

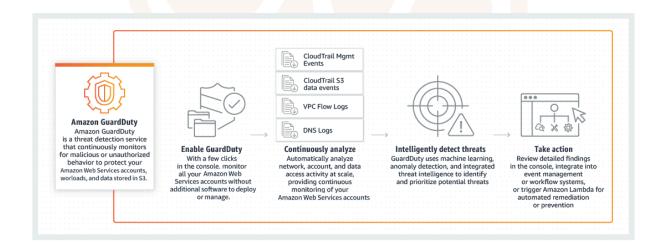
AWS Guard Duty

Protect your AWS accounts with intelligent threat detection

- Achieve organization-wide visibility into possible threats with only a few click
- Expose threats quickly with AWS threat intelligence, behavioural models, and third-party security feeds.
- Mitigate threats early by triggering automated responses.

How it works

Amazon GuardDuty is a threat detection service that continuously monitors your AWS accounts and workloads for malicious activity and delivers detailed security findings for visibility and remediation.



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Terminology

Account

A standard Amazon Web Services (AWS) account that contains your AWS resources. You can sign in to AWS with your account and enable GuardDuty.

You can also invite other accounts to enable GuardDuty and become associated with your AWS account in GuardDuty. If your invitations are accepted, your account is designated as the **administrator** GuardDuty account, and the added accounts become your **member** accounts. You can then view and manage those accounts' GuardDuty findings on their behalf.

Users of the administrator account can configure GuardDuty as well as view and manage GuardDuty findings for their own account and all of their member accounts. You can have up to 5000 member accounts in GuardDuty.

Users of member accounts can configure GuardDuty as well as view and manage GuardDuty findings in their account (either through the GuardDuty management console or GuardDuty API). Users of member accounts can't view or manage findings in other members' accounts.

An AWS account can't be a GuardDuty administrator and member account at the same time. An AWS account can accept only one membership invitation. Accepting a membership invitation is optional.

Detector

All GuardDuty findings are associated with a detector, which is an object that represents the GuardDuty service. The detector is a regional entity, and a unique detector is required in each region GuardDuty operates in. When you enable GuardDuty in a region a new detector with a unique 32 alphanumeric detector ID is generated in that region. The detector ID format looks like this:

12abc34d567e8fa901bc2d34e56789f0

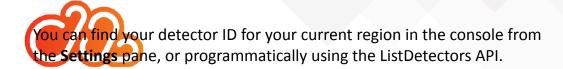
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Note

In multiple account environments all findings for member accounts roll up to the administrator account's detector.

Some GuardDuty functionality is configured through the detector, such as configuring CloudWatch Events notification frequency and the enabling or disabling of optional data sources for GuardDuty to process.

Data source

The origin or location of a set of data. To detect unauthorized and unexpected activity in your AWS environment, GuardDuty analyzes and processes data from AWS CloudTrail event logs, VPC Flow Logs, and DNS logs.

Finding

A potential security issue discovered by GuardDuty.

Findings are displayed in the GuardDuty console and contain a detailed description of the security issue. You can also retrieve your generated findings by calling the GetFindings and ListFindings API operations.

You can also see your GuardDuty findings through Amazon CloudWatch events. GuardDuty sends findings to Amazon CloudWatch via HTTPS protocol. For more information.

Suppression rule

Suppression rules allow you to create very specific combinations of attributes to suppress findings. For example, you can define a rule through the GuardDuty filter to auto-archive Recon:EC2/Portscan from only those instances in a specific VPC, running a specific AMI, or with a specific EC2 tag. This rule would result in port scan findings being automatically archived from the instances that meet the criteria. However, it

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still allows alerting if GuardDuty detects those instances conducting other malicious activity, such as crypto-currency mining.
Suppression rules defined in the GuardDuty administrator account apply to the GuardDuty member accounts. GuardDuty member accounts can't modify suppression rules.

With suppression rules, GuardDuty still generates all findings. Suppression rules provide suppression of findings while maintaining a complete and immutable history of all activity.

Typically suppression rules are used to hide findings that you have determined as false positives for your environment, and reduce the noise from low-value findings so you can focus on larger threats.

Trusted IP list

A list of trusted IP addresses for highly secure communication with your AWS environment. GuardDuty does not generate findings based on trusted IP lists.

Threat list

A list of known malicious IP addresses. GuardDuty generates findings based on threat lists.

GuardDuty Data Sources

- AWS CloudTrail Event Logs
- AWS CloudTrail Management Events
- AWS CloudTrail S3 Data Events
- VPC Flow Logs
- DNS logs





Severity levels for GuardDuty findings

Each GuardDuty finding has an assigned severity level and value that reflects the potential risk the finding could have to your network as determined by our security engineers. The value of the severity can fall anywhere within the 0.1 to 8.9 range, with higher values indicating greater security risk. To help you determine a response to a potential security issue that is highlighted by a finding, GuardDuty breaks down this range into, High, Medium, and Low severity levels.

Note

Values 0 and 9.0 to 10.0 are currently reserved for future use.

The following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the following severity levels and the following severity levels and the following severity levels are the following severity levels and the following severity levels are the following severity levels and the following severity levels are the following severity levels and the following severity levels are the following severity levels and the following severity levels are the following severity levels and the following severity levels are the fo

The following are the currently defined severity levels and values for the GuardDuty findings as well as general recommendations for each:

Severity level	Value range
High	8.9 - 7.0
A High severity level indicates that the resource in question (an	
EC2 instance or a set of IAM user credentials) is compromised	
and is actively being used for unauthorized purposes.	
We recommend that you treat any High severity finding security	
issue as a priority and take immediate remediation steps to	
prevent further unauthorized use of your resources. For example,	

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clean up your EC2 instance or terminate it, or rotate the IAM credentials.	
Medium	6.9 - 4.0
A Medium severity level indicates suspicious activity that deviates	
fon Temal nobserved behavior and, depending on your use	
case, may be indicative of a resource compromise.	
We recommend that you investigate the implicated resource at	
your earliest convenience. Remediation steps will vary by	
resource and Finding family, but in general, you should be looking	
to confirm that the activity is authorized and consistent with your	
use case. If you cannot identify the cause, or confirm the activity	
was authorized, you should consider the resource compromised	
and follow Remediation Steps to secure the resource.	
Here are some things to consider when reviewing a Medium level	
finding:	
 Check if an authorized user has installed new 	
software that changed the behavior of a resource (for example,	
allowed higher than normal traffic, or enabled communication on	
a new port).	
 Check if an authorized user changed the control 	
panel settings, for example, modified a security group setting.	
 Run an anti-virus scan on the implicated resource to 	
detect unauthorized software.	
 Verify the permissions that are attached to the 	
implicated IAM role, user, group, or set of credentials. These	
might have to be changed or rotated.	
Low	3.9 - 1.0
A low severity level indicates attempted suspicious activity that	
did not compromise your network, for example, a port scan or a	
failed intrusion attempt.	
There is no immediate recommended action, but it is worth	
making note of this information as it may indicate someone is	
looking for weak points in your network.	

Findings by resource type

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The following pages are broken down by each resource type GuardDuty currently generates findings for. The pages contain detailed information on all finding types for that resources type.

EC2 finding types

Tending types

S3 finding types

Findings table

The following table lists all finding types by name, resource, data source and severity. A severity listed with an asterisk (*) indicates the finding has variable severities depending the circumstances of the finding, which are described in the details for that finding. Choose the finding name to open more info about that finding.

FINDING TYPE	RESOURCE	DATA SOURCE	SEVERITY
Backdoor:EC2/C&CActivity.B	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Backdoor:EC2/C&CActivity.B!DNS	EC2	DNS logs	High
Backdoor:EC2/DenialOfService.Dns	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Backdoor:EC2/DenialOfService.Tcp	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Backdoor:EC2/DenialOfService.Udp	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Backdoor:EC2/DenialOfService.UdpOn	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
TcpPorts			
Backdoor: EC2/Denial Of Service. Unusua	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Protocol			
Backdoor:EC2/Spambot	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium
Behavior:EC2/NetworkPortUnusual	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium
Behavior:EC2/TrafficVolumeUnusual	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium

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Cred That access: IAMUser/Anomalous	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
CryptoCurrency:EC2/BitcoinTool.B	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
CnyptoCorrency:EC2/BitcoinTool.B!DN S	EC2	DNS logs	High
Defense Evasion: IAMUser/Anomalous Behavior	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Discovery:IAMUser/AnomalousBehavi or	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Low
Discovery:S3/MaliciousIPCaller	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	High
Discovery:S3/MaliciousIPCaller.Custo m	S 3	CloudTrail S3 data event	High
Discovery:S3/TorIPCaller	S 3	CloudTrail S3 data event	Medium
Exfiltration: IAMUser/Anomalous Behavior	IAM	CloudTrail management event	High
Exfiltration:S3/MaliciousIPCaller	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	High
Exfiltration:S3/ObjectRead.Unusual	S3	S3 CloudTrail data event	Medium*
Impact:EC2/AbusedDomainRequest.Re putation	EC2	DNS logs	Medium
Impact:EC2/BitcoinDomainRequest.Re putation	EC2	DNS logs	High
Impact:EC2/MaliciousDomainRequest. Reputation	EC2	DNS logs	High
Impact:EC2/PortSweep	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Impact:EC2/SuspiciousDomainRequest .Reputation	EC2	DNS logs	Low
Impact:EC2/WinRMBruteForce	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Low*

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Imposition lawy ser/Anomalous Behavior	IAM	CloudTrail management event	High
Impact:S3/MaliciousIPCaller JJ Tech	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	High
	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
PenTest:IAMUser/KaliLinux	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
PenTest:IAMUser/ParrotLinux	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
PenTest:IAMUser/PentooLinux	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
PenTest:S3/KaliLinux	S 3	CloudTrail S3 data event	Medium
PenTest:S3/ParrotLinux	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	Medium
PenTest:S3/PentooLinux	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	Medium
Persistence:IAMUser/AnomalousBehavior	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Policy:IAMUser/RootCredentialUsage	IAM	CloudTrail management event or CloudTrail data event	Low
Policy:S3/AccountBlockPublicAccessDi sabled	S3	CloudTrail management event	Low
Policy:S3/BucketAnonymousAccessGranted	S3	CloudTrail management event	High

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Police State Rocket Block Public Access Dis	S3	CloudTrail management event	Low
Policy:S3/BucketPublicAccessGranted JJ Tech	S 3	CloudTrail management event	High
PrivilegeEscalation:IAMUser/Anomalo usBehavior	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Recon:EC2/PortProbeEMRUnprotected Port	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
Recon: EC2/PortProbeUnprotectedPort	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Low*
Recon:EC2/Portscan	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium
Recon:IAMUser/MaliciousIPCaller	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Recon:IAMUser/MaliciousIPCaller.Cust om	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Recon:IAMUser/TorIPCaller	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Stealth:IAMUser/CloudTrailLoggingDis abled	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Low
Stealth:IAMUser/PasswordPolicyChan ge	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Low
Stealth:S3/ServerAccessLoggingDisabled	S 3	CloudTrail management event	Low
Trojan:EC2/BlackholeTraffic	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium
Trojan:EC2/BlackholeTraffic!DNS	EC2	DNS logs	Medium
Trojan:EC2/DGADomainRequest.B	EC2	DNS logs	High
Trojan:EC2/DGADomainRequest.C!DN S	EC2	DNS logs	High
Trojan:EC2/DNSDataExfiltration	EC2	DNS logs	High

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Trojs of CoriveBySourceTraffic!DNS	EC2	DNS logs	High
ojan 202/DepPoint	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium
North PropPoint!DNS	EC2	DNS logs	Medium
Trojan:EC2/PhishingDomainRequest!D	EC2	DNS logs	High
UnauthorizedAccess:EC2/MaliciousIPC aller.Custom	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Medium
UnauthorizedAccess:EC2/MetadataDN SRebind	EC2	DNS logs	High
UnauthorizedAccess:EC2/RDPBruteForce	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Low*
UnauthorizedAccess:EC2/SSHBruteForce	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	Low*
UnauthorizedAccess:EC2/TorClient	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
UnauthorizedAccess:EC2/TorRelay	EC2	VPC Flow Logs	High
UnauthorizedAccess:IAMUser/Console LoginSuccess.B	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
UnauthorizedAccess:IAMUser/InstanceCredentialExfiltration.OutsideAWS	IAM	CloudTrail management event	High
UnauthorizedAccess:IAMUser/Malicio usIPCaller	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
UnauthorizedAccess:IAMUser/Malicio usIPCaller.Custom	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
Unauthorized Access: IAM User/Tor IPCaller	IAM	CloudTrail management event	Medium
UnauthorizedAccess:S3/MaliciousIPCaller.Custom	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	High
UnauthorizedAccess:S3/TorIPCaller	S3	CloudTrail S3 data event	

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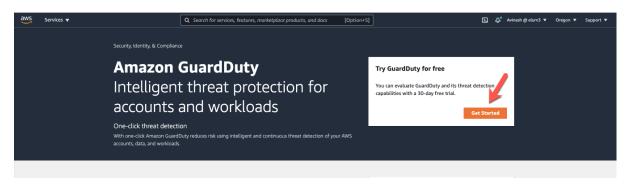






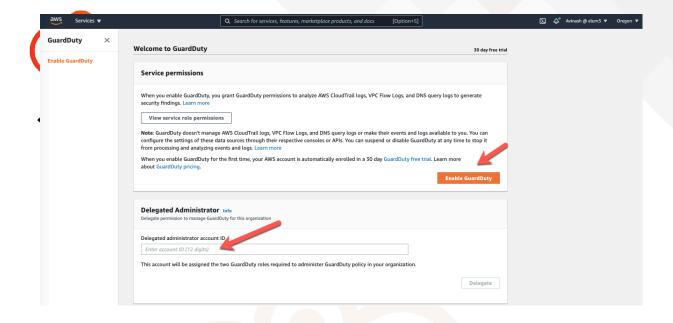
Enable GuardDuty

Navigate to Amazon GuardDuty console



- If you are trying to enable GuardDuty in child accounts you can delegate this to Admin account
- If you are doing this in an individual account, you are not required to delegate access





Demo:

Amazon GuardDuty Findings to SNS

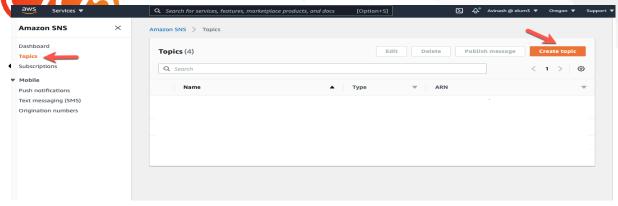
Every GuardDuty finding is assigned a finding ID. For every finding with a unique finding ID, GuardDuty aggregates all subsequent occurrences of a particular finding that take place in six-hour intervals into a single event. GuardDuty then sends a notification about these subsequent occurrences based on this event. We can use this to push the notifications into SNS topic, and getting the security teams to investigate the findings.

This AWS Lambda function will help you to automatically push GuardDuty findings to an SNS topic which can be used by ITSM tools for their workflows.

Step-1



Create a SNS Topic for Lambda to publish the GuardDuty Findings. Navigate to AWS SNS Console





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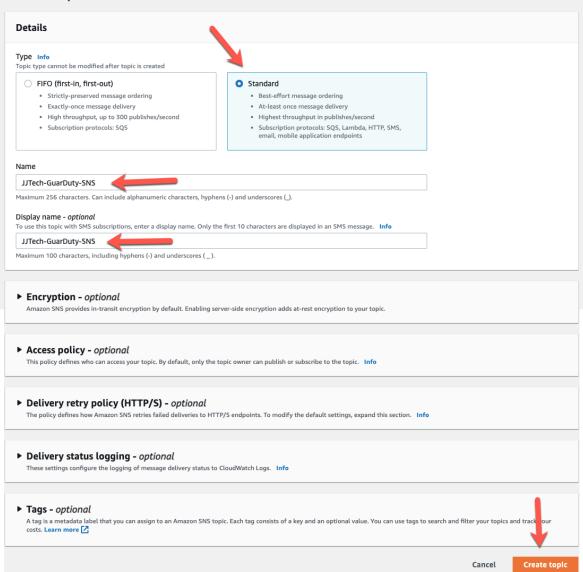


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Amazon SNS > Topics > Create topic

Create topic



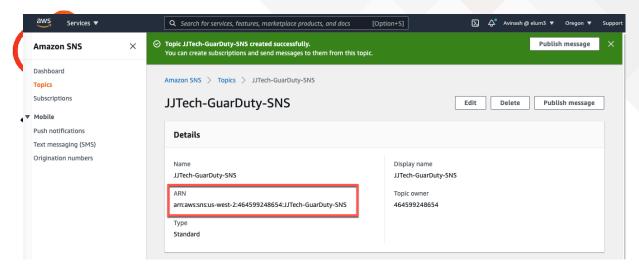
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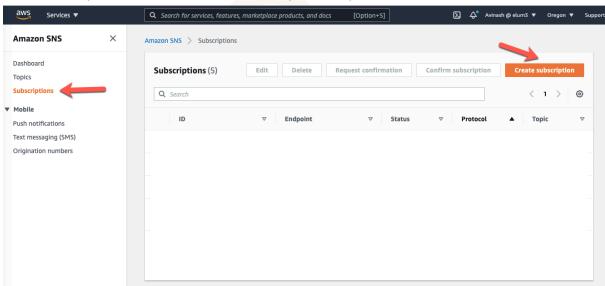
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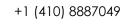




• Now you can subscribe the SNS topic with your mail id.



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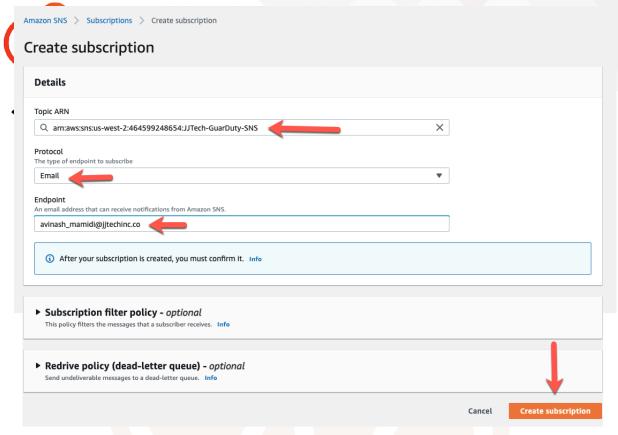
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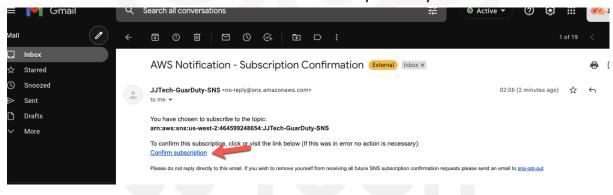








• You will receive a mail to confirm the subscription to your mail

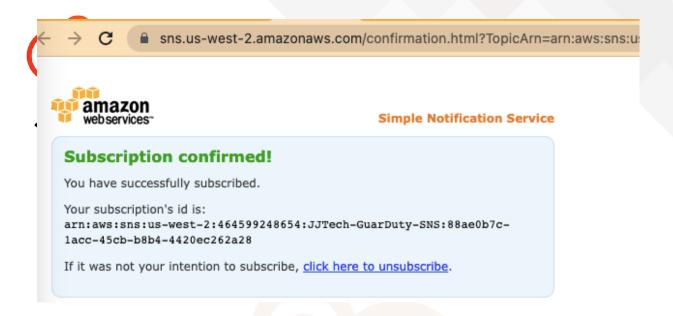


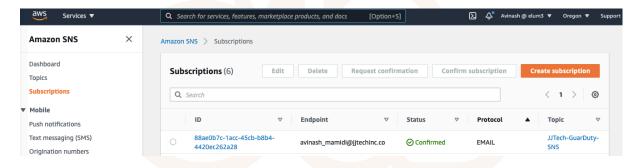
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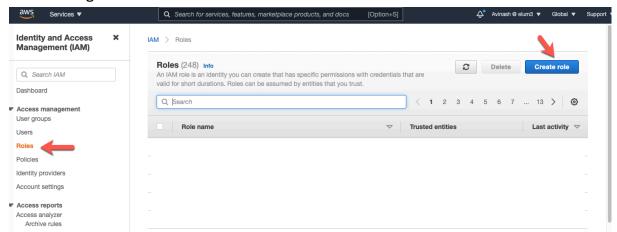


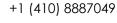




Step-2: Create a IAM role for the Lambda function

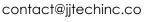
Navigate to IAM Console





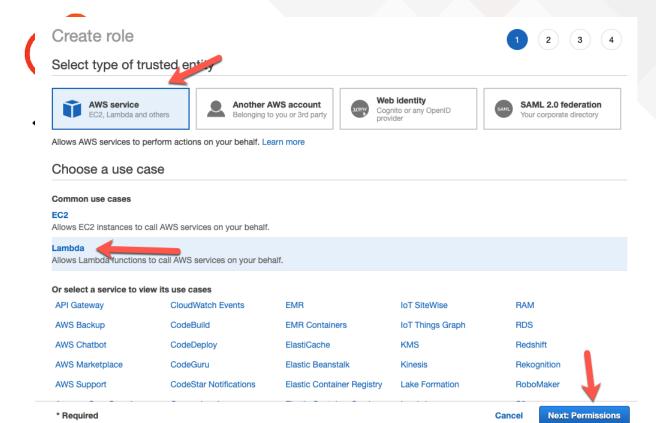
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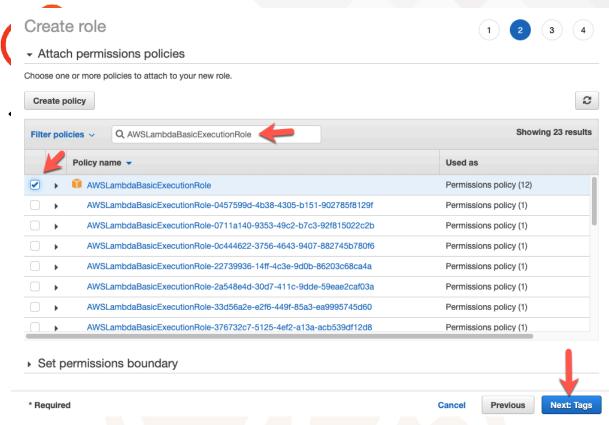
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Cancel



bas

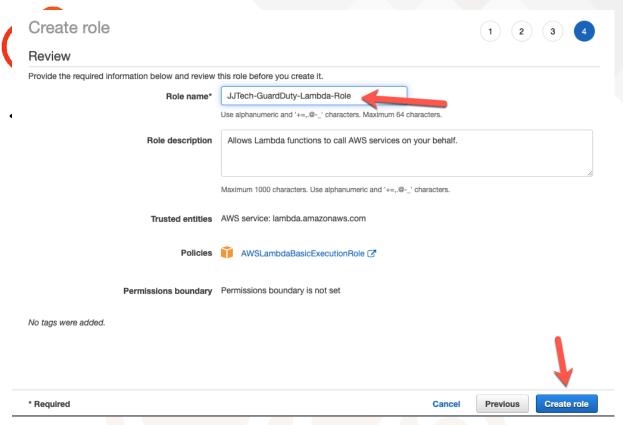
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Navigate to the role you created

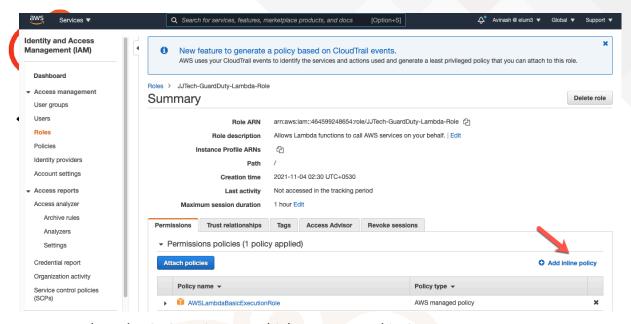




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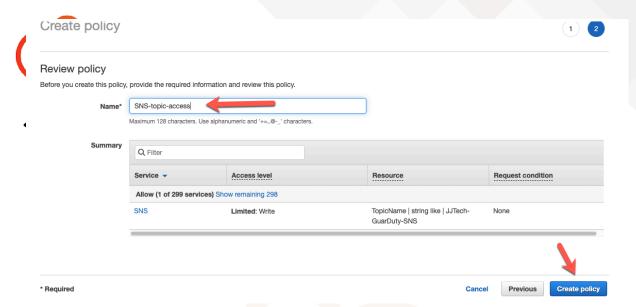






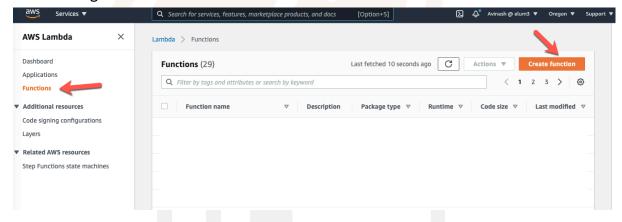
Update the SNS Topic ARN which was created in Step -





Step 3: Create Lambda Function

Navigate to Lambda console



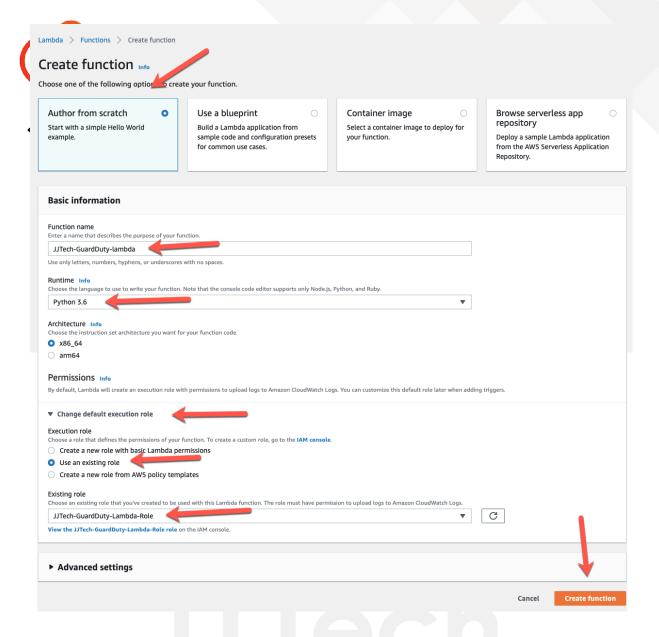
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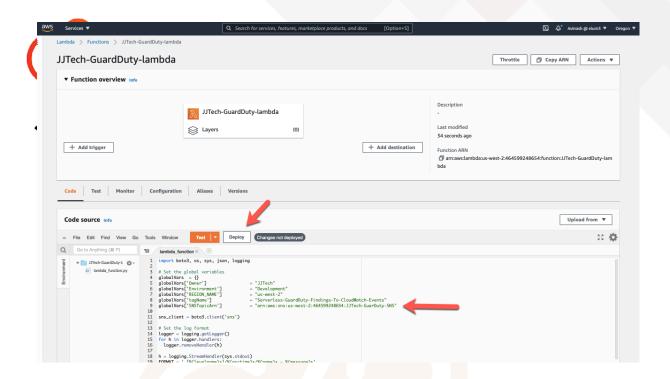


Get the code from below link

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/JJTechInc/Serverless-GuardDuty-Findings-to-SNS/main/Serverless-GuardDuty-Findings-To-SNS.py

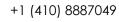
- Change line 9 with your SNS topic ARN you created at Step 1
- Then Deploy the new code to the lambda function





Now we have to increase the lambda timeout

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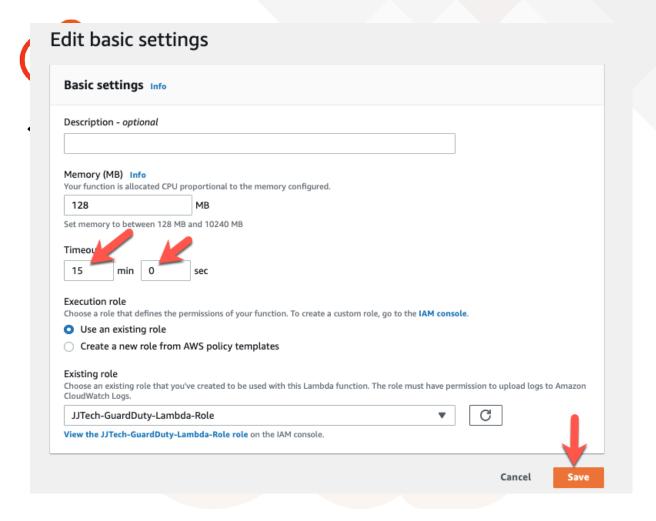






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STEP 4: Create Cloudwatch rule to trigger the lambda

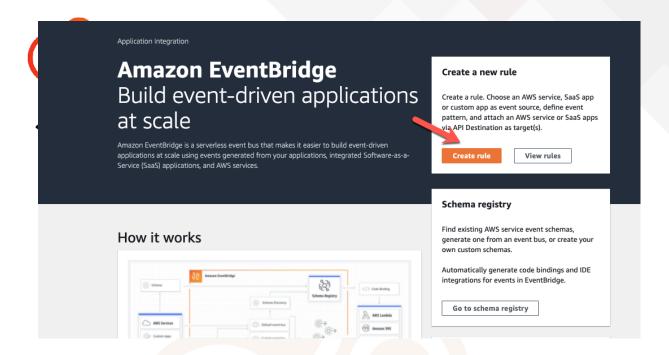
- Create Cloudwatch rule to trigger lambda whenever New GuardDuty finding is available. So that we will get notified with the details to our mail
- Navigate to EventBridge console











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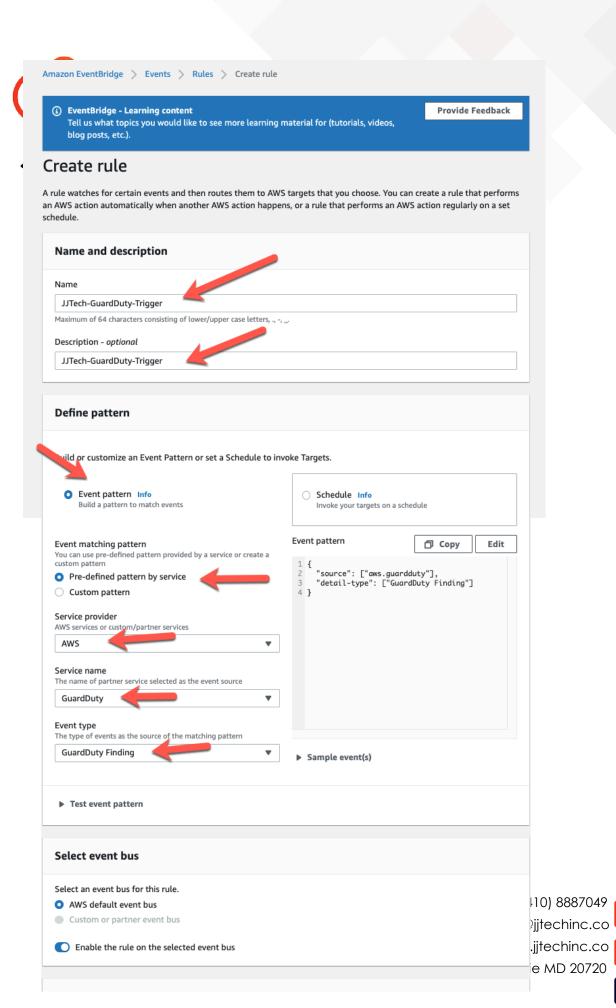


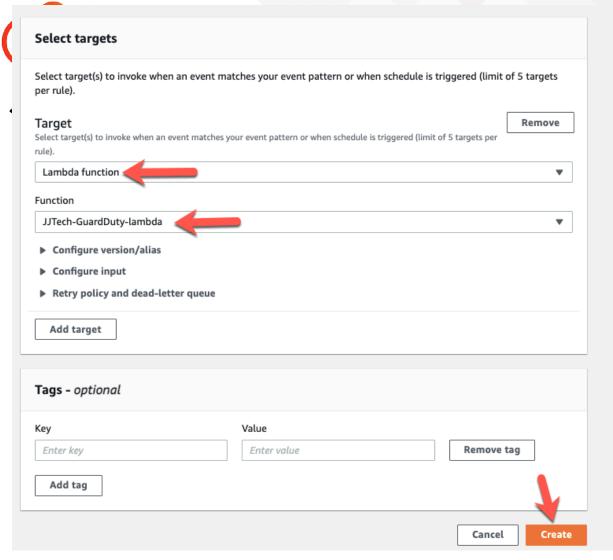
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 Now if you navigate to Lambda console you should see below trigger to be configured

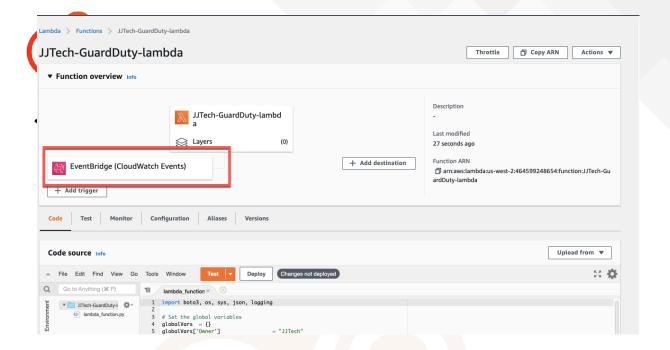
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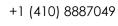
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Step 5: Test the solution

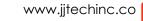
- Navigate to Amazon GuardDuty console
- Let's create some sample findings in Guardduty

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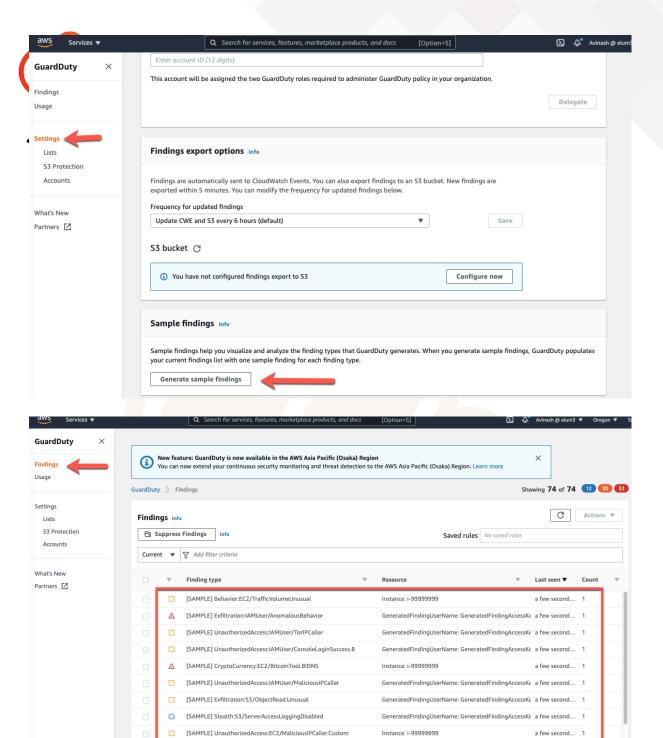










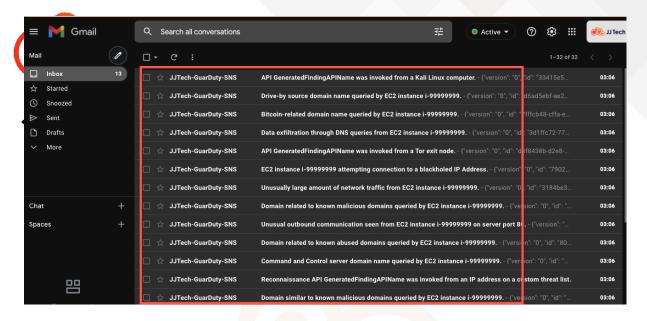


- You will receive mails whenever new finding is available in GuardDuty
- Based on the issue you have to fix them









- For example If an EC2 instance got compromised try to terminate
- If an EC2 instance is getting malicious traffic try to block them in NACL or restrict access to respective networks in Security group and so on

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