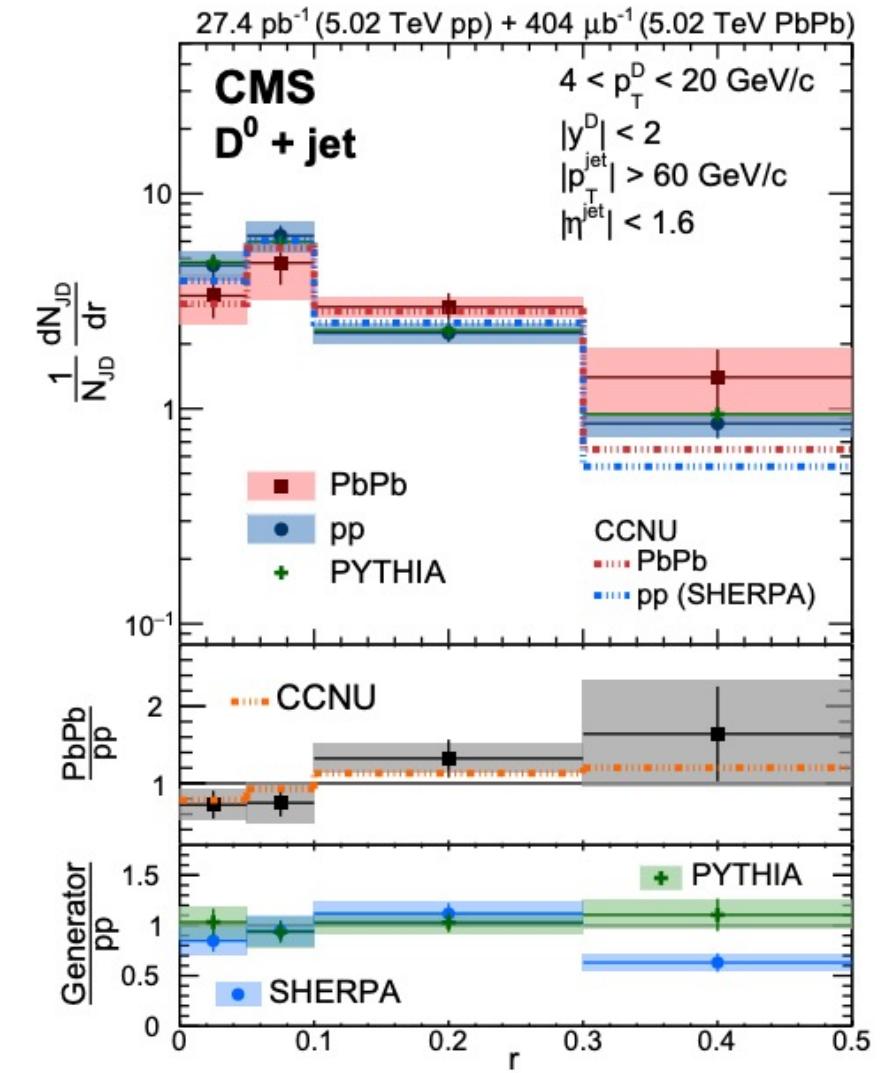
Heavy-flavor emission spectra modified due to  
dead-cone in vacuum

# Jets from Heavy Flavor

CMS, Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 (2020) 102001



Heavy-flavor emission spectra modified due to dead-cone in vacuum



At RHIC energies, stronger modification expected as energy is closer to charm quark mass

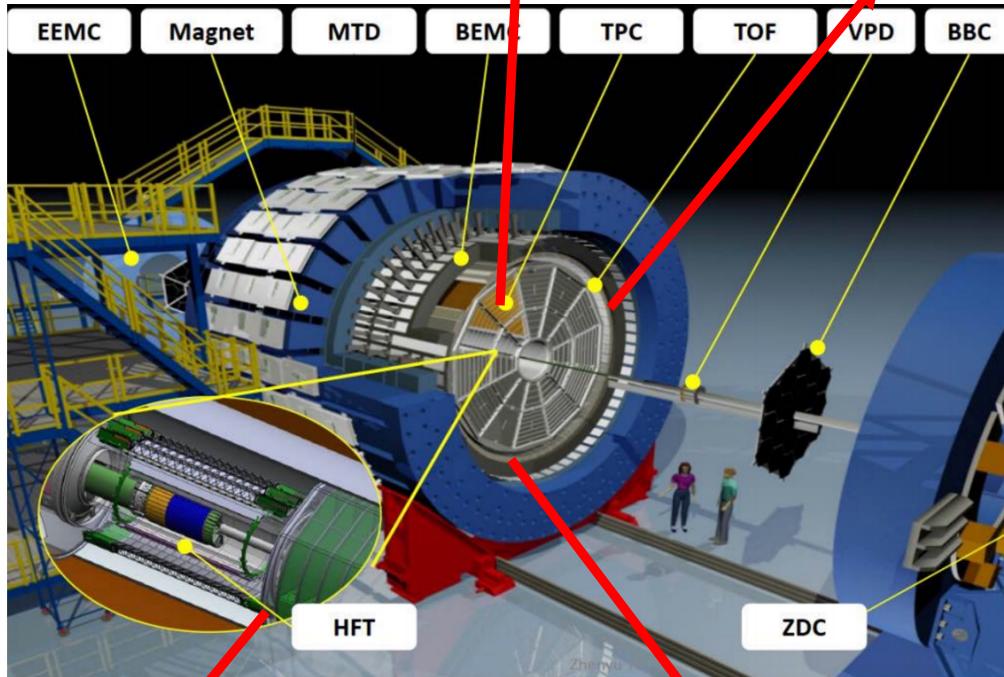
# STAR Detector & Selection Criteria

## Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- Measures momentum, track trajectory, and identifies charged particles

## Time-of-Flight Detector (TOF)

- Identifies charged particles



## Heavy Flavor Tracker (HFT)

- Improves position resolution for tracks

## Barrel Electromagnetic Calorimeter

- Measures neutral component of energy in jets

## Event Selection :

- Au+Au  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ , Run14
- Minimum bias (MB)
- Centrality  $\in [0, 80]\%$  (3 bins: [0-10], [10-40], [40-80])

## Constituent Selection :

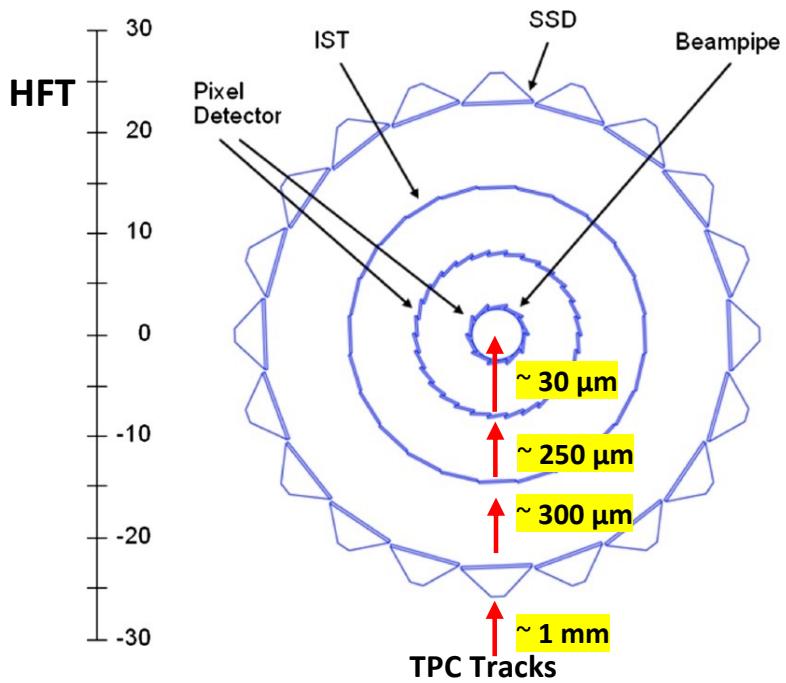
- $0.2 < p_{\text{T},\text{track}} [\text{GeV}/c] < 30 ; 0.2 < p_{\text{T},\text{tower}} [\text{GeV}/c] < 30$
- $|\eta_{\text{track}}| < 1 ; |\eta_{\text{tower}}| < 1$
- $D^0 \rightarrow K^{\mp} + \pi^{\pm}$  [B.R. = 3.82 %]
- For  $D^0$  reconstruction: Tracks need at least two hits in HFT
- $5 < p_{\text{T},D^0} [\text{GeV}/c] < 10$

## $D^0$ Jet Selection :

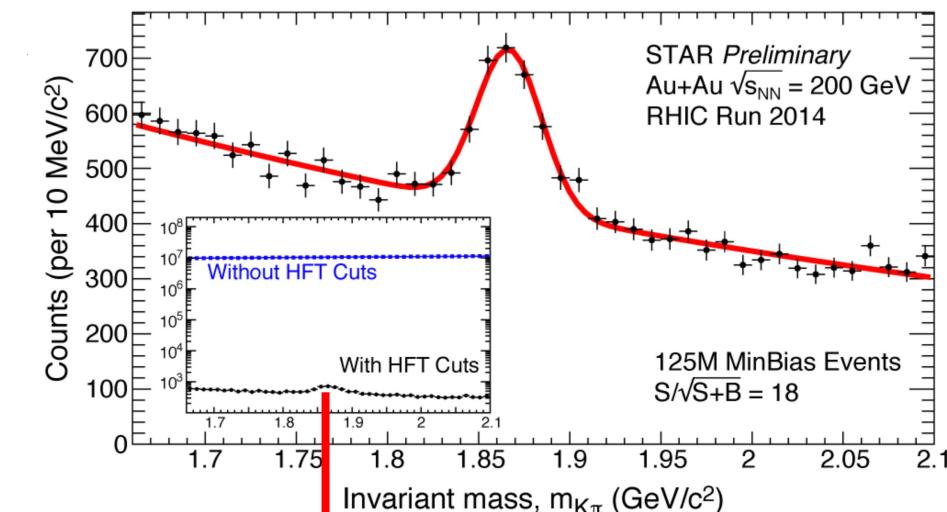
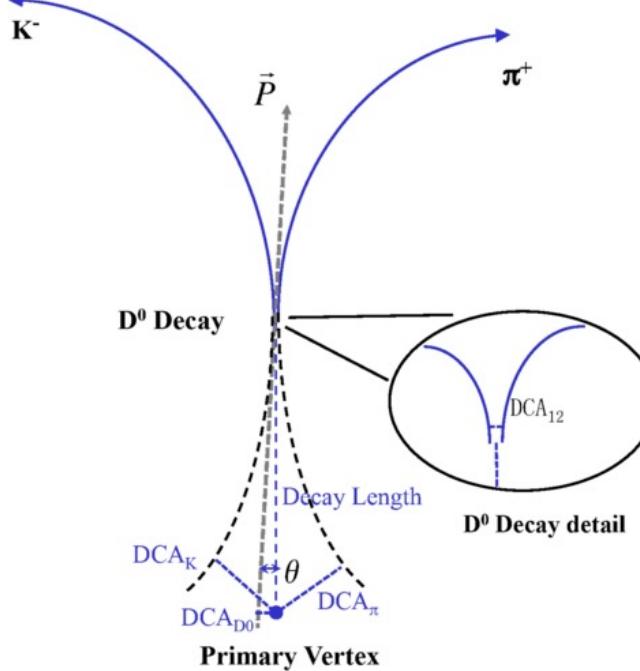
- Anti- $k_{\text{T}}$  full-jets of radius  $R = 0.4$ , area-based background subtraction
- $|\eta_{\text{Jet}}| < 0.6$

# D<sup>0</sup> Reconstruction

- Kaon and Pions identified with hybrid PID from TPC and TOF



STAR, Phys. Rev. C 102 (2020) 014905



Topological cuts on the  $D^0$  candidates improve signal significance

- Decay Length of  $D^0 \sim 123 \mu\text{m}$ .
- HFT has a resolution of  $30 \mu\text{m}$  for kaons at  $\sim 1.2 \text{ GeV}/c$
- HFT can reconstruct  $D^0$  candidates based on the decay kinematics

# D<sup>0</sup> - Jet Yield Extraction

## sPlot Method

[doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2005.08.106](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2005.08.106)

- Native class in RooStats + widely used in HEP
- Unbinned maximum likelihood fit to invariant mass integrated over all kinematics
- $p_{T,\text{Jet}}$  and  $\Delta R$  histograms with all D<sup>0</sup>-jet candidates using sWeights
- Trivial to include reconstruction efficiencies versus D<sup>0</sup> kinematics

sWeights

$$s\mathcal{P}_n(m_{K\pi,i}) = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_T} V_{nj} f_j(m_{K\pi,i})}{\sum_{k=1}^{N_T} N_k f_k(m_{K\pi,i})}$$

Unbinned max. likelihood fit

$n$  =  $n$ -th fit component(sig/bkg)

$N_k$  =  $k$ -th yield ( $T=2$ )

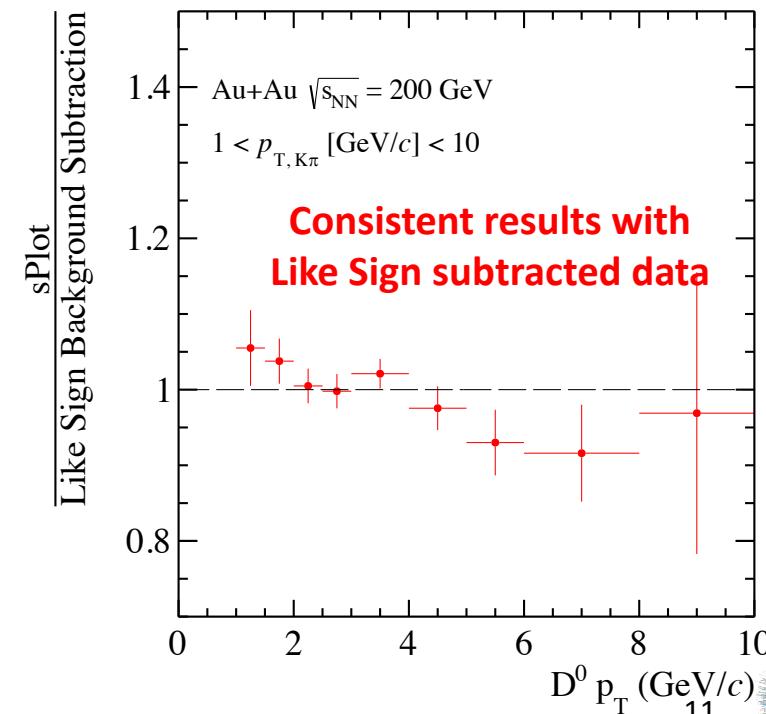
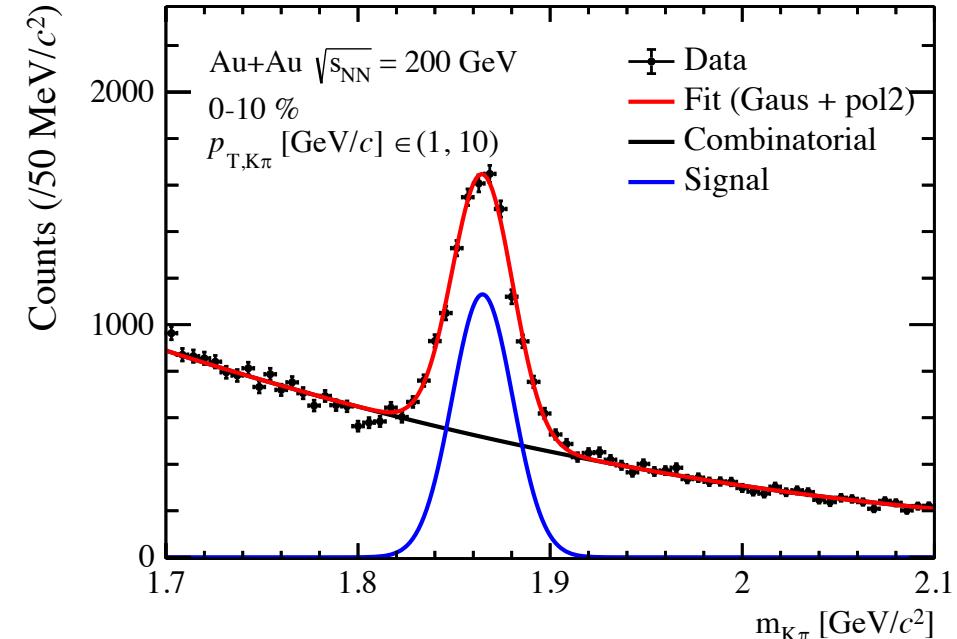
$f_k(m_{K\pi,i})$  = per-event PDF value with  $k^{\text{th}}$  hypothesis

$V$  = cov. matrix

Efficiency Correction in sWeights

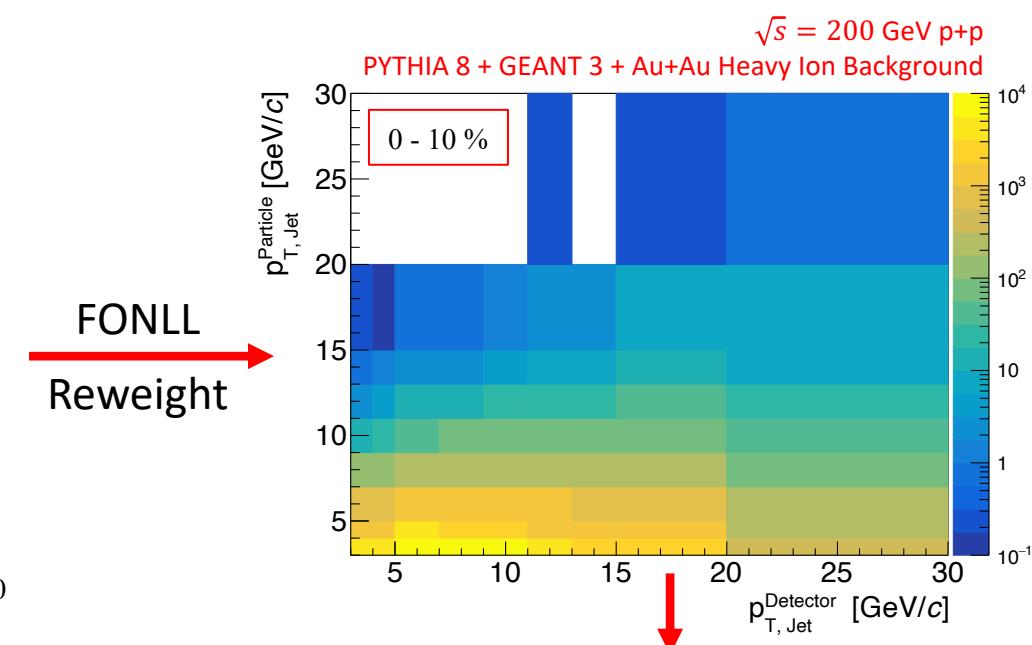
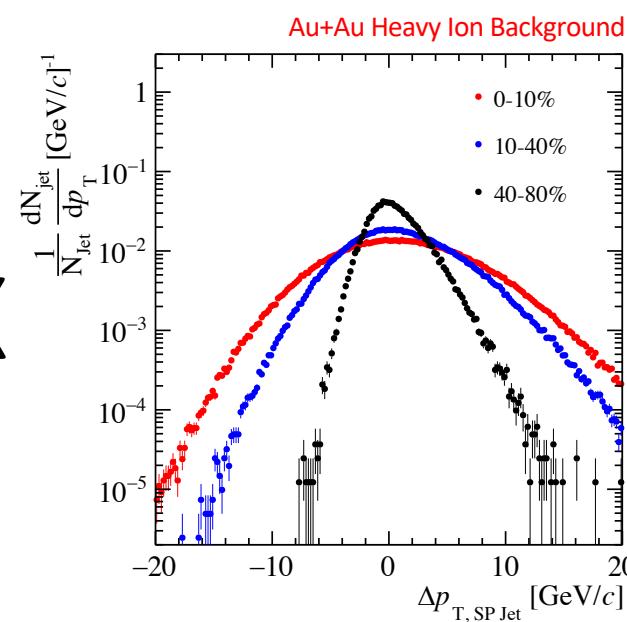
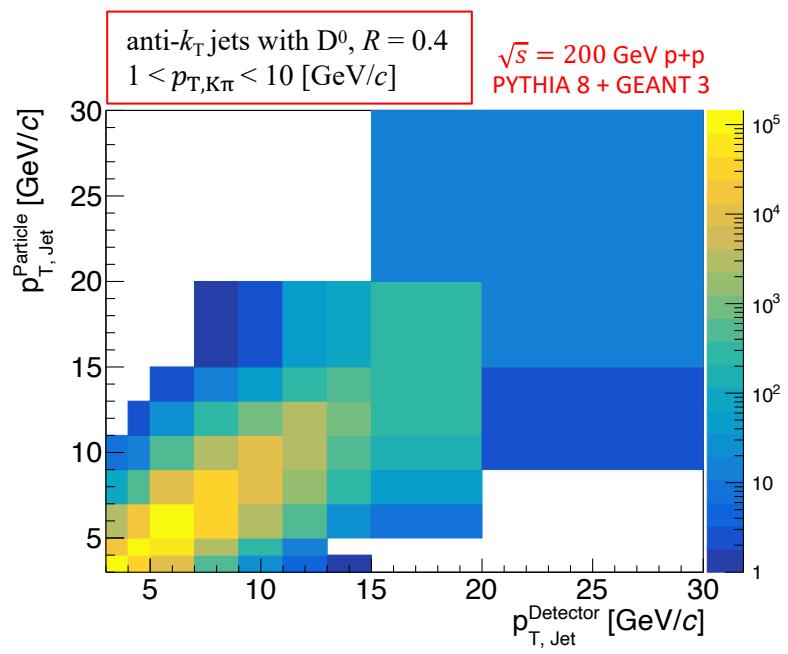
$$s\mathcal{P}_n(m_{K\pi,i}) \rightarrow \frac{s\mathcal{P}_n(m_{K\pi,i})}{\varepsilon(m_{K\pi,i})}$$

For more information about sPlot, visit poster by Matthew Kelsey.



# Correction to the Jet Reconstruction

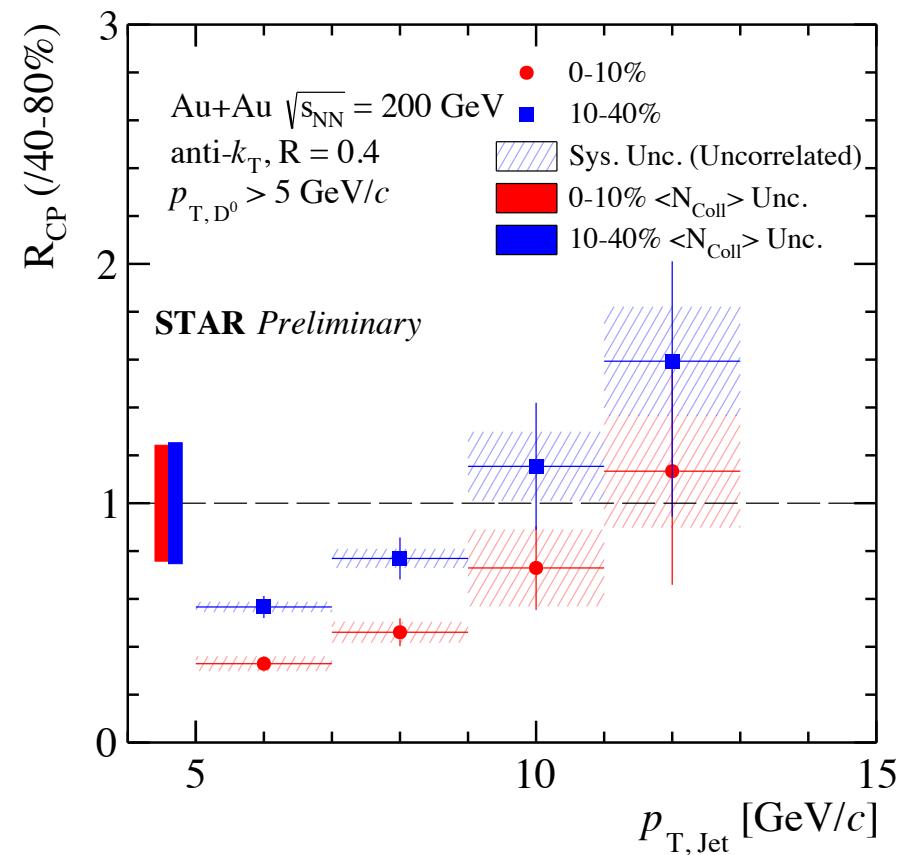
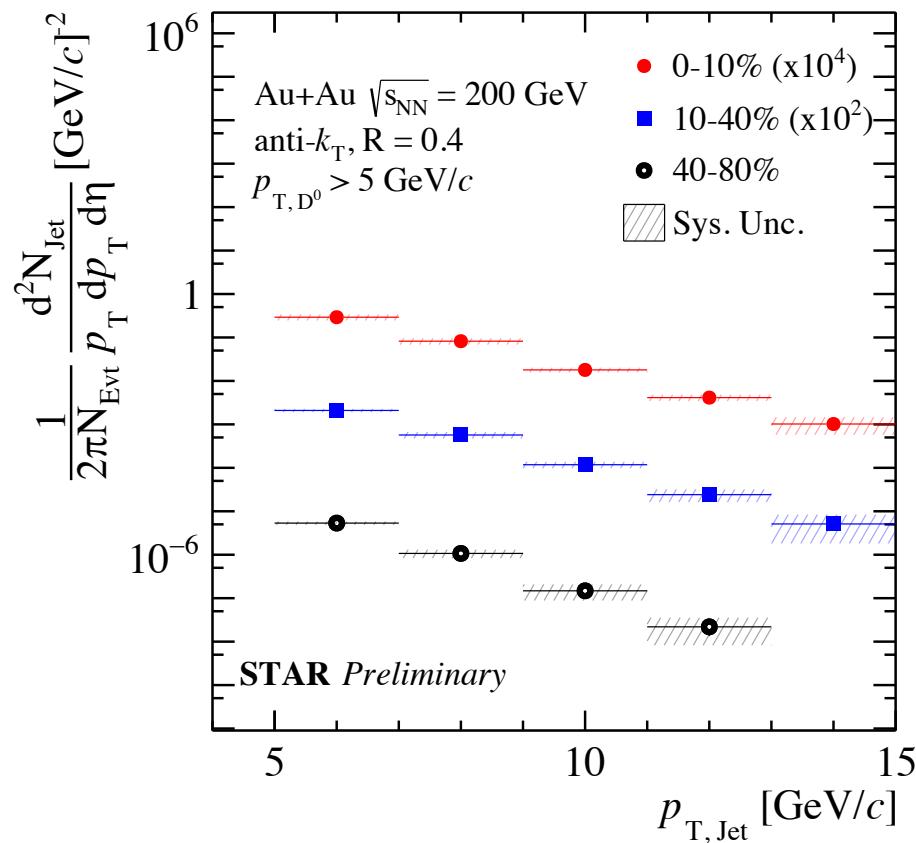
1. Response Matrix for  $p+p \sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV from PYTHIA and GEANT3 to get the detector response
2. Single Particle Embedding in heavy ion event to model fluctuations in area-based background subtraction
3. Reweighting PYTHIA with a prior (FONLL c-quark) to match the shape of the jet  $p_T$  spectra
4. Heavy-flavor jet fragmentation modeled from PYTHIA (systematics from variation in fragmentation model will be studied later)



\*Response Matrix for  $\Delta R$  in backup

# Jet Spectra

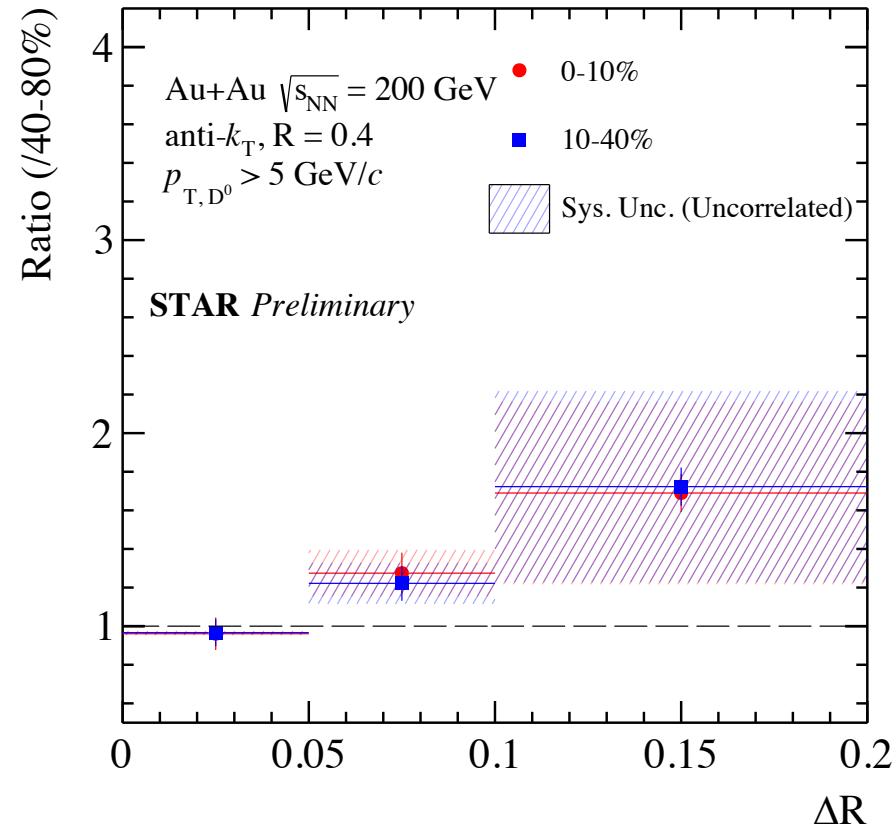
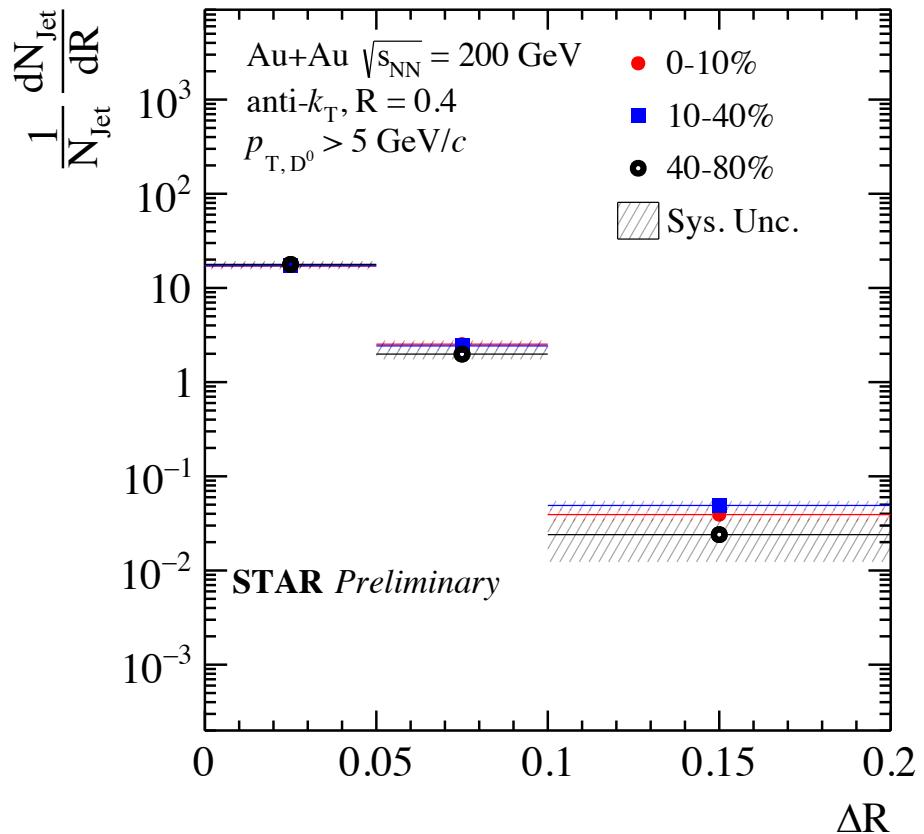
New For QM22



- For central and mid-central, we can measure the spectra up to about  $15 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Peripheral has limited statistics with the  $D^0 p_T$  cut.  $R_{\text{CP}}$  is severely limited by peripheral statistics.
- p+p baseline for  $R_{\text{AA}}$  calculation at STAR would be beneficial

# Radial Distribution of D<sup>0</sup> Mesons in Jets

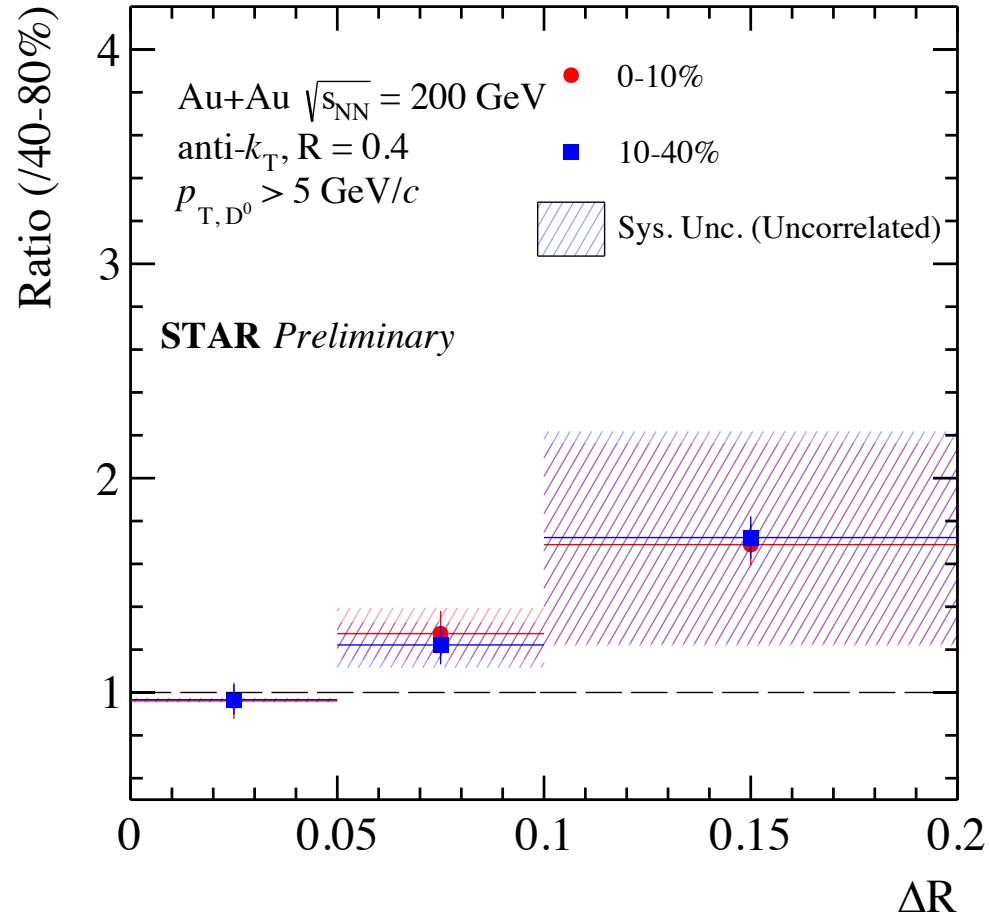
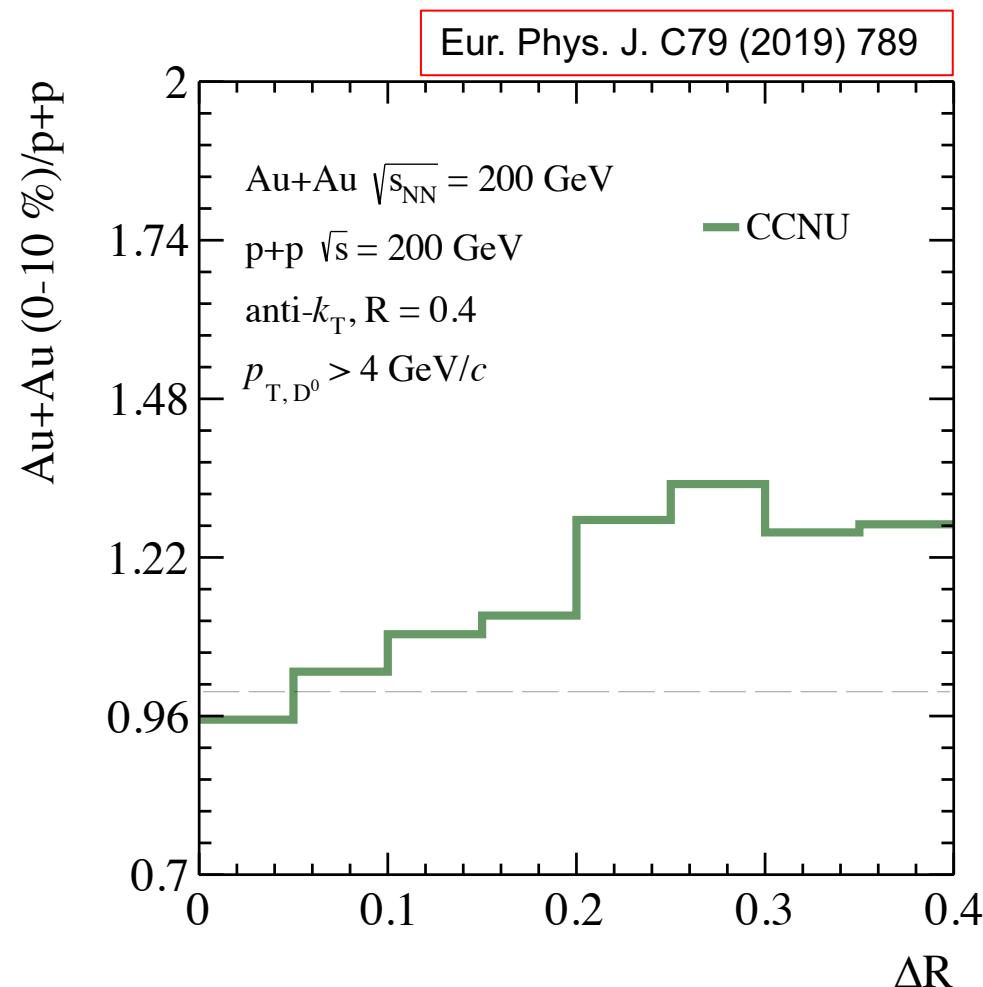
New For QM22



- Small hint of diffusion in the presence of QGP at RHIC energies

# Ratio of Radial Distributions

New For QM22



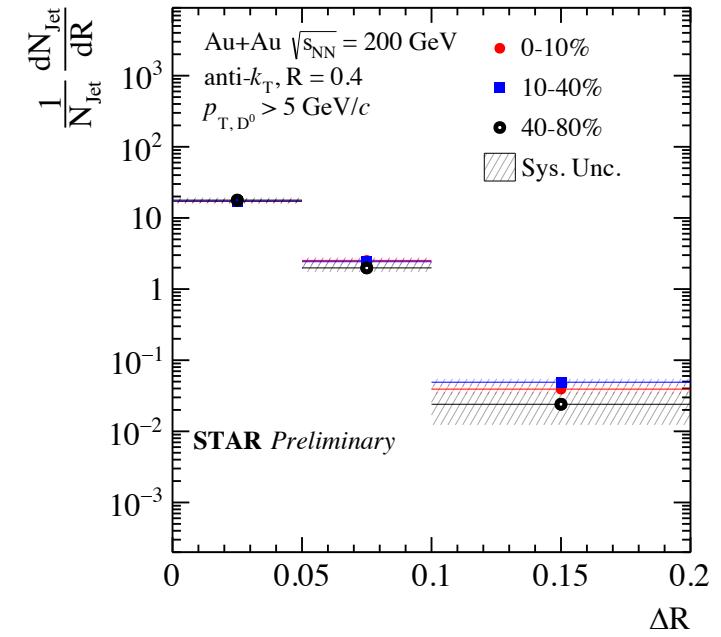
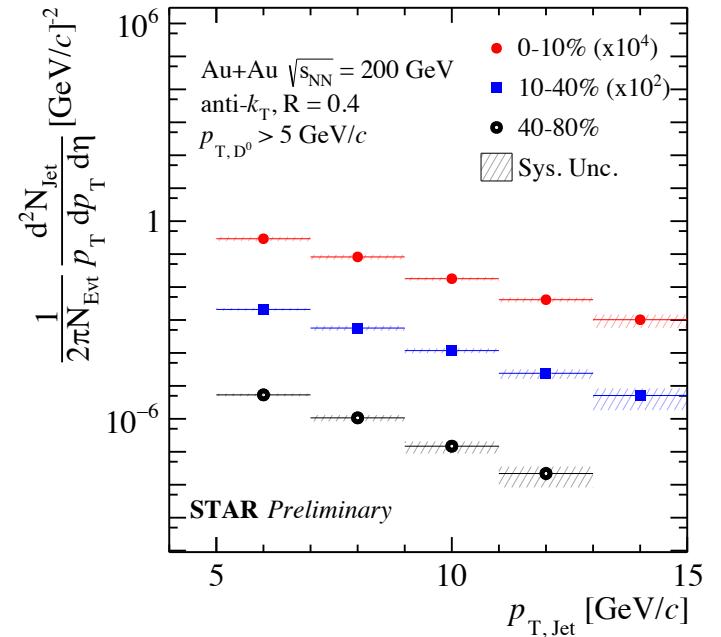
- Qualitatively, similar to the predictions from CCNU for  $R_{AA}$

# Summary

- First charm-jet measurement at RHIC energies
- Spectra for D<sup>0</sup>-jets in central and mid-central events suppressed with respect to peripheral in the  $p_T$  range of 5-10 GeV/c
- Radial distribution of D<sup>0</sup> mesons show hints of diffusion in central and mid-central events with respect to peripheral events

# Outlook

- Will study the dependence of the observables on the fragmentation function of heavy quarks in simulation
- Will explore low D<sup>0</sup>  $p_T$  ranges to extend kinematic acceptance

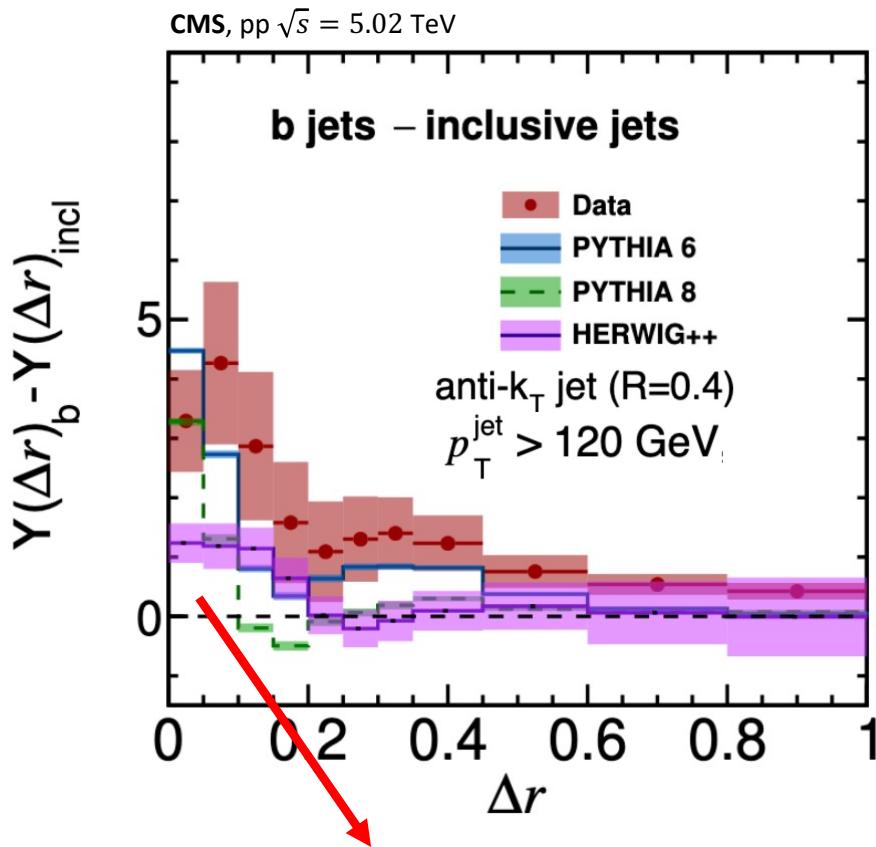


Backup

# Previous Jet Results

## Jets from Heavy Flavor

CMS, JHEP05 (2021) 054



$$Y(\Delta r) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{jets}}} \frac{d^2 N_{\text{trk}}}{d\Delta r dp_T^{\text{trk}}}$$

Higher yields of low  $p_T$  charged-particle close to jet axis in b-Jets  
vs inclusive jets in vacuum

~ Different fragmentation pattern for heavy quarks