Demonstrative Pronouns-

//Find meaning of konna and kou (think there's little difference to kono)

Hey guys, we’ll be looking that demonstrative pronouns, or how to say this, that and that over there in Japanese, how they’re used and other similar pronouns.

* To say, this, that and that over there in Japanese we say [kore] [sore] and [are] respectively
* To be more specific we use [kore] when the subject the speaker is talking about is close to the speaker physically but not the listener
* [Take this box]
* Or is something that the speaker is familiar with be it a object or abstract concept that the listener is not familiar with
* [I went to the mountain in my town]
* [sore] follows the same idea, except this time the subject the speaker is talking about would refer to something physically close to the listener but not the speaker
* [Take that box]
* Or is about something that the listener is familiar with, either an object or a concept that the speaker themselves is not familiar with
* [Is that mountain big?]
* [are] is used when neither the speaker or the listener is physically close to the object being talked about:
* [Take that box over there]
* Or about a experience that both the speaker and listener share  -tk check
* [Don't you remember? You've seen it before]
* [Oh, that mountain]
* When using these words we must always follow them immediately with a particle
* These are known as "strong" tk:
* tk
* tk
* Unfortunately this inflexibility makes more complex sentences difficult
* To make more complex sentences we use [kono] [sono] and [ano]
* They're used in the same way as the above but are followed immediately by the noun/subject we're referring to instead:
* [This pencil is blue]
* [This is a pencil]
* We can also ask questions by using [dore] and [dono] which means 'where'
* [Where is the pencil?]
* [Where is the blue pencil?]
* We can also describe direction by replacing the ending with [chira]
* [Go in this direction and you'll find it]
* [So if I go in this direction I'll find it?]
* [What is that over there?]
* [Which way do I go for the station?]
* Or a place by replacing the ending with [ko]:
* [This is the station]
* [Sit here]
* [That's the station?]
* [Sit over there]
* [What's over there?]
* [Sit way over there]
* [Where is the station?]

And that’s how we use the demonstrative pronouns in Japanese. Thanks guys.