

SET – 2

1. The Information Technology Act 2000 is mainly
 - A. Intended to promote e-governance
 - B. Give legal recognition to e- transactions and EDI
 - C. Punish Cyber Criminals
 - D. A and B
 - E. A and C

2. Remedies available in case of Copyright Infringement
 - A. Civil Remedies
 - B. Criminal Remedies
 - C. All of the Above
 - D. Either A or B

3. Public Key System is useful because
 - A. It is a symmetric key system
 - B. It uses two keys
 - C. Private key can be a secret
 - D. There is no Key Distribution Problem as Public Key can be kept in a commonly accessible database

4. 'Fair use' is a term most relevant to
 - A. Intellectual Property Rights
 - B. Books borrowed for home reading
 - C. Copy right
 - D. Use of reference books

5. Cyber Criminals come in the category of

- A. Intruders
- B. Hackers
- C. Employees
- D. All

6. A computer can act as

- A. Crime
- B. Evidence
- C. None
- D. Both

7. Various kinds of e-contracts include

- A. Click Contracts
- B. Shrink Contracts
- C. Web Contracts
- D. All

8. Patents are generally not granted to

- A. Non obvious subject matter
- B. Processes and Methods
- C. Inventions that are new
- D. Items that have Practical Use

9. Idea Expression Dichotomy means

- A. Idea can be copyrighted
- B. the formulation of thought on a particular subject
- C. many persons may individually arrive at the same idea, they can claim copyright
- D. the expression of idea can be copyrighted

10. In case of uploading a video, if it invades the privacy of a person exposing the person's private areas without such person's consent, then it is covered under
- A. Section 43 of IT Act
 - B. Section 85 of IT Act
 - C. Section 69 of IT Act
 - D. Section 66 E of IT Act

SET – 1

1. Cyber Crime is defined under Indian Cyber Law

- A. True
- B. False

2. Copyright law does not protect

- A. Musical Works
- B. Literary Works
- C. Ideas or Concepts
- D. Sound Recordings

3. Whether Intellectual Property can be sold

- A. No
- B. Sale is possible
- C. Yes
- D. None

4. To be considered a computer crimes, what needs to be involved in the crime

- A. Technology
- B. Computers
- C. Data
- D. Networks

5. Public key encryption method is a system

- A. Which uses a set of public keys one for each participant in e-Commerce
- B. Which uses the RSA coding system
- C. In which each person who wants to communicate has two keys; a private key known to him only and a public key which is publicized to enable others to send message to him
- D. Which is a standard for use in e-Commerce.

6. The Information Technology Act, 2000 is concerned with :

- A. Legal recognition of digital signatures
- B. Definition of various types of computer crimes and penalties for the same
- C. Appointment of certifying authorities for issuing digital signatures
- D. Recognition of digital records and their admissibility as evidence in courts
- E. All of the above

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- A. Inventions that are new
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- D. A and B
- E. B and C

SET – 2

11. The Information Technology Act 2000 is mainly

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