# **Agile Planning**

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AMOS B04

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### **Agenda**

- 1. Product goal
- 2. Product glossary
- 3. Backlog items
- 4. Scrum backlogs
- 5. Definition of done
- 6. Sprint planning
- 7. Release planning
- 8. Roadmapping

1. Product Goal

### **Product Goal [1]**

The **product goal** is

The purpose of undertaking the project

To resolve the product / project conflict, AMOS separately defines

Product vision and project mission

#### **Product Vision**

#### The **product vision** is the

• Timeless reason why the software under development should exist

The product vision should contain a sustainability model

Business value of why someone pays for the development

The Flowers social network helps flower enthusiasts worldwide to connect with each other and enjoy following their favorite hobby online. Centered on showing and rating favorite flower photos, it inspires growing and presenting ever more beautiful flowers. With a highly engaged user community, Flowers is the best place for producers and sellers of gardening supply to reach out to customers and engage with them. Such engagement involves understanding flower enthusiasts' needs around gardening supplies and selling to them.

## **Project Mission**

#### The **project mission** is

What the team has committed to achieving within the given project time-frame

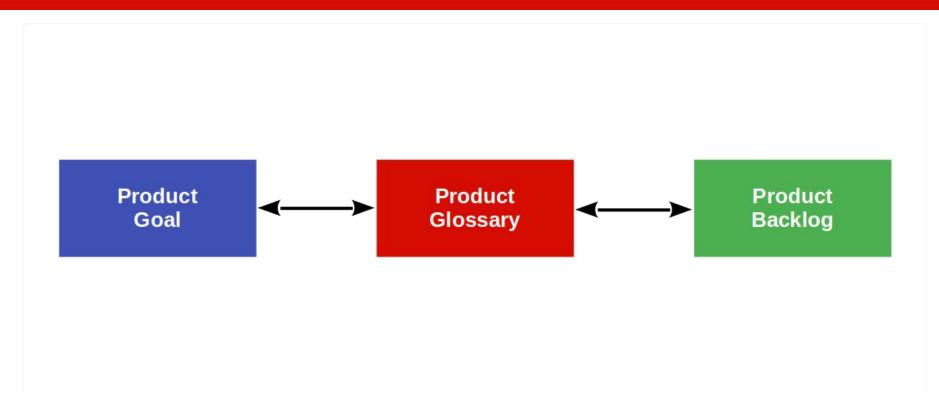
The mission of this project is to create an MVP for Wahlzeit with the Flowers extension. Core functionality will be showing and rating photos, basic user management, case management, and minimal system administration.

### One-Time Deliverable: Product Vision and Project Mission

Please define and agree on product vision and project mission

If necessary, update vision and mission during the project

### **Product Goal / Product Glossary / Product Backlog**



2. Product Glossary

### **Product Glossary**

#### A product glossary is a

List of domain concept (term) definitions

Domain concepts can be

Original concepts, synonyms (links), shorthands, ...

A glossary is a poor man's approach to a domain model

Lack of formality doesn't necessarily make it easier

In AMOS, the domain is the application domain

## **Example Domain Glossary**

Term	Definition
Photo	A photo is an image uploaded by a user for display as part of the user's photo portfolio
Photo rating	A short-hand for either individual or community photo rating
Individual photo rating	An integer value of 110 that a user gives to a photo shown to them
Community photo rating	A rational value of 110 that is the average of all individual photo ratings
Photo status	The status of a photo within the Wahlzeit system (uploaded, published, etc.)

### **Common Mistakes and Best Practices**

#### Common mistakes

- Lack of precision / not thinking
- Confusing application with technical domain
- Redundant definitions

#### Best practices

- Work from first principles i.e. "is a" (supertypes)
- Avoid redundancy by building terms on each other

## **Regular Deliverable: Product Glossary**

Please create a product glossary and keep it up-to-date

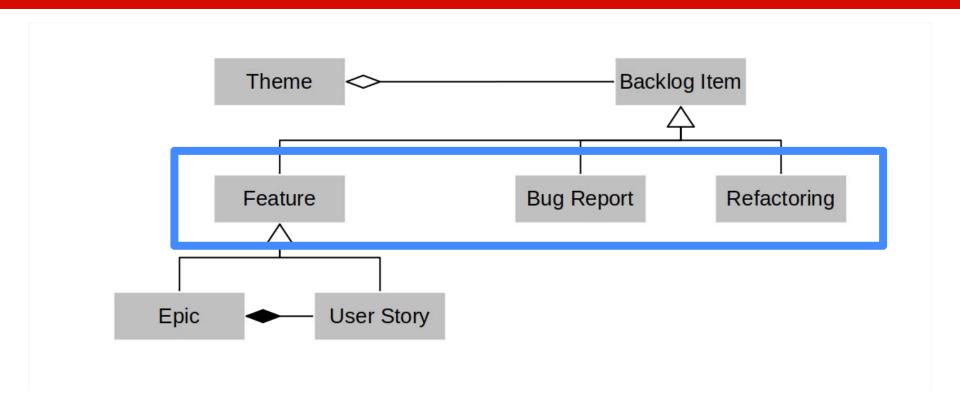
3. Backlog Items

## **Backlogs and Backlog Items**

#### Backlog items are items in a backlog

- Product backlog → product backlog items
- Sprint backlog → sprint backlog items
- Impediments backlog → impediments

### **Types of Product and Sprint Backlog Items**



## Features, Refactorings, and Bug Fix Requests

#### A **feature** is

A distinguishing characteristic of a software item [IEEE 829]

### A refactoring (request) is

A behavior-preserving code transformation to improve quality

#### A bug fix request is

A bug report where the bug is to be fixed against the underlying feature

### **Epics and User Stories**

#### An epic is

- A large feature awaiting break-down into smaller features
- A placeholder for these smaller features

#### A user story is

- A feature presented using a the user-story-pattern that is
- Small enough to be implemented in a sprint

### **User Stories**

A user story is a feature described using a pattern of

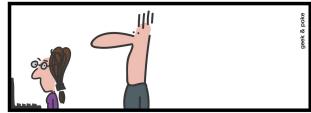
- As a [user role]
- I need a [function] so that
- I get [business value]

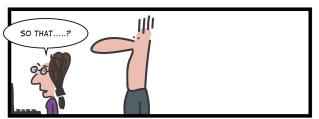
User stories are discussion starters, not specifications

Tell-a-Friend: As a **Flowers user**, I need a function to **tell a friend about a flower photo**, so that I can **share my passion for flowers and increase my network**.

#### AGILE FAMILIES

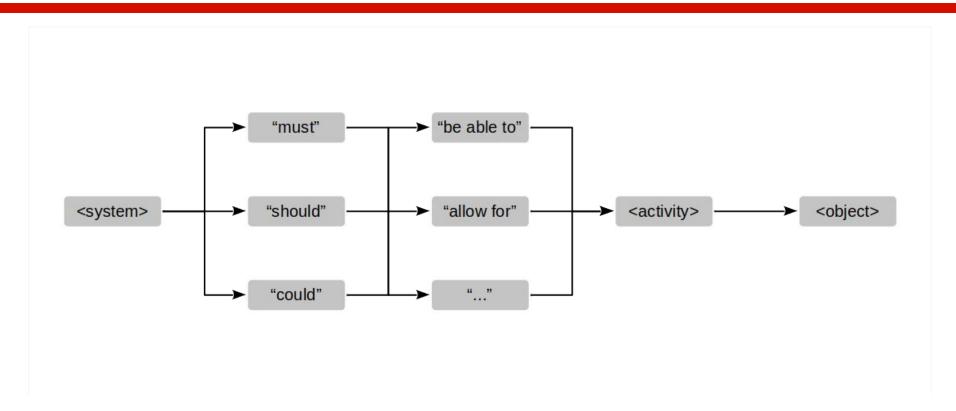






MAKE SURE YOUR USER STORY IS CORRECTLY PHRASED

### **Common Alternative to User Stories**



## **Quality Criteria for Backlog Items**

- I ndependent: Items should be independent of each other
- N egotiable: An item can be questioned and revised
- V aluable: An item should have recognizable business value
- stimatable: An item should be sufficiently precise to estimate a size
- s mall: An item should be small enough to fit into one iteration
- T estable: An item should have testable success criteria

### **Acceptance Criteria**

An acceptance criterion for a backlog item is

A proposition that must be true before the item can be accepted

Acceptance criteria are the list of required propositions

Acceptance criteria are specific to the backlog item

### **Story Points**

#### **Story points**

 Is an arbitrary numeric measure of size of a given backlog item

#### **Properties**

- Is a measure of size, not of effort or duration
- Measured in non-linear increments, forcing choice
- Is socially agreed upon, depends on team estimation history
- Is independent of a particular person (and their skills)
- Is mapped to time using the team's velocity (development speed)

Points	Meaning
0	No size
1	Trivial size
2	Small size
3	Medium size
5	Large size
8	Very large size
13	Too large (size)

### Size vs. Effort

#### Size is

- Measured in an arbitrary unit
- An estimate of complexity
- Independent of time
- Does not depend on people

#### **Effort** is

- Measured in person hours
- Are an estimate of duration
- Depends on the implementer

4. Scrum Backlogs

## **Scrum Backlogs**

#### A **backlog** is a

Prioritized list of items that need doing

The **product backlog** is a backlog of items that

• Are expected of the software under development

The **sprint backlog** is a backlog of items that

Are marked for doing in the upcoming sprint

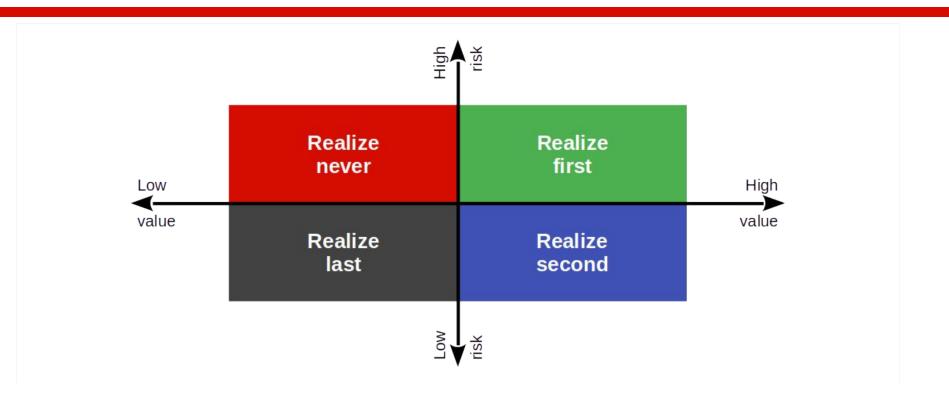
The **impediments backlog** is a backlog of items that

Represent process and projects issues to resolve

## **Prioritization by Dependency**

A backlog items precedes their dependent backlog items

## Prioritization by Risk / Reward



### **Product Backlog Item vs. Tasks**

#### Product backlog item are

- Written by a product owner
- Business-value-oriented
- Broken down into tasks

#### Tasks are

- Written by a software developer
- Implementation-oriented

5. Definition of Done

#### **Definition of Done**

#### A definition of done (DoD) is

- An auditable check-list of propositions about a backlog item's implementation
- Shared by all backlog items of the same type
- Typically of a technical nature

#### In contrast, acceptance criteria are

- Specific to each backlog item
- Typically of an application domain nature

### **Definition of Done Levels**

- 1. Feature sign-off
- 2. Sprint release
- 3. Project release

## **Example Definition of Done for Feature Sign-off**

- Component tests have been written and pass
- Code review has been completed and code has been merged
- All feature branches have been merged and closed

6. Sprint Planning

## **Types of Sprints**



- 1. Regular sprints
- 2. Exploratory sprints
- 3. Cleanup sprints
- 4. Release sprints

### **Example Definition of Done for Sprint Release**

- Database update scripts succeed, consistency tests pass
- Test coverage is above 70%

7. Release Planning

### **Example Definition of Done for Project Release**

- User interaction tests pass on all major browsers
- Project builds, deploys, and tests successfully

### One-Time AMOS Deliverable: Definitions of Done

Please create and agree upon definitions of done for all three types

Feel free to strengthen the definitions of done over time

8. Roadmapping

### **Summary**

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# Thank you! Any questions?

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