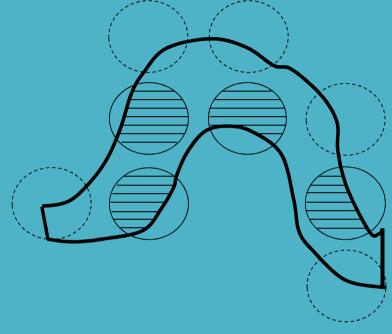
Edge effects in Survey Design

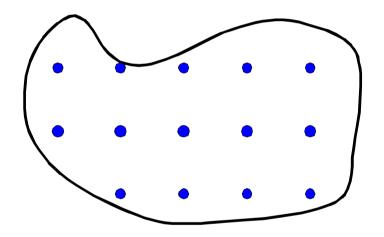


- Point transects issues and solutions
- Line transect issues and solutions





Point transects





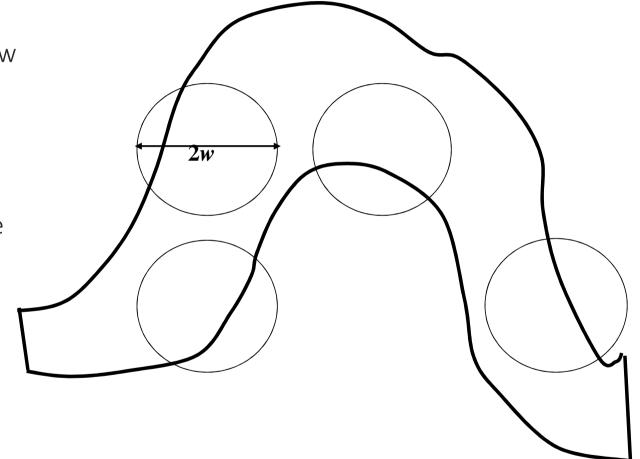


Edge Effects

A problem if study area is small or narrow relative to w

Issues

Coverage probability close to the edge Animals detected outside the region boundary

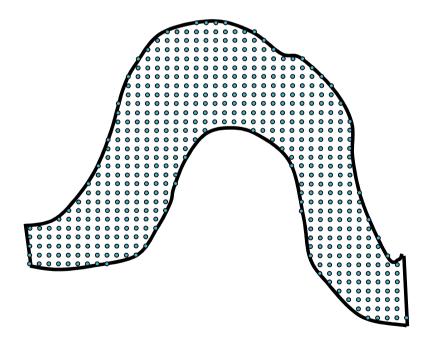






Coverage probability – probability for a given design that a point within the survey region will be sampled

To calculate the probability, repeatedly sample from the grid using a specific design (eg: 10 random points) and see how frequently a given point is included.





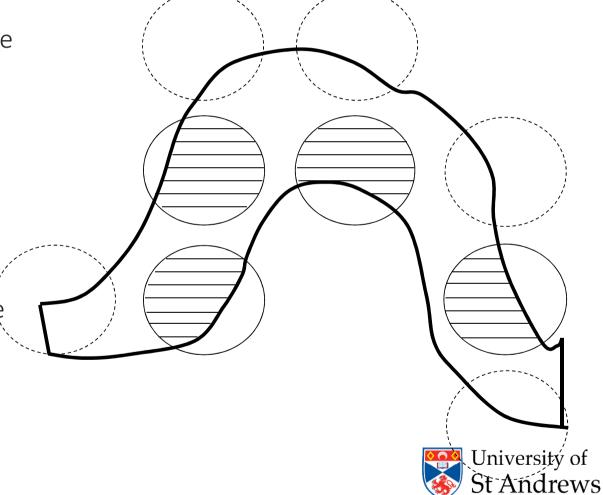


Coverage probability is lower within w of the edge

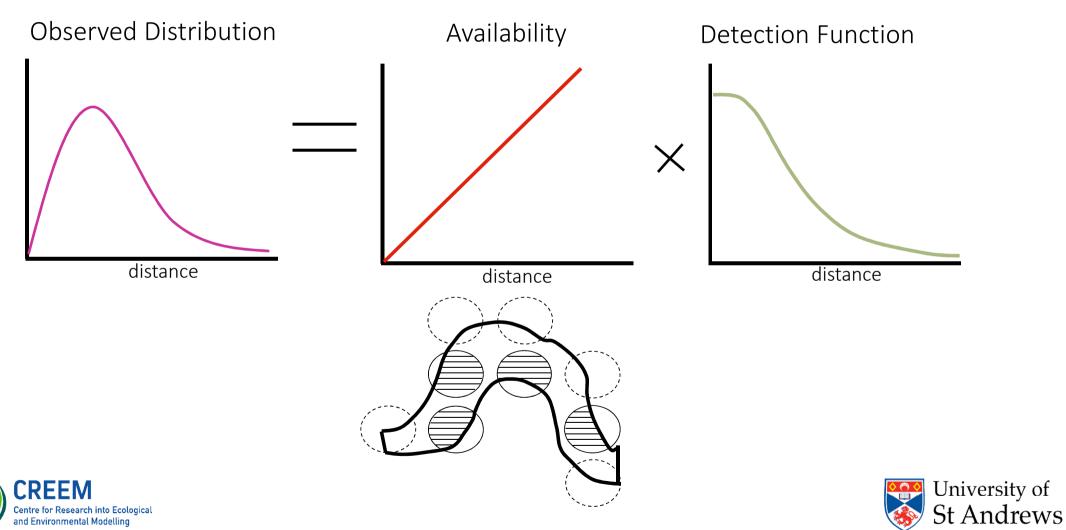
Assumption

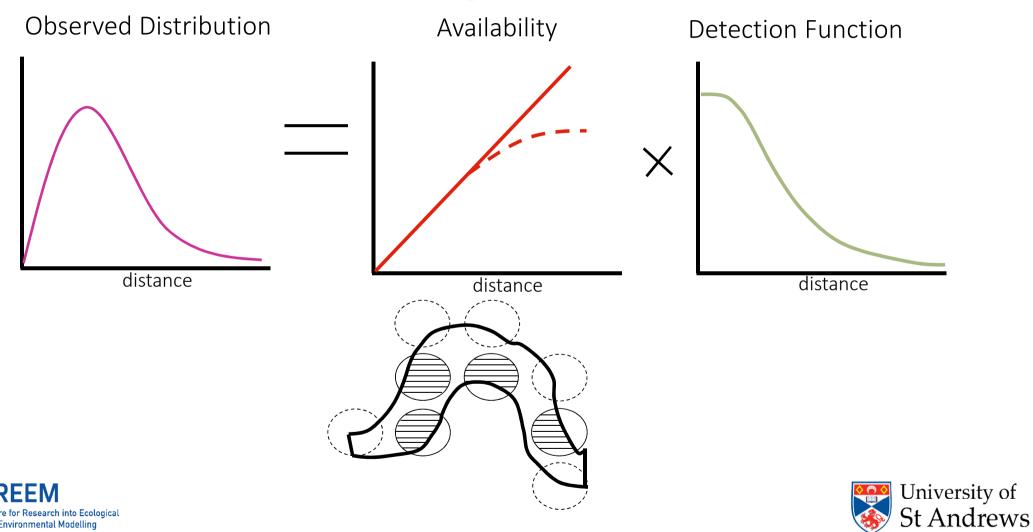
Animal density within w of the survey region boundary is the same as for > w

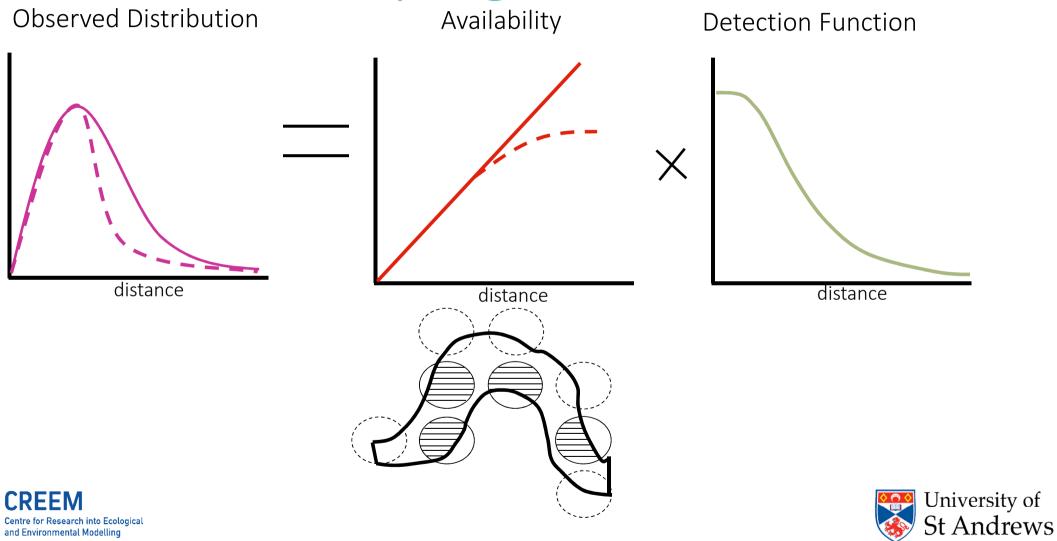
For data collection and analysis options, see 6.7 of "Introduction to Distance Sampling"

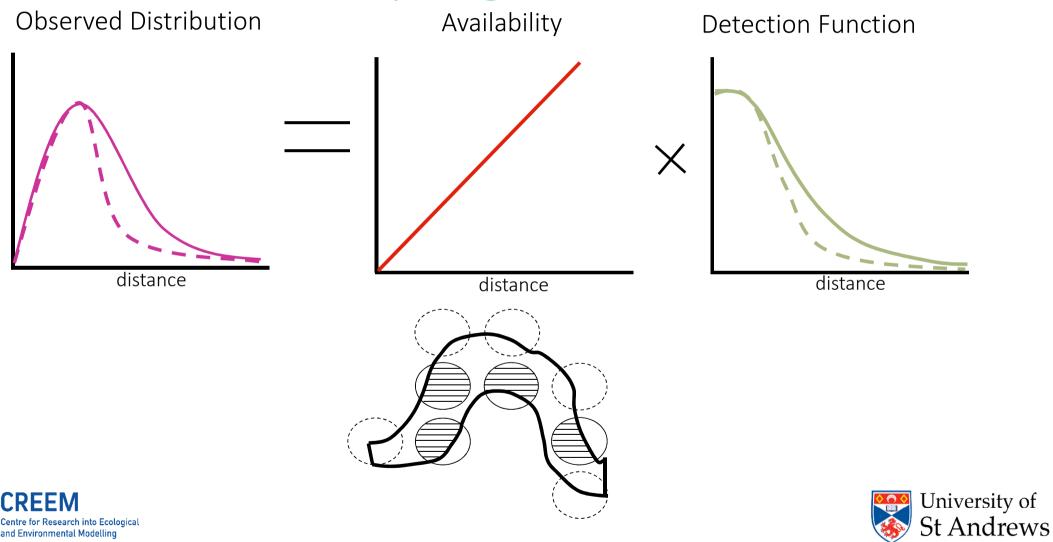








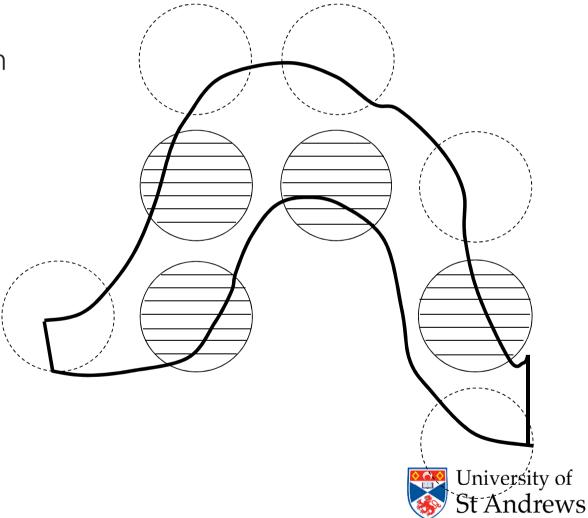




Survey up to distance w outside region boundary

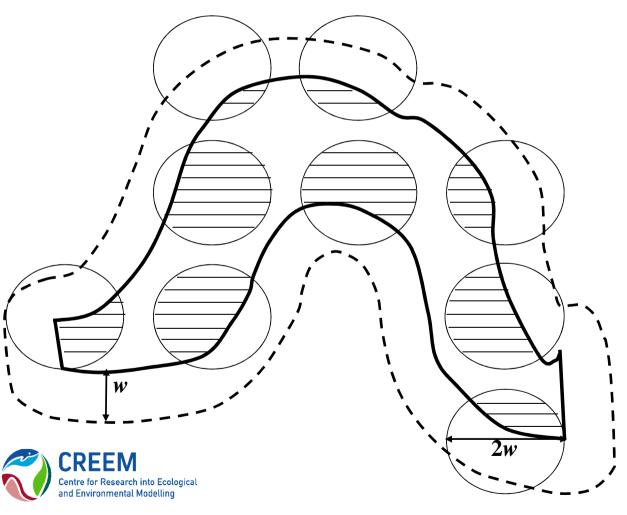
Assumption

Animal density is similar either side of the survey region boundary





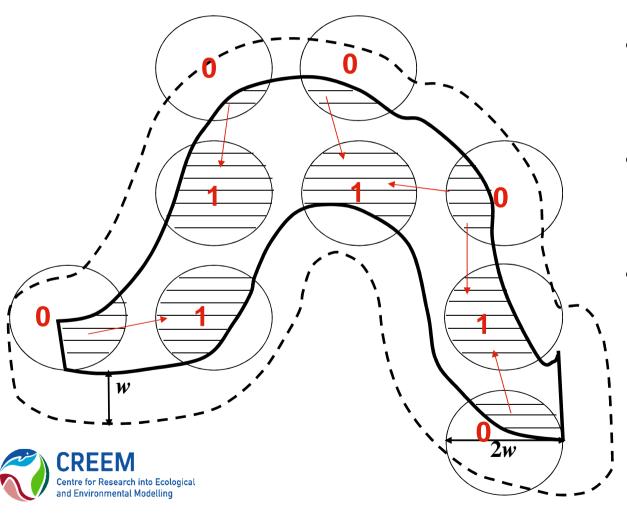
Plus Sampling



- Sample all points within a buffer w around the survey region
- Record only animals within the survey region
- Analysis:
 - 0's and 1's
 - Proportions (GIS)



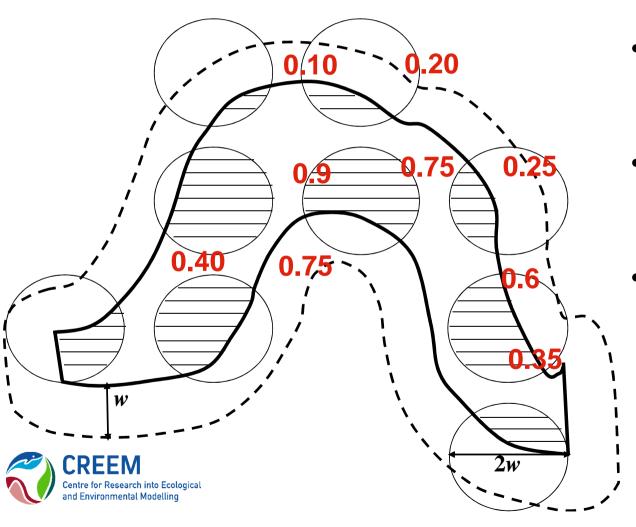
Plus Sampling



- Sample all points within a buffer w around the survey region
- Record only animals within the survey region
- Analysis:
 - 0's and 1's
 - Proportions (GIS)



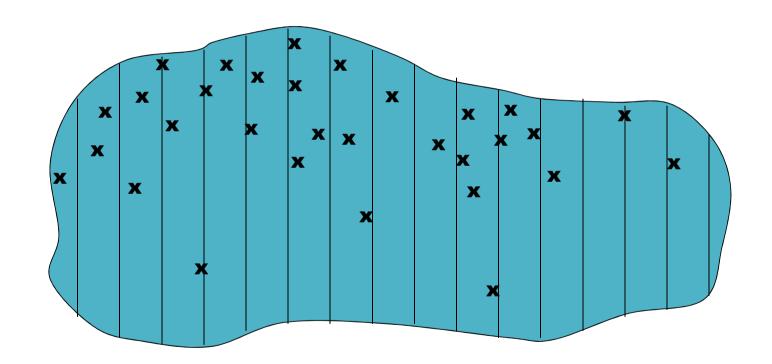
Plus Sampling



- Sample all points within a buffer w around the survey region
- Record only animals within the survey region
- Analysis:
 - 0's and 1's
 - Proportions (GIS)



Line transects





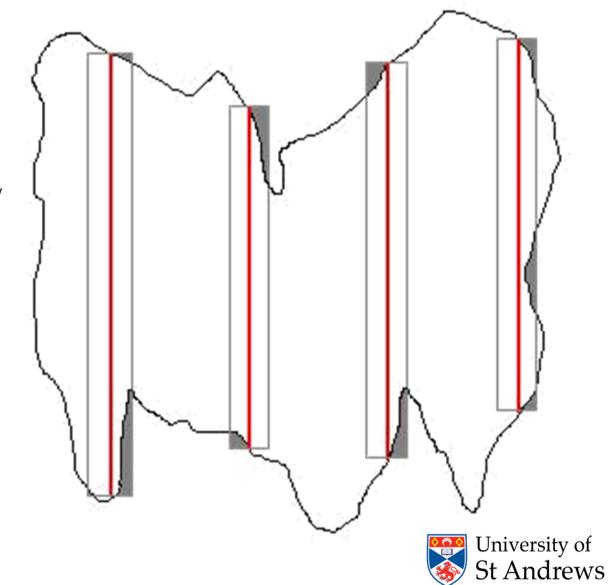


Surveyed area decreases with distance from transect

Conventional analysis can give valid density estimate.

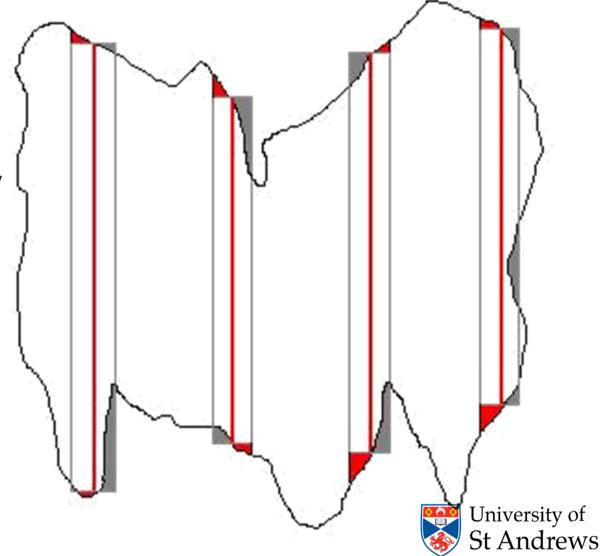
Coverage probability lower at edge

See Section 6.7 of Introduction to Distance Sampling, 2001



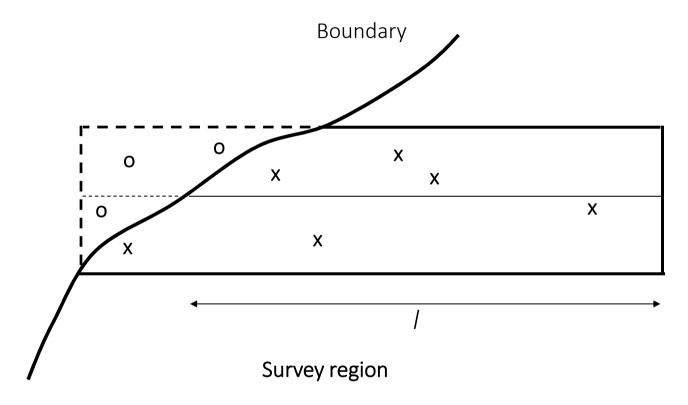


Extrapolate lines beyond boundary recording only animals within survey region





Use of a buffer zone to eliminate edge effects

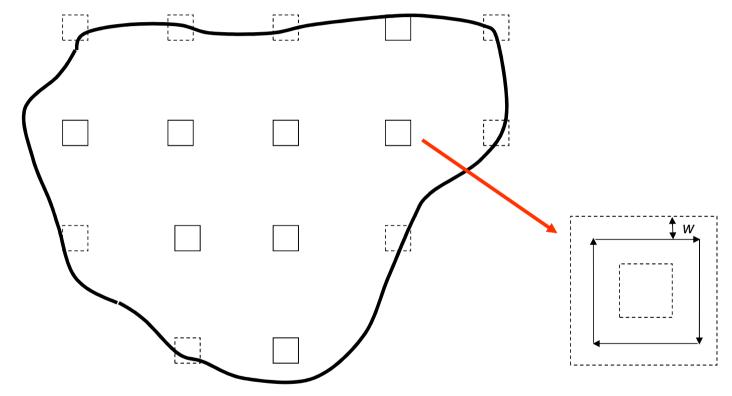


Extend the line beyond the boundary, but don't include the associated effort, and don't record animals detected outside the region (o)





Circuit designs – edge effects

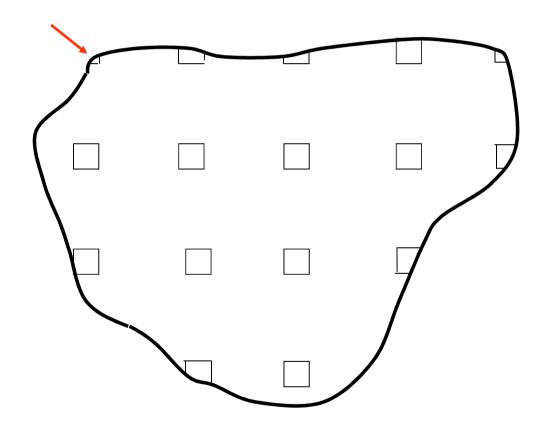


If we remove the circuits that overlap the boundary (dashed) we undersample the edge.





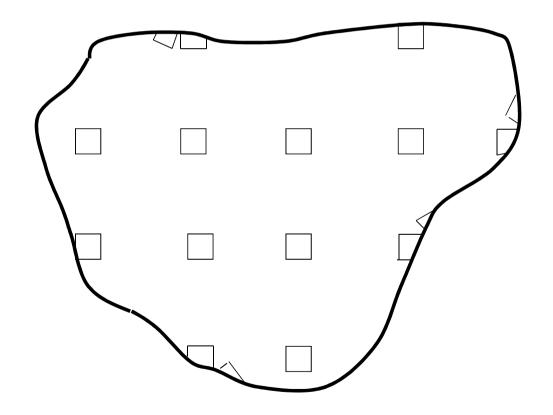
- We can include partial circuits at the edge
- Fine if travelling for a small amount of survey is acceptable







Or delete circuits mostly outside, and reflect and displace remaining edge circuits







Segment designs – edge effects

Similar issues (and solutions) to circuit designs

