

NOTE: All steps below assume you have Drupal 8.1.1+ installed with "standard" profile chosen during installation.

Demo version

Before we start, you may test how everything works on demo website

1. Demo website:

Url: <http://demo1a3.project.experienceit.pl/>

(optional) you might login into Drupal admin to create invoices manually

Login: Dev

Password: dev

2. Making api call

2.1 Get session token:

- Go to: <http://demo1a3.project.experienceit.pl/rest/session/token>
- I've got this token: JKN0jaysntR3ln_Wwxi7e_jA_9D9YtaY6pLH0TW90Lo

2.2 Make cURL call:

```
curl --include --request POST --user dev:dev --header "Content-type: application/json" --header "X-CSRF-Token: JKN0jaysntR3ln_Wwxi7e_jA_9D9YtaY6pLH0TW90Lo" --data-binary '{"type":{"target_id":"invoice"},"title":{"value":"Invoice"},"field_no":{"value":"No"},"field_date":{"value":"2016-06-15T02:59:52"},"field_product":{"value":"Product"},"field_fees":{"value":"123.45"},"field_customer_name":{"value":"John Doe"},"field_customer_address":{"value":"Street\nCity\nPost Code"}}'
http://demo1a3.project.experienceit.pl/entity/node?_format=json
```

1. Define Invoice content type

1.1 Create new content type

- Go to: /admin/structure/types/add
- Fill required fields
- **Important: machine name must be set to „invoice”**
- Click “Save and manage fields”

1.2 Add fields

1.2.1 No

- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields/add-field
- Field type: Text (plain)
- Label: "No"
- **Important: machine name must be set to "no" – it will show as "field_no"**
- Click "Save and continue", continue to new page
- Maximum length: "50"
- Click "Save field settings", continue to new page
- Click "Save settings"

1.2.2 Date

- Go to: /admin/config/regional/date-time/formats/add
 - Name: "Custom Format"
 - Format string: "d F Y"
 - Click "Add format"
- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields/add-field
 - Field type: Date
 - Label: "Date"
 - **Important: machine name must be set to "date" – it will show as "field_date"**
 - Click "Save and continue", continue to new page
 - Click "Save field settings", continue to new page
 - Click "Save settings"
- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/display
 - Click gear icon next to Date field
 - Change Date format to "Custom Format"
 - Click "Update"
 - Click "Save"

1.2.3 Product

- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields/add-field
- Field type: Text (plain)
- Label: "Product"
- **Important: machine name must be set to "product" – it will show as "field_product"**
- Click "Save and continue", continue to new page
- Maximum length: "50"
- Click "Save field settings", continue to new page
- Click "Save settings"

1.2.4 Fees

- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields/add-field
- Field type: Number (decimal)

- Label: "Fees"
- **Important: machine name must be set to "fees" – it will show as "field_fees"**
- Click "Save and continue", continue to new page
- Click "Save field settings", continue to new page
- Click "Save settings"

1.2.5 Customer Name

- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields/add-field
- Field type: Text (plain)
- Label: "Customer Name"
- **Important: machine name must be set to "customer_name" – it will show as "field_customer_name"**
- Click "Save and continue", continue to new page
- Click "Save field settings", continue to new page
- Click "Save settings"

1.2.6 Customer Address

- Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields/add-field
- Field type: Text (plain, long)
- Label: "Customer Address"
- **Important: machine name must be set to "customer_address" – it will show as "field_customer_address"**
- Click "Save and continue", continue to new page
- Maximum length: "50"
- Click "Save field settings", continue to new page
- Click "Save settings"

1.2.7 (optional) Remove Body

- Drupal 8 adds body field to every new content type. We don't need it for Invoice, so it can be removed. Go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields
- Click "Delete" next to Body field, continue to new page
- Confirm Delete

1.3 Final result

When you are done, go to: /admin/structure/types/manage/invoice/fields - it should look like on image below.

| LABEL | MACHINE NAME | FIELD TYPE | OPERATIONS |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Customer Address | field_customer_address | Text (plain, long) | Edit ▼ |
| Customer Name | field_customer_name | Text (plain) | Edit ▼ |
| Date | field_date | Date | Edit ▼ |
| Fees | field_fees | Number (decimal) | Edit ▼ |
| No | field_no | Text (plain) | Edit ▼ |
| Product | field_product | Text (plain) | Edit ▼ |

2. Enable modules

- Go to: /admin/modules
- Enable modules:
 - HTTP Basic Authentication
 - RESTful Web Services
 - Serialization

3. Set permissions

3.1 (optional) Create new user only for api calls

If you only have Administrator account, you might need to create new user that will be used only for API calls. This step is optional – you can just use your Admin account to make the calls.

3.1.1 Create new user role

- Go to: /admin/people/roles/add
- Set Role name, for example: “Api calls”
- Click “Save”

3.1.2 Create new account

- Go to: /admin/people/create
- Fill required fields, for example:
 - Username: Dev
 - Password: dev
- **Important: Set “Roles” to role that have permissions to make api calls (see below about setting permissions) – in my example it is role called “Api calls” that we created a moment ago.**
- Click “Create new account”

3.2 Set permissions

- Go to: /admin/people/permissions
- Set permissions for selected role (in my case for “Api calls”):
 - Invoice: Create new content
 - Invoice: Delete any content
 - Invoice: Delete own content
 - Invoice: Edit any content
 - Invoice: Edit own content
 - Access POST on Content resource
- Click “Save permissions”

4. Expose Invoice content type through RESTful Web Services API

Inside this project there is “settings” folder – inside you will find rest.settings.yml file. Open it in text editor – you will need content of that file in a moment.

- Go to: /admin/config/development/configuration/single/import
- Configuration type: Simple configuration
- Configuration name: “rest.settings”
- Paste your configuration here: paste content of rest.settings.yml file
- Double check that everything looks like the image below, and then click “Import”

Configuration type *

Simple configuration ▼

Configuration name *

rest.settings

Enter the name of the configuration file without the .yml extension. (e.g. system.site)

Paste your configuration here *

```
resources:
  'entity:node':
    POST:
      supported_formats:
        - json
      supported_auth:
        - basic_auth
    link_domain: null
  _core:
    default_config_hash: E9VXRiWZNet4YVBv8j9WQmTlgb-rOjo0MICsdgV0Guw
```

- On next page click “Confirm”

5. Using cURL to add Invoice

Now we can make api calls. This requires two steps:

5.1 Get session token

- Go to /rest/session/token
- Copy token we will need it in a moment

5.2 Making the call

5.2.1 Technical details

Now we need to send actual data, important thing is it must be in JSON format. For testing purposes I'm using this string:

```
{
  "type":{"target_id":"invoice"},
  "title":{"value":"Invoice"},
  "field_no":{"value":"No"},
  "field_date":{"value":"2016-06-15T02:59:52"},
  "field_product":{"value":"Product"},
  "field_fees":{"value":"123.45"},
  "field_customer_name":{"value":"John Doe"},
  "field_customer_address":{"value":"Street\nCity\nPost Code"}
}
```

Explanation (values that you might change are in bold):

- "type":{"target_id":"invoice"} – node type, in our case “invoice” - this part must not change!
- "title":{"value":"**Invoice**"} – this is node title – we don't need it in our invoices, but Drupal requires it. You might give different title for each node, but naming every “Invoice” is just fine.
- "field_no":{"value":"**No**"} – invoice number
- "field_date":{"value":"**2016-06-15T02:59:52**"} – invoice date. It is required that date (2016-06-15T02:59:52) is in “Local date and time” format. More on that here:
<https://www.w3.org/TR/html-markup/datatypes.html#form.data.datetime-local>
- "field_product":{"value":"**Product**"} – product name
- "field_fees":{"value":"**123.45**"} – fees. Number format is important. Only numbers and single dot is allowed.
- "field_customer_name":{"value":"**John Doe**"} – Customer Name
- "field_customer_address":{"value":"**Street\nCity\nPost Code**"} – Customer Address. The “\n” are there to divide string in lines, so when you display it it will be shown as:
Street
City
Post Code

5.2.2 Using curl

This is how my curl command looks like:

```
curl --include --request POST --user dev:dev --header "Content-type: application/json" --header "X-CSRF-Token: JKN0jaysntR3ln_Wwxi7e_jA_9D9YtaY6pLH0TW90Lo" --data-binary
{"type":{"target_id":"invoice"},"title":{"value":"Invoice"},
"field_no":{"value":"No"},"field_date":{"value":"2016-06-15T02:59:52"},
"field_product":{"value":"Product"},"field_fees":{"value":"123.45"},
"field_customer_name":{"value":"John Doe"},
"field_customer_address":{"value":"Street\nCity\nPost Code"}}
http://demo1a3.project.experienceit.pl/entity/node?_format=json
```

Explanation:

- --user **dev:dev** – login credentials in format username:password
- --header "X-CSRF-Token: **WkCkMJrdGifL9iTeZXDDoMZGxnyVoa8B2AyjqjZIRTA**" – this is the token that we generated. Put YOUR token here.
- --data-binary: here you should put JSON data. Notice the backslashes: \ – I'm making the call from Windows and it was the only way to make the call work. If you are on Unix or OSX you might use single quotes.
- <http://demo1a3.project.experienceit.pl> – website url

6. Configure Invoice permalink

Drupal 8 RESTful Web Services doesn't allow to change path (permalink) while creating new content. So we need to do that after content is created. We will use pathauto module to do that.

Inside this project there is "module" folder that contains pathauto module along with two modules required by pathauto: ctools and token. These three modules are in my every Drupal installation, so you would probably install them anyway.

6.1 Enable pathauto:

- Copy whole "module" folder to your drupal installation.
- Go to: /admin/modules
- Enable Pathauto
- Click "Install"

6.2 Configure pathauto

- Go to: /admin/config/search/path/patterns/add
- Pattern type: Content
- Path pattern: invoices/[node:field_no] – field_no is invoice number. So if your invoice number is for example "inv 005" - for every new invoice this will create permalink like invoices/inv-005. Feel free to use other fields from this node.
- Content type – select "Invoice"
- Label: "Invoices"
- Click "Save"

7. Invoice template

7.1 Copy template

Inside this project there is "template" folder - with invoice template inside. Copy whole "template" folder into front-end theme. I'm using "Bartik" theme so I would copy "template" folder to

/core/themes/bartik. There is already “template” folder, so invoice template will be added to other bartik templates.

7.2 Clear cache

- Go to: /admin/config/development/performance
- Click “Clear all caches”
- Done

8. Add/edit/delete invoices manually

8.1 Add invoice

- Go to: node/add/invoice
- Fill all fields
- Click “Save”

8.2 Edit/delete invoice

When viewing single Invoice, above it there are options to Edit/Delete content. If you don't see it, make sure that you set the permissions according to point 3.2.