

Angular (Part – 4)

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Routing and Navigation

The Angular Router enables navigation from one view to the next as users perform application tasks

Routing Overview

- It can interpret a browser URL as an instruction to navigate to a client-generated view
- It can pass optional parameters to the view component that help it decide what specific content to present
- You can bind the router to links on a page and it will navigate to the appropriate application view when the user clicks a link

Routing Overview

- You can navigate imperatively when the user clicks a button, selects from a drop box, or in response to some other stimulus from any source
- The router logs activity in the browser's history journal so the back and forward buttons work as well.

Routing Application

Employee Details

Department Details

Employee Details/Department Details

index.html

```
<!doctype html>
<head>
       <meta charset="utf-8">
       <title>Routing Application</title>
       <base href="/">
       <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
scale=1">
       <link rel="icon" type="image/x-icon" href="favicon.ico">
</head>
      <body>
            <app-root></app-root>
      </body>
```

Component Creation for Two Views

- 1. ng g c employees –it –is
- 2. ng g c departments –it –is

- it (to create inline template)
- is (to create inline styles)

app.module.ts

```
import {Routes, RouterModule } from '@angular/router'
import { EmployeesComponent } from './employees/employees.component';
import { DepartmentsComponent} from './departments/departments.component';
const routes : Routes = [
  { path: 'employees', component: EmployeesComponent},
  { path: 'departments', component: DepartmentsComponent}
@NgModule( {
declarations: [AppComponent, EmployeesComponent, DepartmentsComponent],
  imports: [BrowserModule, RouterModule.forRoot(routes)],
 exports: [RouterModule]
export class AppRoutingModule { }
```

app.component.ts

```
template: `
 <h1>Routing application</h1>
 <nav>
          routerLink="/employees"
     <a
          routerLinkActive="active" > Employee Details < /a>
          routerLink="/departments"
     <a
          routerLinkActive="active">Department Details</a>
 </nav>
 <router-outlet></router-outlet>
```

Default Route and Page Redirection

Route Parameters

ng g c employee_details -is -it

Route Parameters (app.module.ts)

```
const routes : Routes = [
     { path: ", redirectTo: 'employees', pathMatch: 'full'},
     { path: 'employees', component: EmployeesComponent},
     { path: 'departments', component: DepartmentsComponent},
{ path: 'employees/:id', component: EmployeeDetailsComponent},
     { path: '**', component: DefaultPageComponent}
     // ** should be the last one
```

employees.component.ts

```
<tr (click)='onEmpIdSelect(emp)'
         *ngFor="let emp of empList">
    {{ emp.id }}  {{ emp.name }} 
    {{emp.designation}}
    public router: Router;
onEmpIdSelect(emp) {
    this.router.navigate(['/employees', emp.id])
```

Employee-details.component.ts

```
template: '  Employee id = {{ empld }}  '
export class EmployeeDetailsComponent implements OnInit {
 public empld
 constructor(private route: ActivatedRoute) { }
 ngOnInit() {
this.empld = parseInt(this.route.snapshot.paramMap.get('id'))
```

References

- https://angular.io/docs
- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/angular4/