Regularisation Eltecon Data Science Course by Emarsys

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November 20, 2019

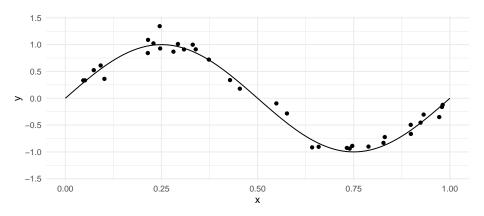
Goal of the lesson

- introduce the concept of **regularisation**
- define and try out ridge and LASSO regression
- conduct model selection on a real world example

Section 1

Regularisation

Recap



Recap

	train MSE	test MSE	CV MSE	AIC	BIC
k_0	0.54	0.30	0.46	81.65	84.76
k_1	0.21	0.22	0.21	51.08	55.74
k_5	0.01	0.01	0.01	-40.79	-29.90
k_30	0.01	1.32	0.45	-42.63	-11.53

What is Regularisation

Idea: Use a different estimator to estimate the linear regression model. Add a **penalty term** to the error function to discourage the coefficients from reaching large values.

$$E(w) = E_D(w) + \lambda E_W(w)$$

where $E_D(w)$ is the data-dependent error, $E_W(w)$ regularisation term and λ is the regularisation parameter that controls the relative importance of these two terms.

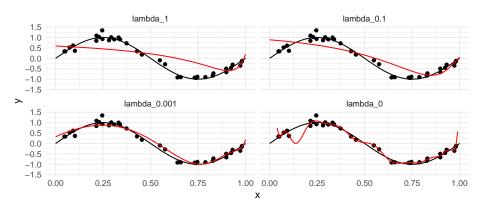
The Ridge

Minimise the following loss function:

$$L(w) = \sum_{i}^{N} (w^{T}x_{i} - y_{i})^{2} + \lambda \sum_{j}^{k} (w_{j})^{2}$$

Luckily, it has a closed form solution.

The Ridge



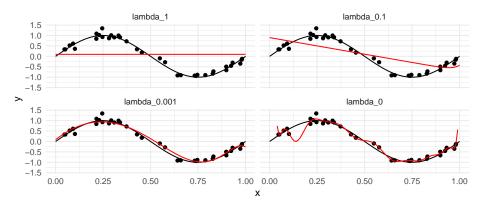
The LASSO

Minimise the following loss function:

$$L(w) = \sum_{i}^{N} (w^{T} x_{i} - y_{i})^{2} + \lambda \sum_{j}^{k} |w_{j}|$$

Unfortunately, it has **no closed form solution**. One has to use a clever algorithm to find the solution (shooting algorithm).

The LASSO

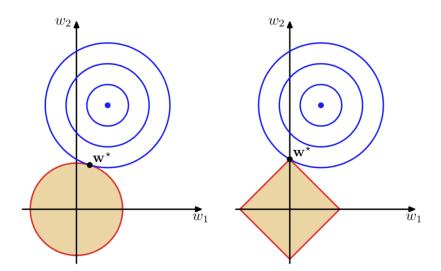


The Bias-Variance trade-off

$$MSE(\hat{w}) = E[(\hat{w} - w)^2] = \underbrace{E[(\hat{w} - w)]^2}_{\text{bias}} + \underbrace{E[(\hat{w} - E\hat{w})^2]}_{\text{variance}}$$

- OLS is unbiased estimator
- ridge and LASSO are biased but have a smaller variance than least squares
- ullet by optimally choosing λ it is possible to obtain an estimator with smaller MSE

Ridge vs. Lasso

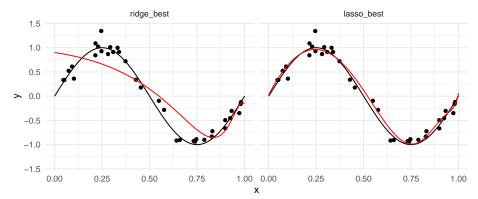


Ridge vs. Lasso

- both are useful when k is large relative to N
- ridge is useful when regressors are highly collinear
- LASSO when true regression parameter vector is sparse and regressors are not highly collinear
- one can use LASSO as variable selection method

How to choose lambda?

Cross-validate!



How to choose lambda?

	train MSE	test MSE	CV MSE
k_0	0.54	0.30	0.46
k_1	0.21	0.22	0.21
k_5	0.01	0.01	0.01
k_30	0.01	1.32	0.45
ridge_best	0.10	0.05	0.13
lasso_best	0.01	0.01	0.02

Section 2

Model Selection Example

The Data

- Articles published from January 7 2013 to January 7 2015 on Mashable: http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Online+News+Popularity
- Target: number of shares in social networks
- Predictors: different summary measures of article content (e.g.: links, images, videos, keywords)

Resources

- Bishop, Christopher: Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning
- Gareth J., Witten D., Hastie T. and Tibshirani R.: An Introduction to Statistical Learning