



DEEP LEARNING

REDES NEURAIS

(ARTIFICIAIS

AULA 3



INSTRUÇÕES GERAIS

- ✓ Traga seu laptop



INSTRUÇÕES GERAIS

- ✓ Traga seu laptop
- ✓ Use Software Livre



INSTRUÇÕES GERAIS

- ✓ Traga seu laptop
- ✓ Use Software Livre
- ✓ Não converse por voz



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- ✓ Se não entender, pergunte!



INSTRUÇÕES GERAIS

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- ✓ Se entender, explique!



INSTRUÇÕES GERAIS

- ✓ Traga seu laptop
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- ✓ Se entender, explique!

✓ **NÃO ENTRE EM
PÂNICO**



BOM DIA!

Eu sou Diego Dorgam

Alguma pergunta que você quer fazer?!

<http://bit.ly/dl-unb03>
<https://t.me/DeepLearningUnB>
@diegodorgam



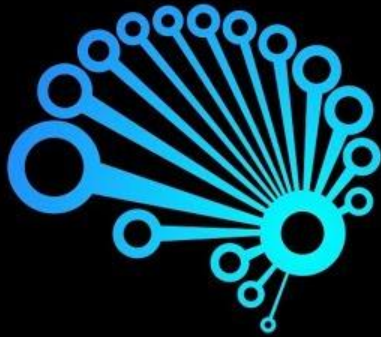
O QUE VAMOS APRENDER?

1. Intuição

- O que é o Neurônio
- Funções de Ativação
- Funcionamento das Redes Neurais
- Aprendizagem nas Redes Neurais

2. Prática

- Instalando o Keras
- Construindo uma ANN



S U P E R
D A T A S C I E N C E
M A K I N G T H E C O M P L E X S I M P L E

The Super Data Science PODCAST

*w/ Kirill
Ermenko*



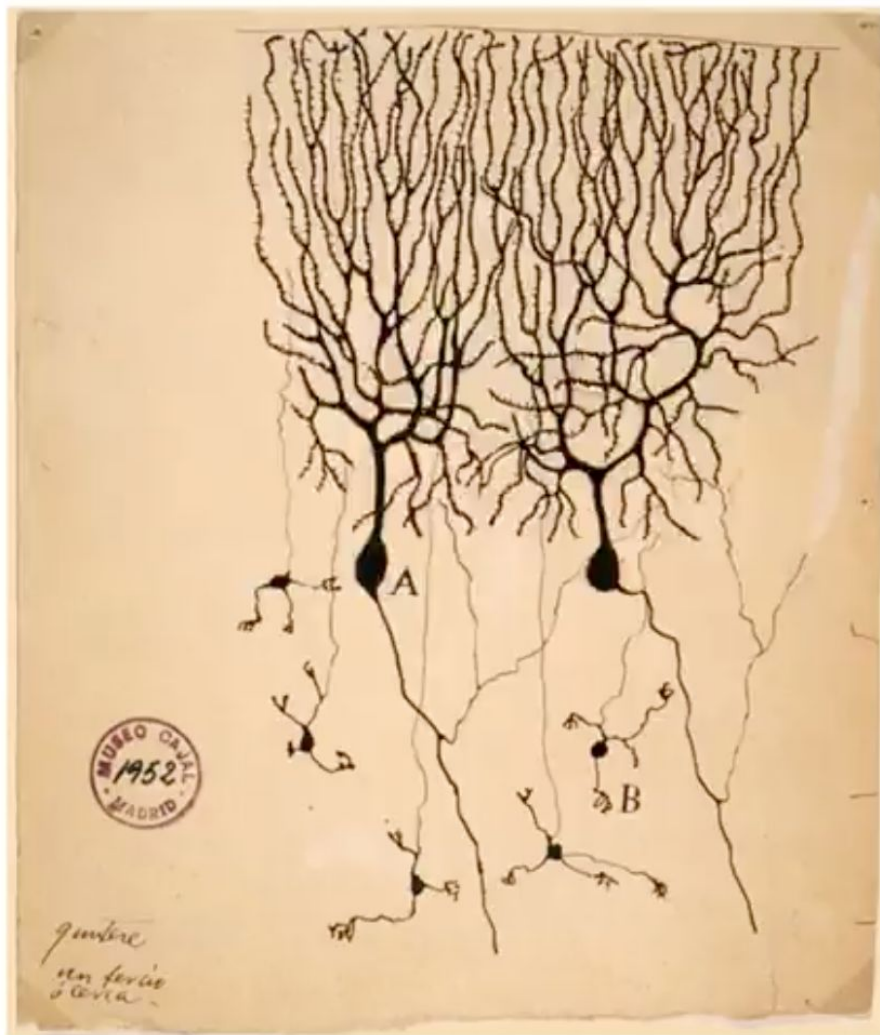
Data | Career | Success

CE
IMPLE

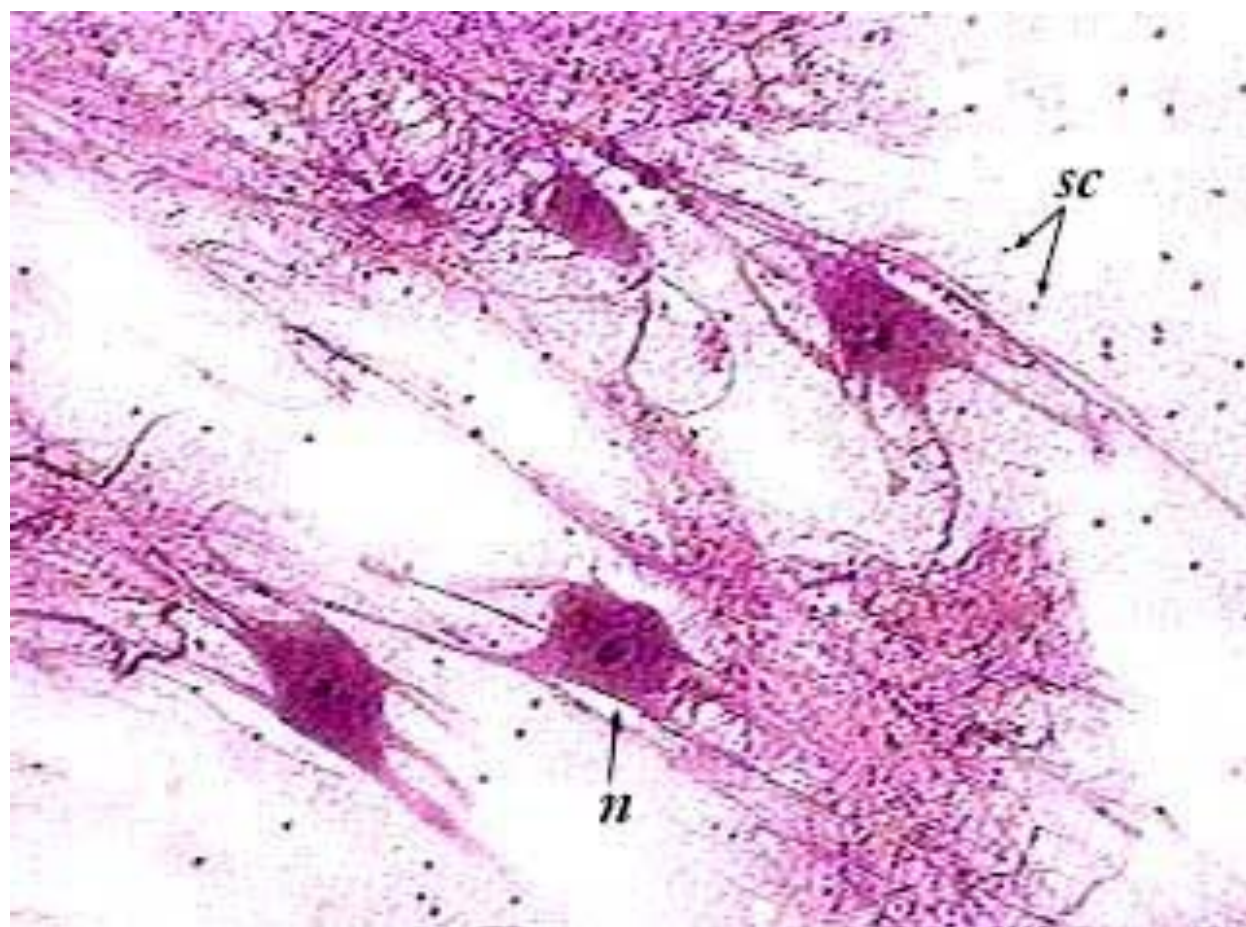


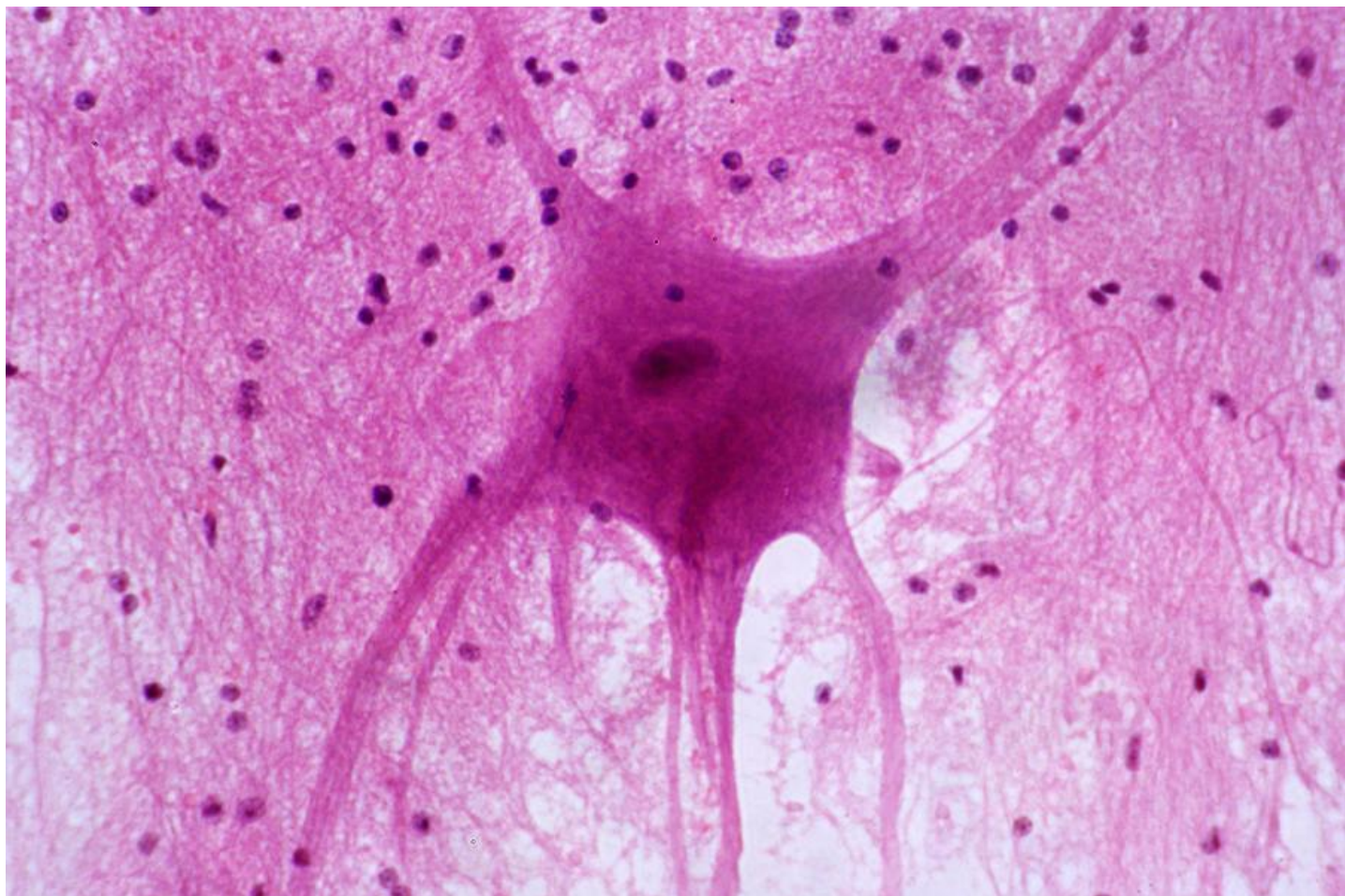
O QUE É O NEURÔNIO

Redes Neurais Artificiais

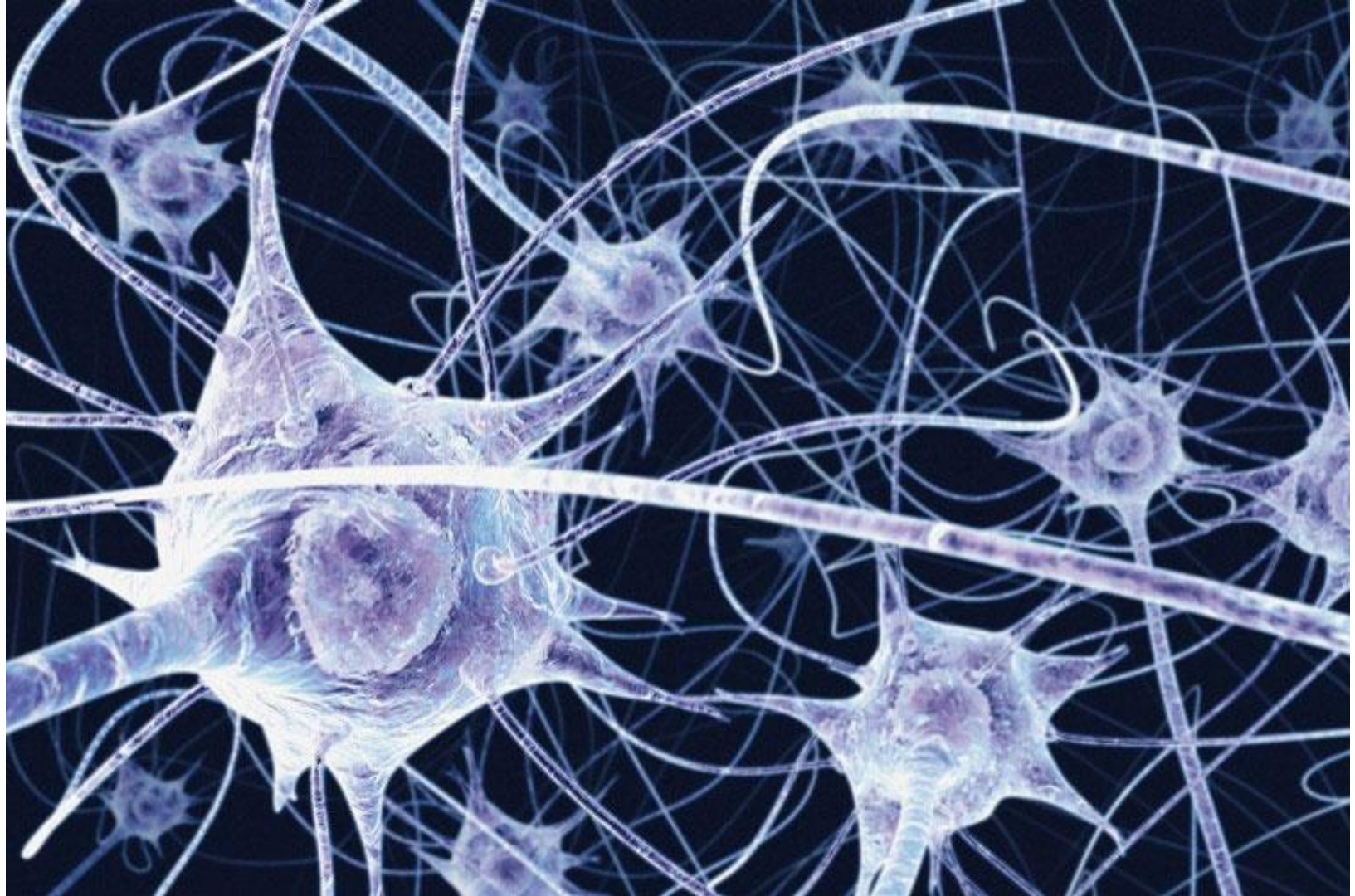


SANTIAGO RAMÓN Y
CAJAL, 1899





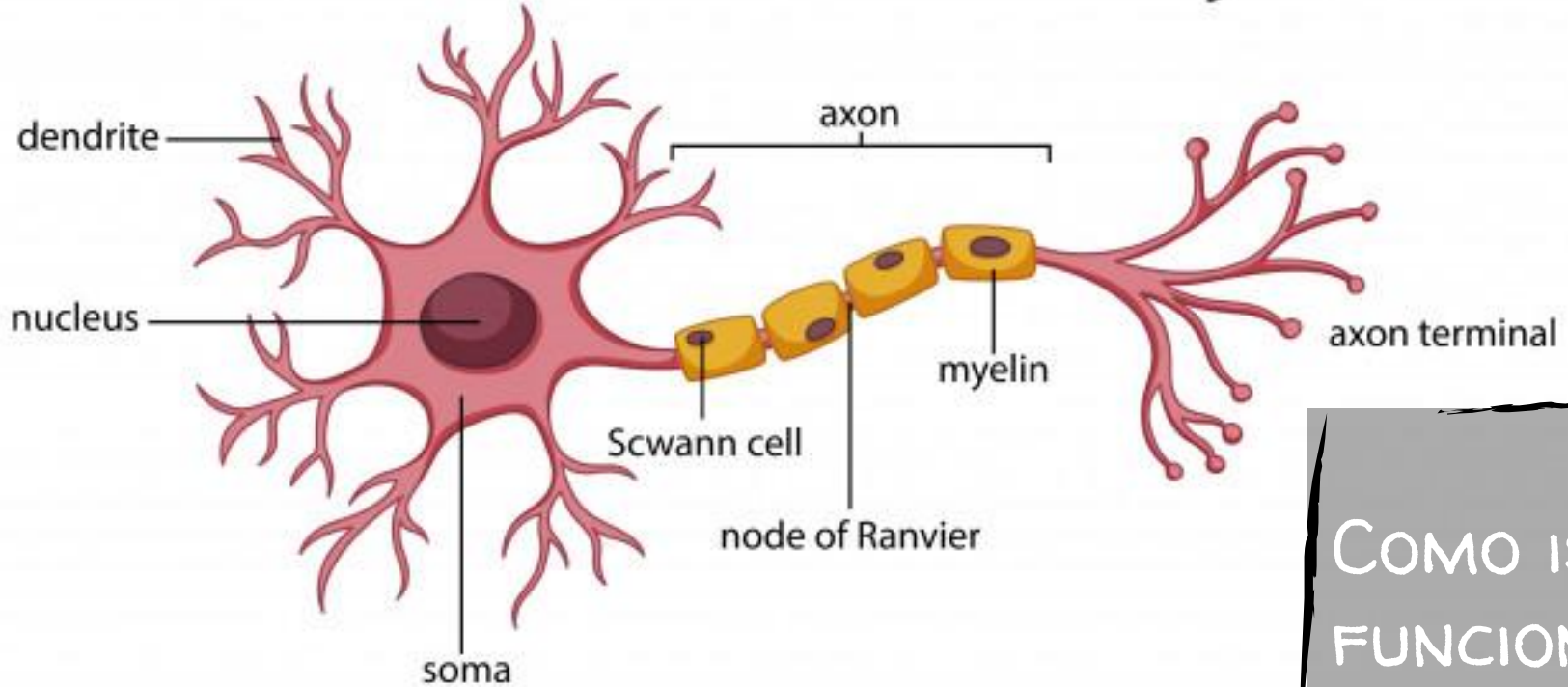




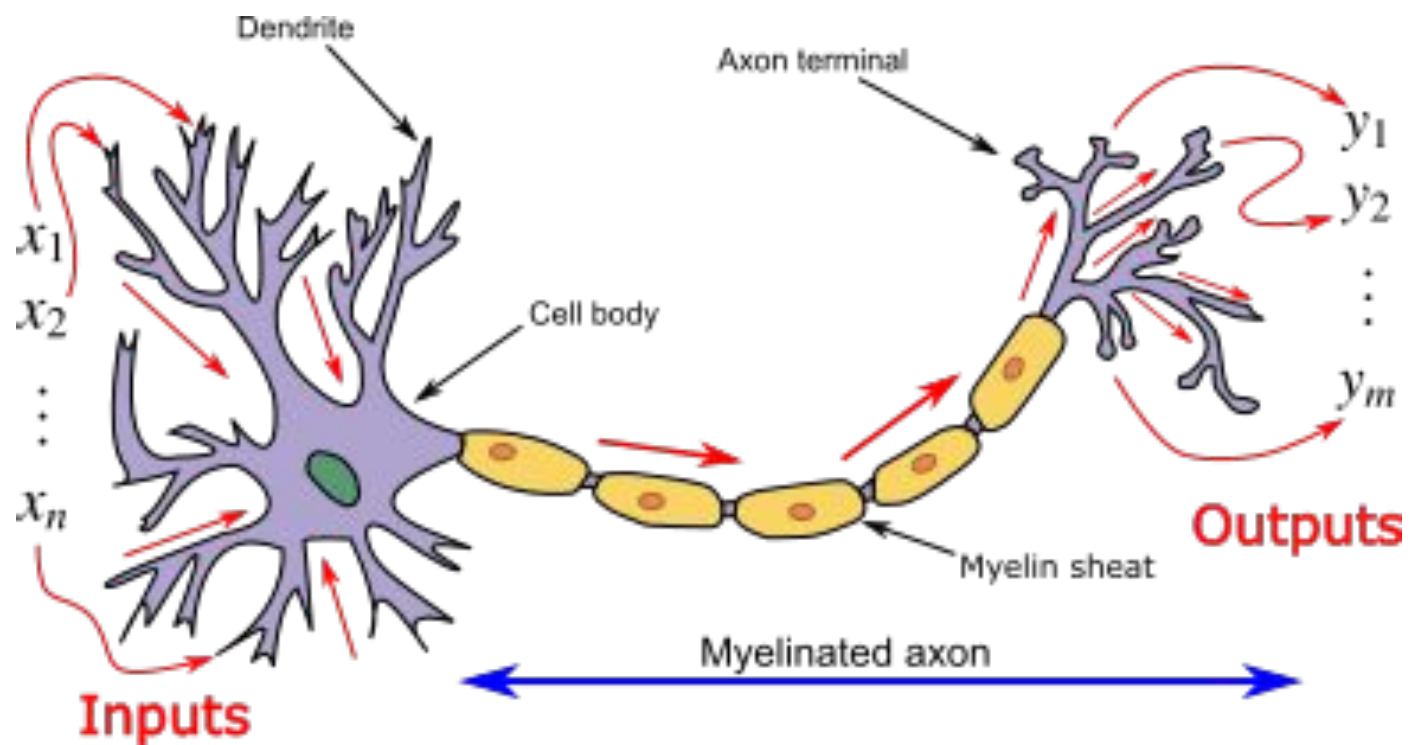


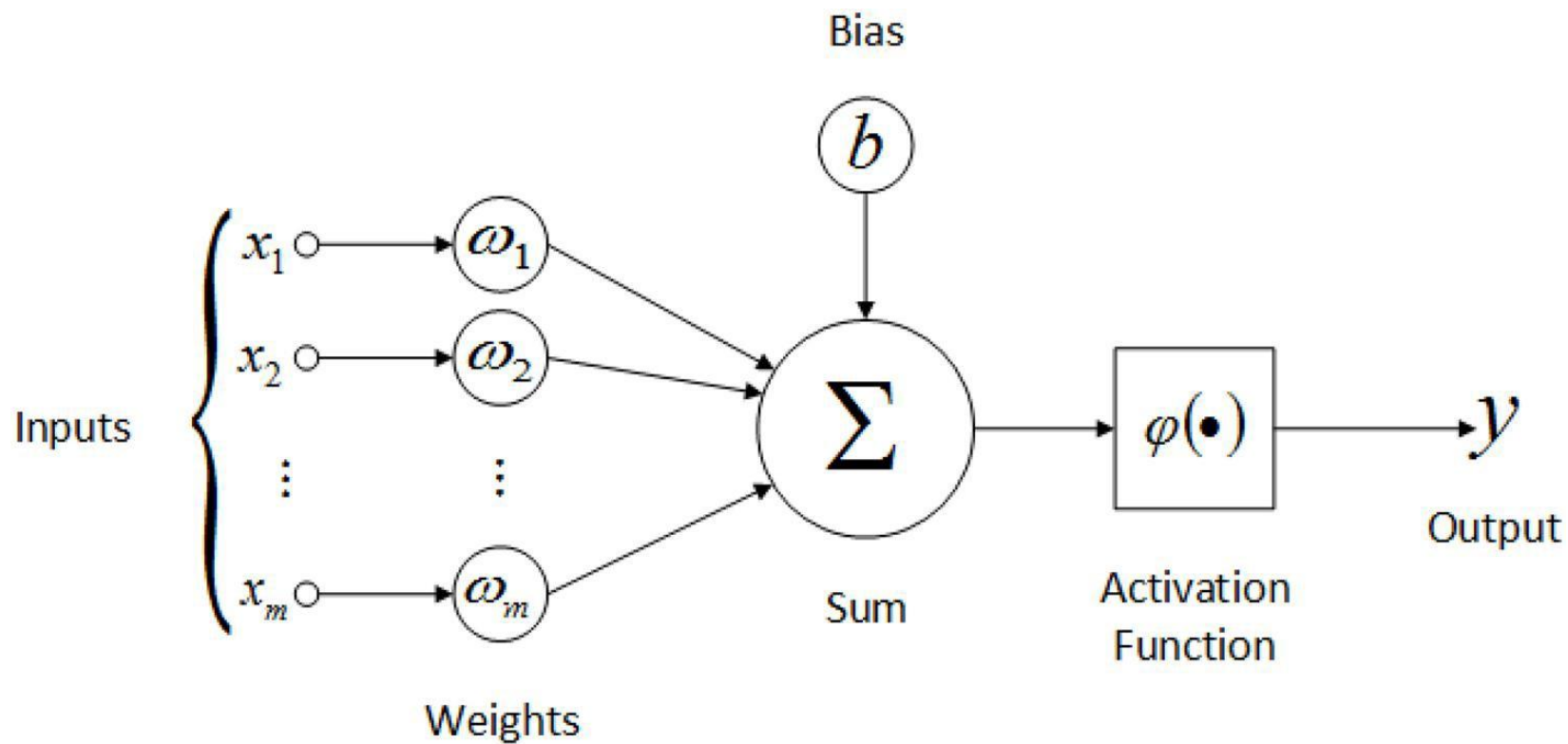
lineart
america

Neuron Anatomy



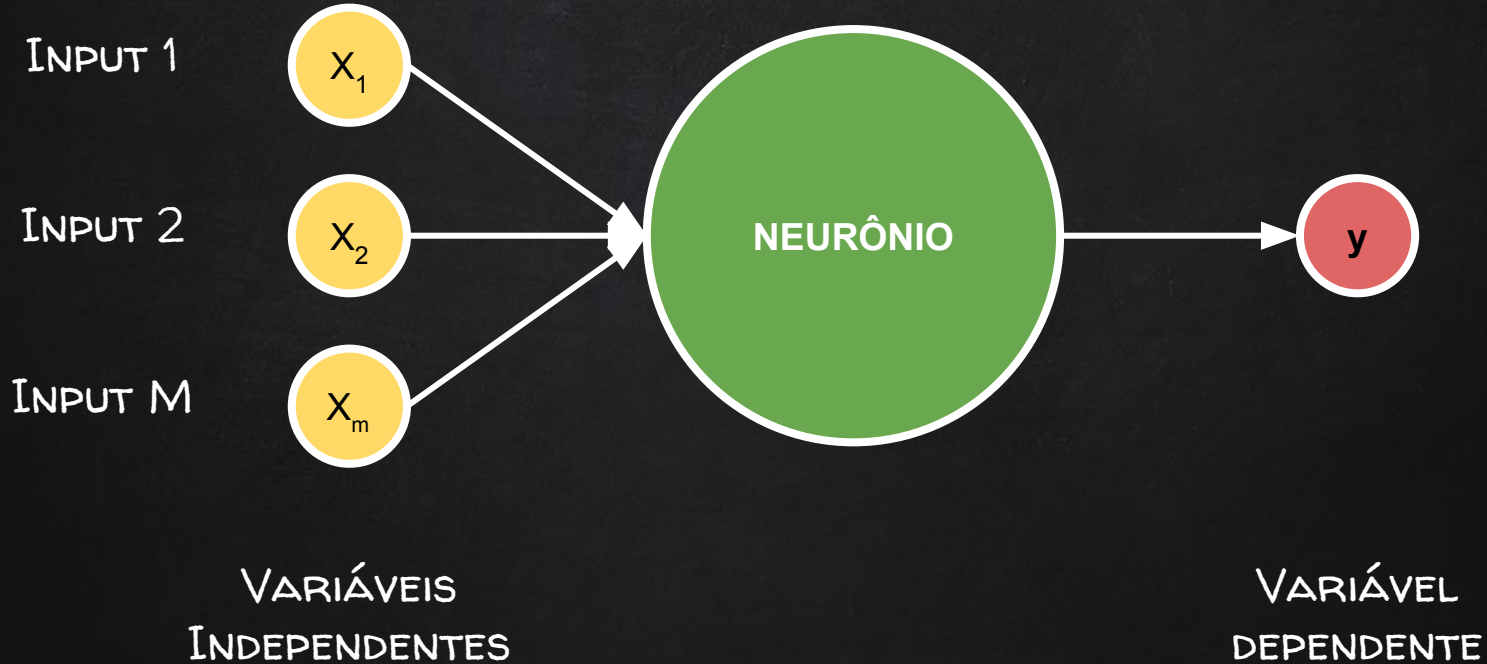
COMO ISSO
FUNCIONA?





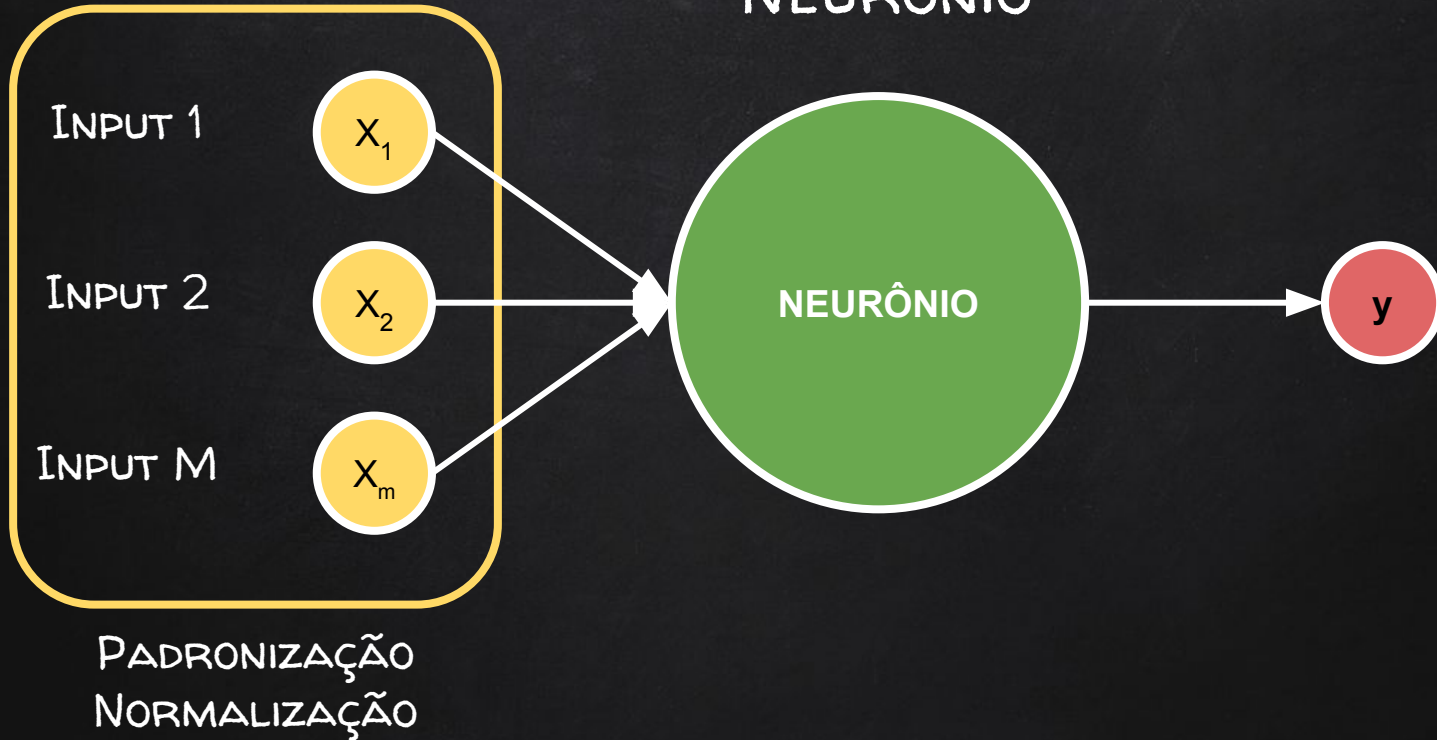


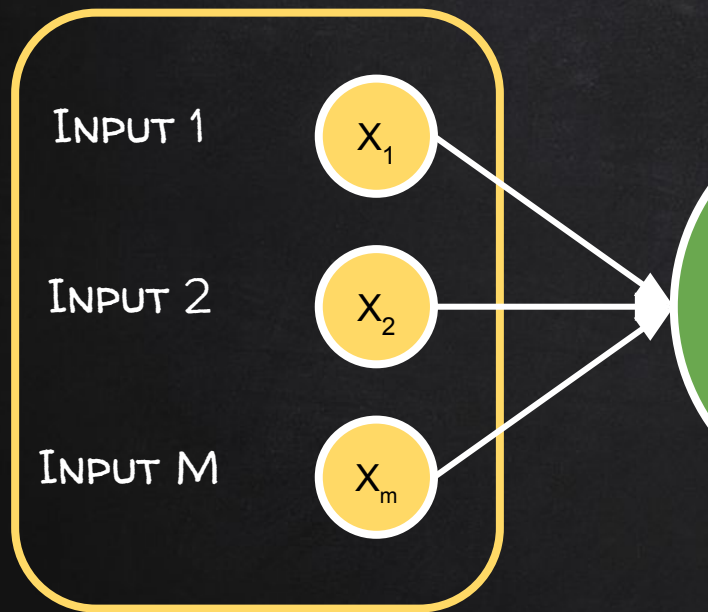
NEURÔNIO



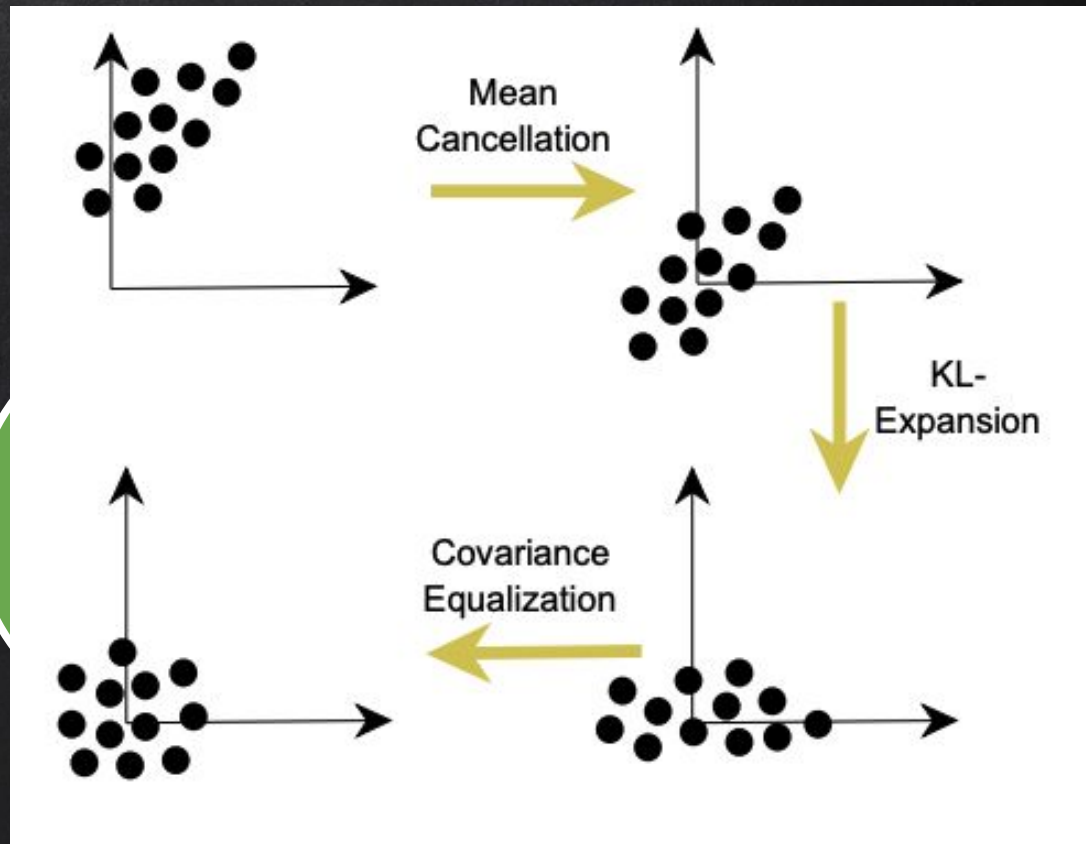


NEURÔNIO





PADRONIZAÇÃO
NORMALIZAÇÃO

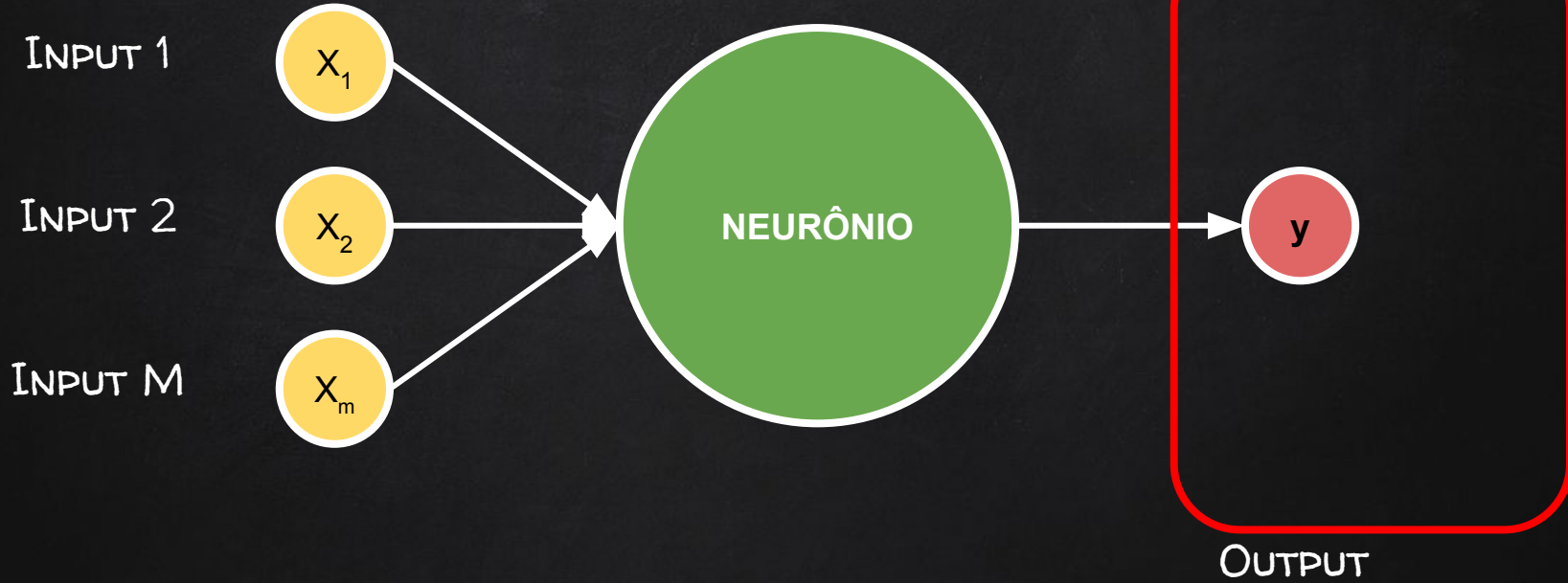


Efficient BackProp - Yann Lecun

<http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/publis/pdf/lecun-98b.pdf>

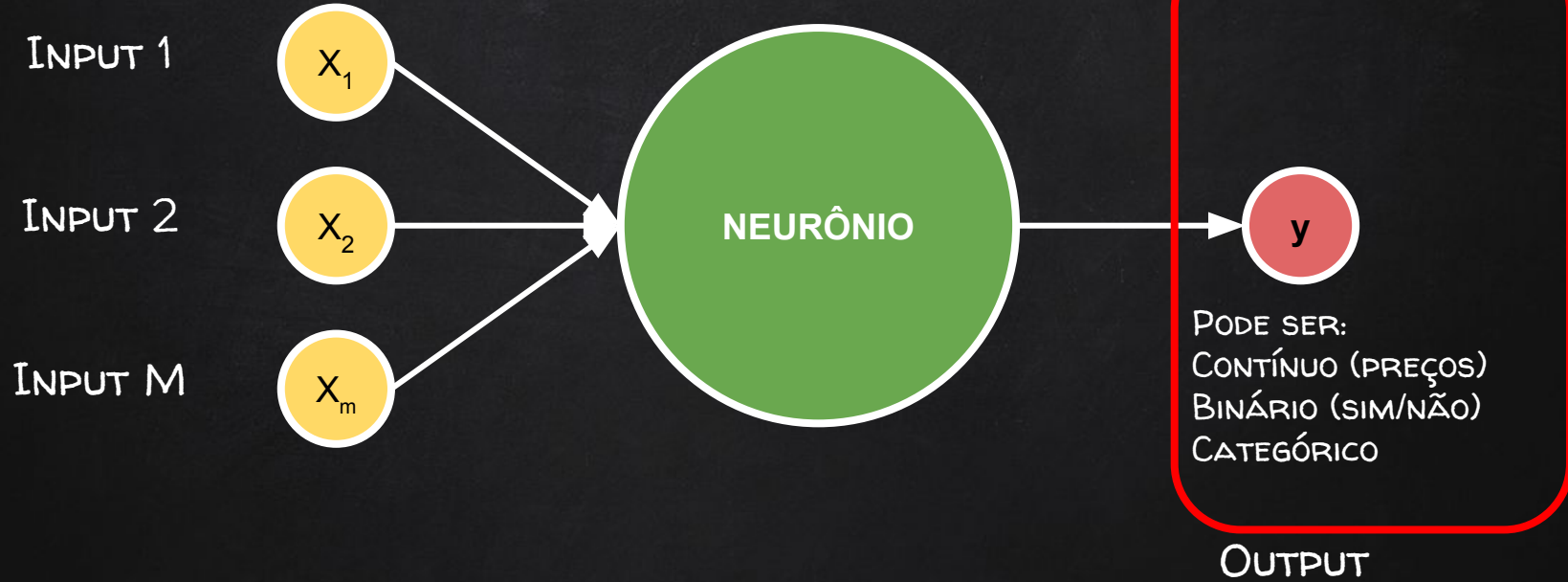


NEURÔNIO





NEURÔNIO





NEURÔNIO

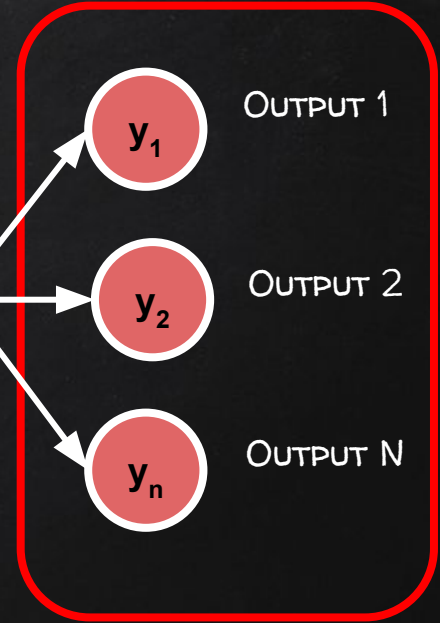
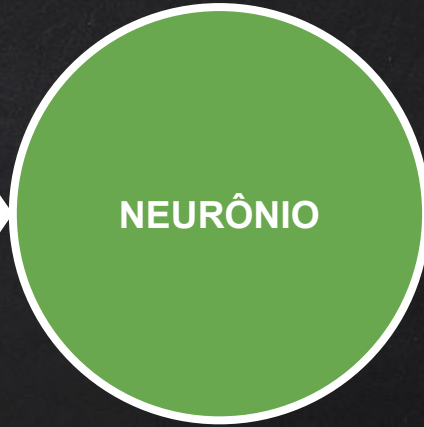
INPUT 1



INPUT 2



INPUT M



OUTPUT 1

y_1

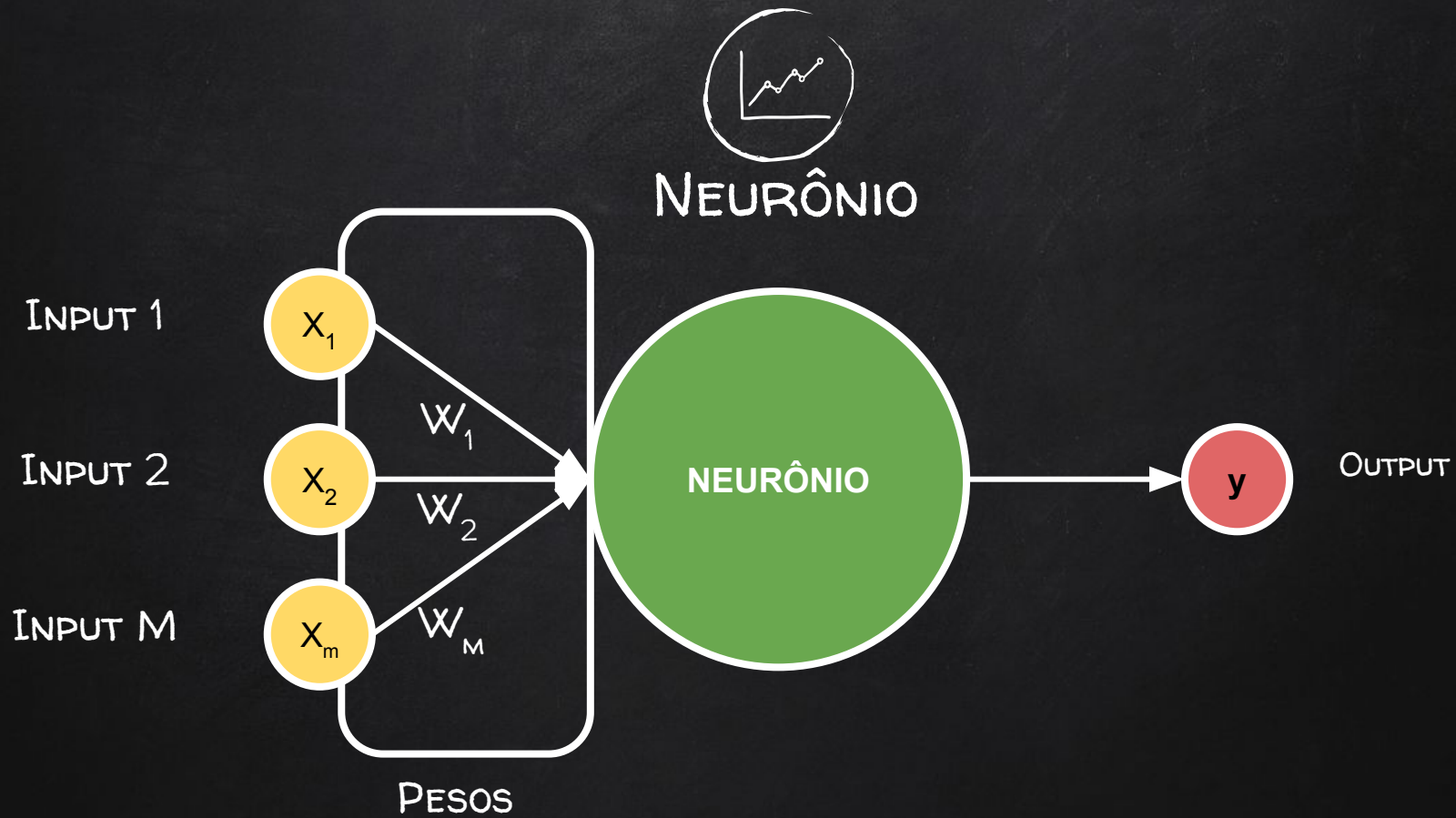
OUTPUT 2

y_2

OUTPUT N

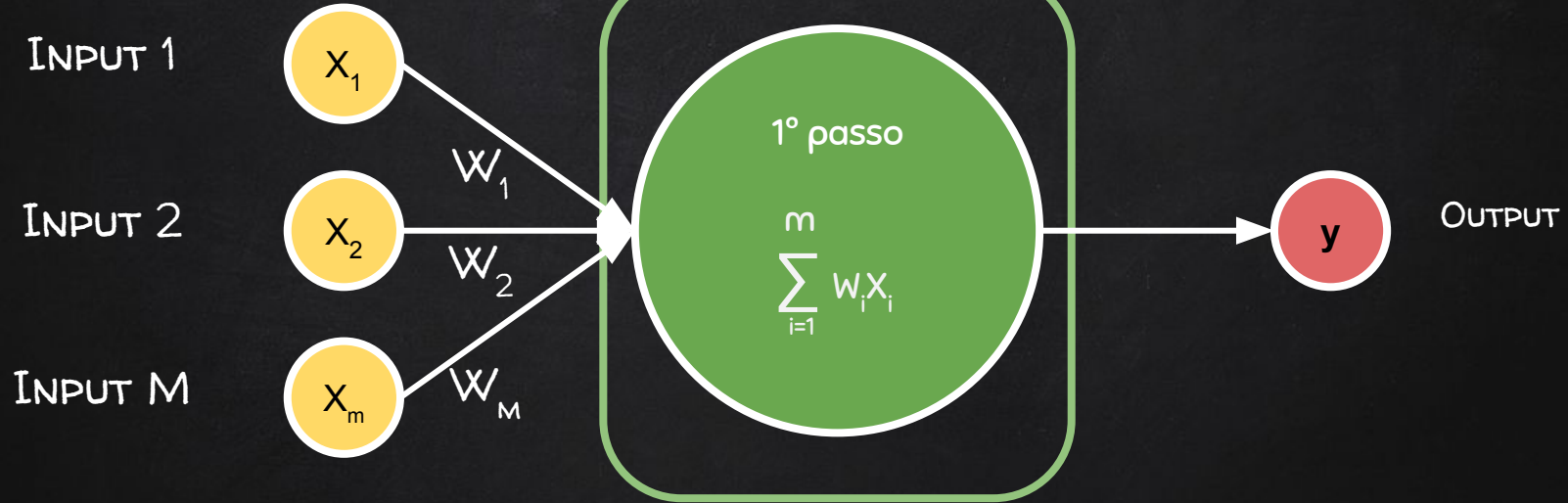
y_n

OUTPUT



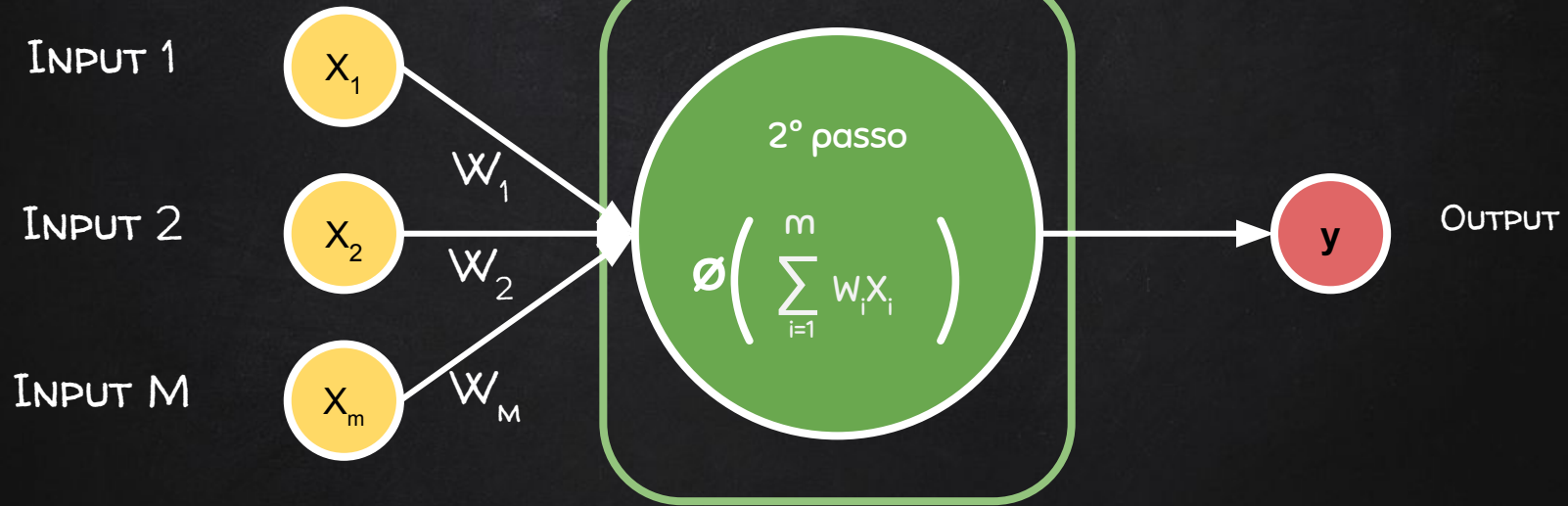


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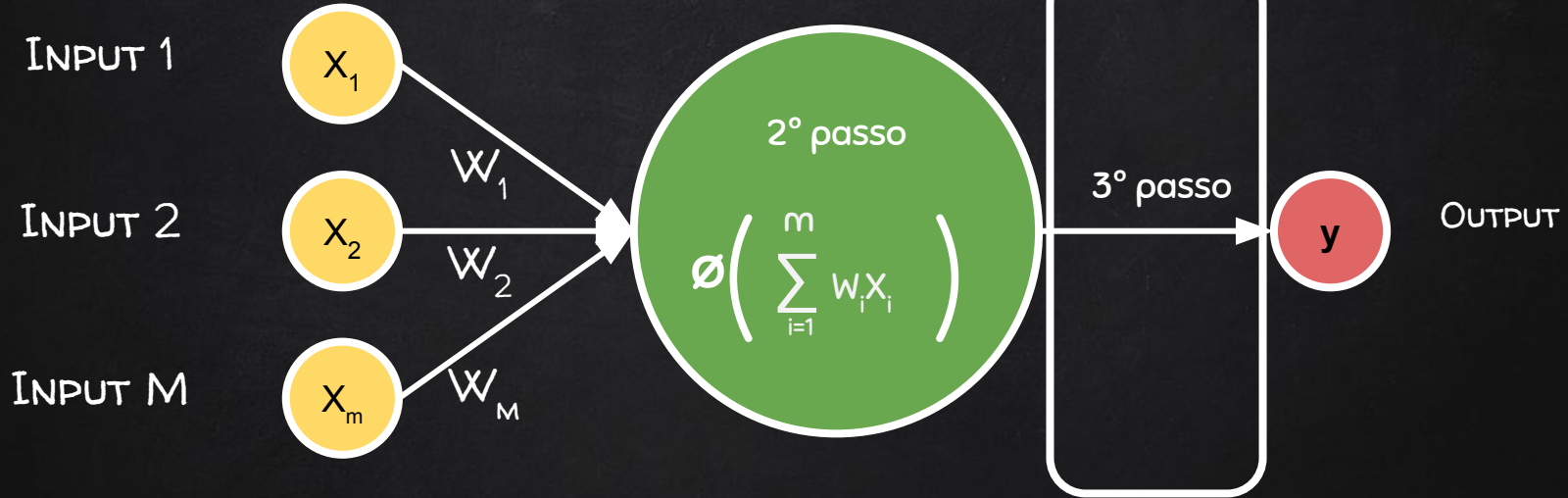


NEURÔNIO





NEURÔNIO



Gostaram?



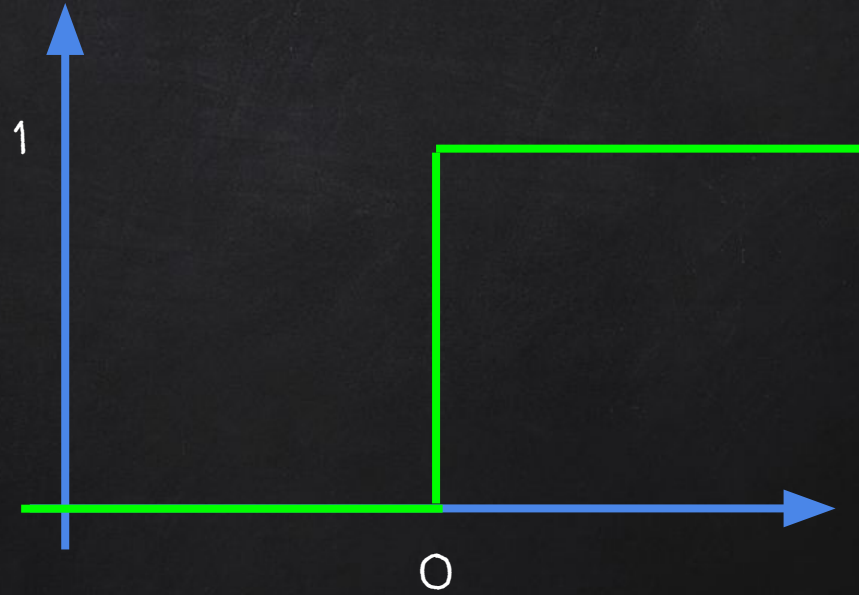


FUNÇÕES DE ATIVACÃO

Redes Neurais Artificiais



THRESHOLD FUNCTION

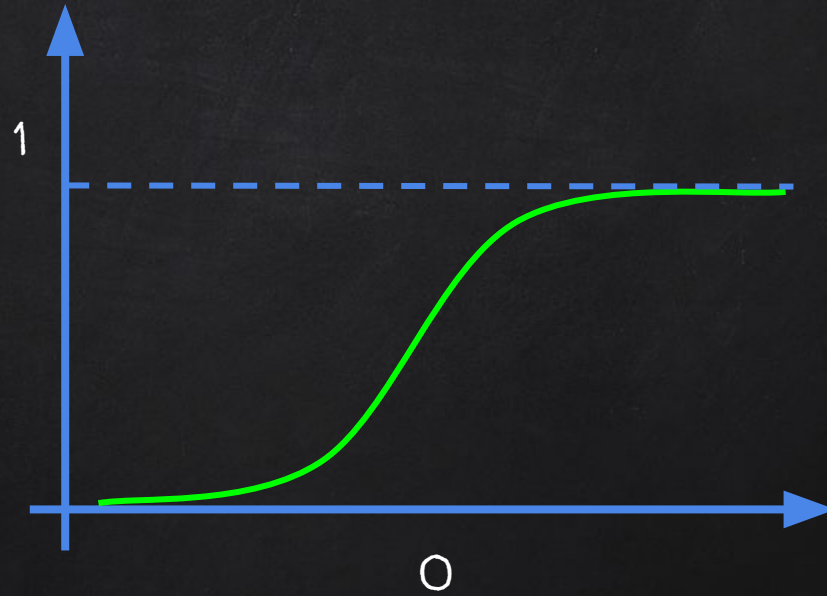


$$\phi(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i$$



SIGMOID FUNCTION

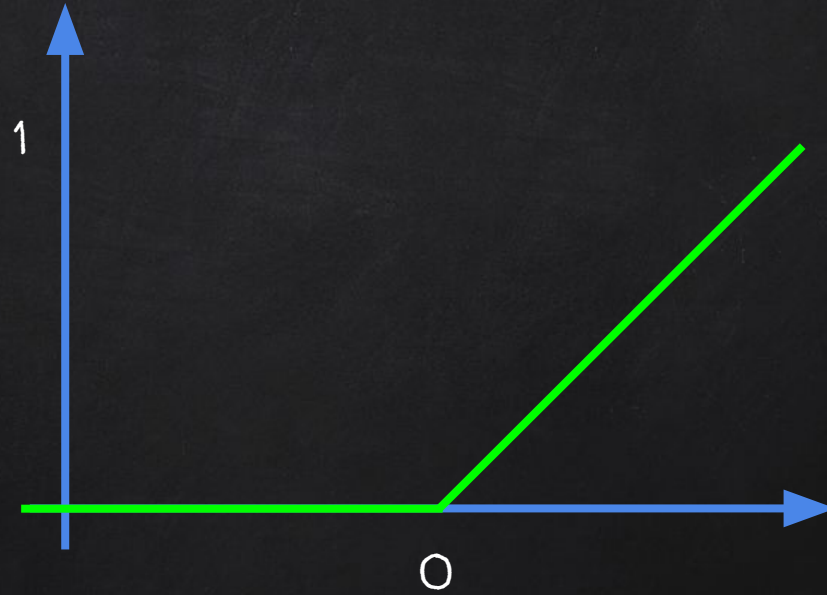


$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i$$



RECTIFIER FUNCTION

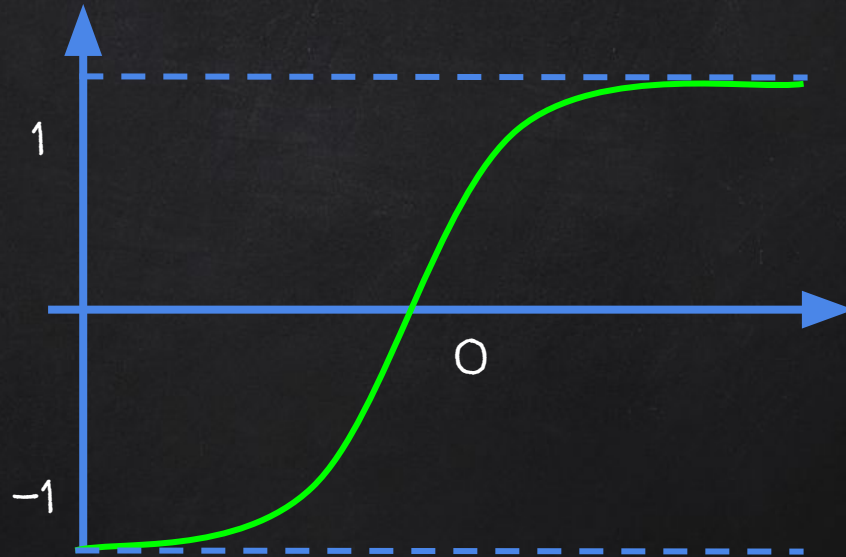


$$\phi(x) = \max(x, 0)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^3 w_i x_i$$



HYPERBOLIC TANGENT (TANH)



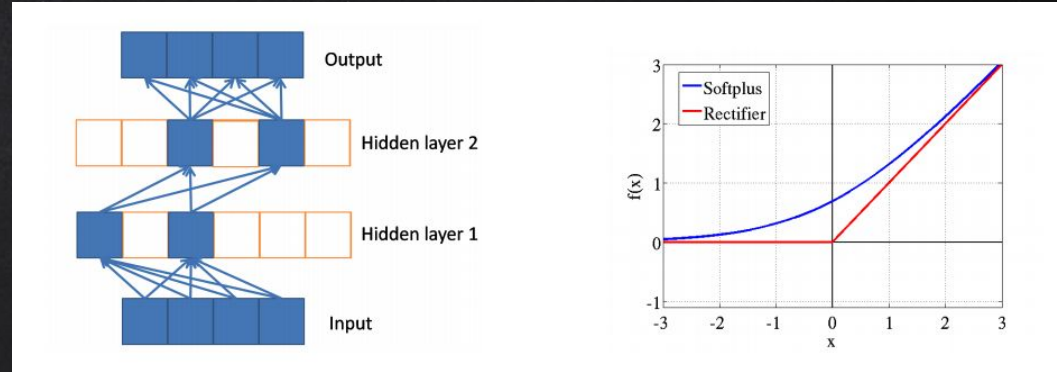
$$\phi(x) = \frac{1 - e^{-2x}}{1 + e^{-2x}}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i$$



LEITURA OPCIONAL

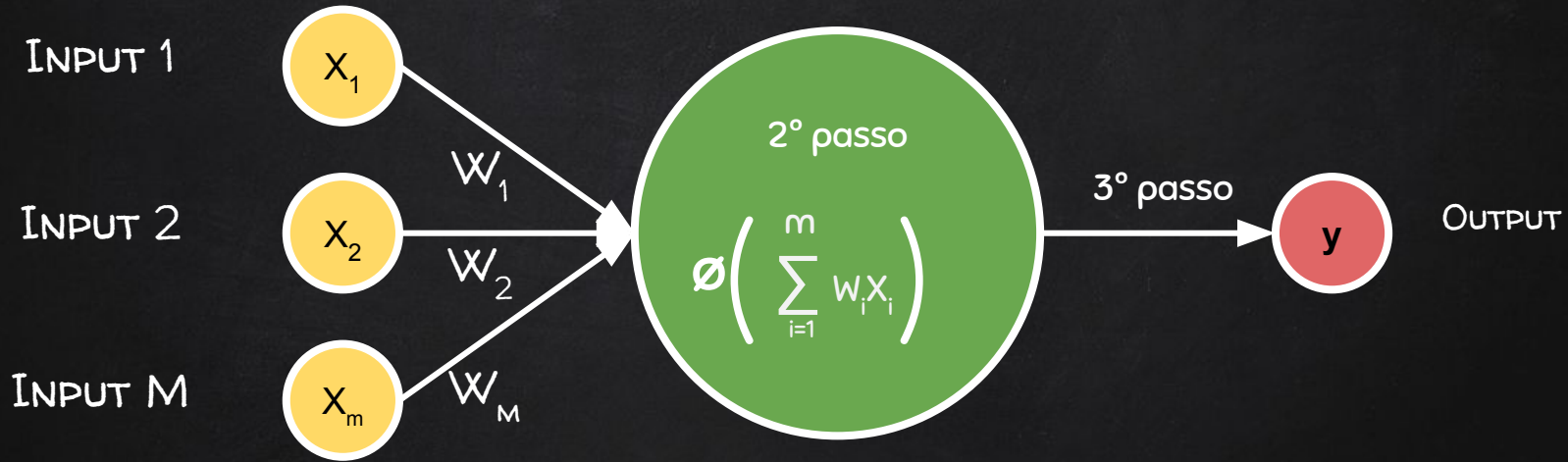
DEEP SPARSE RECTIFIER NEURAL NETWORKS Por Xavier Glorot(2011)



<http://proceedings.mlr.press/v15/glorot11a/glorot11a.pdf>



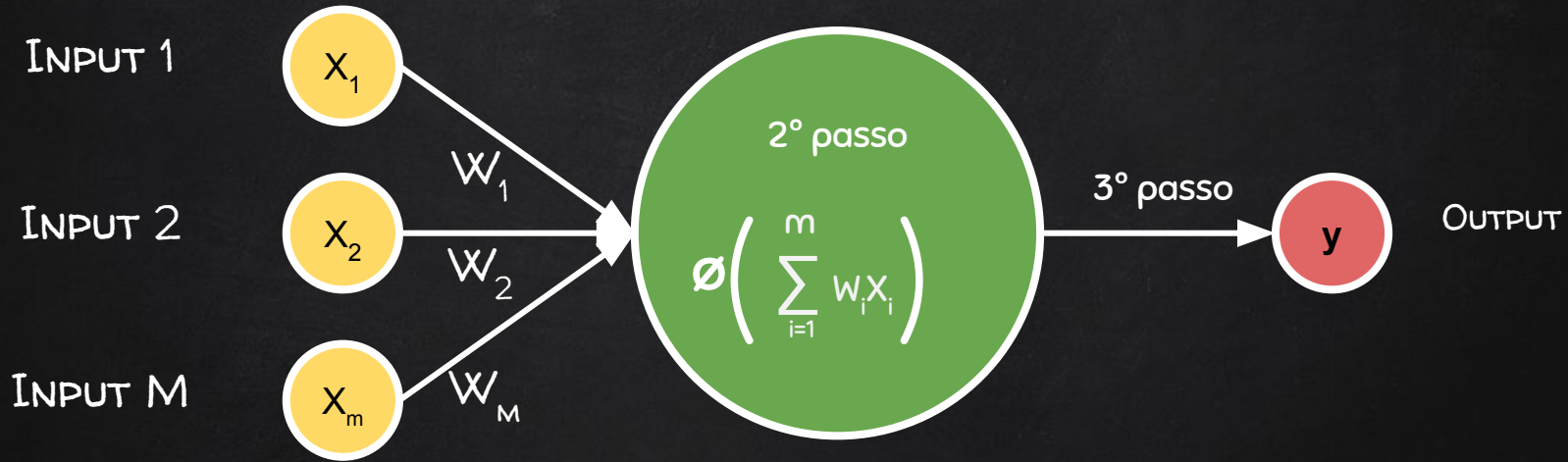
EXERCÍCIO



Se a Variável Dependente
é binária ($y=0$ ou $y=1$) ??



EXERCÍCIO



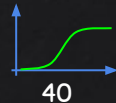
Se a Variável Dependente é binária ($y=0$ ou $y=1$) ??

➔ Threshold



$$y = \phi \left(\sum_{i=1}^m w_i x_i \right)$$

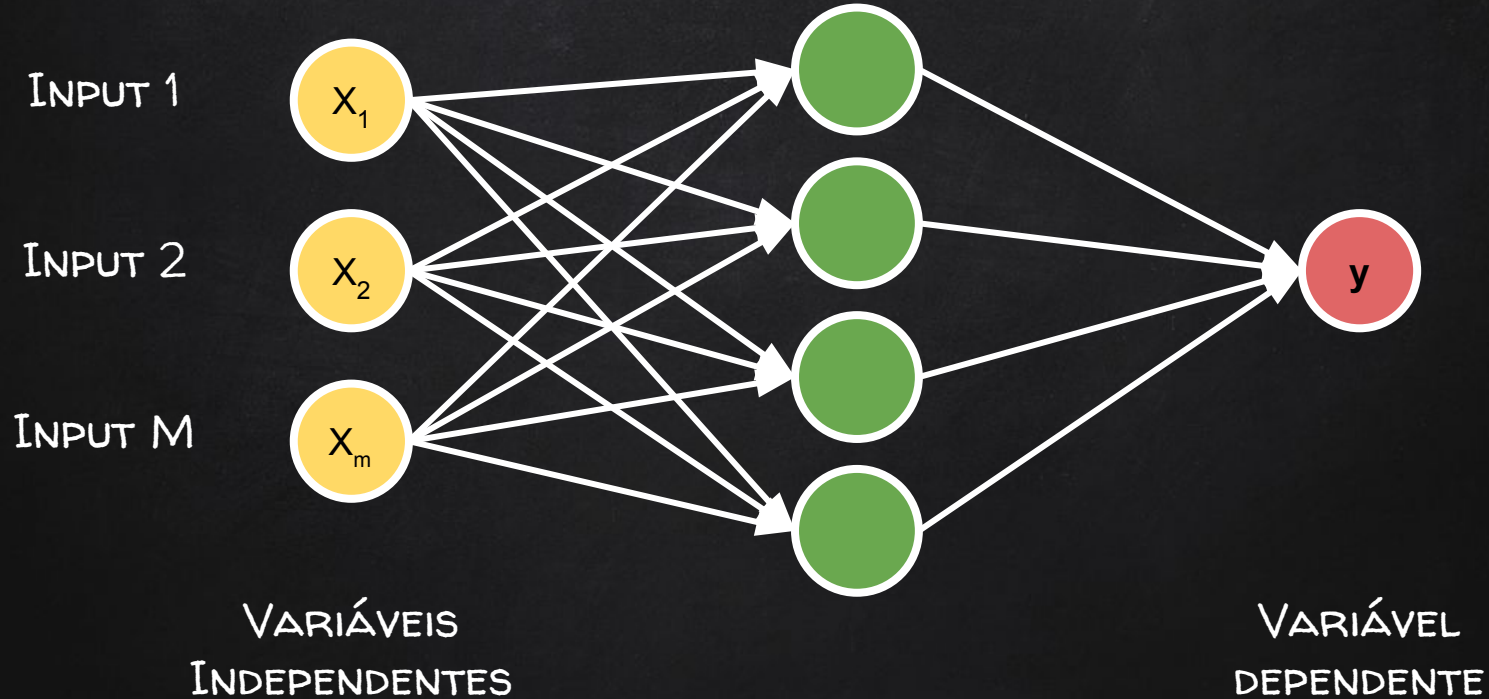
➔ Sigmoid



$$P(y=1) = \phi \left(\sum_{i=1}^m w_i x_i \right)$$

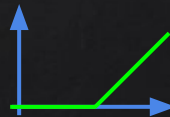
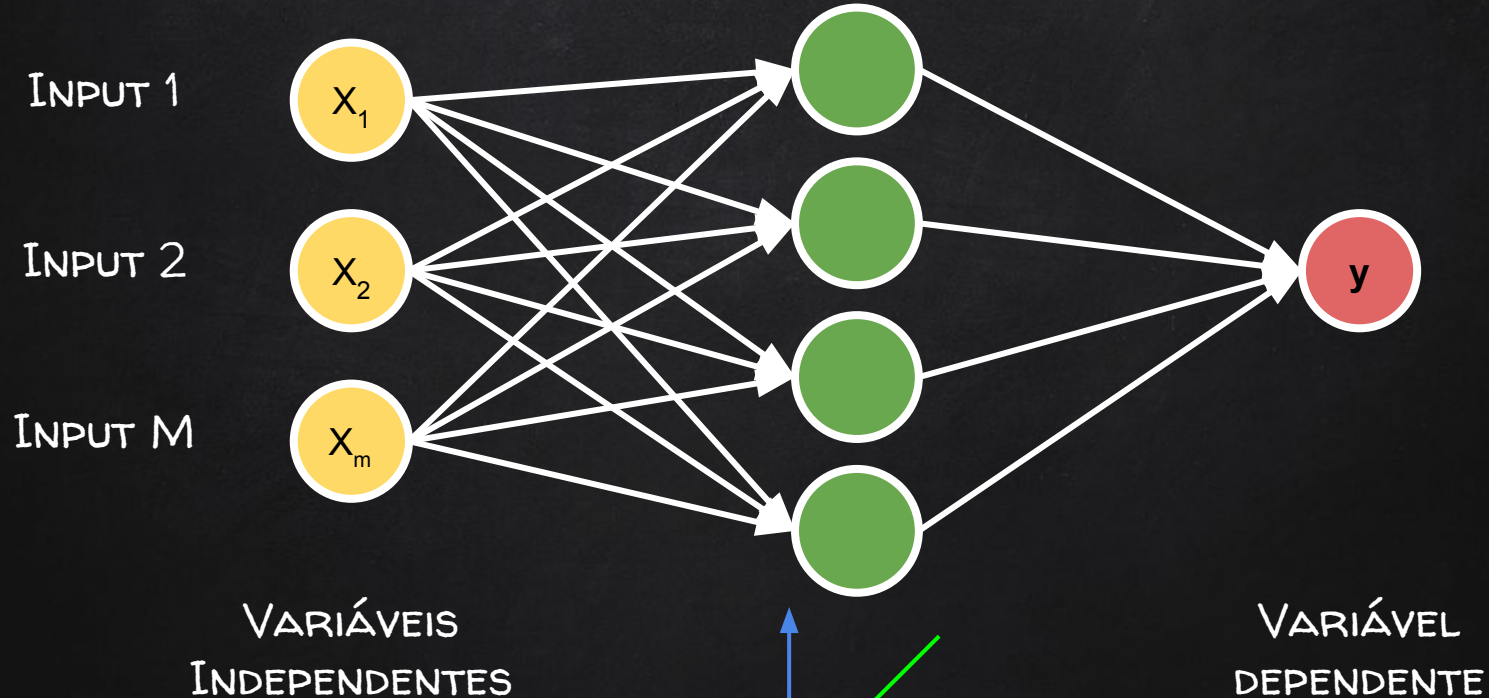


EXEMPLO





EXEMPLO





EXEMPLO

INPUT 1

x_1

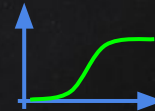
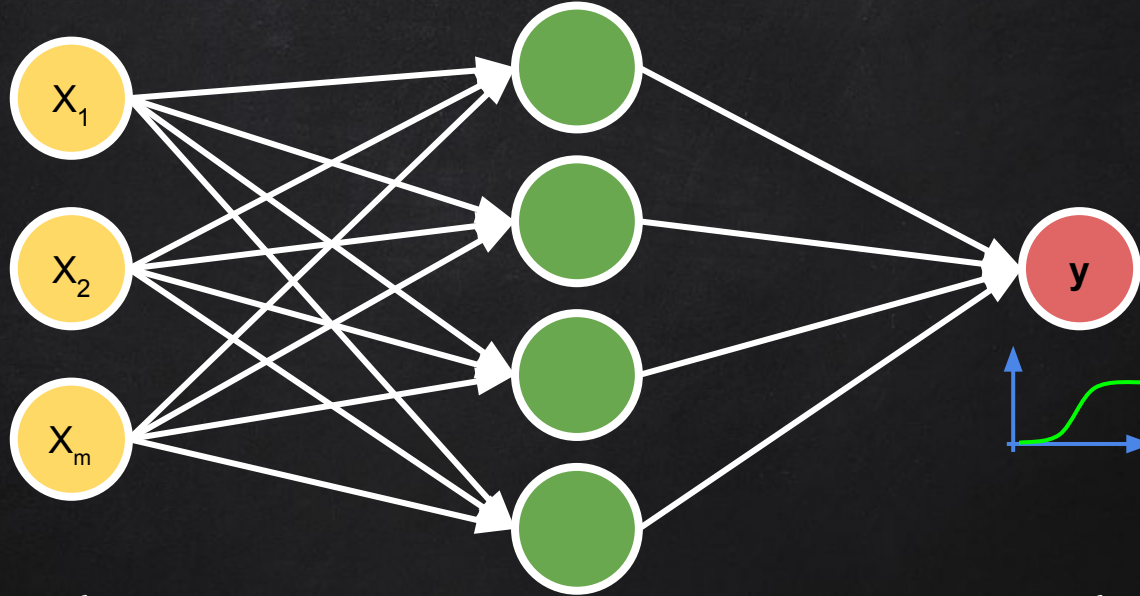
INPUT 2

x_2

INPUT M

x_m

VARIÁVEIS
INDEPENDENTES



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



Entendeu?





COMO FUNCIONAM?

Redes Neurais Artificiais



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

X_1



METROS²

X_2



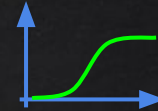
IDADE

X_3



DISTÂNCIA

X_4



y



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

X_1

METROS²

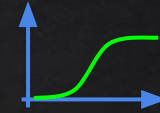
X_2

IDADE

X_3

DISTÂNCIA

X_4



y



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

X_1

METROS²

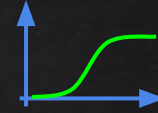
X_2

IDADE

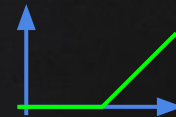
X_3

DISTÂNCIA

X_4



y



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



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QUARTOS

X_1

METROS²

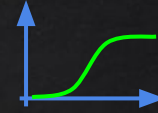
X_2

IDADE

X_3

DISTÂNCIA

X_4



y



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

X_1

METROS²

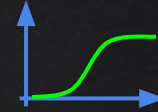
X_2

IDADE

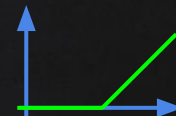
X_3

DISTÂNCIA

X_4



y



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

X_1

METROS²

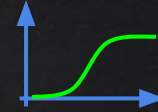
X_2

IDADE

X_3

DISTÂNCIA

X_4



y



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

x_1

METROS²

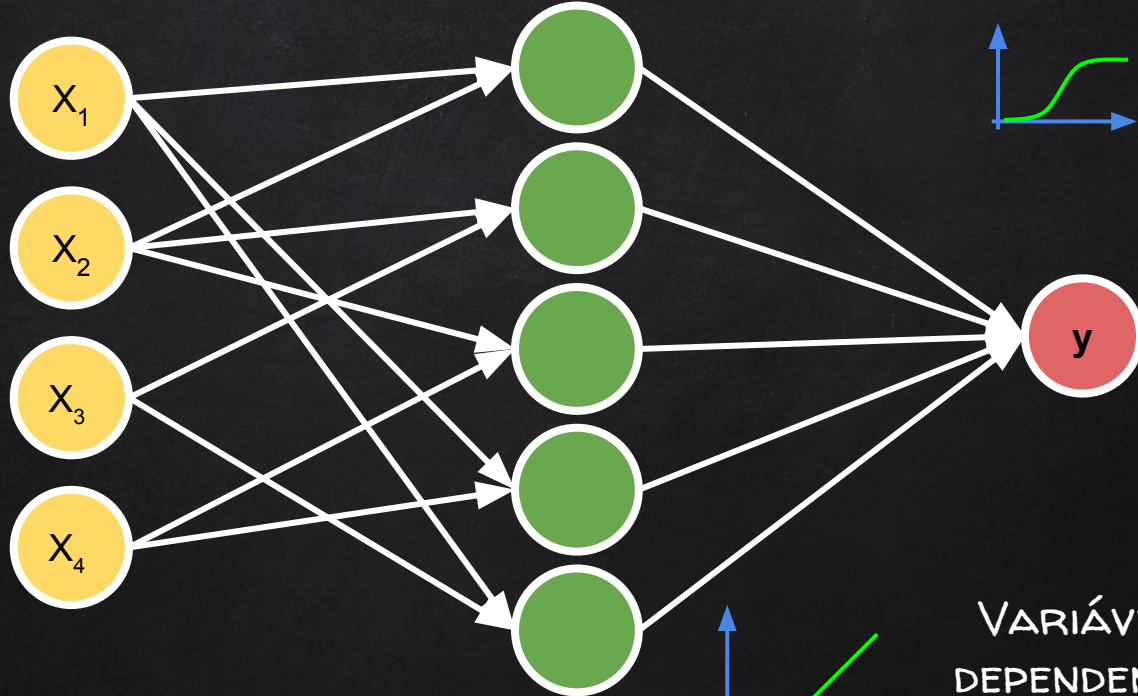
x_2

IDADE

x_3

DISTÂNCIA

x_4



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE



PREÇO DO IMÓVEL

QUARTOS

x_1

METROS²

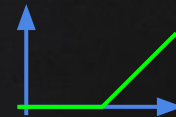
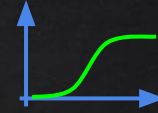
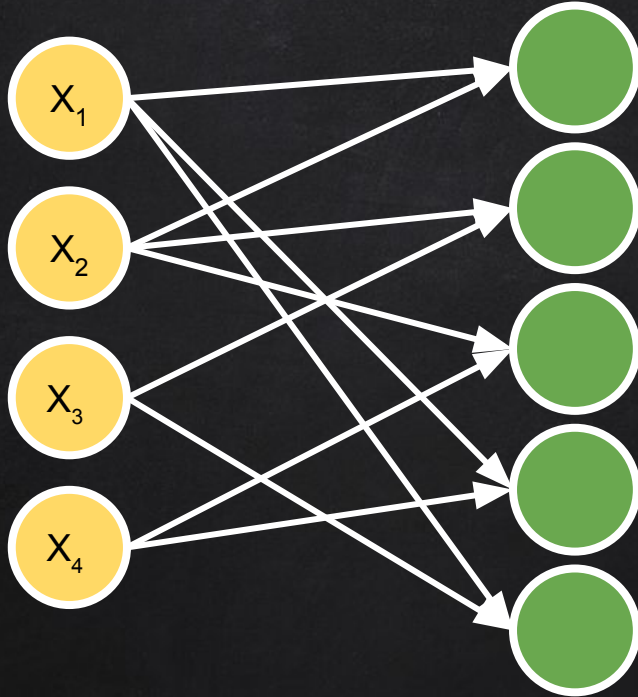
x_2

IDADE

x_3

DISTÂNCIA

x_4



VARIÁVEL
DEPENDENTE

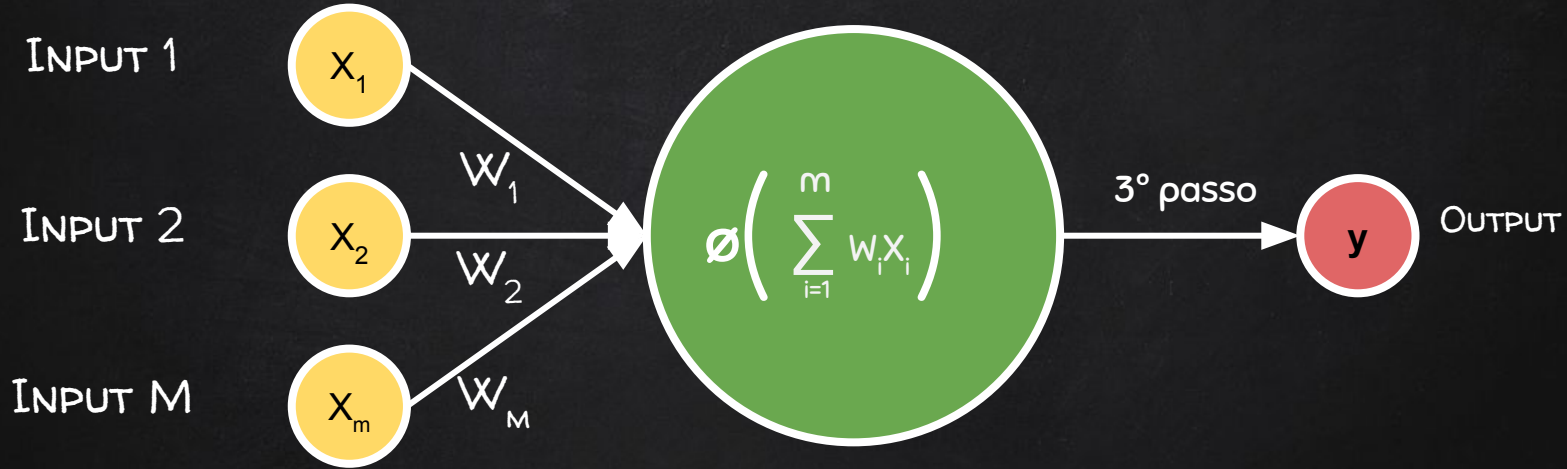


COMO APRENDEM?

Redes Neurais Artificiais

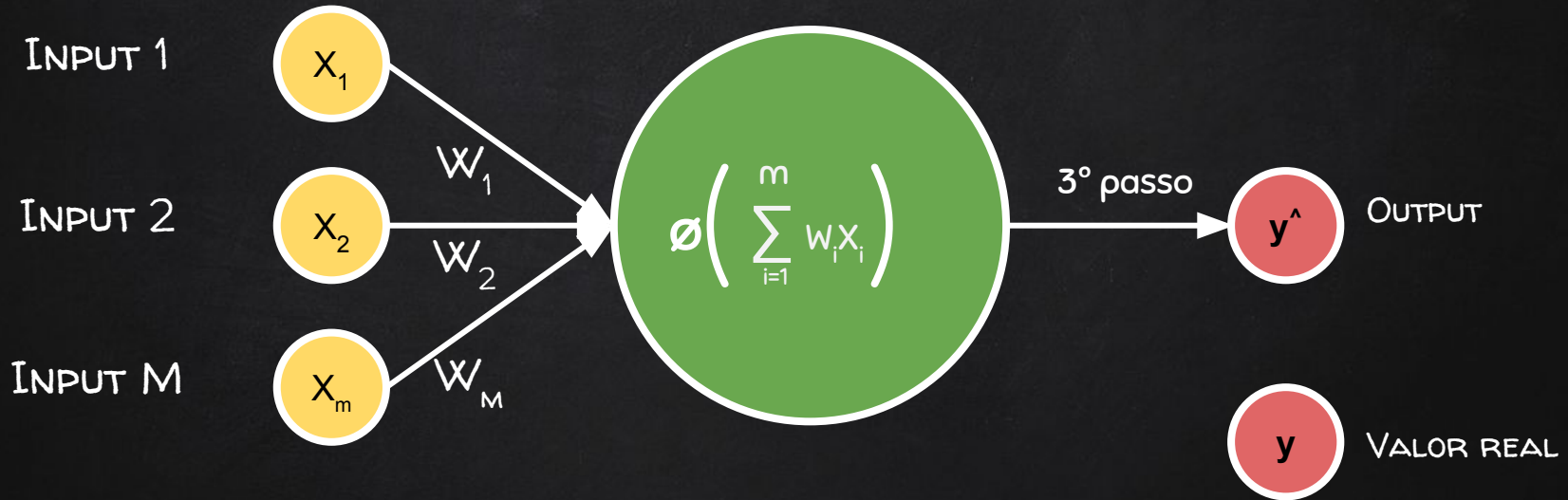


APRENDIZAGEM



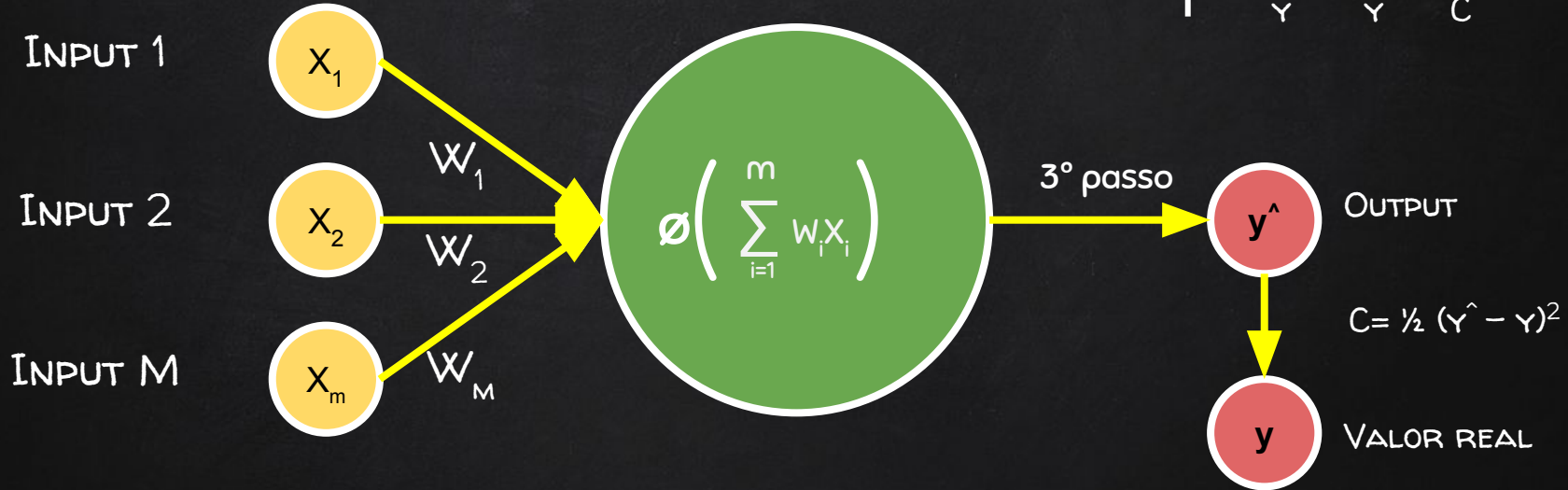
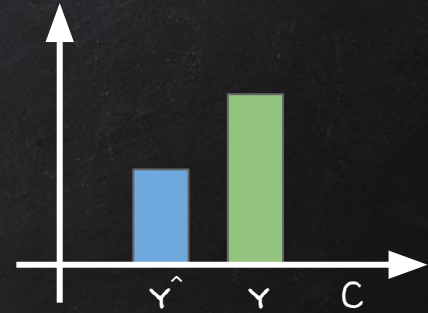


APRENDIZAGEM



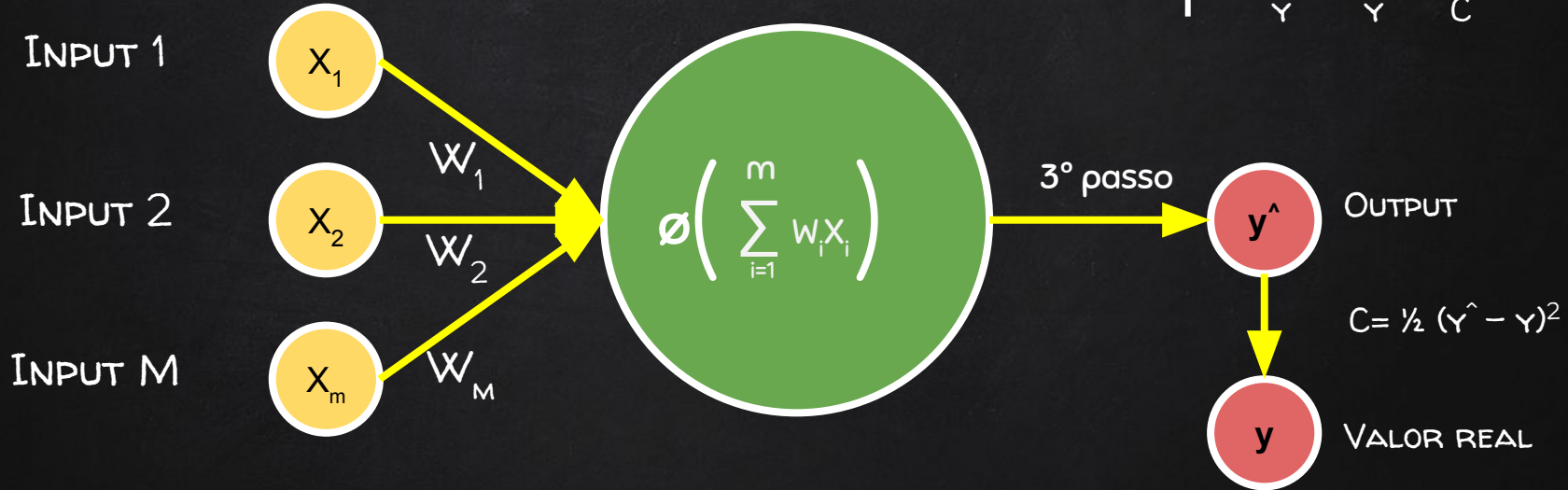
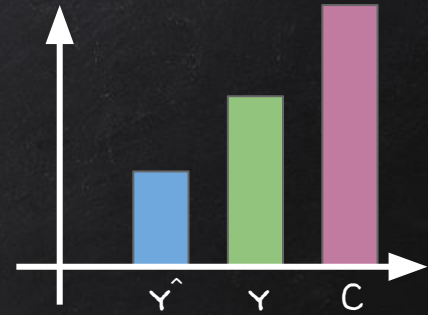


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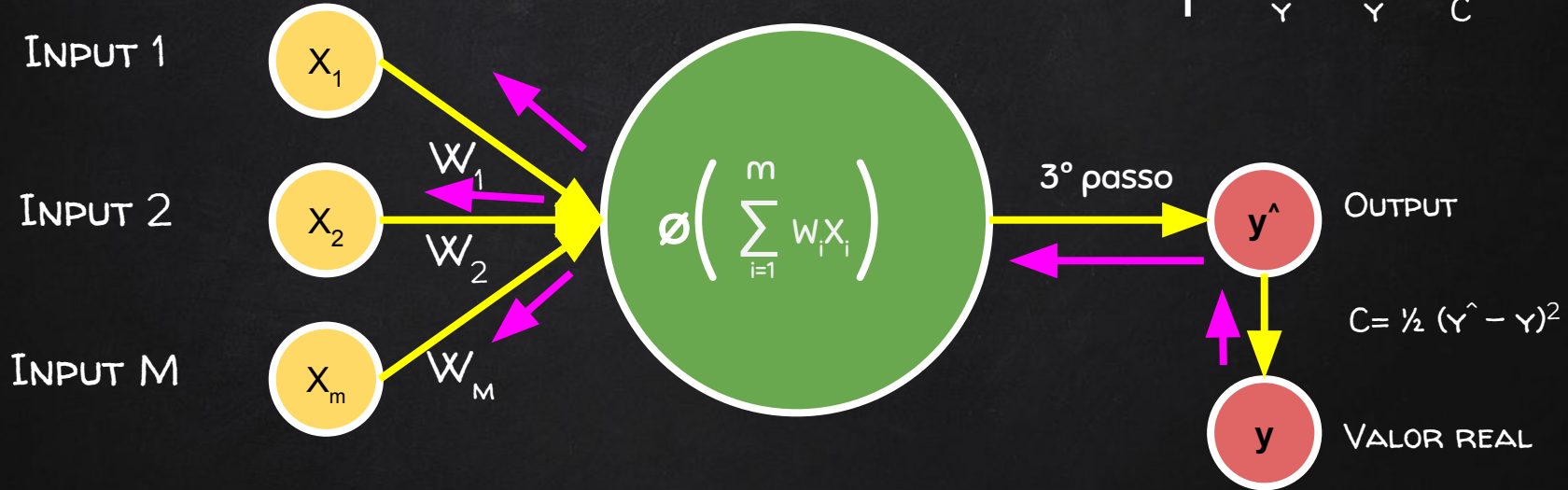
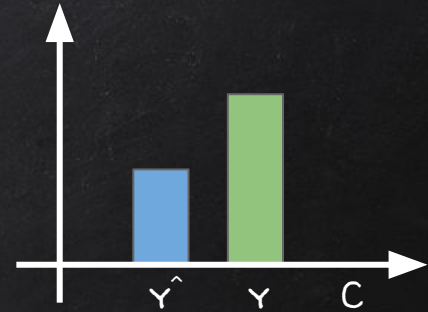


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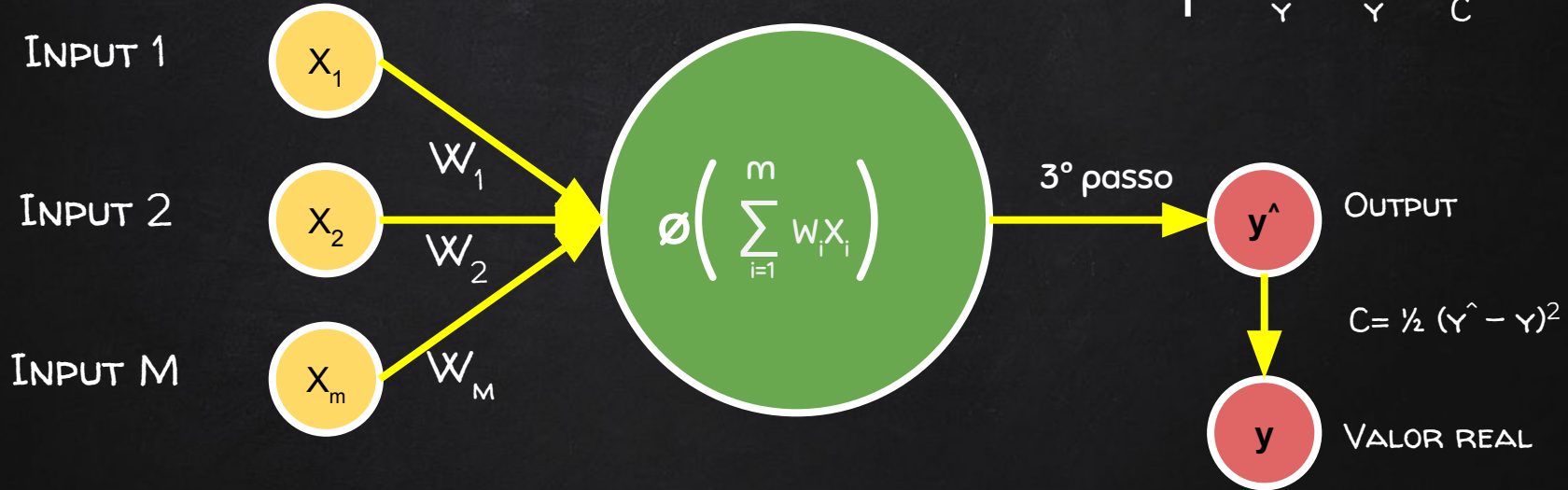
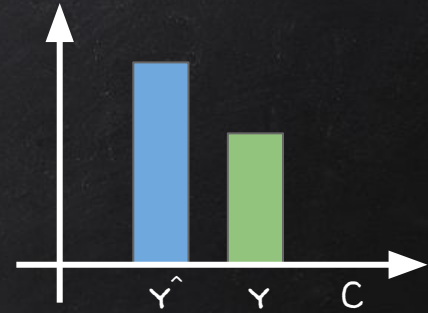


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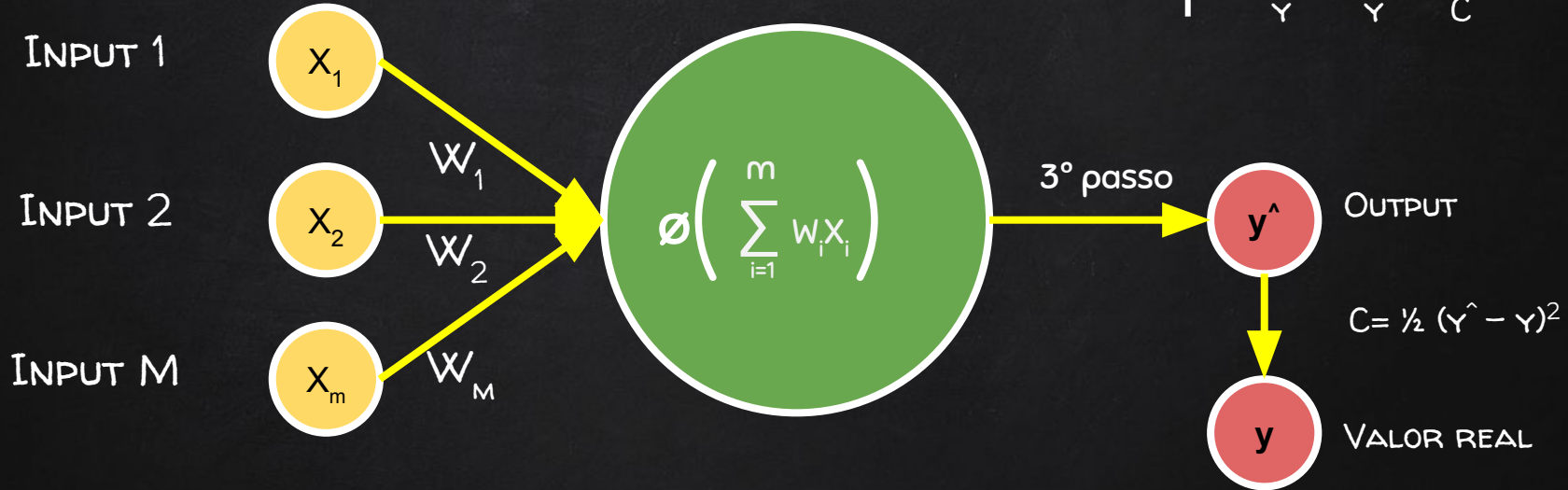
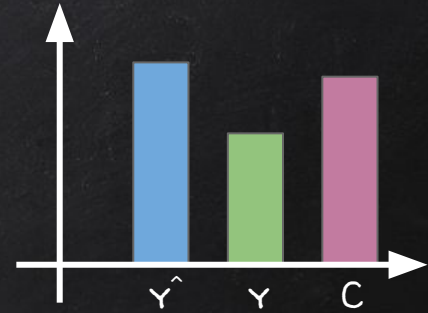


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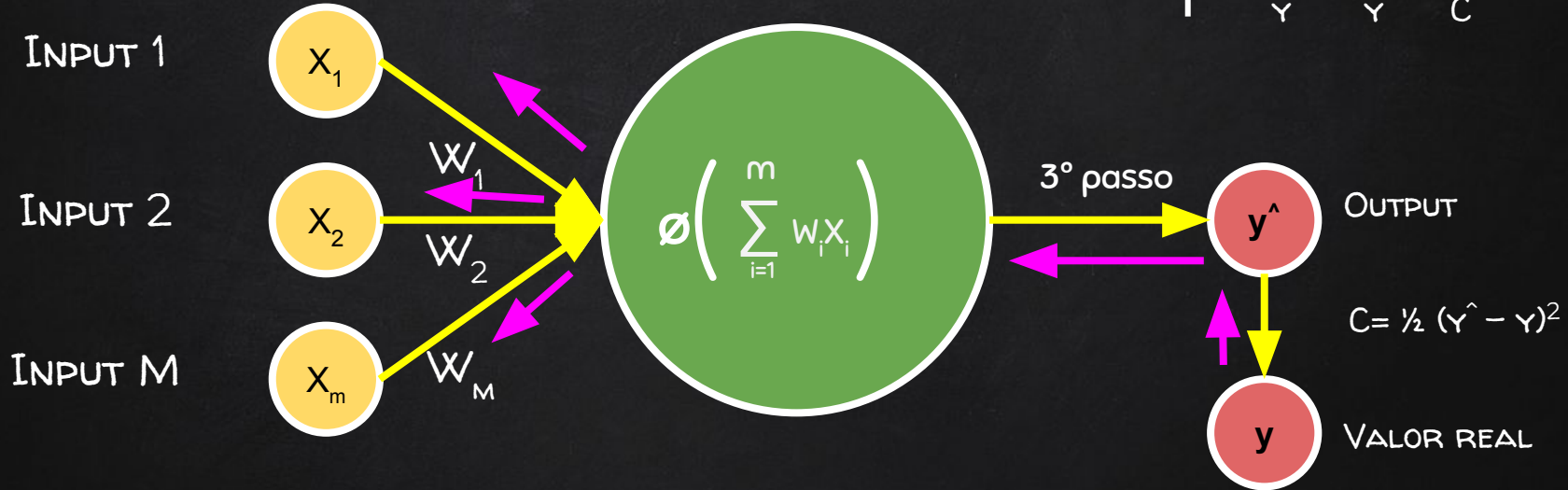
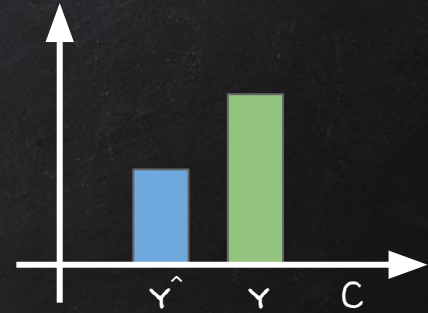


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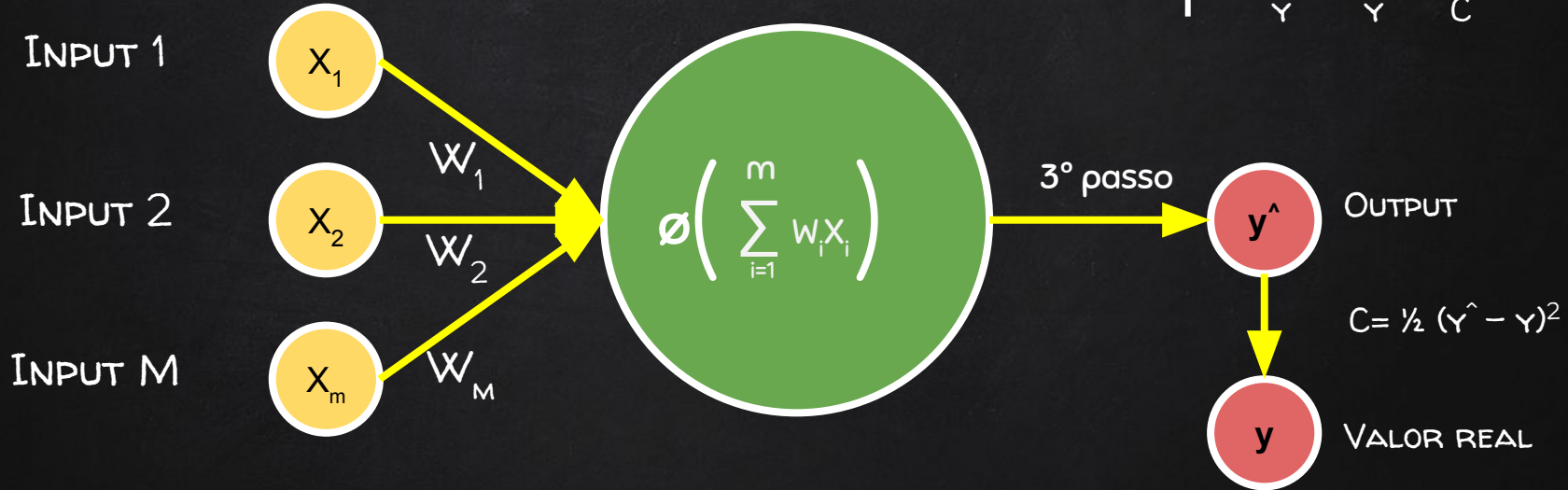
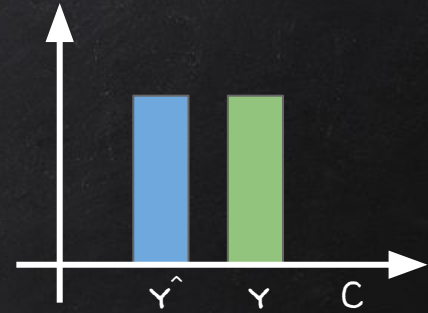


APRENDIZAGEM





APRENDIZAGEM





Row ID	Study Hrs	Sleep Hrs	Quiz	Exam
1	12	6	78%	93%
2	22	6.5	24%	68%
3	115	4	100%	95%
4	31	9	67%	75%
5	0	10	58%	51%
6	5	8	78%	60%
7	92	6	82%	89%
8	57	8	91%	97%





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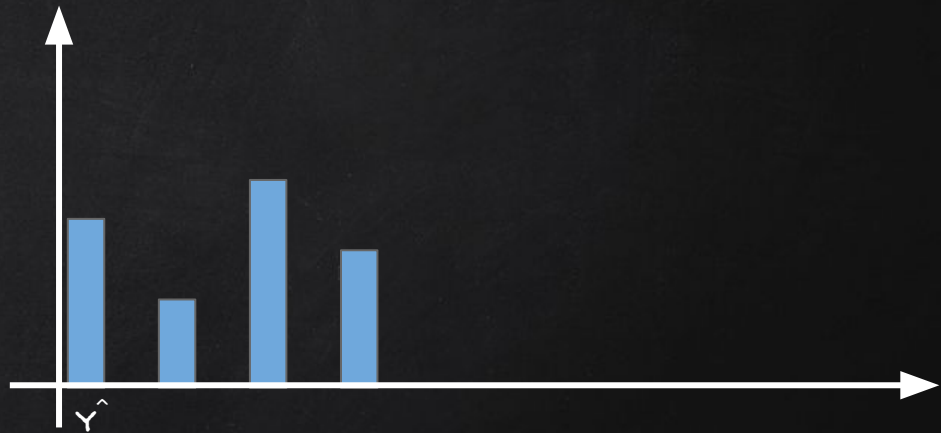


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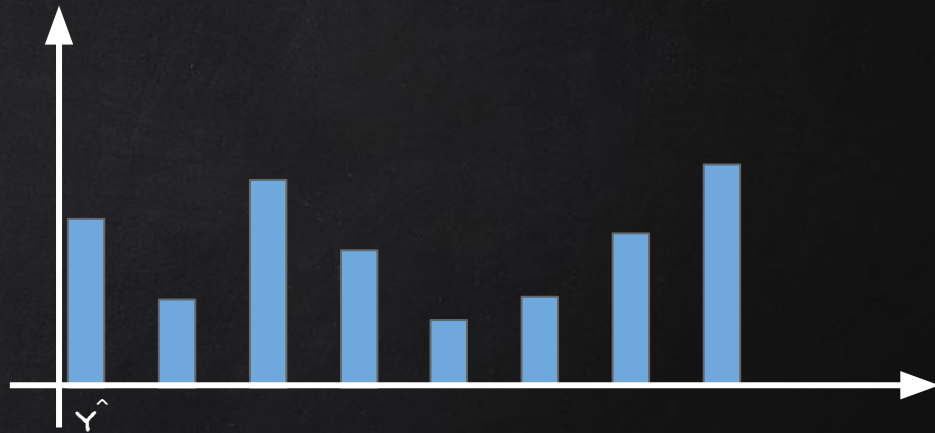


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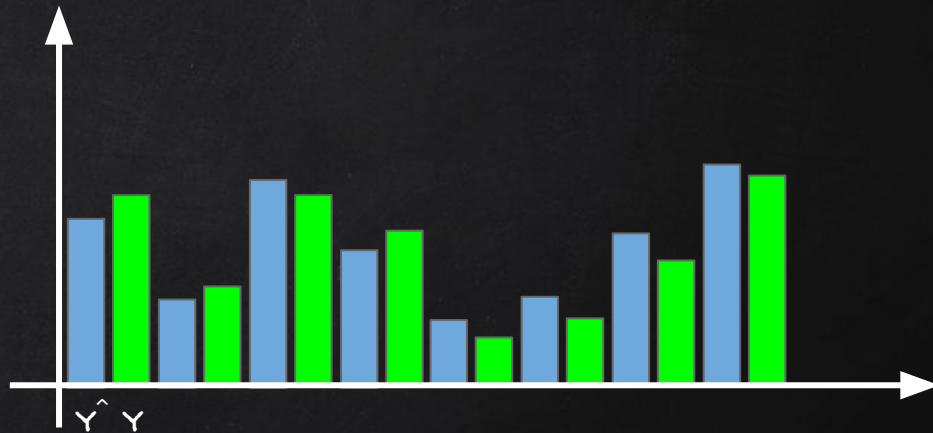


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8	57	8	91%	97%





Row ID	Study Hrs	Sleep Hrs	Quiz	Exam
1	12	6	78%	93%
2	22	6.5	24%	68%
3	115	4	100%	95%
4	31	9	67%	75%
5	0	10	58%	51%
6	5	8	78%	60%
7	92	6	82%	89%
8	57	8	91%	97%

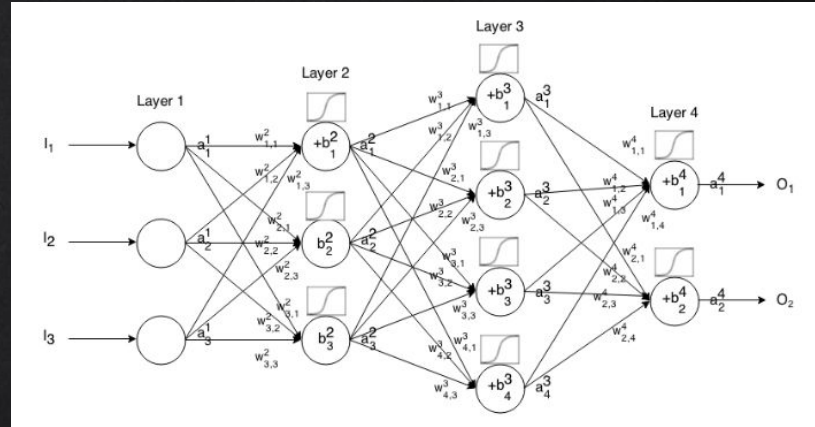


$$C = \sum \frac{1}{2} (\hat{Y} - Y)^2$$



APRENDIZAGEM

A list of cost functions used
in neural networks,
alongside applications
CrossValidated (2015)



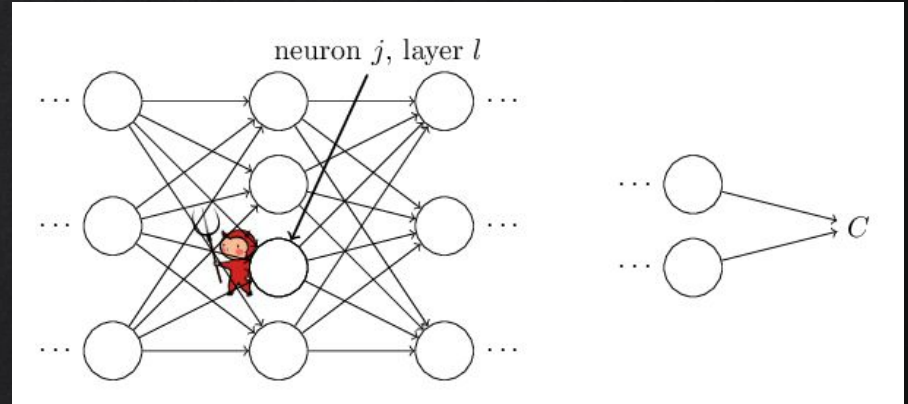
<https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/154879/a-list-of-cost-functions-used-in-neural-networks-alongside-applications>



APRENDIZAGEM

How the backpropagation algorithm works

Michael Nielsen (2015)



<http://neuralnetworksanddeeplearning.com/chap2.html>



Should a self-driving car kill the baby or the grandma?
Depends on where you're from.

<https://www.technologyreview.com/s/612341/a-global-ethics-study-aims-to-help-ai-solve-the-self-driving-trolley-problem/>



PRÁTICA

CONSTRUINDO SUA ANN

O cliente vai deixar o banco?



PRÉ-PROCESSAMENTO



<https://github.com/deeplearningunb/building-ann>

Vamos Exercitar?



Vamos Exercitar?

```
54 # Adding the input layer and the first hidden layer
55 classifier.add(Dense(units = 6, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 'relu', input_dim = 11))
56
57 # Adding the second hidden layer
58 classifier.add(Dense(units = 6, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 'relu'))
59
60 # Adding the output layer
61 classifier.add(Dense(units = 1, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 'sigmoid'))
62
63 # Compiling the ANN
64 classifier.compile(optimizer = 'adam', loss = 'binary_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])
65
66 # Fitting the ANN to the Training set
67 classifier.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size = 10, epochs = 100)
```

1. Crie uma branch com seu nome
 2. Troque a função de ativação
 3. Compile a rede
 4. Commit do resultado (NA SUA BRANCH)
-



OBRIGADO!

Dúvidas?

<http://bit.ly/dl-unb03>
<https://t.me/DeepLearningUnB>
@diegodorgam

CREDITS

Special thanks to all the people who made and released these awesome resources for free:

- ✕ Presentation template by SlidesCarnival
- ✕ Photographs by Unsplash