Sayu's Problem

Light's mother asked him to help his sister Sayu for her exams. Light thought that her problems would be boring so he refused to help and focused on his mission to rid the world of criminals.

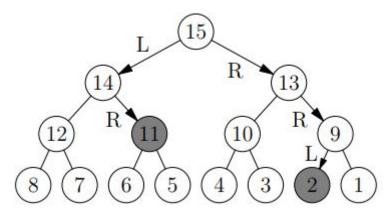
Sayu now needs your help to solve the problem. Can you help her?

Problem:

"A perfect binary tree has a distinguished node called the root which is usually drawn at the top. Each node has two children except the nodes in the lowest layer, which we call leaves." Well you know all of that...

Now, here is the challenge..., we label the nodes of a perfect binary tree with numbers as follows. We start at the bottom right leaf which gets number 1 and then label nodes on the same level in increasing order from right to left. After finishing a level, we move to the rightmost node in the level above and label all the nodes on that level from right to left. We proceed in this fashion until we reach the root.

When we want to describe a node in the tree, we can do it by describing a path starting at the root and going down toward the leaves. At each non-leaf node we can either go left ('L') or right ('R').



Labeled binary tree of height 3 with two marked paths from the root. Path LR leads to label 11 while path RRL leads to 2. The root has number 15.

Now your task is to calculate the label of a node, given the height of the tree H and the description of the path from the root.

INPUT:

The only line of input contains the height of the tree H, $1 \le H \le 30$ and a string consisting of the letters 'L' and 'R', denoting a path in the tree starting in the root. The letter 'L' denotes choosing the left child, and the letter 'R' choosing the right child. The description of the path may be empty and is at most H letters.

OUTPUT: Output one line containing the label of the node given by the path.
TIME LIMIT: 1 sec
EXAMPLE:
INPUT: 3 LR
OUTPUT: 11
INPUT: 3 RRL
OUTPUT: 2
INPUT: 2
OUTPUT: 7