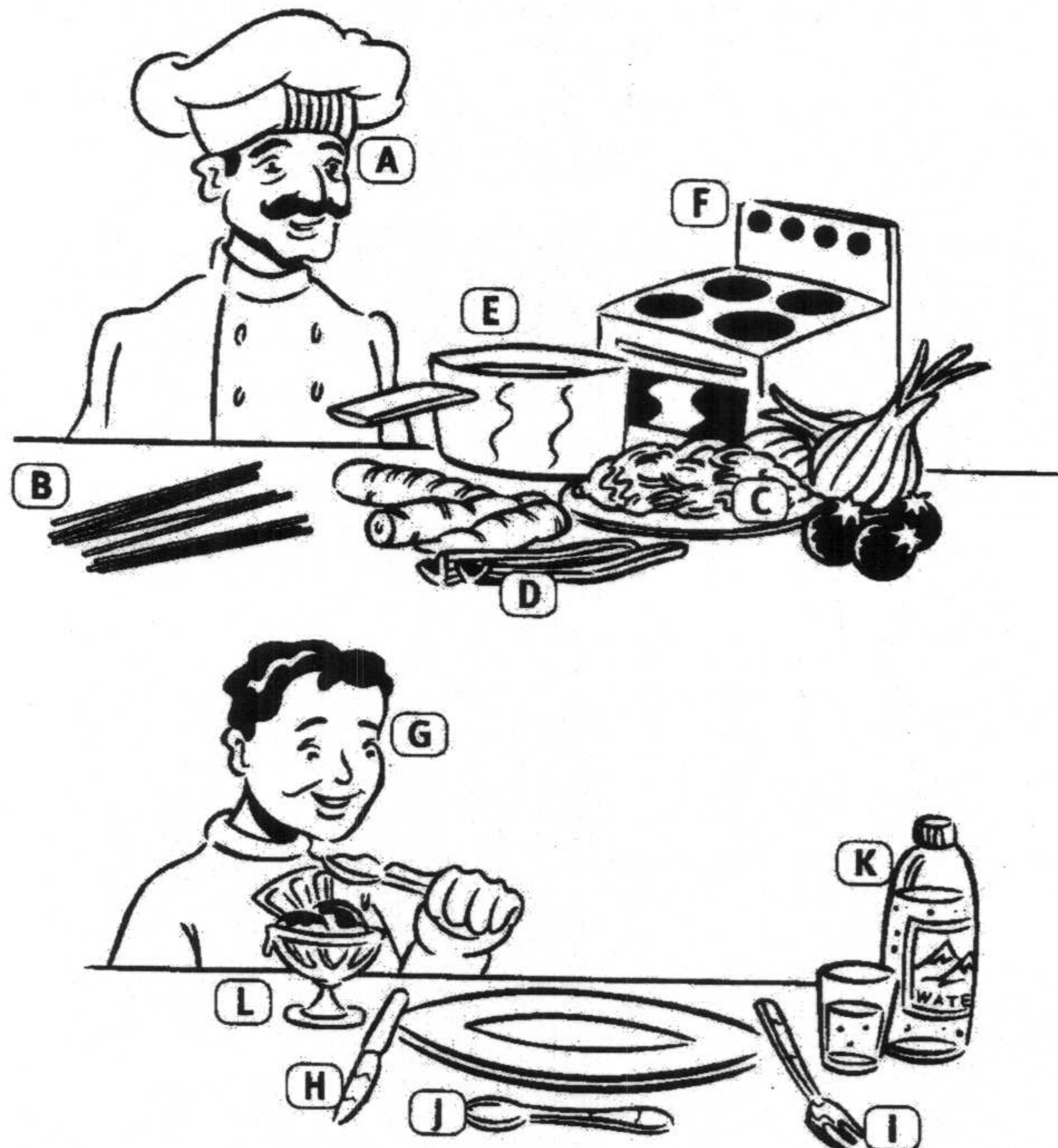


3 Taste

Vocabulary | food, drink, people, kitchen equipment

1 Match the things in the pictures to the words below.



- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 knife = <u>H</u> | 7 cooker = <u>F</u> |
| 2 fork = <u>I</u> | 8 chef = <u>A</u> |
| 3 spoon = <u>J</u> | 9 customer = <u>G</u> |
| 4 ice cream = <u>L</u> | 10 spaghetti = <u>B</u> |
| 5 mineral water = <u>K</u> | 11 meat = <u>C</u> |
| 6 saucepan = <u>E</u> | 12 vegetables = <u>D</u> |

2 Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

allergic chefs diets main menu recipe
review traditional vegetarian

If you can't eat a type of food because you get ill you are allergic to that food.

- The instructions for making a meal are called the recipe.
- A typical type of food from a country is a trad dish.
- The biggest part of a meal is the main course.
- The people who cook in restaurants are the chefs.
- The list of what you can eat in a restaurant or café is the menu.
- Diets can help you to lose weight.
- A report about a restaurant in a newspaper or magazine is a review.
- A person who doesn't eat meat or fish is a vegetarian.

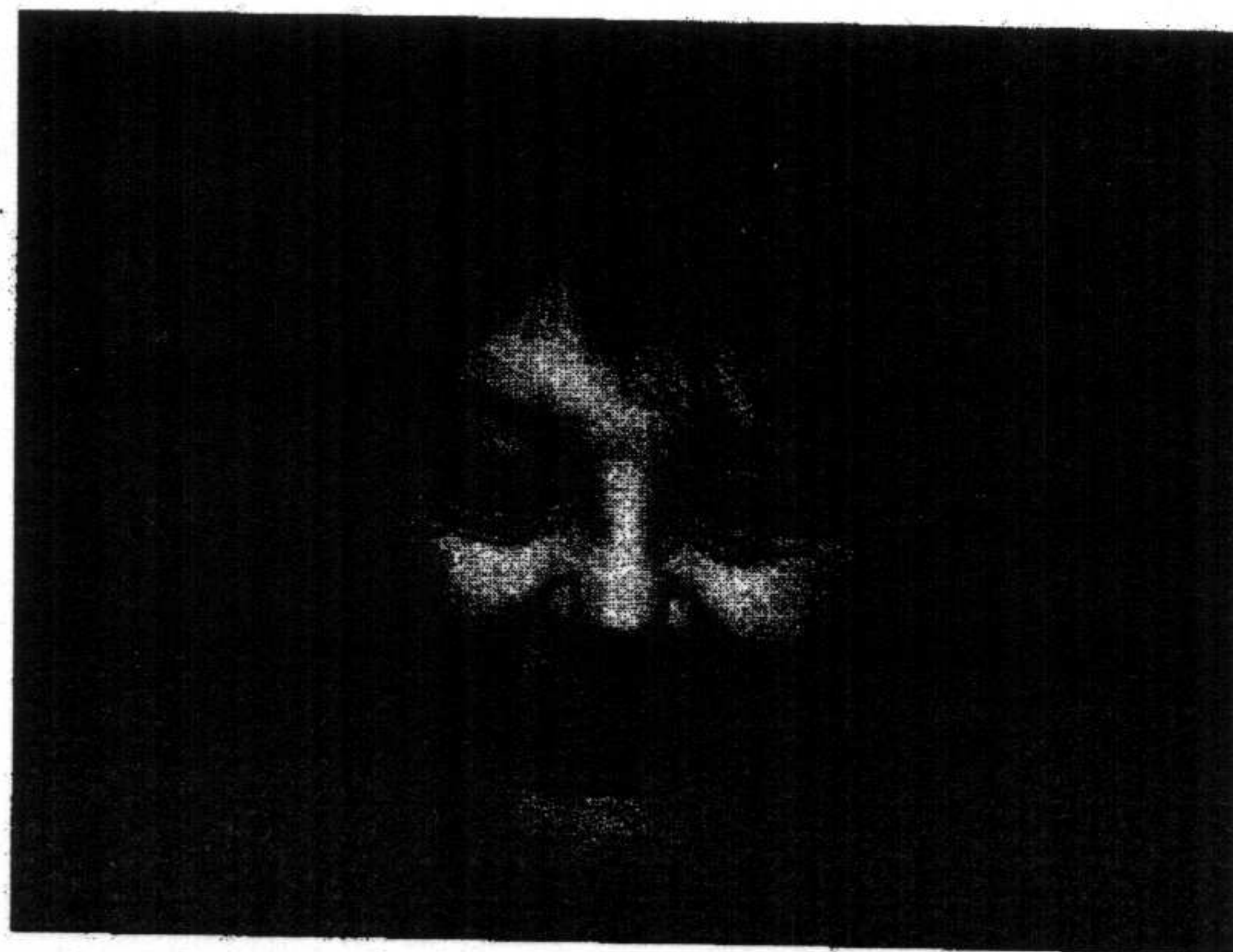
3 The words in **bold** are in the wrong sentences. Put them in the correct sentences.

- I've bought a new **customers** for the kitchen. It cooks food really quickly. *cooker*
- The **cooker** was really angry with his boss. *waiter*
- That café is really busy – it's always full of **plums**. *customers*
- I don't eat fruit very often but I love **waitress**. *plums*
- That **bread** is very unfriendly. She never smiles. *waitress*
- I like sandwiches made with brown **waiter**. *bread*

Listening

4 a 9 Cover the audioscript. Listen to the programme about Delia Smith and answer the questions.

- What jobs did Delia have before she started cooking? *Hair dresser, travel agent*
- How old was Delia when she started working in a restaurant in London? *21*
- In what year did she start to write in the *Daily Mirror* magazine? *1969*
- When did she start presenting the television show *Family Fare*? *1973*
- What type of books does she write? *cooking books*
- What happens when Delia recommends ingredients? *Delia effect*



b Listen again and check your answers.

AUDIOSCRIPT

Delia Smith is a famous British TV chef who appears on TV programmes. Before she was a chef she worked as a hairdresser and in a travel agency. When she was twenty-one, she started work in a small restaurant in London. In 1969 Delia Smith started to write for the *Daily Mirror* magazine. She also wrote in the newspaper *The Evening Standard*. Her first television show was *Family Fare* which she presented from 1973 to 1975 and another television series, *Delia's How to Cook* was a big success. She writes cookery books too. When Delia recommends ingredients on her programmes or in her books, these ingredients often sell more in supermarkets. Some people call this the 'Delia Effect'.

Reading

5 Choose the correct words to complete the text.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1 A top-lesson | B top-class | C topping | D top page |
| 2 A passion | B passionate | C passionately | D passions |
| 3 A success | B exciting | C successful | D excite |
| 4 A afford | B affording | C can't afford | D affordable |
| 5 A experiences | B experienced | C experiencing | D experience |
| 6 A habit | B habitual | C customs | D habits |

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TUBE Covent Garden
CUISINE Italian
AVERAGE PRICE £35 (45 euro)
Neal St Restaurant

Antonio Carluccio, a (1) top-class Italian chef opened this restaurant over twenty-two years ago. He has a (2) passion for great food, and the menu has some very tasty recipes, for example pasta dishes with mushrooms and grilled fish. The restaurant is in Covent Garden and has become a real (3) success story. This is probably because although the food is great it is still a very (4) affordable restaurant. Antonio has plans to open six new restaurants in London. This will mean 250 new staff but all the waiters and waitresses need to have previous restaurant (5) experience and speak Italian. I love this restaurant and my own cooking (6) habits have changed – I now often cook pasta at home – although it is never as good as Antonio's!

7 Find and correct the mistakes in these sentences.

- Pete and Kate ~~is~~ ^{are} going to stay in a hotel this weekend.
- They ~~not~~ ^{are} going to finish the work before next week.
- I'm not going ~~to~~ ^{be} at the party next week.
- He ~~are~~ ^{is} going to visit the Opera House in Sydney in the summer.
- I'm not going ~~study~~ ^{to} French next year.
- There ~~going~~ ^{are} to do a computer course next week.
- Are you going ~~play~~ ^{to} football this weekend?
- ~~Are~~ ^{Are you} going to eat at that new restaurant this weekend?

Pronunciation I

connected speech (1)

8 a 10 Listen and mark the links between consonants and vowels in these sentences.

I'm going to start a new tennis club with a friend.

- She's going to a party on Saturday night at the nightclub.
- I'm going to have lunch on Friday at a really good restaurant.
- I'm going to have fish and chips from a café.
- The college trains chefs in restaurants.
- They're going to walk around the town on Monday.
- Did you hear about the new restaurant on Main Street?
- They're teaching the children about food and drink.

b Listen again and check your answers.

Grammar I

be going to: future plans

6 Look at the pictures and complete the sentences using *going to* and the verb in brackets.

He isn't going to buy a new car. (buy)



1 We are going to (win) the World Cup.



2 They are going to (play) on the beach.



3 I am not going to (be).



4 He is going to (pass).



5 They are going to (get married).



Vocabulary | describing food

1 Complete the sentences with the adjectives from the box.

baked ~~boiled~~ ~~fresh~~ ~~fried~~ ~~grilled~~ ~~raw~~
savoury ~~spicy~~ ~~sweet~~

I love hot baked bread – it's delicious!

- I eat a lot of chocolate and other sweet food.
- I hate hot, spicy foods like curry.
- She's very healthy – she eats lots of fresh fruit and vegetables.
- I love eating grilled barbecue food.
- A lot of Americans like big breakfasts with fried bacon and eggs.
- I like savoury snacks – I don't like food with a lot of sugar.
- Has the water for the tea boiled yet?
- Raw vegetables are vegetables which aren't cooked at all.

2 Complete the email with the correct words.

Hi from Peru!

We're having a great time here. We met up with my old secretary, Paola, and she's been showing us around Lima. I know you love food, so I'm going to tell you all about what we have been eating!

The first night we arrived we went to a restaurant near Paola's house and we had something very typical: *ceviche*. This is (1) raw fish, yes that's right – not cooked at all! It has lots of lemon on it and it is very tasty. We also had *papa rellena* which is potato filled with meat and eggs and (2) fried in hot oil. We had some great (3) fresh salad too. We then had a lovely dessert called *alfajores*. They seemed to have a lot of sugar and were very (4) sweet.

Yesterday Paola took us outside Lima to a fiesta. We had a lot of meat! Paola told me it was called *pachamanca*. The meat is (5) baked like bread in an underground oven. We also had something called *rocoto relleno* which was really hot and (6) spicy. We also had something called *ocopa*. This is a sauce made with yellow potatoes (7) boiled in water. Paola has invited us to her cousin's barbecue tomorrow. She has promised us a lot of (8) grilled meat. She says it's going to be really tasty!

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| 1 A raw | B cooked | C cold | D hot |
| 2 A roast | B grilled | C fried | D baked |
| 3 A fresh | B boiled | C roast | D sweet |
| 4 A savoury | B raw | C sweet | D roast |
| 5 A boiled | B spicy | C grilled | D baked |
| 6 A spicy | B sweet | C savoury | D fresh |
| 7 A fried | B boiled | C roast | D baked |
| 8 A boiled | B sweet | C grilled | D raw |

Grammar | Present Continuous: future arrangements

3 Complete the sentences with the Present Continuous and the words in brackets. Use contracted forms where possible.

- A: What are (you/do) this evening?
B: I 'm (stay) at home and 'm (watch) television.
- A: Are (you/cook) supper later?
B: No. We are (have) a takeaway pizza.
- A: Are (you/do) anything this afternoon?
B: I don't know. I 'm (not play) tennis with Liam because it's (rain).
- A: How are (you/get) home from the meeting?
B: I 'm (not drive). I 'm (take) the six o'clock train.
- A: Are (you/come) to the football match on Saturday?
B: Yes. We are (bring) a friend too.
- A: We are (not go) on holiday next week.
B: Matt is (go) to hospital.
- A: Help! I'm not ready.
B: Don't worry. The guests are (not arrive) until 8:30.
- A: Are (you/come) to the office on Monday?
B: No. I 'm (not work) next week.

4 Complete the sentences with verbs from the box in the Present Continuous.

finish ~~go~~ ~~have~~ ~~leave~~ ~~meet~~
~~move~~ ~~play~~ ~~take~~ ~~work~~ ~~visit~~

- We are going sailing this weekend on Charlotte's new boat.
- They are leaving for France on Friday morning.
- I 'm visiting the Natural History Museum this afternoon.
- He 's meeting the bank manager tomorrow morning.
- Are you playing football on Saturday?
- We are not moving house this month.
- Rachel is having a baby soon.
- Are they taking a train to Venice?
- We are working on this project for two weeks.
- He 's finishing the painting tomorrow.

5 Write the questions for these answers.

- 1 A: *Are u going 2 the party?*
B: No, I'm not going to the party.
- 2 A: *When r u going to playing football?*
B: At two o'clock I'm playing football.
- 3 A: *Where r u meeting Zara?*
B: We're meeting Zara in the pub.
- 4 A: *Are you staying at the hotel?*
B: Yes, I'm staying at the hotel.
- 5 A: *Why are you studying?*
B: I'm studying because I've got an exam on Friday.
- 6 A: *How are you travelling to Dublin?*
B: I'm travelling to Dublin by car.
- 7 A: *What are you buying?*
B: I'm buying Oliver a new shirt for his birthday.
- 8 A: *How long are you staying in Tokyo?*
B: I'm staying in Tokyo for a week.



How to... I make arrangements

- 6** a 11 Listen to Jim inviting two women out. Write notes in the table.

Sal	
Plans:	<i>staying at home</i>
Reason:	



Bella	
Plans (Sat):	
Reason:	
Plans (Sun):	



b Write sentences to say what the women are doing at the weekend.

- 1 Sal is staying home to study for her exams.
- 2 On Saturday, Bella _____.
- 3 On Sunday, Bella _____.

- 7** Number the lines of the dialogues in the correct order. Listen again to check.

Dialogue 1

- ☒ Hello Jim.
- ☒ Thanks Jim. I'll tell you ...
- ☒ Not really. I'm staying at home to study for my exams.
- ☒ Hello, Sal. It's Jim.
- ☒ OK. I'll call you again next week. Good luck with your exams!
- ☒ Oh, that's really nice of you but I don't like going out when I have to study. I'm sorry. Perhaps another time?
- ☒ Are you doing anything this weekend?
- ☒ I see. Well why don't you come out for a drink on Saturday evening? There's a new bar opening on the river ...

Dialogue 2

- ☒ What are you doing on Saturday evening?
- ☒ Hello, Bella? It's Jim.
- ☒ Perfect! I can meet you on the river at 7:00 p.m.
- ☒ Nothing. Why?
- ☒ 7:30 would be better for me. I'm going to Oxford on Sunday to visit my aunt and I'm driving so I won't be back ...
- ☒ Well, would you like to come out for a drink, or something to eat?
- ☒ Hello.
- ☒ Great idea! Oh, wait a minute. Saturday? No, I've just remembered. I'm going to a concert on Saturday. Diane's bought some tickets to see Coldplay. Why don't we go out on Sunday evening?