

Module: Machine Learning

Live Session-5

Agenda:

Hard Margin SVM

Soft Margin SVM

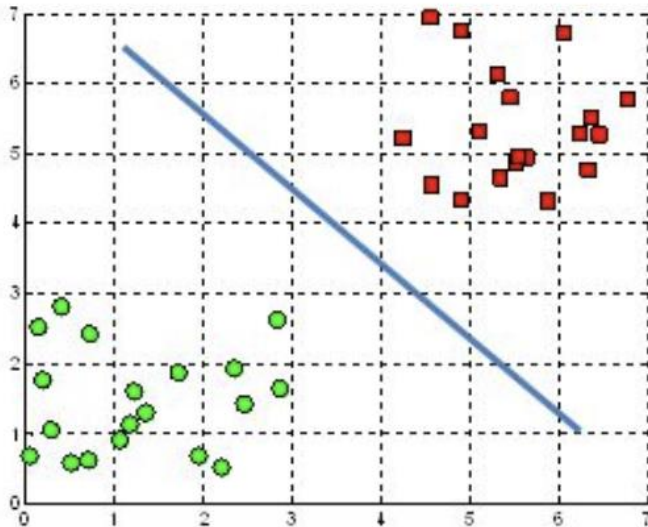
Nonlinear SVM



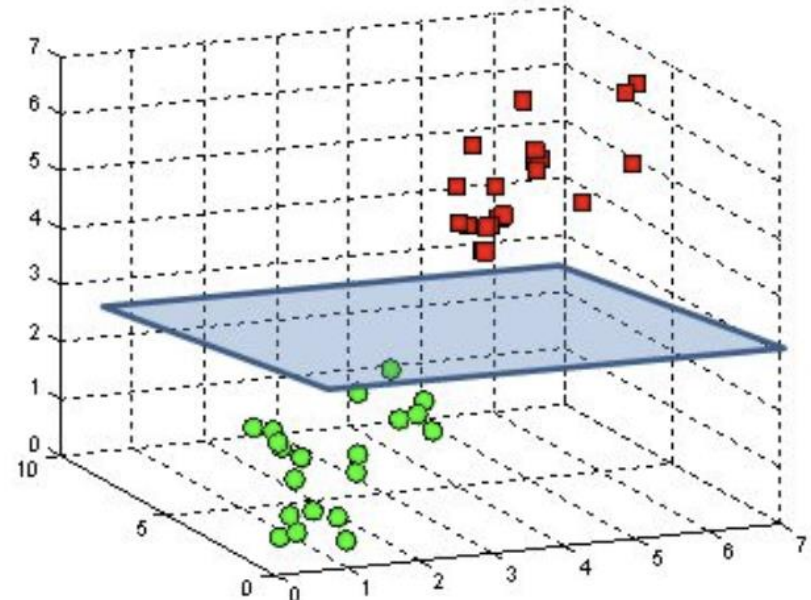
Hyperplane

In geometry, a **hyperplane** is a subspace whose dimension is one less than that of its ambient space. If a space is 3-dimensional then its **hyperplanes** are the 2-dimensional planes, while if the space is 2-dimensional, its **hyperplanes** are the 1-dimensional lines.

A hyperplane in \mathbb{R}^2 is a line



A hyperplane in \mathbb{R}^3 is a plane

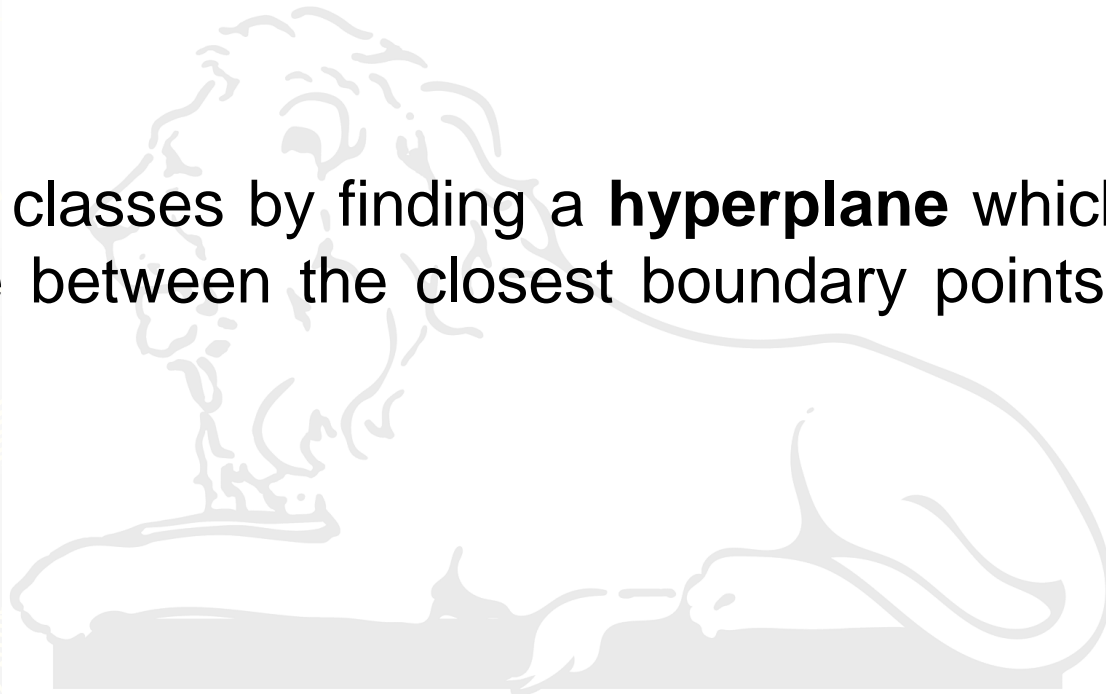


Hyperplane: Mathematical representation



A support vector machine (SVM) is a supervised machine learning classification algorithm. SVMs were introduced initially in 1960s and were later refined in 1990s.

To separate classes by finding a **hyperplane** which maximizes the distance between the closest boundary points (vectors) of each class.



SVM: Concept



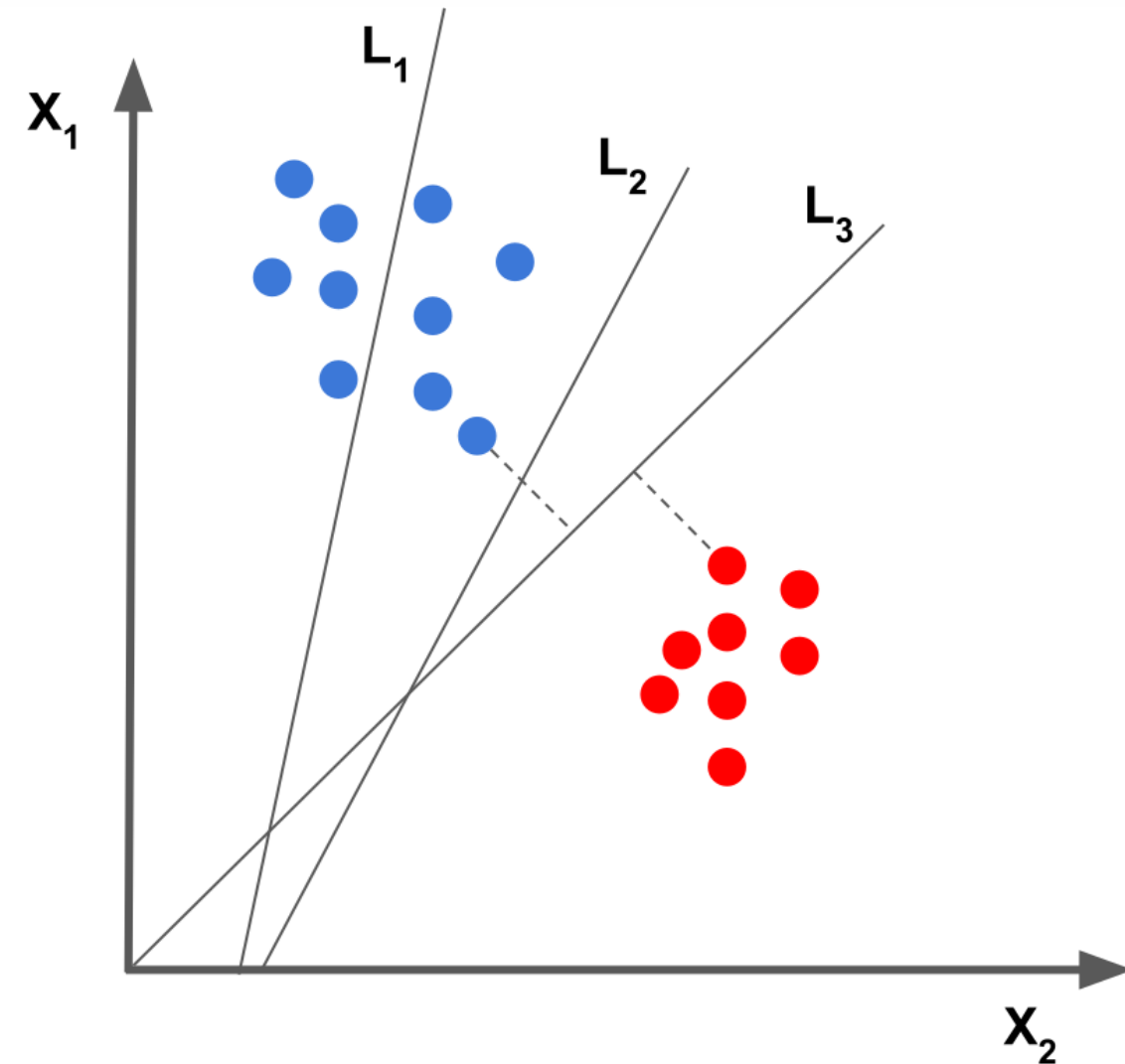
SVM: Concept



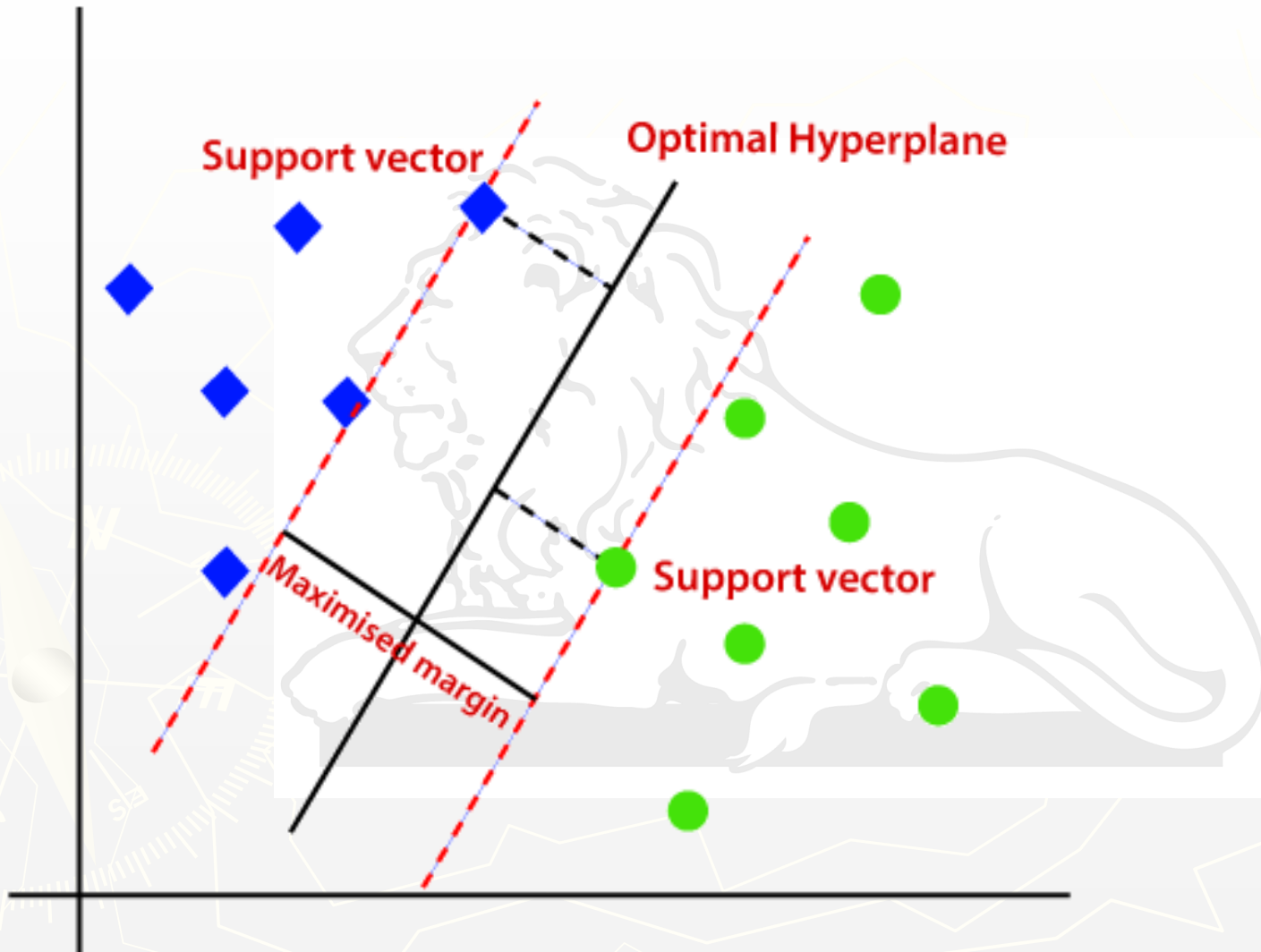
SVM: Concept



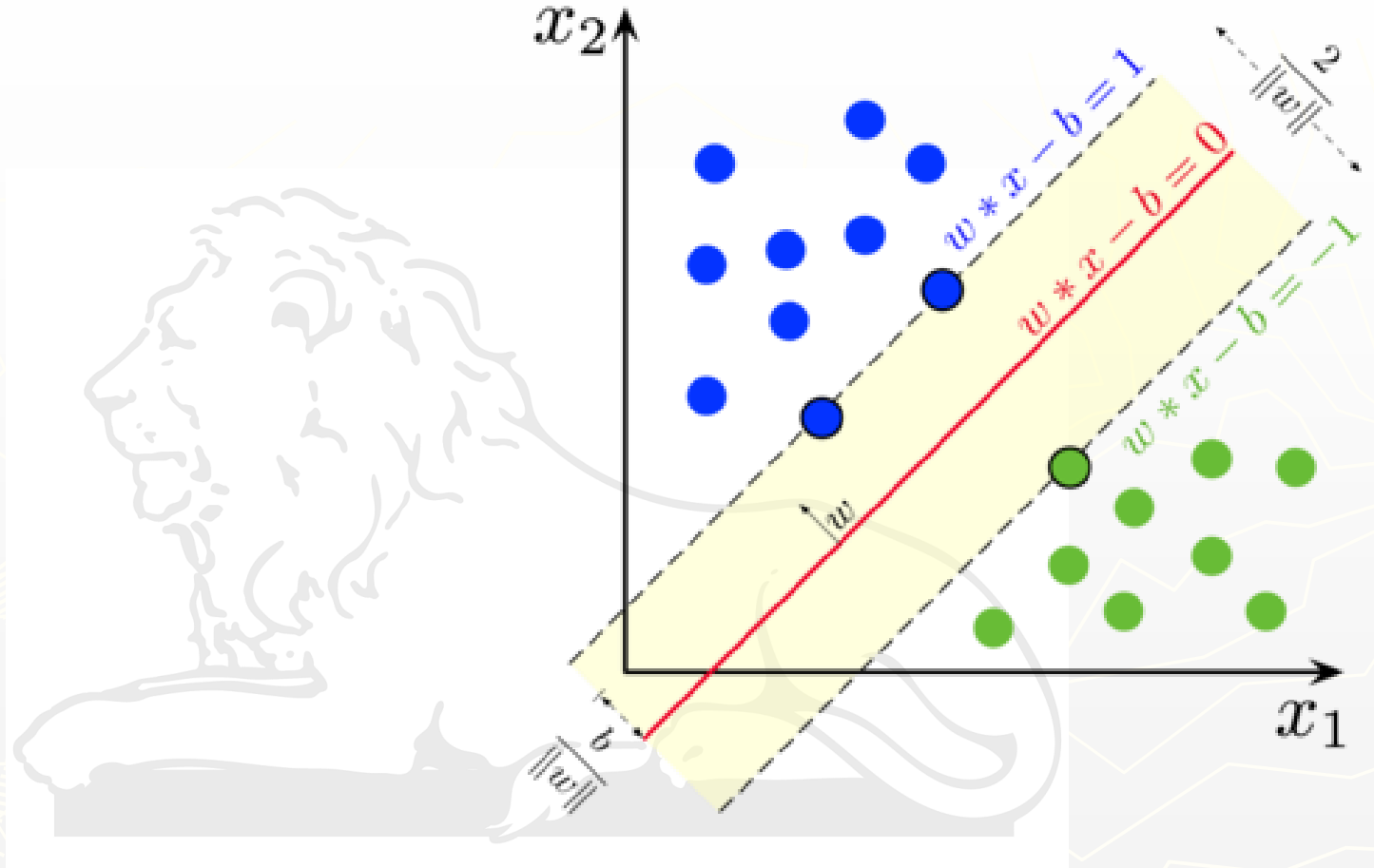
SVM: Concept 2D case



SVM: Concept 2D case



SVM: Concept



SVM: Formulation



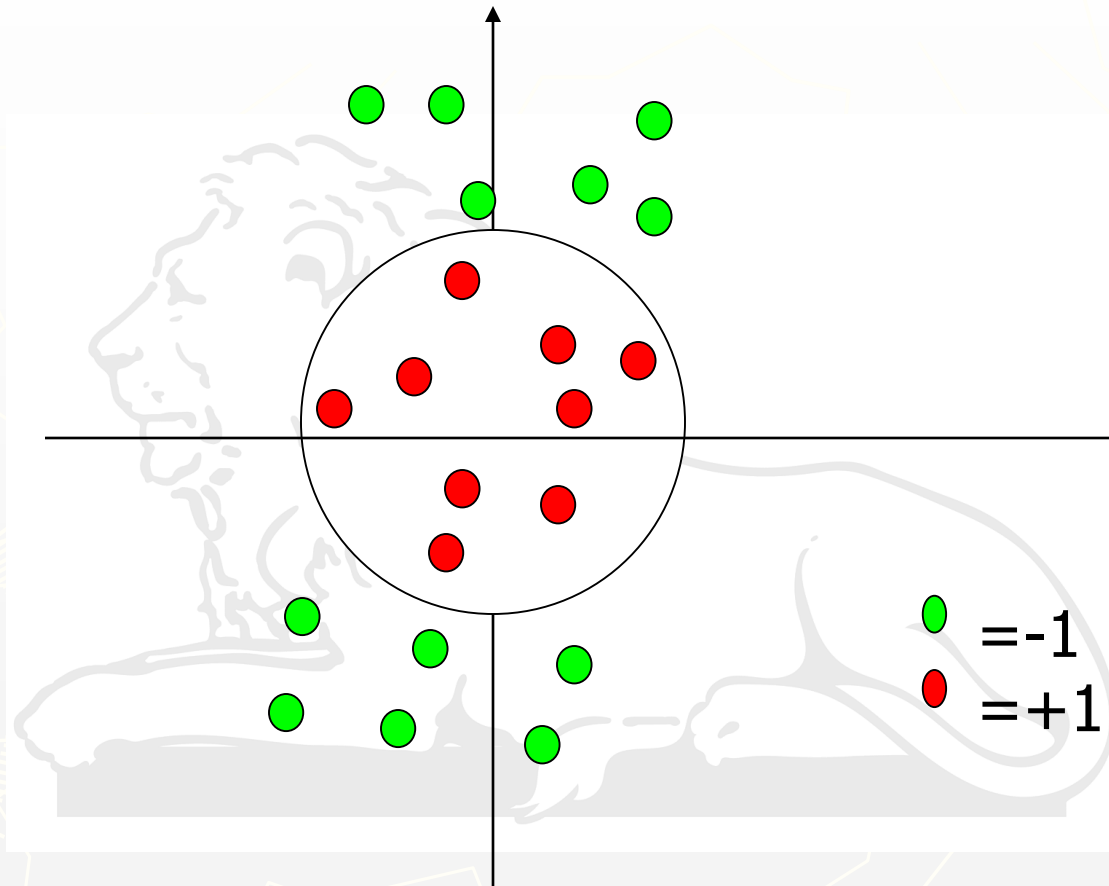
SVM: Formulation



SVM: Formulation



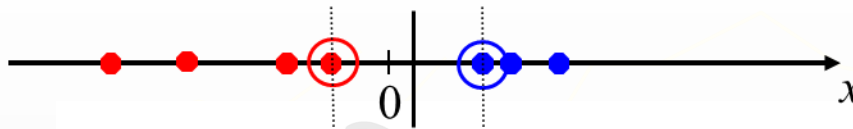
Problem with Linear SVM



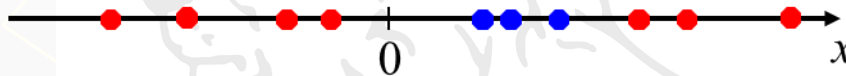
What if the decision function is not a linear?

Non-linear SVMs

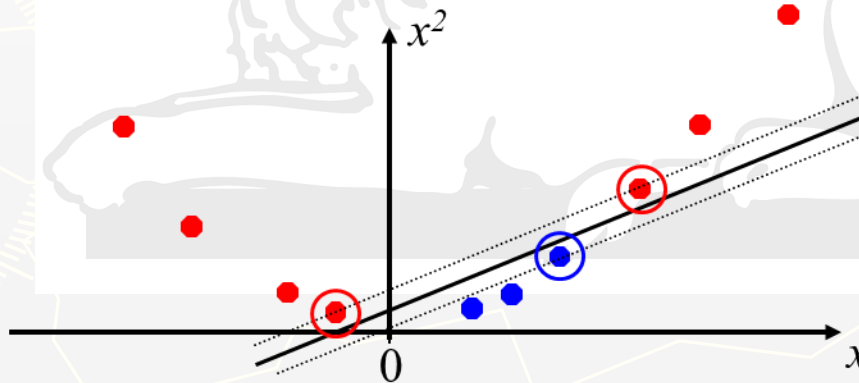
- Datasets that are linearly separable with some noise work out great:



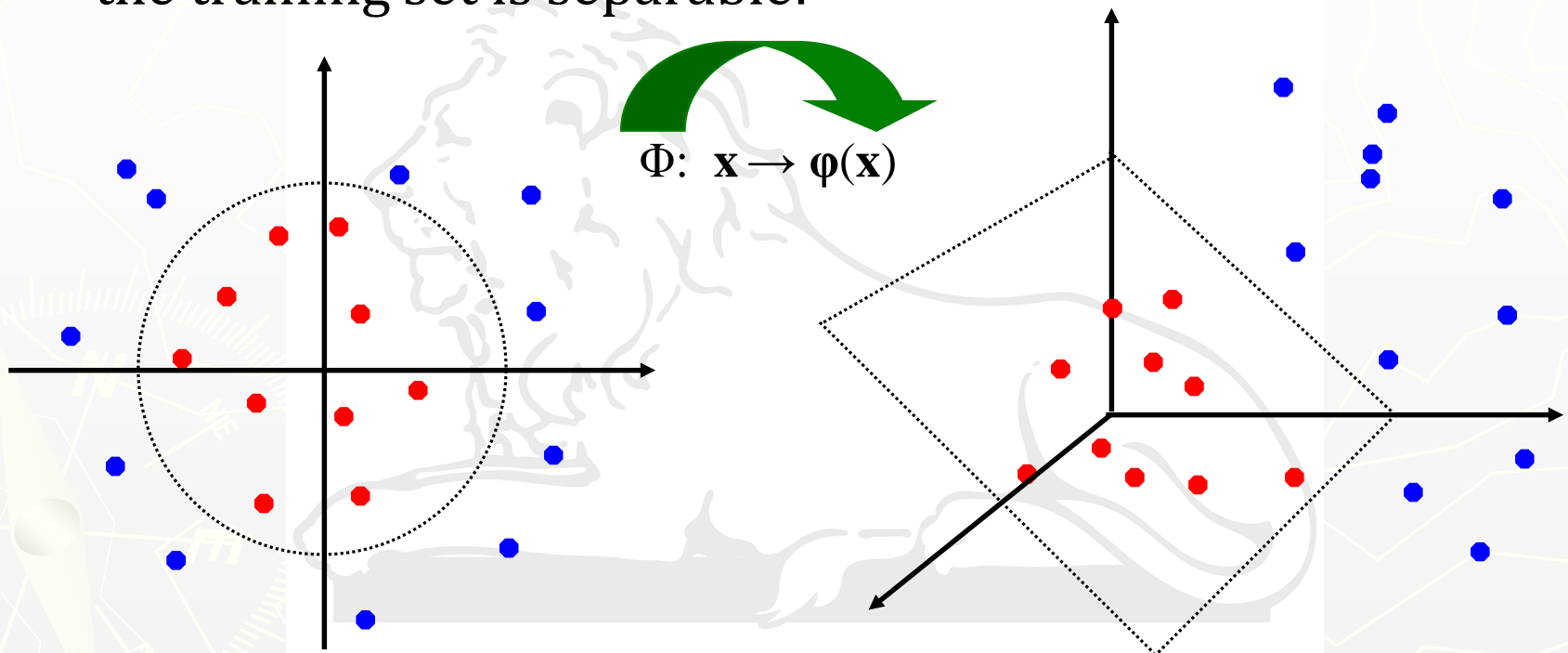
- But what are we going to do if the dataset is just too hard?



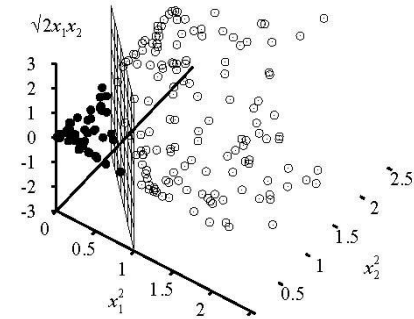
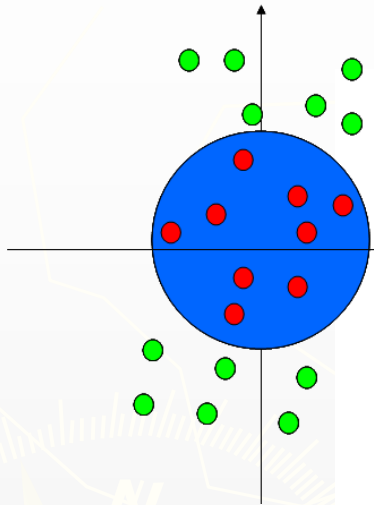
- How about... mapping data to a higher-dimensional space:



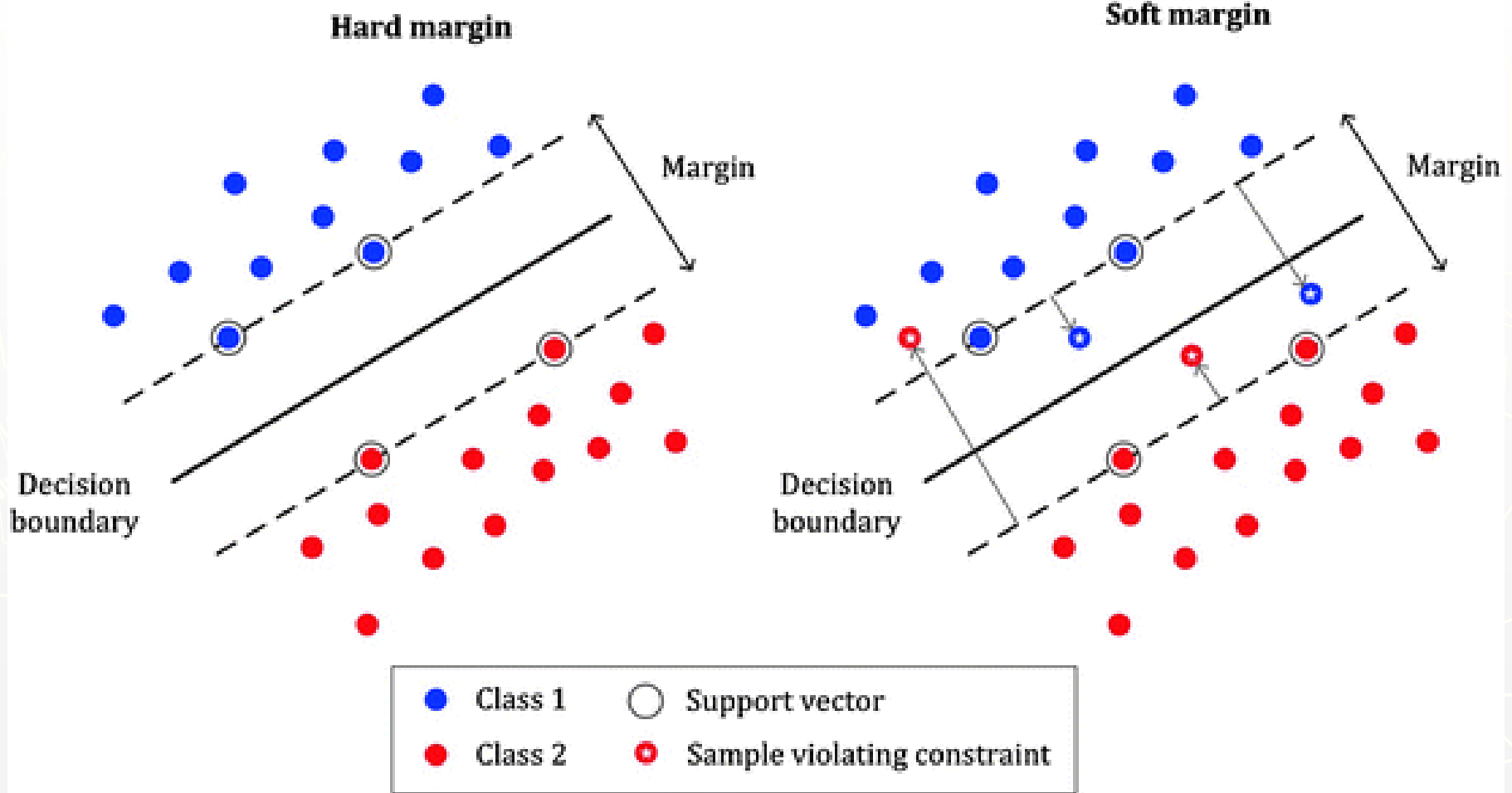
- General idea: the original feature space can always be mapped to some higher-dimensional feature space where the training set is separable:



Data points are linearly separable in the space $(x_1^2, x_2^2, \sqrt{2}x_1x_2)$

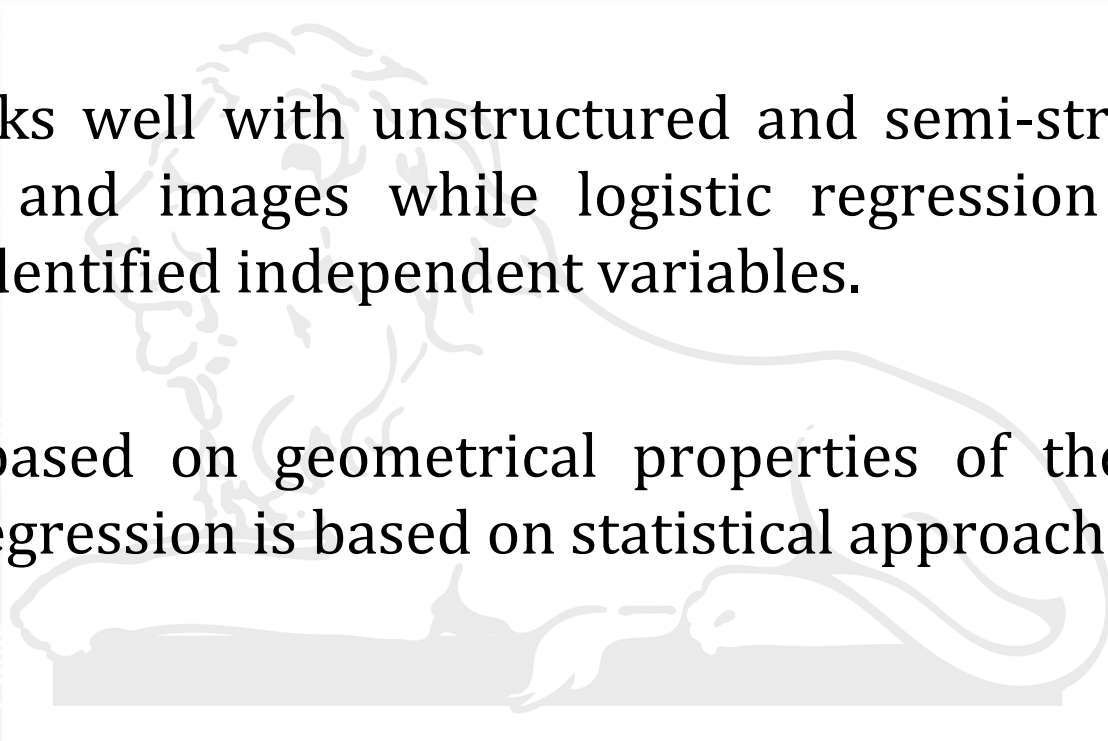


SVM: Concept 2D case



SVM and Logistic Regression

- ▶ The risk of overfitting is less in SVM, while Logistic regression is vulnerable to overfitting.
- ▶ SVM works well with unstructured and semi-structured data like text and images while logistic regression works with already identified independent variables.
- ▶ SVM is based on geometrical properties of the data while logistic regression is based on statistical approaches.



The background features a light gray gradient with faint, yellowish-green topographic contour lines. In the bottom-left corner, there is a stylized compass rose with a yellow needle pointing towards the top-left. The compass rose includes labels for cardinal and ordinal directions: 'N' (North), 'NE' (Northeast), 'SE' (Southeast), and 'SW' (Southwest).

THANK YOU