

PRICE DROP TRACKER

DESIGN DOCUMENT // SEVEN 30 GAMES // JAVA + SPRING BOOT

Spring Boot

PostgreSQL

Jsoup

JWT Auth

Spring Scheduler

REST API

// PROJECT OVERVIEW

What We're Building

A full-stack price tracking tool that lets users paste any product URL, set a target price, and get notified the moment the price drops. Real users, real value, and a backend that actually has to do work — scraping, scheduling, alerting, and analytics.

WHY THIS PROJECT

This is not a CRUD app dressed up. It has a scraping engine, background job scheduling, event-driven notifications, time-series data, and real business logic. Every piece is a talking point in an interview.

TIME ESTIMATE

MVP in 2–3 weeks working part-time. Core scraper + scheduler + notifications = Week 1. Auth + frontend polish + deployment = Week 2. Price history analytics + bookmarklet = Week 3.

TARGET AUDIENCE

Anyone who shops online — which is everyone. Particularly useful for devs, gamers tracking hardware drops, or deal hunters. Self-hostable = privacy-conscious users love it.

// TECH STACK

Chosen Technologies

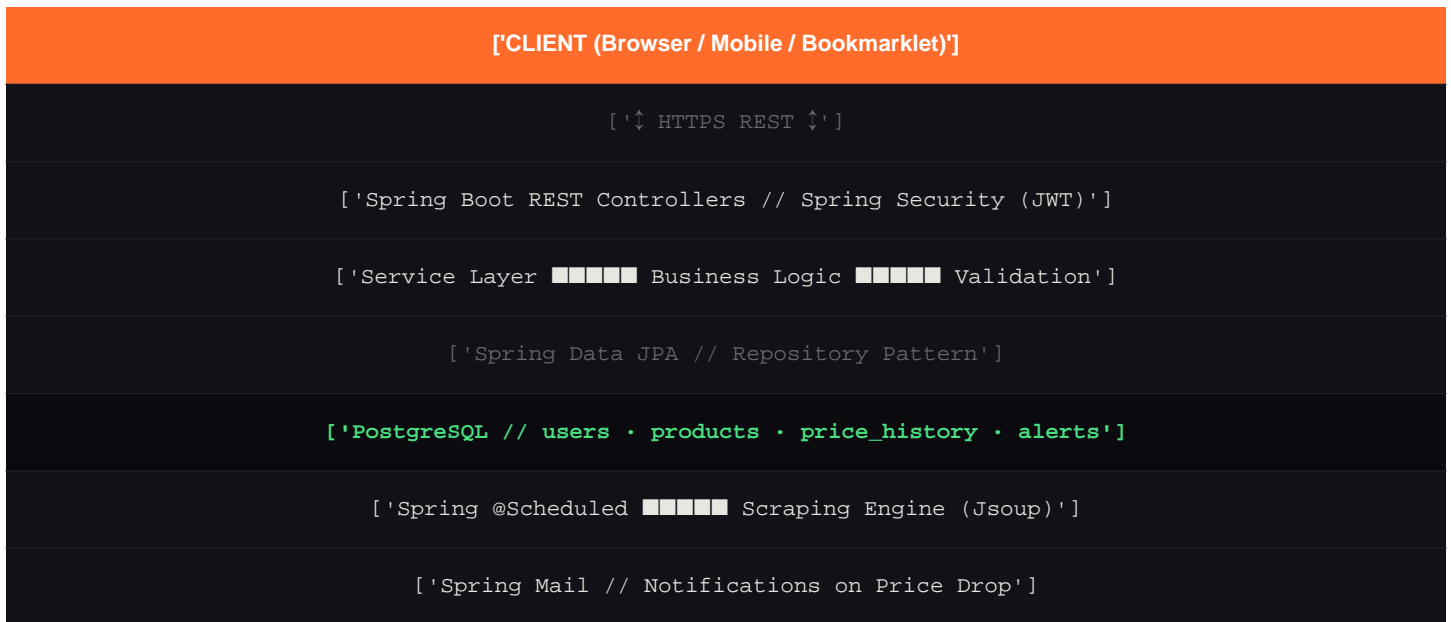
Layer	Technology	Why
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Framework	Spring Boot 3.x	Industry standard, great for REST + scheduling
Language	Java 21	Virtual threads, modern records, pattern matching
Database	PostgreSQL	Time-series price data, relational user/product models
ORM	Spring Data JPA + Hibernate	Clean repository pattern, no boilerplate
Scraping	Jsoup	HTML parsing, selector-based extraction
Scheduling	Spring @Scheduled	Built-in, cron-based price polling
Auth	Spring Security + JWT	Stateless, recruiter-friendly, industry standard
Email	Spring Mail + Mailgun	Free tier, reliable delivery
Cache	Redis (optional)	Rate limit scrapers, cache recent prices
Deployment	Railway or Render	Free tier, one-click PostgreSQL, instant HTTPS
Build	Maven	Standard, widely understood

// SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

How It All Fits Together

The system is split into four distinct layers: the REST API layer handling user requests, the scraping engine running in the background, the notification engine reacting to price changes, and the data layer persisting everything in PostgreSQL.



// DATA MODELS

Database Schema

users	products
id UUID // PK	id UUID // PK
email VARCHAR(255) // UNIQUE	user_id UUID // FK → users
password_hash VARCHAR(255)	url TEXT
notification_email VARCHAR(255)	name VARCHAR(500)
created_at TIMESTAMP	retailer VARCHAR(100)
is_active BOOLEAN	target_price DECIMAL(10,2)
	is_active BOOLEAN
	created_at TIMESTAMP

price_history

id UUID // PK

product_id UUID // FK → products

price DECIMAL(10,2)

currency CHAR(3)

scraped_at TIMESTAMP

in_stock BOOLEAN

raw_html_hash CHAR(64)

alerts

id UUID // PK

product_id UUID // FK → products

triggered_price DECIMAL(10,2)

triggered_at TIMESTAMP

notification_sent BOOLEAN

alert_type VARCHAR(50)

Endpoints

Authentication

POST	/api/auth/register	Register new user, returns JWT
POST	/api/auth/login	Login, returns JWT + refresh token
POST	/api/auth/refresh	Refresh access token

Products (Tracked Items)

GET	/api/products	List all tracked products for user
POST	/api/products	Add new product URL to track
GET	/api/products/{id}	Get single product + price history
PUT	/api/products/{id}	Update target price or settings
DELETE	/api/products/{id}	Stop tracking a product
POST	/api/products/{id}/check	Manually trigger a price check

Price History + Analytics

GET	/api/products/{id}/history	Full price history (time-series)
GET	/api/products/{id}/history?days=30	Price history for last N days
GET	/api/products/{id}/stats	Lowest, highest, avg price + trend

Alerts

GET	/api/alerts	Get all triggered alerts for user
DELETE	/api/alerts/{id}	Dismiss an alert

The Core Technical Challenge

The scraper is what makes this project interesting. Websites actively try to prevent scraping, so you need to handle that gracefully. Here's the approach:

RETAILER STRATEGY

Each retailer gets its own scraper strategy class implementing a common `ScraperStrategy` interface. Amazon, Best Buy, Walmart, Newegg each have different HTML structures. This is a textbook Strategy Pattern — great interview talking point.

```
public interface ScraperStrategy {
    boolean canHandle(String url);
    PriceResult scrape(String url) throws ScrapingException;
}

@Component
public class AmazonScraper implements ScraperStrategy {
    public PriceResult scrape(String url) {
        Document doc = Jsoup.connect(url)
            .userAgent("Mozilla/5.0 ...")
            .referrer("https://google.com")
            .get();
        String price = doc.select("#corePriceDisplay_desktop_feature_div
            .a-price-whole").first().text();
        return new PriceResult(parsePrice(price), "USD", true);
    }
}
```

ANTI-BOT MEASURES

Rotate user agent strings. Add random delays between requests (500ms–3s). Respect robots.txt. If you get a 429, back off exponentially. Handle Cloudflare-protected pages gracefully (just mark as temporarily unavailable).

SCHEDULING

Use `@Scheduled(cron = "0 */30 * * *")` to check prices every 30 minutes. Stagger checks so you don't hammer 500 URLs at once — process in batches with a delay. Log every scrape attempt with status for debugging.

// FEATURE LIST

What To Build (MVP vs V2)

MVP — Ship in 2–3 Weeks	V2 — The Polish Pass
✓ User registration + JWT auth	■ Price history chart (line graph)
✓ Add product URL to track	■ "Lowest in 30 days" badge
✓ Auto price check every 30 mins	■ Browser bookmarklet (one-click add)
✓ Email alert when price drops	■ Multiple alert types (% drop, stock)
✓ Price history stored in DB	■ Slack / Discord webhook notifications
✓ List + manage tracked products	■ Multi-retailer support (Best Buy etc)
✓ Manual "check now" trigger	■ Public shareable product link
✓ Basic REST API documentation	■ Admin dashboard for monitoring

// IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Week-by-Week Breakdown

Week 1	// The Engine
	■ Spring Boot project setup, Maven config, PostgreSQL connection
	■ JPA entities: User, Product, PriceHistory, Alert
	■ Repository layer + Flyway migrations
	■ Jsoup scraper for Amazon — ScraperStrategy interface
	■ Spring @Scheduled price polling — test with 2-3 URLs
	■ Basic Spring Mail notification on price drop
Week 2	// The API

- Spring Security config + JWT token filter
- Auth endpoints: register, login, refresh
- Product CRUD endpoints (all 6)
- Price history endpoint with date filtering
- Input validation, error handling, GlobalExceptionHandler
- Deploy to Railway with prod PostgreSQL

Week 3 // The Polish

- Price stats endpoint: min, max, avg, trend
- Add Best Buy / Newegg scraper strategies
- Browser bookmarklet (3 lines of JS, huge UX win)
- Simple React or plain HTML frontend with price chart
- README with architecture diagram, setup instructions, live demo link
- Postman collection exported + documented

Spring Boot Package Layout

```
com.seven30games.pricetracker

■■■ config/
■ ■■■ SecurityConfig.java # Spring Security + JWT setup
■ ■■■ SchedulerConfig.java # Scheduling thread pool
■ ■■■ WebConfig.java # CORS config
■■■ controller/
■ ■■■ AuthController.java
■ ■■■ ProductController.java
■ ■■■ AlertController.java
■■■ service/
■ ■■■ AuthService.java
■ ■■■ ProductService.java
■ ■■■ PriceCheckService.java # Orchestrates scraping
■ ■■■ NotificationService.java # Email alerts
■■■ scraper/
■ ■■■ ScraperStrategy.java # Interface
■ ■■■ ScraperDispatcher.java # Picks correct strategy
■ ■■■ AmazonScraper.java
■ ■■■ BestBuyScraper.java
■ ■■■ GenericScraper.java # Fallback
■■■ scheduler/
■ ■■■ PriceCheckScheduler.java # @Scheduled jobs
■■■ model/
■ ■■■ User.java
■ ■■■ Product.java
■ ■■■ PriceHistory.java
■ ■■■ Alert.java
■■■ repository/
■ ■■■ UserRepository.java
■ ■■■ ProductRepository.java
■ ■■■ PriceHistoryRepository.java
■■■ dto/
```

- ■ ■ ■ ProductRequest.java
- ■ ■ ■ PriceHistoryResponse.java
- ■ ■ ■ AuthRequest.java
- ■ ■ ■ exception/
- ■ ■ ■ GlobalExceptionHandler.java
- ■ ■ ■ ScrapingException.java
- ■ ■ ■ security/
- ■ ■ ■ JwtTokenProvider.java
- ■ ■ ■ JwtAuthFilter.java

// INTERVIEW TALKING POINTS

What To Brag About

Strategy Pattern

The scraper uses the Strategy pattern — each retailer is a separate class implementing ScraperStrategy. The dispatcher picks the right one based on the URL. Clean, extensible, SOLID.

Concurrency & Scheduling

Spring Scheduler runs background jobs without blocking the API. Price checks are batched to avoid hammering external servers. Shows you understand async execution.

Time-Series Data Design

price_history is append-only — never update, always insert. That's how you model time-series data correctly. You can then query for min/max/avg over any time window.

Real-World Engineering

Handling scraping failures gracefully, exponential backoff on 429s, logging every attempt, marking products as temporarily unavailable — this is production thinking, not tutorial thinking.

JWT Auth

Stateless authentication with access + refresh tokens. Spring Security filter chain. Most junior devs can't explain this in an interview — you can.

Deployed & Live

It's not a GitHub repo gathering dust — it's running on Railway with a real domain. You can demo it in 60 seconds. That ends interviews early in the best way.