Problem Set 3 Exercise #16: Find Tuple

Reference: Lecture 8 notes

Learning objectives: Searching; Algorithm design

Estimated completion time: 25 minutes

Problem statement:

Given an array of <u>distinct</u> integers <u>sorted</u> in ascending order and another integer \mathbf{key} , check if there exist two different array elements \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y} such that $\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{key}$.

For example, given an array $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and **key** $\{1, 2, 4, 5\}$ and **key** $\{1, 2, 4, 5\}$ and **key** $\{1, 2,$

Your program should contain function

```
int check tuple(int arr[], int size, int key)
```

that takes a <u>sorted</u> array **arr** of **size** elements (**size** < 11) and a **key**, returns 1 if there exists at least 1 pair of integers whose sum equals **key**, or 0 otherwise.

Write a program **tuple.c** for the above task.

Note:

The challenge is to <u>avoid using nested loop</u> in **check_tuple()** method.

Sample run #1:

```
Enter the number of distinct elements in sorted array: 5
Enter 5 elements: 1 2 3 4 5
Enter key: 7
Exist
```

Sample run #2:

```
Enter the number of distinct elements in sorted array: 6
Enter 5 elements: 4 6 8 11 15 19
Enter key: 28
Not exist
```