

Computational Mathematics assignment – 3

Dishant Tekwani (20309212)

Q1. Answer, E - none of the above

we can see that none of the given answers represents the square root of matrix B divided by matrix A. $x = \sqrt{B/A}$

Q2. Answer, B – error

```
>> for i=1:5
    for j=1:6
        a(i,j)=input();
    end
end
Error using input
Not enough input arguments.
```

We can see from the below screen that an error message is displayed when we try to run the code.

Q3. Answer, E - none of the above

To plot distinct functions in the same graph, we must pass multiple inputs of pairs of matrices to represent each plot.

Q4. Answer, E - none of the above

For this question:

$x_0=0, x_1=1, x_2=23, x_3=13$

$f(x_0)=1, f(x_1)=0, f(x_2)=12, f(x_3)=0.866$

Using the Newtonian method for interpolation with the following formulas :

$$f[x_i, x_{i+1}] = f[x_{i+1}] - f[x_i] / x_{i+1} - x_i$$

$$f[x_i, x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}] = f[x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}] - f[x_i, x_{i+1}] / x_{i+2} - x_i$$

$$f[x_i, x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}, x_{i+3}] = f[x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}, x_{i+3}] - f[x_i, x_{i+1}, x_{i+2}] / x_{i+3} - x_i$$

$$F[X_0, X_1] = F[X_1] - F[X_0] / X_1 - X_0 = 0 - 1 / 1 - 0 = -1$$

$$F[X_1, X_2] = F[X_2] - F[X_1] / X_2 - X_1 = 1/2 - 0 / 2/3 - 1 = -3/2$$

$$F[X_2, X_3] = F[X_3] - F[X_2] / X_3 - X_2 = 0.866 - 1/2 / 1/3 - 2/3 = -1.098$$

$$F[X_0, X_1, X_2] = F[X_1, X_2] - F[X_0, X_1] / X_2 - X_0 = -1.5 - (-1) / 2/3 - 0 = -0.75$$

$$F[X_1, X_2, X_3] = F[X_2, X_3] - F[X_1, X_2] / X_3 - X_1 = -1.098 - (-3/2) / 1/3 - 1 = -0.603$$

$$f[x_0, x_1, x_2, x_3] = f[x_1, x_2, x_3] - f[x_0, x_1, x_2] / x_3 - x_0 = -0.603 - (-0.75) / 1/3 - 0 = 0.441$$

$$P_3(X) = F[X_0] + F[X_0, X_1](X - X_0) + F[X_0, X_1, X_2](X - X_0)(X - X_1) + F[X_0, X_1, X_2, X_3](X - X_0)(X - X_1)(X - X_2)$$

Now evaluating for $X=1.5$:

$$F(1.5) = 1 + (1.5)(-1) + (1.5)(1.5-1)(0.75) + (1.5)(1.5-1)(1.5-0.6667)(0.441)$$

$$= 1 - 1.5 - 0.5625 + 0.2756 = -0.7869 \cong -0.787$$

Q6. Answer, E - none of the above

X	11	16	22	24
---	----	----	----	----

Y	33	45	63	28
---	----	----	----	----

16, 22, 24

45, 63, 28

Using Lagrange's Interpolation;

$$Y = (y_0) \frac{(x-x_1)(x-x_2)}{(x_0-x_1)(x_0-x_2)} + (y_1)$$

$$\frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_2)}{(x_1-x_0)(x_1-x_2)} + (y_2) \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)}{(x_2-x_0)(x_2-x_1)}$$

$$= 45 \times \frac{(x-22)(x-24)}{(16-22)(16-24)} + 63 \times \frac{(x-16)(x-24)}{(22-16)(22-24)} + 28 \times \frac{(x-16)(x-16)}{(24-16)(24-12)}$$

$$= (x^2 - 46x + 528) \times 45 / ((16-22)(16-24)) + (x^2 - 40x + 384) \times 63 / ((22-16)(22-24)) + (x^2 - 38x + 352) \times 28 / ((24-16)(24-22))$$

$$= (x^2 - 46x + 528) \times (0.9375) + (x^2 - 40x + 384) \times (-5.25) + (x^2 - 38x + 352) \times (1.75)$$

$$= -2.5625x^2 + 100.375x - 905$$

Differentiate;

$$dv/dx = -5.125x + 100.375$$

Substitute for x=18;

$$= -5.125(18) + 100.375$$

$$= 8.125 \text{ m/s}^2$$

Q7. Answer, A - O(h)

We can see that it is not possible to use the central difference formula to approximate $f'(x)$ in this question as we can use only $f(x-h)$, $f(x)$ and $f(x+h)$. Therefore, we must use either the forward difference or backward difference

formula. For this question's purpose, it is more logical to use the backward difference formula.

$$\left. \frac{df}{dx} \right|_{x=x_i} = \frac{f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1})}{x_i - x_{i-1}}$$

Next, we substitute:

$$x_i = x$$

$$x_{i-1} = x - h$$

Next, we can use Taylor's Theorem to expand $f(x_{i-1})$ to yield:

$$f(x_{i-1}) = f(x_i) - f'(x_i)h + \frac{(h^2)}{2!} f''(x_i) - \frac{(h^3)}{3!} f'''(x_i) + \frac{(h^4)}{4!} f^{(4)}(x_i) - \dots$$

This can be simplified to:

$$f'(x_i) = \frac{f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1})}{h} + \frac{f''(\xi)}{2!} h$$

$$\frac{f''(\xi)}{2!} h = O(h)$$

Therefore, the truncation error is $O(h)$.

Q9. Answer, B - 2.296

Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$, $a = -1$, $b = 1$, $h = 0.2$

Subintervals are; $[-1, 0.8]$, $[-0.8, -0.6]$, $[-0.6, -0.4]$, $[-0.4, -0.2]$, $[-0.2, 0]$, $[0, 0.2]$

[0.2, 0.4] , [0.4, 0.6] , [0.6, 0.8] and [0.8, 1]

$$S_{10} = h/3 [f(-1) + 4(f(-0.8) + f(-0.4) + f(0) + f(0.4) + f(0.8)) + 2(f(-0.6) + f(-0.2) + f(0.2) + f(0.6)) + f(1)]$$

$$S_{10} = 0.2/3 [1.4142 + 4(1.2806 + 1.0770 + 1 + 1.077 + 1.2806) + 2(1.1662 + 1.0198 + 1.0198 + 1.1662) + 1.4142]$$

$$S_{10} = 2.296$$

$$I = \int_{-1}^1 f(x) dx \approx 2.296$$