

# CSE 311L (Database Management System)

# LAB-Week 04 (Part A)

**Instructor: Nazmul Alam Diptu** 

# Displaying Data from Multiple Tables

## **Topics:**

- Obtaining Data from Multiple Tables
- Generating a Cartesian Product
- Retrieving Records with Equijoins
- Joining a Table to Itself
- Creating Joins with the ON Clause

#### **EMPLOYEES**

EMPLOYEE_ID	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID
100	King	90
101	Kochhar	90
	Fay	20
205	Higgins	110
206	Gietz	110

## **DEPARTMENTS**

DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	LOCATION_ID
10	Administration	1700
20	Marketing	1800
50	Shipping	1500
60	IT	1400
80	Sales	2500
90	Executive	1700
110	Accounting	1700
190	Contracting	1700





EMPLOYEE_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
200	10	Administration
201	20	Marketing
202	20	Marketing
102	90	Executive
205	110	Accounting
206	110	Accounting

## **Generating a Cartesian Product**

SELECT last\_name, department\_name dept\_name
FROM employees, departments;

## **Retrieving Records with Equijoins**

SELECT e.employee\_id, e.last\_name, e.department\_id,
d.department\_id, d.location\_id
FROM employees e , departments d
WHERE e.department id = d.department id;

## Joining a Table to Itself

	WORKER.LAST_NAME  'WORKSFOR'  MANAGER.LAST_NAME
Kochhar works for King	
De Haan works for King	
Mourgos works for King	
Zlotkey works for King	
Hartstein works for King	
Whalen works for Kochhar	
Higgins works for Kochhar	
Hunold works for De Haan	
Ernst works for Hunold	

## **Creating Joins with the ON Clause**

```
SELECT e.employee_id, e.last_name, e.department_id,
d.department_id, d.location_id
FROM employees e JOIN departments d
ON (e.department id = d.department id);
```

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	LOCATION_ID
Whalen	10	10	1700
Hartstein	20	20	1800
Fay	20	20	1800
Mourgos	50	50	1500
Rajs	50	50	1500
Davies	50	50	1500
Matos	50	50	1500
	Whalen Hartstein Fay Mourgos Rajs Davies	Whalen         10           Hartstein         20           Fay         20           Mourgos         50           Rajs         50           Davies         50	Whalen         10         10           Hartstein         20         20           Fay         20         20           Mourgos         50         50           Rajs         50         50           Davies         50         50

# Activity 01:

Write a query to display the last name, department number, and department name for all employees.

# Activity 02:

Write a query to display the employee last name, department name, location ID, and city of all employees who earn a commission.



# CSE 311L(Database Management System)

# LAB-Week 04 (Part B)

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## **Topics:**

After completing this lesson, you should be able to do:

- Creating Three-Way Joins with the ON Clause
- ▶ LEFT OUTER JOIN
- ▶ RIGHT OUTER JOIN
- ▶ FULL OUTER JOIN
- Additional Conditions

## **Creating Three-Way Joins with the ON Clause**

```
SELECT employee_id, city, department_name
FROM employees e
JOIN departments d
ON d.department_id = e.department_id
JOIN locations l
ON d.location id = l.location id;
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	CITY	DEPARTMENT_NAME
103	Southlake	IT
104	Southlake	ΙΤ
107	Southlake	ΙΤ
124	South San Francisco	Shipping
141	South San Francisco	Shipping
142	South San Francisco	Shipping

## LEFT OUTER JOIN

```
SELECT e.last_name, e.department_id, d.department_name
FROM employees e
LEFT OUTER JOIN departments d
ON (e.department_id = d.department_id);
```

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
Whalen	10	Administration
Fay	20	Marketing
Hartstein	20	Marketing

#### -----

De Haan	90	Executive
Kochhar	90	Executive
King	90	Executive
Gietz	110	Accounting
Higgins	110	Accounting
Grant		

## RIGHT OUTER JOIN

SELECT e.last\_name, e.department\_id, d.department\_name
FROM employees e
RIGHT OUTER JOIN departments d

ON (e.department id = d.department id) ;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
King	90	Executive
Kochhar	90	Executive

#### -----

Whalen	10	Administration
Hartstein	20	Marketing
Fay	20	Marketing
Higgins	110	Accounting
Gietz	110	Accounting
		Contracting

## FULL OUTER JOIN

SELECT e.last\_name, e.department\_id, d.department\_name
FROM employees e

RIGHT OUTER JOIN departments d

ON (e.department id = d.department id)

UNION

SELECT e.last\_name, e.department\_id, d.department\_name
FROM employees e

LEFT OUTER JOIN departments d

ON (e.department id = d.department id)

;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
Whalen	10	Administration
Fay	20	Marketing

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De Haan	90	Executive
Kochhar	90	Executive
King	90	Executive
Gietz	110	Accounting
Higgins	110	Accounting
Grant		
		Contracting

## **Additional Conditions**

```
SELECT e.employee_id, e.last_name, e.department_id,
d.department_id, d.location_id
FROM employees e JOIN departments d
ON (e.department_id = d.department_id)
AND e.manager id = 149;
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	LOCATION_ID
174	Abel	80	80	2500
176	Taylor	80	80	2500

## Activity 01:

Write a query to display the last name, job, department number, and department name for all employees who work in Toronto.

LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
Hartstein	MK_MAN	20	Marketing
Fay	MK_REP	20	Marketing

## Activity 02:

Display the last name, salary, and commission for all employees who earn commissions. Sort data in descending order of salary and commissions. Title.

## Activity 03:

Display the employee last name and employee number along with their manager's last name and manager number. Label the columns Employee, Emp#, Manager, and Mgr#, respectively.

Employee	EMP#	Manager	Mgr#
Kochhar	101	King	100
De Haan	102	King	100
Mourgos	124	King	100
Zlotkey	149	King	100
Hartstein	201	King	100
Whalen	200	Kochhar	101
Higgins	205	Kochhar	101