

DIFFERENTIAL TOPOLOGY
WINTER 2026
HOMEWORK #3

Due on Gradescope anytime before 10 p.m. EDT on Wednesday, January 28.

Problem 1. Consider the map $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by $f(x, y) = (e^x \cos y, e^x \sin y)$.

- (a) What is the image of f ?
- (b) Use the Inverse Function Theorem to show that every point in \mathbb{R}^2 has a neighborhood U such that $f|_U$ is injective.
- (c) Show that f is not injective.
- (d) Find a local inverse for f near $f(0, \pi/3)$, compute its derivative, and compare your result with what the Inverse Function Theorem tells you.

Problem 2. Consider the map $f : \mathbb{R}P^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ defined by $f([x: y: z]) = (yz, xz, xy)$. Show that f is an immersion except at six points. (Here we view $[x: y: z]$ as the equivalence class of antipodal points in S^2 .)

Problem 3. Lee, Problem 4-5.

Problem 4. Lee, Problem 4-6.

Problem 5. Lee, Problem 5-10.

Problem 6. Lee, Problem 5-15.