ECON 340 Economic Research Methods

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Lecture 1: Introduction

So many questions...

Always have questions that need answers

- Do electric vehicle subsidies impact prices?
- Does the use of phones inhibit classroom learning?
- Is there racial discrimination in the labor market?
- Does raising interest rates lead to inflation?
- Who will win the next US election?

Quantitive Empirical Research

- A research question is any question you plan to answer by conducting research
- Empirical research is based on real-world observations
- Quantitative empirical research: empirical research that uses quantitative measurements
- In this class, we will learn to answer a research question using quantitative empirical research

Quantitive Empirical Research

Everyone is using it (for good reason)

- Economists, other social scientists
- Think tanks, governments, policymakers
- Businesses

Our world is becoming more and more data-oriented.

Most used words in economic papers

1970s

inflation distribution welfare value capital optimal long cycle risksize job economic cost rate income life and long rate income life by analysis firm demandariable rates information public

1990s

rates competition effect models investment stock investment stock investment stock or cycle behavior change pricestrade theory effects labor data growth in feature and the case labor data growth in feature entry market in competition of the competition of the

2010-2015

institutions development impact teacher change gender incentives growth consumer regulation income product supply school growth consumer regulation income product supply school growth consumer regulation and the supply school growth consumer regulation and the supply school growth growth

This Course

Introduce you to tools used in quantitative research

Main goals:

- Understand statistical and econometric methods
- Be able to implement these methods in R
- Carry out a research project

Course Components

- Active Engagement (10%)
- Problem Sets (20%)
- Research Paper: Interim Submissions (15%)
- Research Paper: Final Submission (15%)
- Midterm (20%)
- Final Exam (20%)

Research Project

- As a part of this class, you will write an empirical research paper using R
- You will pick a question and a dataset and use the tools from this class to answer your question
- You can pick a dataset from the list of datasets provided on the course website or use an external dataset
- If you pick an external dataset, please run it by me well in advance of your submissions so I can make sure it works

Research Project: Dates

- Sep 5: Pick your partner
- Oct 1: First submission worth 5% (pick dataset and question)
- Oct 22: Feedback on your research question
- Nov 5: Second submission worth 10% (preliminary analysis)
- Dec 10: Final paper due worth 15%

Introductions

- preferred name and pronouns
- major and year at CSUF
- what is your comfort food?
- what do you want to get out of this class?

Who likes greek letters?

Summation Notation

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i = X_1 + X_2 + ... + X_N$$

Example:

$$X = \{2, 9, 6, 8, 11, 14\}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{4} X_i = X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + X_4 = 2 + 9 + 6 + 8 = 25$$

Summation Notation

Another way of using a summation sign is to write

$$\sum_{x \in A} x$$

which refers to summing up all elements in A.

To sum up x for all possible values x, we can simply write

$$\sum_{x} x$$

Things you CAN do

1. Pull constants out of or into the summation sign.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} bX_i = b \sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i$$

Things you CAN do

2. Split apart (or combine) sums (addition) or differences (subtraction)

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} (bX_i + cY_i) = b \sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i + c \sum_{i=1}^{N} Y_i$$

Things you CAN do

3. Multiply through constants by the number of terms in the summation

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N}(a+bX_i)=aN+b\sum_{i=1}^{N}X_i$$

Things you CANNOT do

1. Split apart (or combine) products (multiplication) or quotients (division).

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i Y_i \neq \sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i \times \sum_{i=1}^{N} Y_i$$

Things you CANNOT do

2. Move the exponent out of or into the summation.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i^a \neq \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i\right)^a$$

Things To Do Until Next Class

- 1. Review the syllabus carefully
- 2. Make sure you can access the Canvas page and the course website
- 3. Install R and R Studio on your computer (instructions on the course website)
- 4. Work on Class Handout 1
- 5. Start looking for potential research partners