## Polytopes in LEAN

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May 20, 2025

## 0.1 H-polytopes

Definition 1.
<b>Proposition 2.</b> Every H-polytope is a V-polytope.
0.1.1 Primitive Spaces
Definition 3.
Lemma 4.
Proof.
Lemma 5.
Proof.
<b>Lemma 6.</b> The intersection of a primspace in $A$ with an affine subspace $E$ of $A$ is itself a primspace in $E$ (but not necessarily in $A$ ).
Proof.
0.1.2 Bounded
Definition 7.
Benintion 1.
0.2 V-Polytopes
<b>Definition 8.</b> A V-polytope is the convex hull of finitely many points.
Proposition 9.
0.2.1 Convex Hulls
<b>Definition 10.</b> A set S is convex if for any $x, y \in S$ , and any $t \in [0, 1]$ , S also contains $tx + (1-t)y$
Lemma 11. The empty set is convex.
Proof.
Lemma 12. <sup>n</sup> is convex.
Proof.
<b>Definition 13.</b> The convex hull of a set $A$ is the intersection of all convex subsets containing $A$ .
Proposition 14.
Proof.
Lemma 15.
Proof.

## 0.2.2 Polar duals

Definition 16.

Proposition 17.

## 0.3 The Main theorem

**Theorem 18.** Every H-polytope is a V-polytope and vice-versa.