MDE

Master Class:

Microsoft Defender for Endpoint

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Module 6

Advanced Hunting

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Content Module 6

- **Advanced Hunting**
- **Kusto Query Language**
  - General
  - Data flow pipeline
  - Statements
  - Useful Links
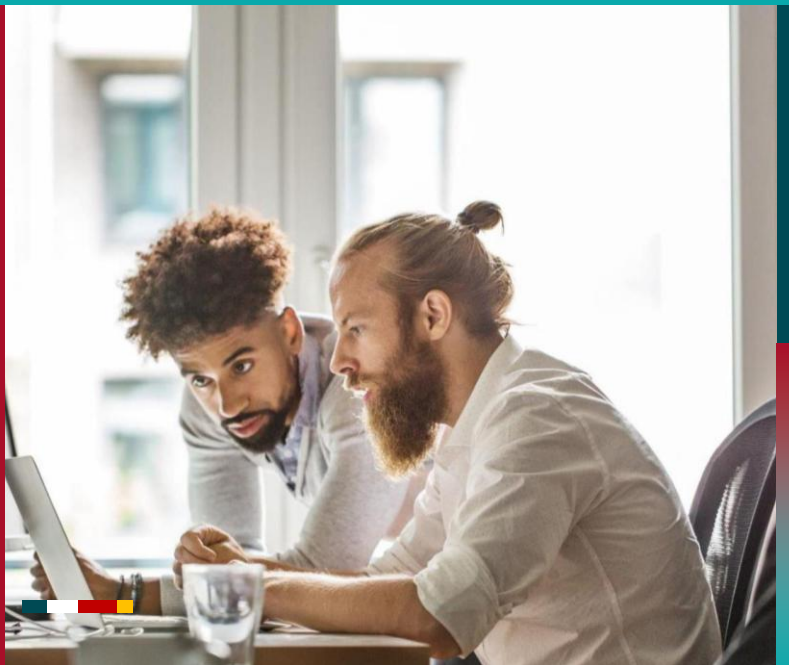
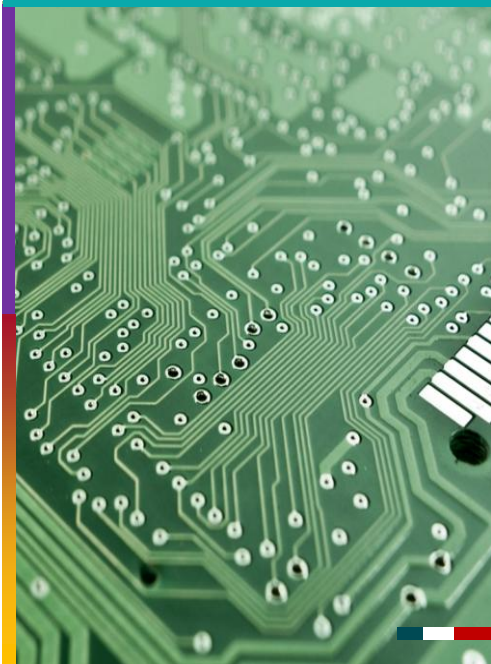Microsoft Defender for Endpoint (MDE) v2.1, Part 06   3

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Advanced Hunting

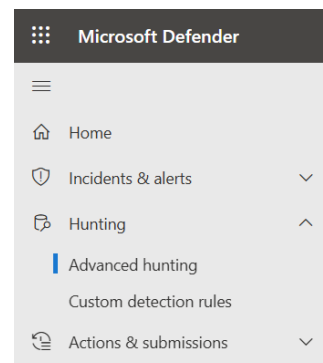Microsoft Defender for Endpoint (MDE) v2.1, Part 06   4

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Advanced Hunting

' ... is a query-based threat hunting tool ... '

- Modes
  - guided
  - advanced

- Data freshness
  - Event and activity date (alerts, security events, ...)
    - immediately
  - Entity data
    - up to 24 hours

Advanced Hunting

- Schema - Tables
  - from multiple Defender Sources
  - Description in documentation
- Queries
  - could be saved query or function
  - added to schema for all administrators
- Result used
  - for investigation
  - Take actions
  - Detection rules

Kuste Query Language
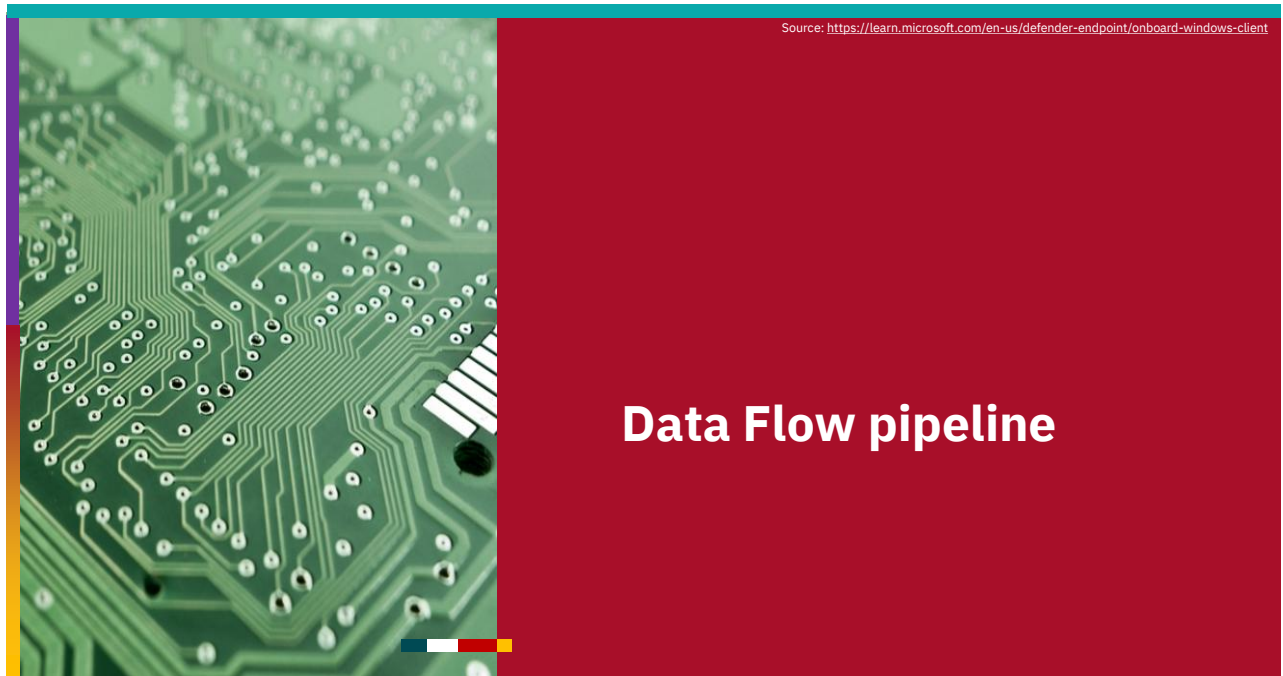## General
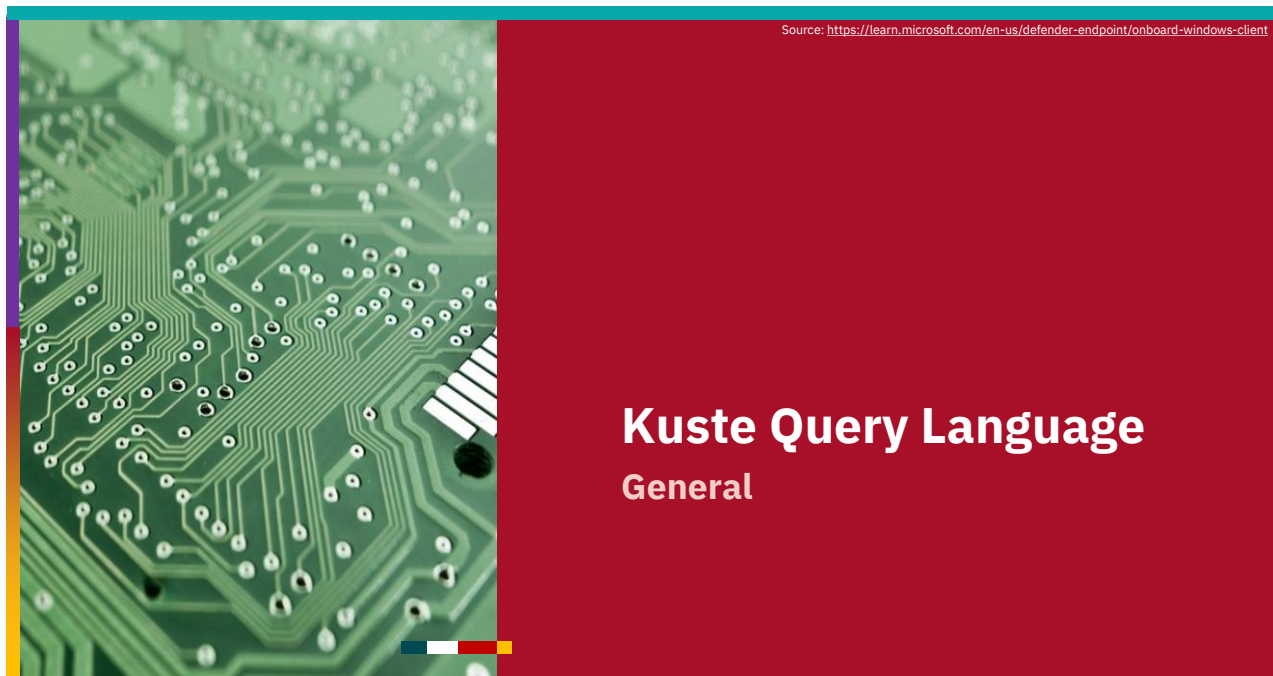
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General

Some rules for KQL
- Case sensitivity
  - Tablenames
  - Fieldnames
  - Operators
  - Functions
- Comments: //
- Line breaks: before |
- Time: always saved as UTC

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Data Flow pipeline

Data Flow Pipeline

Overview

- Each statement starts with either a
  - Table
  - Variable(s) declaration(s)
  - Functions with result type table

- Variable declaration must end with ;

- Use | to pass data from table to operator
  - Multiple | are possible

Data Flow Pipeline

```
SecurityEvent | where EventID == "4626" | summarize count() by Account | limit 10
```

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Basic statements

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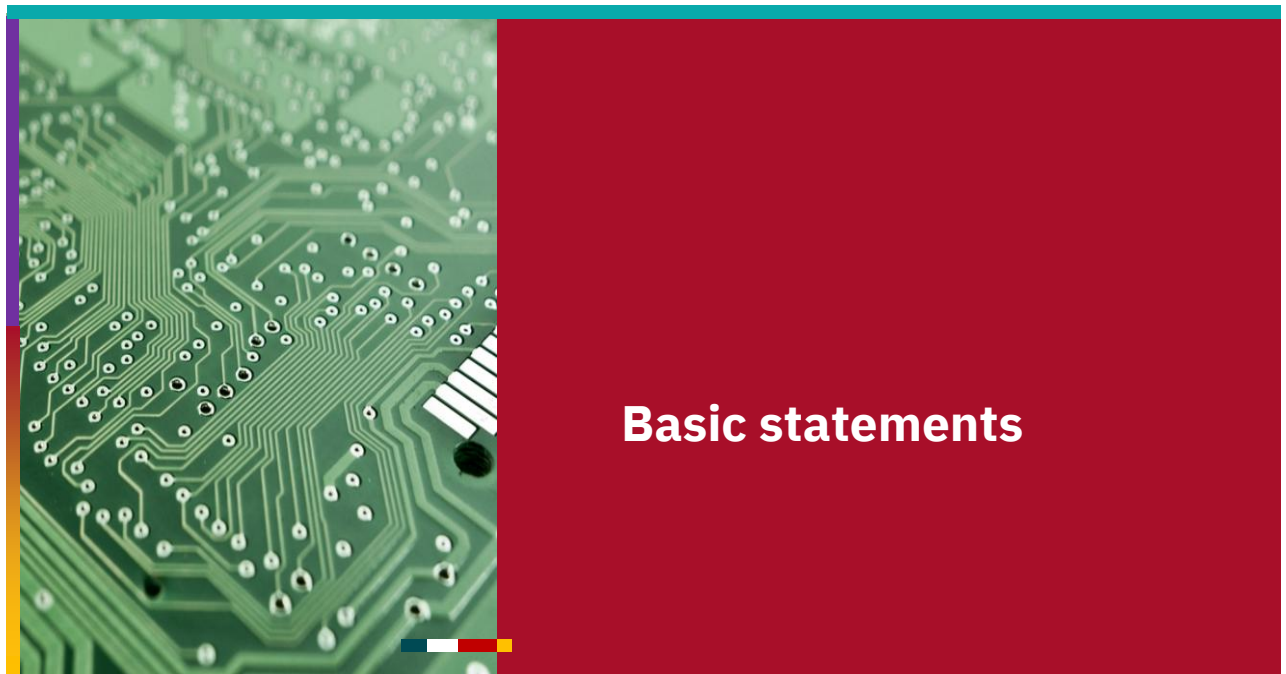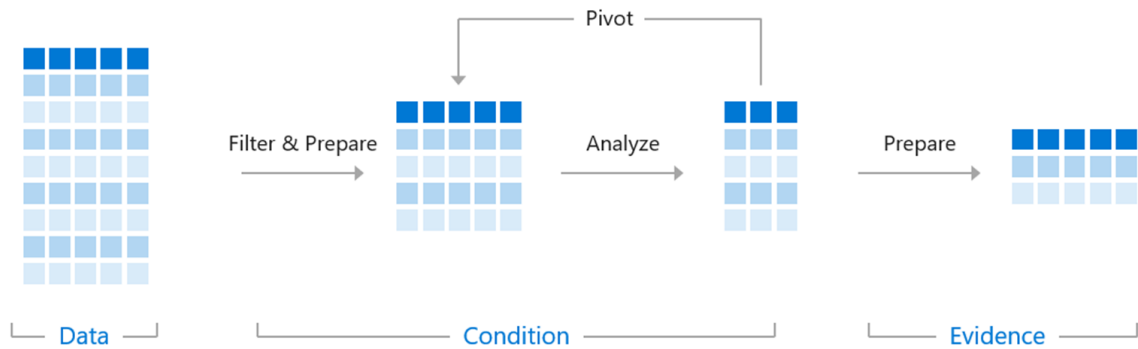
Basic statements

- Getting table data

```
DeviceInfo
// Case-sensitivity
```

- Using Pipeline

```
DeviceInfo
| limit 5
// limit doesn't sort the records.
// Alias for limit: take

DeviceInfo
| top 5 by DeviceName desc
// Records sorted first
```

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Basic statements

- Sorting results

```
DeviceInfo
| sort by DeviceName asc
DeviceInfo
| sort by DeviceName asc, PublicIP desc
// Alias for sort: order
```

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Basic statements

- Variables

```
let lmt = 3;
DeviceInfo
| sort by DeviceName asc , Timestamp desc
| limit lmt;
// let creates a variable.

let myTable =
DeviceInfo
| limit 10;
myTable
// A variable could also contain a table.
```

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Basic statements

- design result

```
DeviceInfo
| project DeviceName,DeviceType,PublicIP
// only this columns appear in the result

DeviceInfo
| project-away DeviceType,PublicIP
// all columns of DeviceInfo except DeviceType,PublicIP apppear in the result

DeviceInfo
| project-keep Device*,Device*,PublicIP
// project-keep has the same result as project but you could use *
```

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Basic statements

- Filter records

```
DeviceInfo
| where DeviceName =~ 'Client1'
// =~ case-insensitive

DeviceInfo
| where DeviceName startswith "server" // server*

DeviceInfo
| where DeviceName endswith ".local" // *.local

DeviceInfo
| where DeviceName contains "aztrg2112" // *aztrg2112*
```

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Basic statements

- Extends result

```
AlertEvidence
| where EntityType == 'File'
| extend FileSizeKB = FileSize / 1024
| project FileName,FileSize,FileSizeKB

AlertEvidence
| where EntityType == 'File'
| extend FileSizeKB = FileSize / 1024,
         FileSizeMB = FileSize / 1024 / 1024
| project FileName,FileSize,FileSizeKB,FileSizeMB
```

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Basic statements

- Remove duplicates

```
DeviceInfo
| project DeviceName
| distinct DeviceName

DeviceInfo
| project DeviceName,PublicIP
| distinct DeviceName,PublicIP

DeviceInfo
| summarize by DeviceName,PublicIP
```

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Basic statements

- Group records

```
DeviceInfo
| summarize count() by DeviceName

DeviceInfo
| summarize count() by DeviceName,PublicIP

DeviceInfo
| summarize Qty = count() by DeviceName,PublicIP
| sort by DeviceName asc, Qty desc
```

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Basic statements

- Group records
- some aggregate functions

sum()	make_list()	arg_max()
avg()	make_set()	arg_min()
min()	make_bag()	
max()		

Basic statements

Join tables
- union
  - 'concatenates two or more tables'
- join
  - 'joins' two tables using key properties

Basic statements

- extracting text
  – extract() function - use regular expression
  – parse operator
- expanding arrays
  – mv-expand operator
- expanding json objects
  – parse_json() function to convert string to json object
  – evaluate operator +
  – bag_unpack() function

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Questions?

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