

**National Collegiate Programming Competition**  
Military Institute of Science and Technology  
**CODEBOOK**

---

<b>GDC</b>
------------

```
int gcd(int n, int m) {  
    if (n % m == 0) return m;  
    return gcd(m, n % m);  
}
```

<b>LCM</b>
------------

```
int lcm(int a, int b) { return (a * b) / gcd(a, b); }
```

<b>Leap Year</b>
------------------

```
bool isLeapYear(int year) {  
    if ((year % 400 == 0) || (year % 100 != 0 && year % 4 ==  
0)) {  
        return true;  
    } else {  
        return false;  
    }  
}
```

<b>math.h</b>
---------------

```
» sqrt(n) // square root  
» fabs(n) // absolute  
» sin(n), cos(n), tan(n)  
» asin(n), acos(n), atan(n) // inverse  
» atan2(y, x)  
» pow(n, m)  
» exp(n)  
» log(n), log10(n)  
» floor(n), ceil(n)
```

<b>prime number</b>
---------------------

```
bool isPrime(int n) {  
    if (n <= 1) return false;  
    for (int i = 2; i < n; i++)  
        if (n % i == 0)  
            return false;  
    return true;  
}
```

**BigMod**

```
int bigMod(int a, int b, int M) {
    if (b == 0) return 1 % M;
    int x = bigMod(a, b / 2, M);
    x = (x * x) % M;
    if (b % 2 == 1) x = (x * a) % M;
    return x;
}
```

**Moduler Inverse**

```
int modInverse(int a, int m) {
    a = a%m;
    for (int x=1; x<m; x++)
        if ((a*x) % m == 1) return x;
}
```

**Factorial**

```
int fact(int n) {
    if (n == 0 || n == 1) return 1;
    else return n * fact(n - 1);
}
```

**Combination & Permutation**

```
comb = fact(n) / (fact(r) * fact(n-r));
per = fact(n) / fact(n-r);
```

**Fibonacci Number**

```
int fibonacci(int n) {
    if (n == 0) return 0;
    if (n == 1) return 1;
    return fibonacci(n - 1) + fibonacci(n - 2);
}
```

**Insertion sort**

```
void insertionSort(int num[n]) {
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        int x = num[i];
        int j = i - 1;
        while (j >= 1 && num[j] > x) {
            num[j + 1] = num[j];
            j--;
        }
        num[j + 1] = x;
    }
}
```

**Selection sort**

```
#include "algorithm.h"
void selectionSort(int num[n]) {
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int j = i + 1; j <= n; j++) {
            if (num[i] > num[j]) swap(num[i], num[j]);
        }
    }
}
```

**Bubble sort**

```
void bubbleSort(int num[n]) {
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
        for (int j = 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (num[j + 1] > num[j]) {
                int temp = num[j];
                num[j] = num[j + 1];
                num[j + 1] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

**Merge sort**

```
int num[100000], temp[100000];
void mergeSort(int _low, int _high) {
    if (_low == _high) return;

    int mid = (_low + _high) / 2;
    mergeSort(_low, mid);
    mergeSort(mid + 1, _high);
    int i, j, k;
    for (i = _low, j = mid + 1, k = _low; k <= _high; k++) {
        if (i == mid + 1) temp[k] = num[j++];
        else if (j == _high + 1) temp[k] = num[i++];
        else if (num[i] < num[j]) temp[k] = num[i++];
        else temp[k] = num[j++];
    }
    for (k = _low; k <= _high; k++) num[k] = temp[k];
}
```

**String sort**

```
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
```

```

void stringSort(int s[10000]) {
    int n, i;
    vector<string> V;
    cin >> n;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cin >> s;
        V.push_back(s);
    }
    sort(V.begin(), V.end());
}

```

### Binary search

```

int binarySearch(int arr[], int l, int r, int x) {
    if (r >= l) {
        int mid = l + (r - l) / 2;
        if (arr[mid] == x) return mid;
        if (arr[mid] > x) return binarySearch(arr, l, mid -
1, x);
        return binarySearch(arr, mid + 1, r, x);
    }
    return -1;
}

```

### Ternary search

```

int ternarySearch(int l, int r, int key, int ar[]) {
    if (r >= l) {
        int mid1 = l + (r - l) / 3;
        int mid2 = r - (r - l) / 3;
        if (ar[mid1] == key) return mid1;
        if (ar[mid2] == key) return mid2;
        if (key < ar[mid1]) return ternarySearch(l, mid1 - 1,
key, ar);
        else if (key > ar[mid2]) return ternarySearch(mid2 +
1, r, key, ar);
        else return ternarySearch(mid1 + 1, mid2 - 1, key,
ar);
    }
    return -1;
}

```

### Backtracking

#### Knight's Tour Problem

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define N 8
int solveKTUtil(int x, int y, int movei, int sol[N][N], int
xMove[], int yMove[]);

```

```
int isSafe(int x, int y, int sol[N][N]) {
    return ( x >= 0 && x < N && y >= 0 && y < N && sol[x][y]
== -1);
}

void printSolution(int sol[N][N]) {
    for (int x = 0; x < N; x++) {
        for (int y = 0; y < N; y++) printf(" %2d ",
sol[x][y]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}

int solveKT() {
    int sol[N][N];
    for (int x = 0; x < N; x++)
        for (int y = 0; y < N; y++)
            sol[x][y] = -1;

    int xMove[8] = { 2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1, 1, 2 };
    int yMove[8] = { 1, 2, 2, 1, -1, -2, -2, -1 };

    sol[0][0] = 0;

    if (solveKTUtil(0, 0, 1, sol, xMove, yMove) == 0) {
        printf("Solution does not exist");
        return 0;
    } else printSolution(sol);

    return 1;
}

int solveKTUtil(int x, int y, int movei, int sol[N][N], int
xMove[N], int yMove[N]) {
    int k, next_x, next_y;
    if (movei == N*N) return 1;

    for (k = 0; k < 8; k++) {
        next_x = x + xMove[k];
        next_y = y + yMove[k];
        if (isSafe(next_x, next_y, sol)) {
            sol[next_x][next_y] = movei;
            if (solveKTUtil(next_x, next_y, movei+1, sol, xMove,
yMove) == 1) return 1;
            else sol[next_x][next_y] = -1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

**Rat in Maze**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define N 4
bool solveMazeUtil(int maze[N][N], int x, int y, int sol[N][N]);
void printSolution(int sol[N][N]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            printf(" %d ", sol[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}
bool isSafe(int maze[N][N], int x, int y) {
    if (x >= 0 && x < N && y >= 0 && y < N && maze[x][y] == 1) return true;
    return false;
}

bool solveMaze(int maze[N][N]) {
    int sol[N][N] = { { 0, 0, 0, 0 },
                      { 0, 0, 0, 0 },
                      { 0, 0, 0, 0 },
                      { 0, 0, 0, 0 } };
    if (solveMazeUtil(maze, 0, 0, sol) == false) {
        printf("Solution doesn't exist");
        return false;
    }
    printSolution(sol);
    return true;
}

bool solveMazeUtil(int maze[N][N], int x, int y, int sol[N][N]) {
    if (x == N - 1 && y == N - 1) {
        sol[x][y] = 1;
        return true;
    }
    if (isSafe(maze, x, y) == true) {
        sol[x][y] = 1;
        if (solveMazeUtil(maze, x + 1, y, sol) == true)
            return true;
        if (solveMazeUtil(maze, x, y + 1, sol) == true)
            return true;
        sol[x][y] = 0;
        return false;
    }
    return false;
}
```

**N Queen Problem**

```
#define N 4
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
void printSolution(int board[N][N]) {
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            printf(" %d ", board[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}
bool isSafe(int board[N][N], int row, int col) {
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < col; i++)
        if (board[row][i])
            return false;

    for (i = row, j = col; i >= 0 && j >= 0; i--, j--)
        if (board[i][j])
            return false;

    for (i = row, j = col; j >= 0 && i < N; i++, j--)
        if (board[i][j])
            return false;

    return true;
}

bool solveNQUtil(int board[N][N], int col) {
    if (col >= N) return true;
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        if (isSafe(board, i, col)) {
            board[i][col] = 1;
            if (solveNQUtil(board, col + 1))
                return true;

            board[i][col] = 0;
        }
    }
    return false;
}
```

```

bool solveNQ() {
    int board[N][N] = { { 0, 0, 0, 0 },
                        { 0, 0, 0, 0 },
                        { 0, 0, 0, 0 },
                        { 0, 0, 0, 0 } };
    if (solveNQUtil(board, 0) == false) {
        printf("Solution does not exist");
        return false;
    }
    printSolution(board);
    return true;
}

```

### **m Coloring Problem**

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdbool.h>
#define V 4
void printSolution(int color[]);

bool isSafe (int v, bool graph[V][V], int color[], int c) {
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
        if (graph[v][i] && c == color[i])
            return false;
    return true;
}

bool graphColoringUtil(bool graph[V][V], int m, int color[],
int v) {
    if (v == V) return true;
    for (int c = 1; c <= m; c++) {
        if (isSafe(v, graph, color, c)) {
            color[v] = c;
            if (graphColoringUtil (graph, m, color, v+1) ==
true) return true;
            color[v] = 0;
        }
    }
    return false;
}

bool graphColoring(bool graph[V][V], int m) {
    int color[V];
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) color[i] = 0;
    if (graphColoringUtil(graph, m, color, 0) == false) {
        printf("Solution does not exist");
        return false;
    }
    printSolution(color);
    return true;
}

```



```

void printSolution(int color[]) {
    printf("Solution Exists:"
           " Following are the assigned colors \n");
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) printf(" %d ", color[i]);
    printf("\n");
}

```

### Hamiltonian Cycle

```

#define V 5
void printSolution(int path[]);
bool isSafe(int v, bool graph[V][V], int path[], int pos) {
    if (graph[path[pos - 1]][v] == 0) return false;
    for (int i = 0; i < pos; i++)
        if (path[i] == v)
            return false;
    return true;
}

bool hamCycleUtil(bool graph[V][V], int path[], int pos) {
    if (pos == V) {
        if (graph[path[pos - 1]][path[0]] == 1) return true;
        else return false;
    }

    for (int v = 1; v < V; v++) {
        if (isSafe(v, graph, path, pos)) {
            path[pos] = v;
            if (hamCycleUtil (graph, path, pos + 1) == true)
                return true;
            path[pos] = -1;
        }
    }
    return false;
}

bool hamCycle(bool graph[V][V]) {
    int *path = new int[V];
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++) path[i] = -1;
    path[0] = 0;
    if (hamCycleUtil(graph, path, 1) == false ) {
        cout << "\nSolution does not exist";
        return false;
    }
    printSolution(path);
    return true;
}

```

```

void printSolution(int path[]) {
    cout << "Solution Exists:"
           " Following is one Hamiltonian Cycle \n";
    for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
        cout << path[i] << " ";
    cout << path[0] << " ";
    cout << endl;
}

```

### Sudoku

```

#define UNASSIGNED 0
#define N 9

```

```

bool FindUnassignedLocation(int grid[N][N], int &row, int
&col);
bool isSafe(int grid[N][N], int row, int col, int num);

```

```

bool SolveSudoku(int grid[N][N]) {
    int row, col;
    if (!FindUnassignedLocation(grid, row, col)) return true;
    for (int num = 1; num <= 9; num++) {
        if (isSafe(grid, row, col, num)) {
            grid[row][col] = num;
            if (SolveSudoku(grid)) return true;
            grid[row][col] = UNASSIGNED;
        }
    }
    return false;
}

```

```

bool FindUnassignedLocation(int grid[N][N], int &row, int
&col)
{
    for (row = 0; row < N; row++)
        for (col = 0; col < N; col++)
            if (grid[row][col] == UNASSIGNED) return true;
    return false;
}

```

```

bool UsedInRow(int grid[N][N], int row, int num) {
    for (int col = 0; col < N; col++)
        if (grid[row][col] == num) return true;
    return false;
}

```

```

bool UsedInCol(int grid[N][N], int col, int num) {
    for (int row = 0; row < N; row++)
        if (grid[row][col] == num) return true;
    return false;
}

bool UsedInBox(int grid[N][N], int boxStartRow, int
boxStartCol, int num) {
    for (int row = 0; row < 3; row++)
        for (int col = 0; col < 3; col++)
            if (grid[row + boxStartRow][col + boxStartCol] ==
num)
                return true;
    return false;
}

bool isSafe(int grid[N][N], int row, int col, int num) {
    return !UsedInRow(grid, row, num) && !UsedInCol(grid,
col, num) && !UsedInBox(grid, row - row % 3 , col - col % 3,
num) && grid[row][col] == UNASSIGNED;
}

void printGrid(int grid[N][N]) {
    for (int row = 0; row < N; row++) {
        for (int col = 0; col < N; col++) cout << grid[row][col]
<< " ";
        cout << endl;
    }
}

```

### Permutation

```

void permute(string a, int l, int r) {
    if (l == r) cout<<a<<endl;
    else {
        for (int i = l; i <= r; i++) {
            swap(a[l], a[i]);
            permute(a, l+1, r);
            swap(a[l], a[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

### Linked list

```

struct Node {
    int data;
    struct Node *next;
};

struct Node* head = NULL;

```

```

void insert(int new_data) {
    struct Node* new_node = (struct Node*)
    malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    new_node->data = new_data;
    new_node->next = head;
    head = new_node;
}

```

```

void display() {
    struct Node* ptr;
    ptr = head;

    while (ptr != NULL) {
        cout<< ptr->data <<" ";
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}

```

### Graph

```

void addEdge(vector<int> adj[], int u, int v) {
    adj[u].push_back(v);
    adj[v].push_back(u);
}

void printGraph(vector<int> adj[], int V) {
    for (int v = 0; v < V; ++v) {
        cout << "\n Adjacency list of vertex " << v << "\n
head ";
        for (auto x : adj[v]) cout << "-> " << x;
        printf("\n");
    }
}

```

### Tree

#### Segment Tree (Build)

```

void build(int at, int L, int R) {
    sum[at] = 0;
    if (L == R) return;
    int mid = (L + R) / 2;
    build(at * 2, L, mid);
    build(at * 2 + 1, mid + 1, R);
}

```

#### Segment Tree (Update)

```

void update(int at, int L, int R, int pos, int u) {
    if (L == R) {
        sum[at] += u;
        return;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    int mid = (L + R) / 2;
    if (pos <= mid) update(at * 2, L, mid, pos, u);
    else update(at * 2 + 1, mid + 1, R, pos, u);
    sum[at] = sum[at * 2] + sum[at * 2 + 1];
}

```

### Segment Tree (Query)

```

int query(int at, int L, int R, int l, int r) {
    if (r < L || R < l) return 0;
    if (l <= L && R <= r) return sum[at];
    int mid = (L + R) / 2;
    int x = query(at * 2, L, mid, l, r);
    int y = query(at * 2 + 1, mid + 1, R, l, r);
    return x + y;
}

```

### Huffman

```

#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <functional>
int n, freq[100];
int huffman() {
    priority_queue<int, vector<int>, greater<int>> PQ;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) PQ.push(freq[i]);
    while (PQ.size() != 1) {
        int a = PQ.top(); PQ.pop();
        int b = PQ.top(); PQ.pop();
        PQ.push(a + b);
    }
    return PQ.top();
}

```

### BFS

```

#include <vector>
#include <queue>
vector<int> adj[100];
int visited[100];
void bfs(int s, int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) vis[i] = 0;

    queue<int> Q;
    Q.push(s);
    visited[s] = 1;

    while (!Q.empty()) {
        int u = Q.front();
        Q.pop();
    }
}

```

```

        for (int i = 0; i < adj[u].size(); i++) {
            if (visited[adj[u][i]] == 0) {
                int v = adj[u][i];
                visietd[v] = 1;
                Q.push(v);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

### DFS

```

#include <vector>
vector<int> adj[100];
int vis[100];
void dfs(int at) {
    if (vis[at]) return;
    vis[at] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < vis[at].size(); i++) dfs(vis[at][i]);
}

```

### Hashing

```

#include<iostream>
#include <list>
using namespace std;
class Hash {
    int BUCKET;
    list<int> *table;

public:
    Hash(int V);
    void insertItem(int x);
    void deleteItem(int key);
    int hashFunction(int x) {
        return (x % BUCKET);
    }
    void displayHash();
};

Hash::Hash(int b) {
    this->BUCKET = b;
    table = new list<int>[BUCKET];
}

void Hash::insertItem(int key) {
    int index = hashFunction(key);
    table[index].push_back(key);
}

```

```

void Hash::deleteItem(int key) {
    int index = hashFunction(key);
    list<int> :: iterator i;
    for (i = table[index].begin(); i != table[index].end();
i++) {
        if (*i == key)
            break;
    }

    if (i != table[index].end()) table[index].erase(i);
}

void Hash::displayHash() {
    for (int i = 0; i < BUCKET; i++) {
        cout << i;
        for (auto x : table[i])
            cout << " --> " << x;
        cout << endl;
    }
}

```

<b>Matrix Inversion</b>
-------------------------

```

#include <vector>
#include <cmath>
#include <algorithm>
const double EPS = 1e-10;
typedef vector<int> VI;
typedef double T;
typedef vector<T> VT;
typedef vector<VT> VVT;

T GaussJordan(VVT &a, VVT &b) {
    const int n = a.size();
    const int m = b.size();
    VI irow(n), icol(n), ipiv(n);
    T det = 1;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int pj = -1, pk = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) if (!ipiv[j])
            for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) if (!ipiv[k])
                if (pj == -1 || fabs(a[j][k]) >
fabs(a[pj][pk])) {pj = j; pk = k;}
        if (fabs(a[pj][pk]) < EPS) {
            cerr << "Matrix is singular." << endl;
            exit(0);
        }
        ipiv[pk]++;
        swap(a[pj], a[pk]);
    }
}

```

```

        swap(b[pj], b[pk]);
        if (pj != pk) det *= -1;
        irow[i] = pj;
        icol[i] = pk;
        T c = 1.0 / a[pk][pk];
        det *= a[pk][pk];
        for (int p = 0; p < n; p++) a[pk][p] *= c;
        for (int p = 0; p < m; p++) b[pk][p] *= c;
        for (int p = 0; p < n; p++)
            if (p != pk) {
                c = a[p][pk];
                a[p][pk] = 0;
                for (int q = 0; q < n; q++) a[p][q] -=
a[pk][q] * c;
                for (int q = 0; q < m; q++) b[p][q] -=
b[pk][q] * c;
            }
        for (int p = n - 1; p >= 0; p--)
            if (irow[p] != icol[p]) {
                for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)
swap(a[k][irow[p]], a[k][icol[p]]);
            }
        return det;
    }
}

```