

Svanberg's (strict) conservatism

See algorithm in appended Python code. The objective and the constraint function is given verbatim below. (Notice the naive choice of (a quadratic approximation to) a function linearised in terms of reciprocal intervening variables, dd The reader is encouraged to, for example, uncomment the analytic second order information.)

```
#
import numpy as np
#
def obj(x):
#
    a = 1.; b = 32.; c = -1.
    f = a*np.sin(b*x)*np.exp(c*x)
    df = a*c*np.sin(b*x)*np.exp(c*x) + a*b*np.exp(c*x)*np.cos(b*x)
#    ddf = 2*a*c*b*np.cos(b*x)*np.exp(c*x)+a*c*c*np.sin(b*x)*np.exp(c*x)-a*b*b*np.exp(c*x)*np.sin(b*x)
#
#    quad. approx. to function linearised in terms of reciprocal intervening variables
#    ddf = -2./x*df
    ddf = abs(-2./x*df ) # nonconvex variant
#
    return [f, df, ddf]
#
def con(x):
#
    a = 1./4.; b = 32.
    g = a*np.cos(b*x)+0.1
    dg = -a*b*np.sin(b*x)
#    ddg = -a*b*b*np.cos(b*x)
#
#    quad. approx. to function linearised in terms of reciprocal intervening variables
#    ddg = -2./x*dg
    ddg = abs(-2./x*dg) # nonconvex variant
#
    return [g, dg, ddg]
```

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.500$$

$$F^k = -0.175$$

$$d_x^k F = -18.413$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 73.650$$

$$\alpha_F = 1.000$$

$$G^k = -0.139$$

$$d_x^k G = 2.303$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 9.213$$

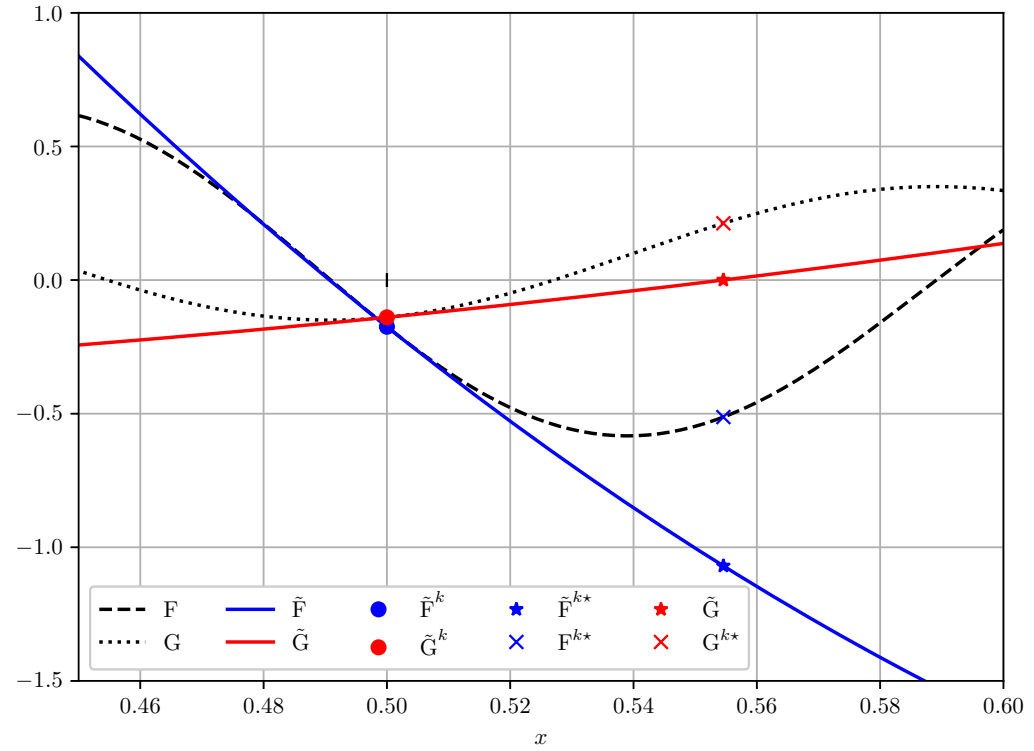
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 5.130$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.555$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -1.069746e + 00$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -8.274515e - 06$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.126921e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 2.126648e - 01$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

→ the value of the constraint function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{G}^{k*} < G^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.500$$

$$F^k = -0.175$$

$$d_x^k F = -18.413$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 73.650$$

$$\alpha_F = 2.000$$

$$G^k = -0.139$$

$$d_x^k G = 2.303$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 9.213$$

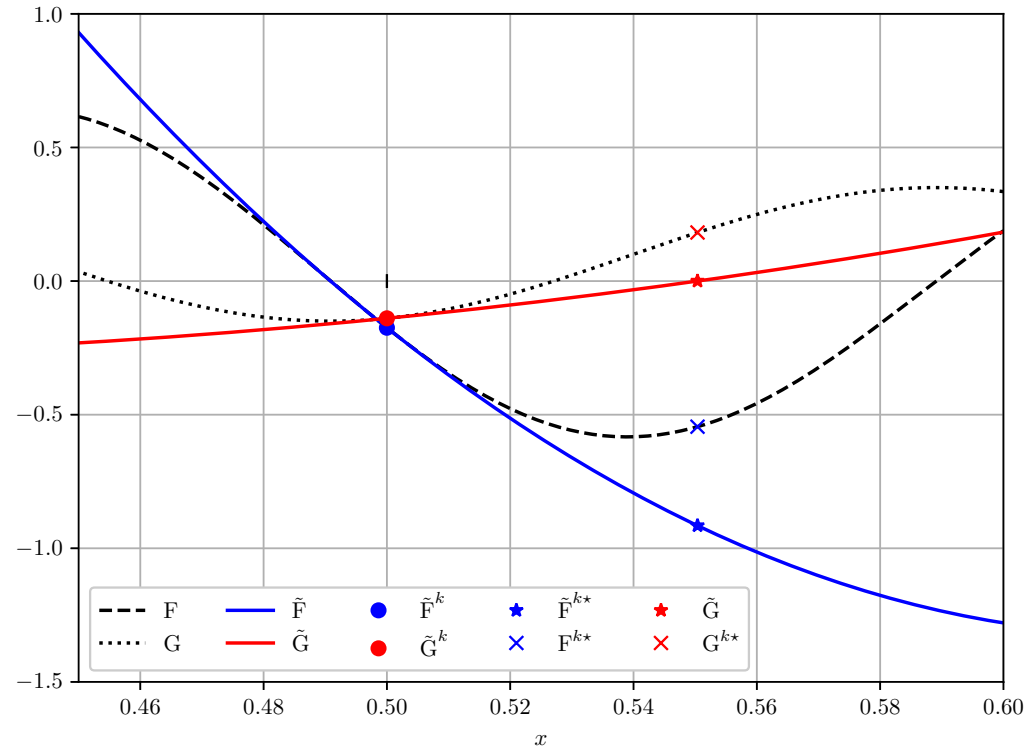
$$\alpha_G = 2.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 3.402$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.550$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -9.152876e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -1.946269e - 06$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.449878e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 1.817974e - 01$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

→ the value of the constraint function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{G}^{k*} < G^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.500$$

$$F^k = -0.175$$

$$d_x^k F = -18.413$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 73.650$$

$$\alpha_F = 4.000$$

$$G^k = -0.139$$

$$d_x^k G = 2.303$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 9.213$$

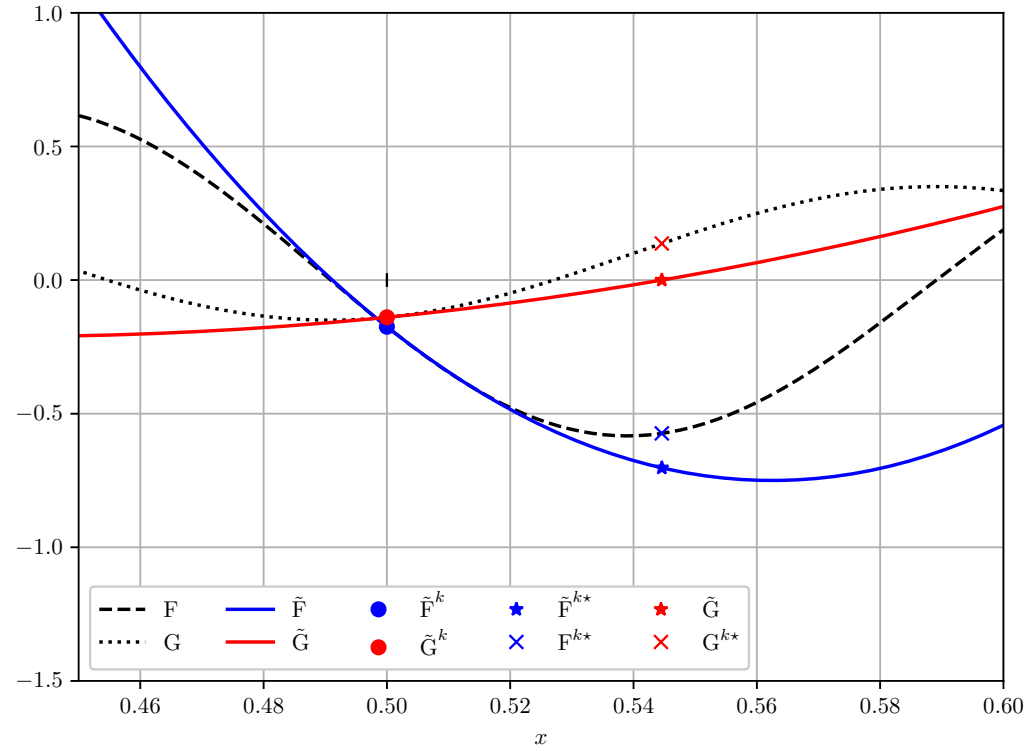
$$\alpha_G = 4.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 1.337$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.545$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -7.027671e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -7.757163e - 05$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.737270e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 1.368968e - 01$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

→ the value of the constraint function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{G}^{k*} < G^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.500$$

$$F^k = -0.175$$

$$d_x^k F = -18.413$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 73.650$$

$$\alpha_F = 8.000$$

$$G^k = -0.139$$

$$d_x^k G = 2.303$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 9.213$$

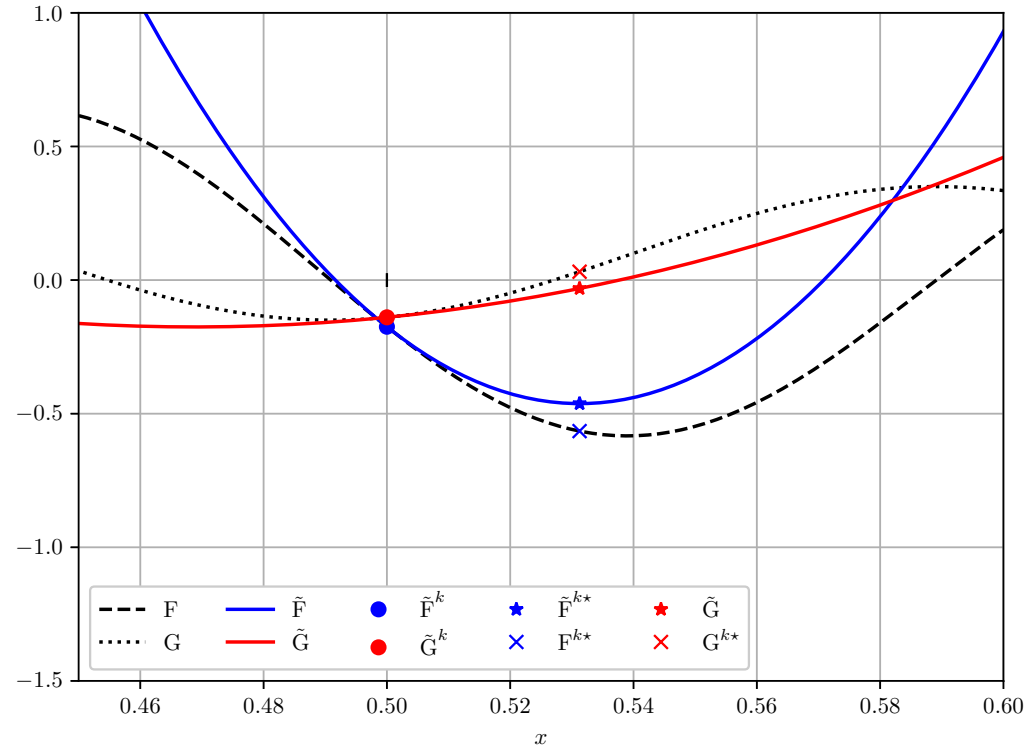
$$\alpha_G = 8.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 0.000$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.531$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -4.623186e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -3.145113e - 02$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.651764e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 3.120917e - 02$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the constraint function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{G}^{k*} < G^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.500$$

$$F^k = -0.175$$

$$d_x^k F = -18.413$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 73.650$$

$$\alpha_F = 8.000$$

$$G^k = -0.139$$

$$d_x^k G = 2.303$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 9.213$$

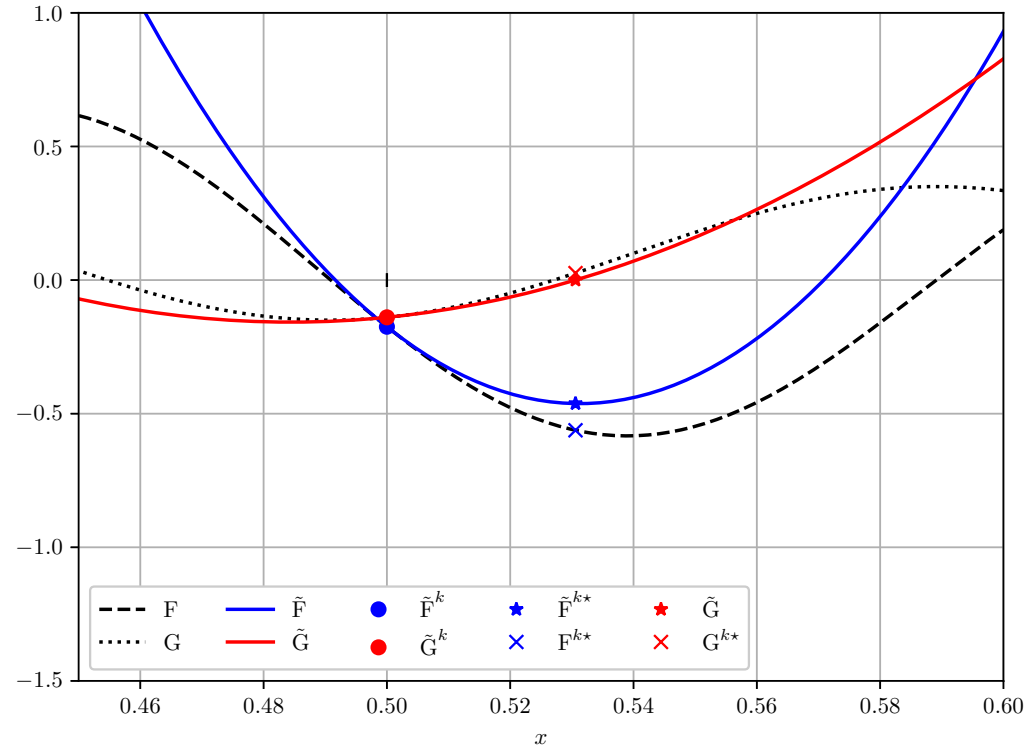
$$\alpha_G = 16.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 0.057$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.531$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -4.621899e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = 6.450742e - 07$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.619993e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 2.613989e - 02$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the constraint function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{G}^{k*} < G^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.500$$

$$F^k = -0.175$$

$$d_x^k F = -18.413$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 73.650$$

$$\alpha_F = 8.000$$

$$G^k = -0.139$$

$$d_x^k G = 2.303$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 9.213$$

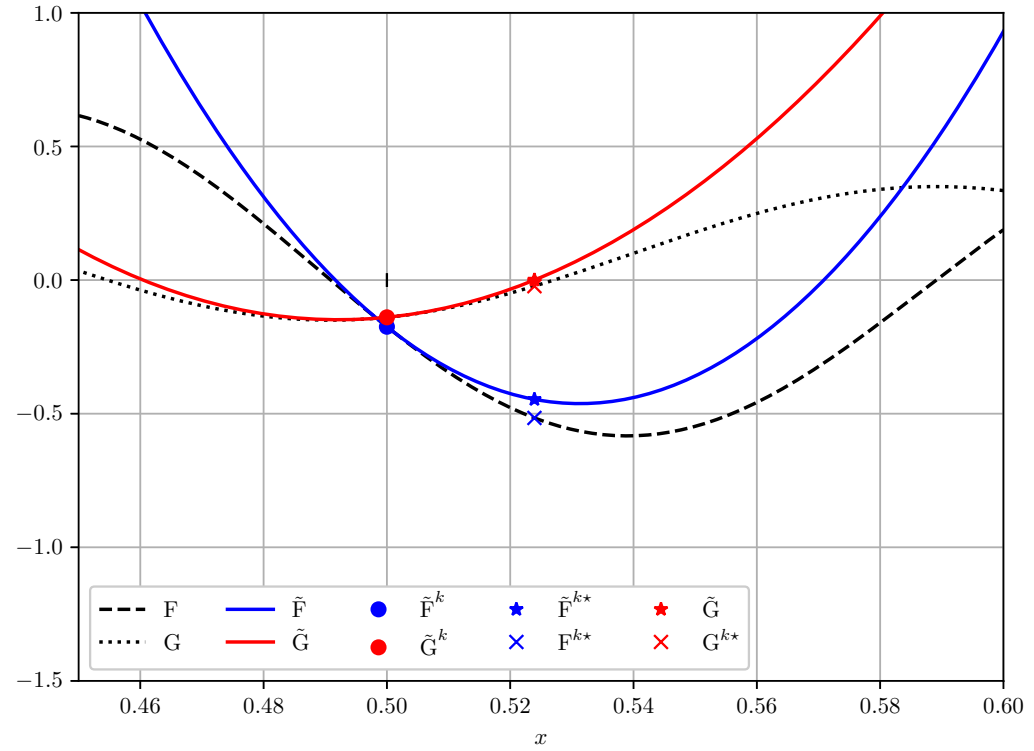
$$\alpha_G = 32.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 0.461$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.524$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -4.465202e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = 8.467353e - 05$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.159334e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = -2.271927e - 02$$

Both the value objective function approximation and the constraint function approximation, at the new design point x^{k*} , is *conservative* with respect to the actual function values, $\tilde{F}^{k*} > F^{k*}$, $\tilde{G}^{k*} > G^{k*}$

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.524$$

$$F^k = -0.516$$

$$d_x^k F = -8.786$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 33.540$$

$$\alpha_F = 1.000$$

$$G^k = -0.023$$

$$d_x^k G = 6.970$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 26.606$$

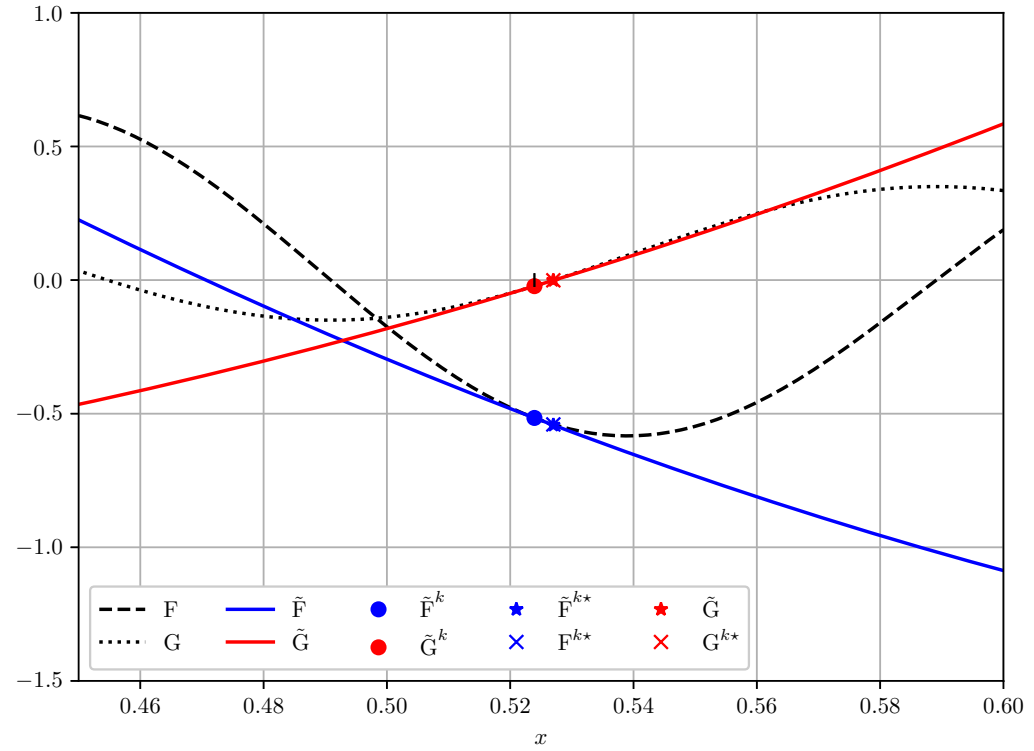
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 1.231$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.527$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -5.427021e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -1.234656e - 03$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.402579e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = -8.041847e - 04$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.524$$

$$F^k = -0.516$$

$$d_x^k F = -8.786$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 33.540$$

$$\alpha_F = 2.000$$

$$G^k = -0.023$$

$$d_x^k G = 6.970$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 26.606$$

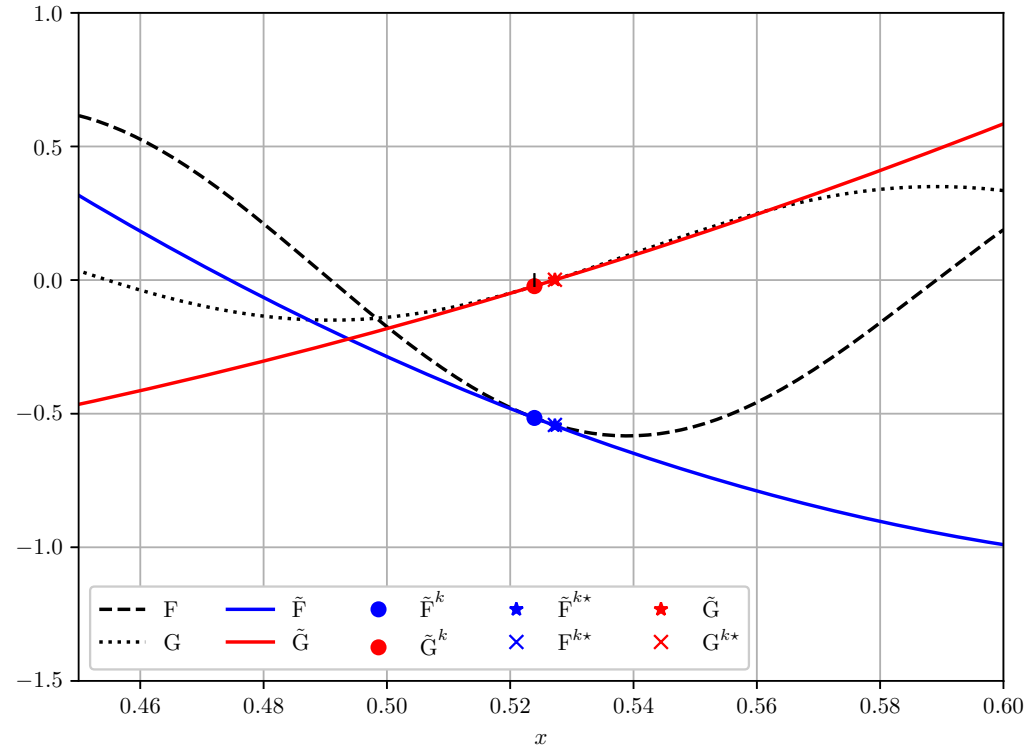
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 1.213$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.527$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -5.447426e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = 5.743015e - 04$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.420540e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 1.076367e - 03$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.524$$

$$F^k = -0.516$$

$$d_x^k F = -8.786$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 33.540$$

$$\alpha_F = 4.000$$

$$G^k = -0.023$$

$$d_x^k G = 6.970$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 26.606$$

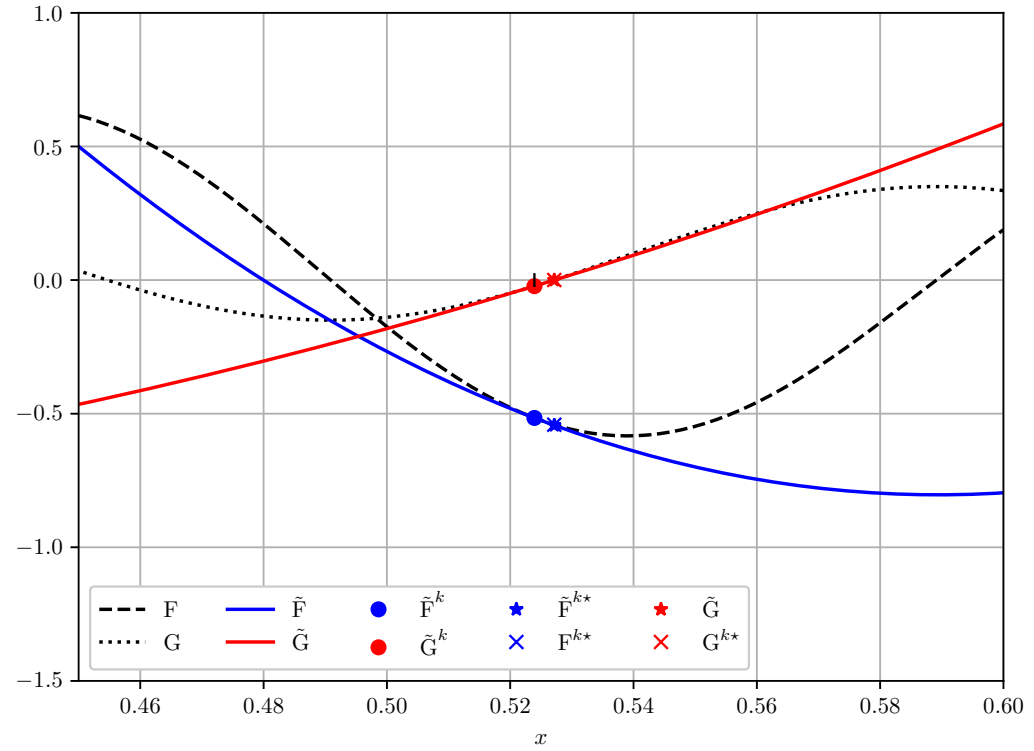
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 1.184$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.527$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -5.434984e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -1.648436e - 04$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.413249e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 3.073761e - 04$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.524$$

$$F^k = -0.516$$

$$d_x^k F = -8.786$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 33.540$$

$$\alpha_F = 8.000$$

$$G^k = -0.023$$

$$d_x^k G = 6.970$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 26.606$$

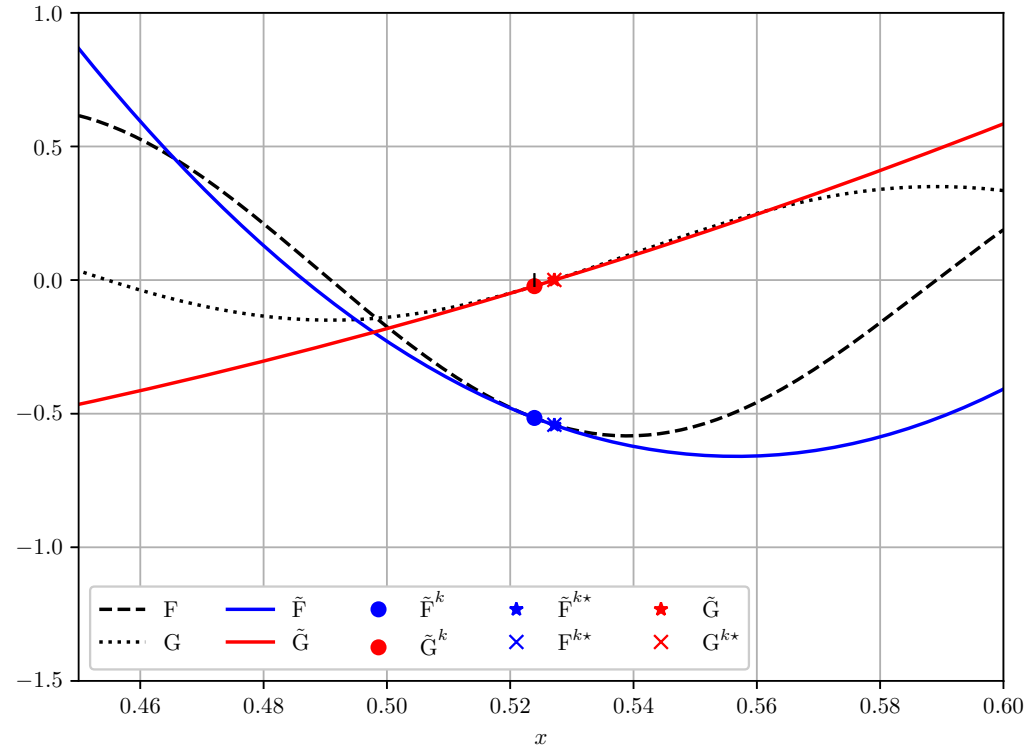
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 1.122$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.527$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -5.429334e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = -5.001063e - 05$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.414386e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 4.267925e - 04$$

However, the solution (step) is deemed *unacceptable*, because

→ the value of the objective function approximation is less than the actual function value, at the new design point, $\tilde{F}^{k*} < F^{k*}$.

That is, at least one approximation function is not *conservative*.

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.524$$

$$F^k = -0.516$$

$$d_x^k F = -8.786$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 33.540$$

$$\alpha_F = 16.000$$

$$G^k = -0.023$$

$$d_x^k G = 6.970$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 26.606$$

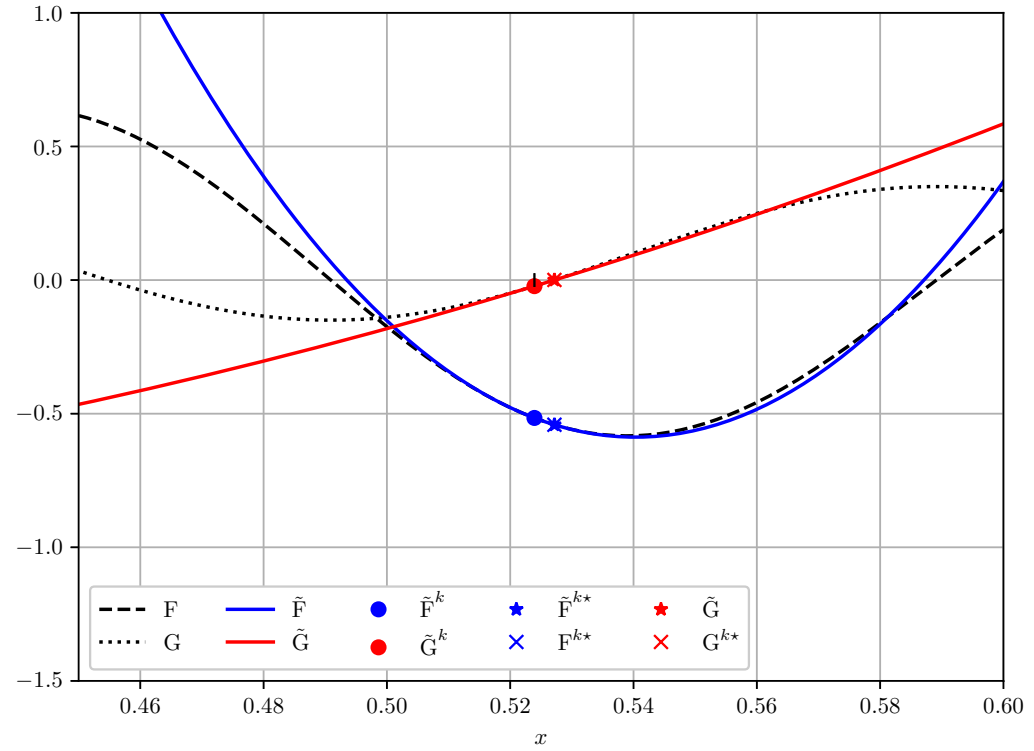
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k*} = 0.999$$

at the solution

$$x^{k*} = 0.527$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k*} = -5.415990e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k*} = 1.754802e - 05$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k*} = -5.415054e - 01$$

$$G^{k*} = 4.970568e - 04$$

Both the value objective function approximation and the constraint function approximation, at the new design point x^{k*} , is *conservative* with respect to the actual function values, $\tilde{F}^{k*} > F^{k*}$, $\tilde{G}^{k*} > G^{k*}$

QP subproblem at x^k :

$$x^k = 0.527$$

$$F^k = -0.542$$

$$d_x^k F = -6.976$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{F} = 26.468$$

$$\alpha_F = 1.000$$

$$G^k = 0.000$$

$$d_x^k G = 7.339$$

$$dd_x^k \tilde{G} = 27.843$$

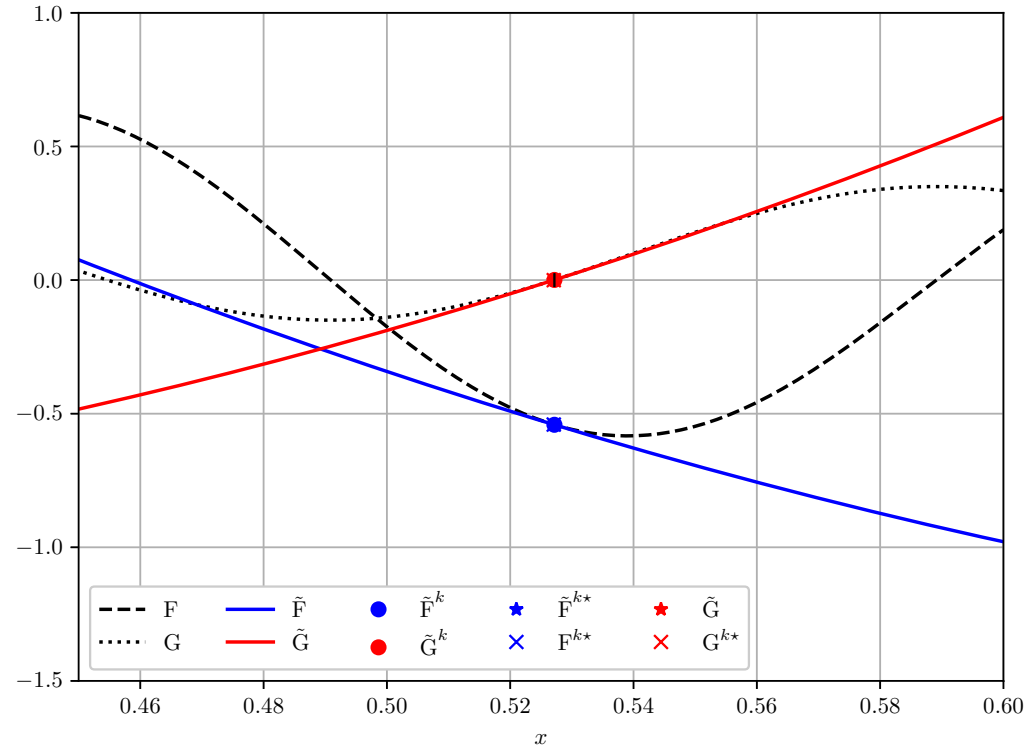
$$\alpha_G = 1.000$$

with Lagrange multiplier

$$\lambda^{k\star} = 0.951$$

at the solution

$$x^{k\star} = 0.527$$



At the solution of the QP the function approximations have the values

$$\tilde{F}^{k\star} = -5.407912e - 01$$

$$\tilde{G}^{k\star} = -2.539784e - 04$$

while the actual functions are evaluated to be

$$F^{k\star} = -5.407883e - 01$$

$$G^{k\star} = -2.535892e - 04$$

Both the value objective function approximation and the constraint function approximation, at the new design point $x^{k\star}$, is *conservative* with respect to the actual function values, $\tilde{F}^{k\star} > F^{k\star}$, $\tilde{G}^{k\star} > G^{k\star}$

Terminated on $|x^{k\star} - x^k| < 1.0e-03$

Python code