

Hello!

Thank you for joining me today

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Self-employed

Trainings:

- Microsoft 365 & Azure Security
- Azure Administration & Solution Architecting
- PowerShell
- Windows Server & Client for Admins

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Agenda

- Module 1: Introduction Microsoft Defender for Endpoint
- Module 2: Onboarding Endpoints
- Module 3: Protecting Endpoints
- Module 4: Device Actions
- Module 5: Additional Configurations
- Module 6: KQL Introduction

Microsoft Defender for Endpoint (MDE) v2.1, Part 01

Microsoft Defender for Endpoint (MDE) v2.1, Part 01

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Module 1 Overview Worldwide Experts in Technology Training and Consulting *≡*Fast Lane

Content Module 1

- What is Microsoft Defender XDR?
- What is Microsoft Defender for Endpoint (MDE)?
- MDE vs. MS Intune
- Introduction to MDE
 - Feature Overview
 - Licensing
 - Activating MDE
 - XDR/MDE portal
- Role based access contro



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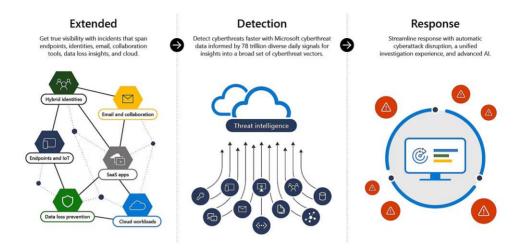
Microsoft XDR

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Microsoft Defender XDR



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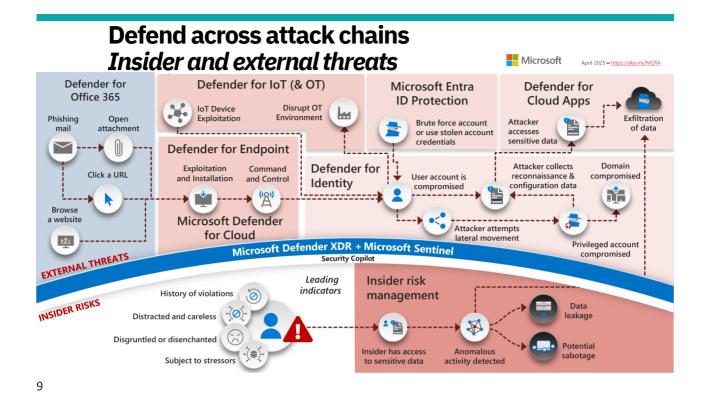
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Microsoft Defender XDR

- also: Microsoft XDR
- · Platform for securing
 - Endpoints
 - Identities
 - Email and Collaboration
 - Cloud Apps
 - Compute resources
 - online
 - on-prem

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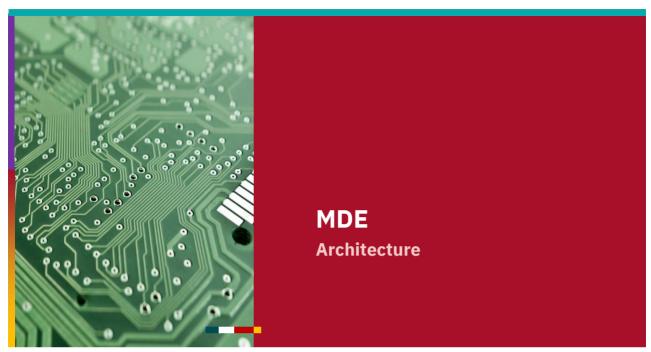
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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/defender-endpoint/microsoft-defender-endpoint

Microsoft Defender for Endpoint

- '... is an enterprise security platform designed to help enterprise networks prevent, detect, investigate and respond to advanced threats.'
- Endpoint:
 - Laptops, phones, tablets, PCs
 - Access points, routers, firewalls

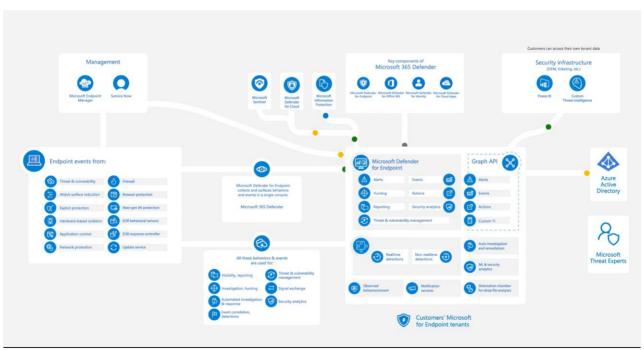


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MDE - Architecture

Cloud



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MDE - Architecture

Endpoint



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MDE - Architecture

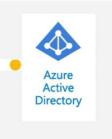


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MDE - Architecture



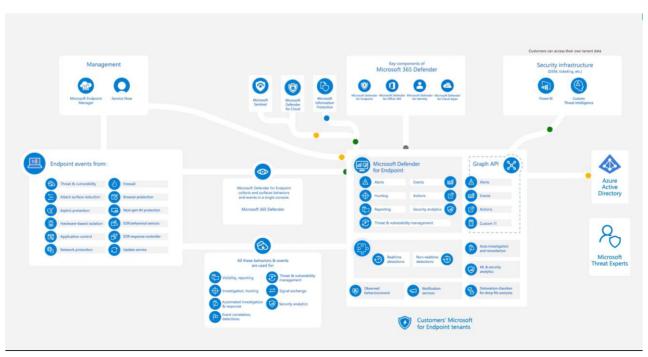


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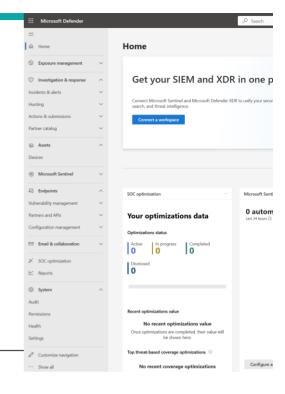


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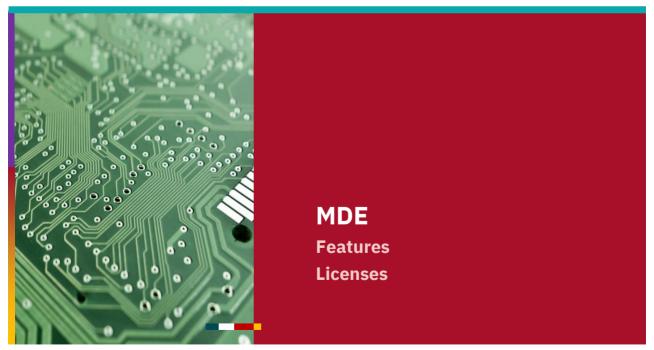
MDE Portal

- Settings
- Device Inventory
- Threat & Vulnerability Management
- Incidents & Alerts
- Hunting
- · Actions & submissions



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Source: https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/security/business/endpoint-security/microsoft-defender-endpoint-security/microsoft

MDE Features

MDE Plan 1

- Unified security tools and centralized management
- Next-generation antimalware
- Cyberattack surface reduction rules
- Device control (such as USB)
- Endpoint firewall
- Network protection
- Web control/category-based URL blocking
- Device-based conditional access
- Controlled folder access
- APIs, SIEM connector, custom threat intelligence
- · Application control

MDE Plan 2

- Endpoint detection and response
- · Deception techniques
- Automated investigation and remediation
- Cyberthreat and vulnerability management
- Threat intelligence (cyberthreat analytics)
- Sandbox (deep analysis)
- Endpoint attack notifications

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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/servicedescriptions/microsoft-365-servicedescriptions/microsoft-365-tenantlevel-services-licensing-guidance/microsoft-365-security-compliancelicensing-guidance#microsoft-defender-for-endpoint

MDE Licenses

- MDE Plan 1
 - standalone user subscription license
 - part of Microsoft 365 E3/A3/G3
- MDE Plan 2
 - standalone user subscription license
 - part
 - Microsoft 365 E5/A5/G5 (Windows 11 Enterprise E5 incl.)
 - Microsoft E5/A5/G5/F5 Security
 - Microsoft 365 F5 Security & Compliance
 - Windows 11 Enterprise E5/A5

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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/servicedescriptions/microsoft-365-service-descriptions/microsoft-365-tenantlevel-services-licensing-guidance/microsoft-365-security-compliance-licensing-guidance/microsoft-defineder-for-busing-s

MDE Licenses

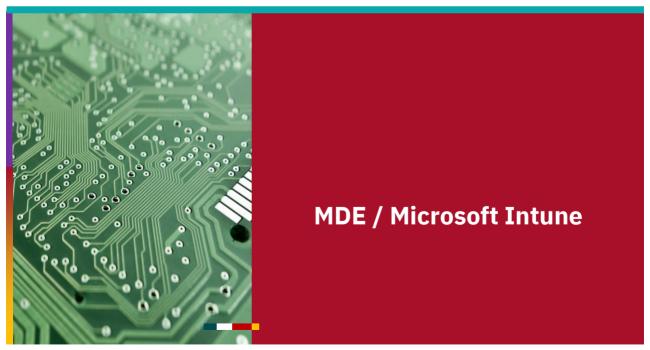
- Microsoft Defender for Business
 - standalone user license
 - part of Microsoft Business Premium
 - features of MDE plan 1 plus some of plan 2
 - server add-on available
- Microsoft Defender for Servers
 - part of Microsoft Defender for Cloud
 - Azure subscription required
 - also suitable for hybrid or multi-cloud hosted servers

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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/intune/intune-service/fundamentals/what-is-intune

MDE vs. Microsoft Intune

'Microsoft Intune is a **cloud-based endpoint management solution**. It manages user access to organizational resources and simplifies app and device management across your many devices, including mobile devices, desktop computers, and virtual endpoints.'

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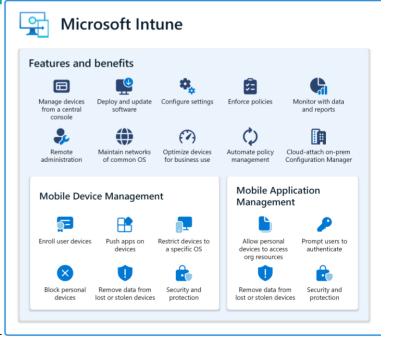
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MDE vs. Intune

'Microsoft Intune is a cloud-based endpoint management solution. It manages user access to organizational resources and simplifies app and device management across your many devices, including mobile devices, desktop computers, and virtual endpoints.'



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MDE vs. Microsoft Intune

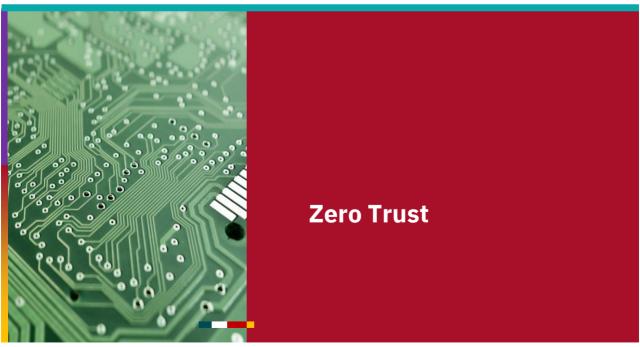
- Intune is not required for MDE
- MDE is not required for Intune
- MDE extends security capabilities on and for devices
 - EDR
 - Security configuration
- Intune portal could be used for some settings in MDE

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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/defender-endpoint/zero-trust-with-microsoft-defender-endpoint

Zero Trust

'... is a security strategy for designing and implementing the following set of security principles:'

Verify explicitly	Use least privilege access	Assume breach
Always authenticate and authorize based on all available data points.	Limit user access with Just-In- Time and Just-Enough-Access (JIT/JEA), risk-based adaptive policies, and data protection.	Minimize blast radius and segment access. Verify end-to-end encryption and use analytics to get visibility, drive threat detection, and improve defenses.

Defender for Endpoint is a primary component of the Assume breach principle and an important element of your extended detection and response (XDR) deployment with MS Defender XDR.

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Zero Trust

used technologies

- Endpoint behavioral sensors
- · Cloud security analytics
- Threat intelligence

Threat protection for Zero Trust

- Core Defender Vulnerability Management
- Attack surface reduction
- Next-generation protection
- EDR
- Automated investigation and remediation
- Secure Score for Devices
- MS Threat Experts

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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/security/zero-trust/deploy/endpoints

Endpoint Zero Trust deployment guide

(1) Endpoints are registered with a cloud identity provider.

(2) Access is only granted to cloudmanaged and compliant endpoints.

(3) Data loss prevention policies are enforced for corporate devices and **BYOD**

(4) Endpoint threat detection is used to monitor device risk.

(5) Access control is gated on endpoint risk for both corporate devices and BYOD.

Device Identities

- registered
- joined
- · hybrid joined

Intune enrollment

- · Device compliance policies
- · Remediation actions for noncompliant devices
- · Conditional Access Policies

MDE Capabilities

Entra ID

· Conditional Access Policies

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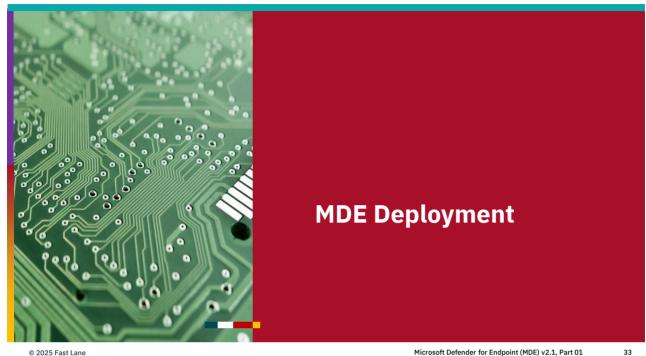
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MDE Deployment

Set up

- Check licenses
- · use Microsoft Defender portal
 - https://security.microsoft.com
 - click on Assets/Devices (e.g.)
 - for the first time we have to go for a coffee
 - wait for Org ID in Settings|Microsoft Defender XDR
 - and the item Settings|Endpoints



Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/defender-endpoint/production-deployment

Hang on! We're preparing new spaces for your data and connecting them.

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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/defender-endpoint/production-deployment

MDE Deployment

Set up

- Data center location
 - same as for Defender XDR
 - cannot be changed
- Data retention
 - retained for 180 days
 - for advanced hunting queries only 30 days
 - use Sentinel e.g. to exceed this limits



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Source: https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/defender-endpoint/production-deployment

MDE Deployment (Step 2)

Assign roles and permissions

- · Concept of least Privileges
- Choices
 - Basic permissions management
 - RBAC
 - Unified RBAC (P2 required)
- more later
- for the start be a Global or Security Administrator (Entra ID role)

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MDE Deployment (Step 3)

Identify architecture and deployment/onboarding method

- Know the OS(s) of devices
- Know the current configuration management system
 - Config Manager
 - Intune
 - GPO
 - **–** ...
- · Derive the onboarding method

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MDE Deployment (Step 3)

Identify architecture and deployment/onboarding method

Architecture	Description
Cloud-native	We recommend using Microsoft Intune to onboard, configure, and remediate endpoints from the cloud for enterprises who don't have an on-premises configuration management solution or are looking to reduce their on-premises infrastructure.
Co-management	For organizations who host both on-premises and cloud-based workloads we recommend using Microsoft's ConfigMgr and Intune for their management needs. These tools provide a comprehensive suite of cloud-powered management features, and unique co-management options to provision, deploy, manage, and secure endpoints and applications across an organization.
On-premises	For enterprises who want to take advantage of the cloud-based capabilities of Microsoft Defender for Endpoint while also maximizing their investments in Configuration Manager or Active Directory Domain Services , we recommend this architecture.
Evaluation and local onboarding	We recommend this architecture for SOCs (Security Operations Centers) who are looking to evaluate or run a Microsoft Defender for Endpoint pilot, but don't have existing management or deployment tools. This architecture can also be used to onboard devices in small environments without management infrastructure, such as a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone).

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MDE Deployment (Step 3)

Identify architecture and deployment/onboarding method

- Deployment tool
 - local script
 - GPO
 - MS Intune
 - MS Config Manager
 - VDI scripts
 - **-** ...

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MDE Deployment (Step 3)

Identify architecture and deployment/onboarding method

Endpoint	Deployment tool		
Windows	Local script (up to 10 devices) Group Policy Microsoft Intune/ Mobile Device Manager	Microsoft Configuration Manager VDI scripts	
Win/Lx servers	Integration with Microsoft Defender for Cloud		
macOS	Local script Microsoft Intune JAMF Pro	Mobile Device Management	
Linux servers	Local script Puppet Ansible	<u>Chef</u> <u>Saltstack</u>	
Android	Microsoft Intune		
ios	Microsoft Intune Mobile Application Manager		

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MDE Deployment (Step 4)

Onboard Devices

• discussed later ...

MDE Deployment (Step 5)

Configure MDE capabilites

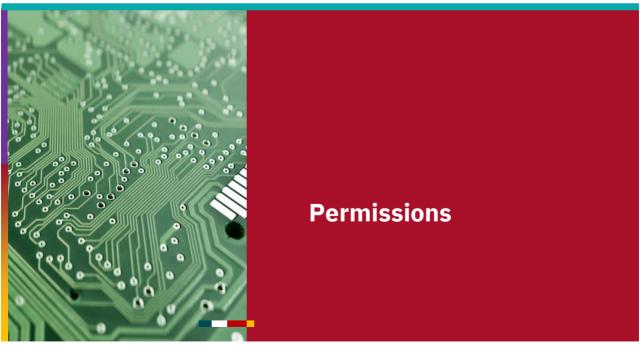
• discussed later ...

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MDE Permissions

Basic Permissions

Default Entra ID Roles

Global Administrator Security Administrator	Full Access
Security Reader	Read-only access No Access to device inventory

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MDE Permissions

Role-based access control (RBAC)

- Configured in MDE settings
- Roles & Device groups
- suitable if tiering is necessary
- Turn on Settings|Endpoints|Permissions/Roles Settings|Endpoints|Permissions/Device groups

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MDE Permissions

Role-based access control (RBAC)

- Configured in MDE settings
- Roles & Device groups
- · suitable if tiering is necessary
- Turn on
 - XDR Portal|Settings|Endpoints|Permissions/Roles
 - irreversible
 - former admins became MDE administrators with full permissions
 - former readers will have no permissions

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MDE Permissions cont.



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MDE Permissions - RBAC

- Roles are
 - a set of permissions
 - assigned to an Entra ID group
 - stored under a custom name
- Device groups are
 - a set of onboarded devices
 - devices are filtered by name, domain, tag, OS (and/or)
 - assigned to an Entra ID group with assigned role

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MDE Permission - Unified RBAC

'The Microsoft Defender XDR Unified role-based access control (RBAC) model provides a single permissions management experience that provides one central location for administrators to control user permissions across different security solutions.'

- Cross workload permissions within a single role
- Ability to assign roles to individual users as well as security group
- Multi assignment within a single role

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MDE Permission - Unified RBAC

Process

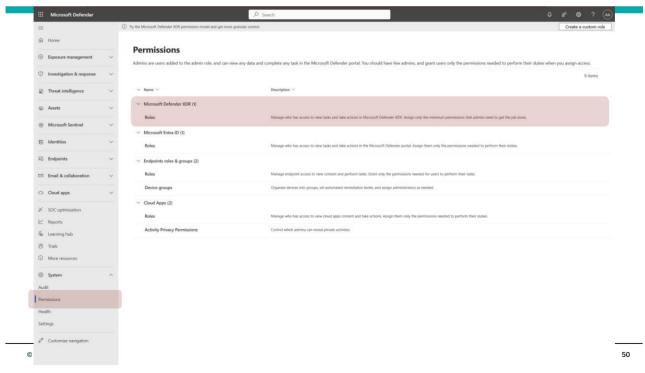
- · Assure to be a Global or Security Administrator
- Using
 - Create custom roles
 - Import existing roles
 - View, edit and delete
- Activate MS XDR Unified RBAC model

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MDE Permissions - Unified RBAC

Role settings

- Name
- Description
- · Permission groups
 - Security operations
 - Security posture
 - Authorization and settings



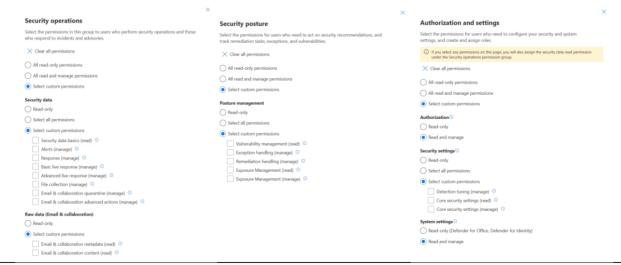
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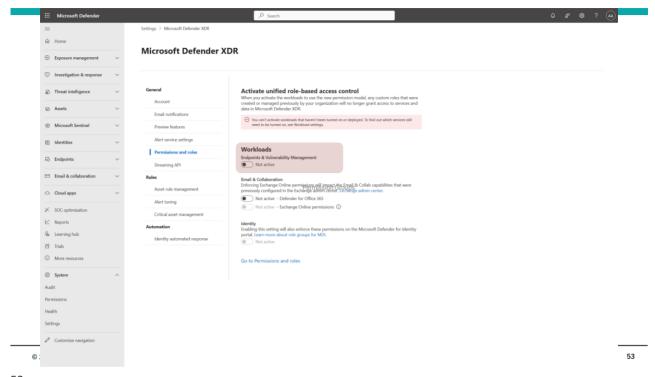
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Permission Groups



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MDE Permission

References

- Unified RBAC permissions
- Map Unified RBAC permissions to existing RBAC permissions

