

## Fall 2022 Midterm Exam

ECON 441: Introduction to Mathematical Economics

Instructor: Div Bhagia

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_

This is a closed-book test. You may not use a phone or a computer.

Time allotted: 110 minutes

Total points: 30

Please show sufficient work so that the instructor can follow your work.

*I understand and will uphold the ideals of academic honesty as stated in the honor code.*

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (5 pts) Answer the following questions (1 point each)

(a) The cartesian product of two sets  $X$  and  $Y$  is defined as:

$$X \times Y = \{(x, y) | x \in X, y \in Y\}$$

What is the cartesian product of  $X = \{a, b\}$  and  $Y = \{2, 1\}$ ?

(b) A matrix's inverse exists if its determinant is equal to 0.

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

(c) The function  $f(x) = |x|$  is *differentiable* at  $x = 0$ .

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

(d) For the function  $f(x) = e^x$ ,  $f'(x) = f(x)$

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

(e) What is the derivative of  $y = 3x^2 + 2$ ?

2. (5 pts) Given the vector  $x$  and matrix  $A$  below, show that  $x'Ax$  represents a weighted sum of squares. What is the dimension of  $x'Ax$ ?

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & 0 \\ 0 & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

3. (4 pts) Say I have a system of  $m$  equations with  $n$  unknowns.

$$a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + \cdots a_{1n}x_n = b_1$$

$$a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + \cdots a_{2n}x_n = b_2$$

$$\vdots \qquad \qquad \qquad \vdots$$

$$a_{m1}x_1 + a_{m2}x_2 + \cdots a_{mn}x_n = b_m$$

(a) (1 pt) What is the necessary condition for the existence of a unique solution for this system in terms of  $m$  and  $n$ ?

(b) (1 pt) What is the sufficient condition for the existence of a unique solution for this system?

(c) (2 pts) How would you use the tools learned in linear algebra to solve this system of equations? (*No need to describe how you would calculate the inverse or multiply matrices, you can just say I take the inverse then multiply...*).

4. (6 pts) Find the derivative for the following functions (2 pts each):

(a)  $y = \ln(x^2 + 1)$

(b)  $y = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}$

(c)  $y = v + v^3$  where  $v = x + 1$

5. (5 pts) Given the consumption function

$$C = 200 + 0.6Y$$

where  $C$  is consumption, and  $Y$  is income.

(a) (3 pts) Find the income elasticity of consumption  $\varepsilon_{CY}$ , and determine its sign, assuming  $Y > 0$ .

(b) (1 pt) Show that this consumption function is inelastic at all positive income levels.

(c) (1 pt) What is the income elasticity of consumption when income is equal to \$1000?

(d) (1 pt) If income increases by 1% from \$1000 to \$1100, by what percent does consumption increase?

6. (5 pts) Given the following function:

$$f(x, y, z) = xyz$$

(a) (2 pts) Find the partial derivatives  $f_x$ ,  $f_y$ , and  $f_z$ .

(b) (1 pt) Find the gradient of  $f$ .

(c) (1 pt) Find the total differential of  $f$ . You can denote it by  $df$ .

(d) (1 pt) Find the total derivative of  $f$  with respect to  $x$ ?